

01 人 人 人 人 人 人 人

rén person, people; 人民 rén mín the people, CL:个[gè]; 人员 rén yuán staff, crew, personnel, CL:个[gè]; 个人 gè rén individual, personal, oneself

1 刀 刀 刀 刀 刀 刀 刀

dāo knife; 一刀切 yī dāo qiē lit. to cut all at one stroke (idiom); to impose uniformity, one solution fits a diversity of problems, one size fits all; 大刀 dà dāo broadsword, large knife, machete; 开刀 kāi dāo to perform or have an operation, to operate on or to be operated on

2 力 力 力 力 力 力 力

lì power; 能力 néng lì capability, capable, able, ability, CL:个[gè]; 努力 nǔ lì great effort, to strive, to try hard; 力量 lì liang power, force, strength

3 又 又 又 又 又 又 又

yòu again, right hand; 又一次 yòu yī cì yet again, once again, once more; 又称 yòu chēng also known as; 一次又一次 yī cì yòu yī cì repeatedly, over and over again

4 口 口 口 口 口 口 口

kǒu mouth, # number of family members; 人口 rén kǒu population; 出口 chū kǒu an exit, CL:个[gè], to speak, to export, (of a ship) to leave port; 进口 jìn kǒu to import, imported

5 口 口 口 口 口 口 口

wéi enclose, surround

6 土 土 土 土 土 土 土

tǔ earth; 土地 tǔ dì land, soil, territory, CL:片[piàn]; 国土 guó tǔ country's territory, national land; 稀土 xī tǔ rare earth (chemistry)

7 夕 夕 夕 夕 夕 夕 夕

xī sunset; 前夕 qián xī eve, the day before; 除夕 chù xī (New Year's) Eve; 朝夕 zhāo xī morning and night, all the time

8 大 大 大 大 大 大 大

dà big; 大学 dà xué the Great Learning, one of the Four Books 四书[sì shū] in Confucianism; 重大 zhòng dà great, important, major, significant; 大家 dà jiā everyone, influential family, great expert

9 女 女 女 女 女 女 女

nǚ woman, female; 女儿 nǚ ér daughter; 妇女 fù nǚ woman; 女性 nǚ xìng woman, the female sex

10 子 子 子 子 子 子 子

zǐ son; 孩子 hái zi child; 电子 diàn zǐ electronic, electron; 房子 fáng zi house, building (single- or two-story), apartment, room,

CL:栋[dòng],幢[zhuàng],座[zuò],套[tào]

11 寸 寸 寸 寸 寸 寸 寸 寸

cùn inch; 英寸 yīng cùn inch (unit of length equal to 2.54 cm.); 尺寸 chǐ cun size, dimension, measurement; 分寸 fēn cùn propriety, appropriate behavior, proper speech or action, within the norms

12 小 小 小 小 小 小 小 小

xiǎo small; 小时 xiǎo shí hour, CL:个[gè]; 小组 xiǎo zǔ group; 小学 xiǎo xué primary school, CL:个[gè]

13 工 工 工 工 工 工 工 工

gōng labor, work; 工作 gōng zuò job, work, construction, task, CL:个[gè],份[fèn],项[xiàng]; 工程 gōng chéng engineering, an engineering project, project, undertaking, CL:个[gè],项[xiàng]; 工业 gōng yè industry

14 么 么 么 么 么 么 么 么

yāo small, tiny; 老么 lǎo yāo youngest

15 弓 弓 弓 弓 弓 弓 弓 弓

gōng bow; 弓长岭 gōng cháng líng Gongchangling district of Liaoyang city 辽阳市[liáo yáng shì], Liaoning; 惊弓之鸟 jīng gōng zhī niǎo lit. bird startled by a bowshot (idiom); fig. a frightened person; 弓长岭区 gōng cháng líng qū Gongchangling district of Liaoyang city 辽阳市[liáo yáng shì], Liaoning

16 心 心 心 心 心 心 心 心

xīn heart; 中心 zhōng xīn center, heart, core, CL:个[gè]; 核心 hé xīn core, nucleus; 关心 guān xīn to care for sth, caring, concerned

17 戈 戈 戈 戈 戈 戈 戈 戈

gē dagger-axe, surname; 戈尔 gē ěr Gore (name), Al Gore (1948-), US vice-president 1993-2001 under Bill Clinton, subsequently environmental campaigner and Nobel Peace laureate; 戈壁 gē bì Gobi (desert); 戈尔巴乔夫 gē ěr bā qiáo fū Gorbachev, Mikhail Sergeyevich Gorbachev (1931-), last president of the Soviet Union 1991-1995

18 手 手 手 手 手 手 手 手

shǒu hand; 手机 shǒu jī cell phone, mobile phone, CL:部[bù],支[zhi]; 手段 shǒu duàn method, means (of doing sth), strategy, trick, CL:个[gè]; 对手 duì shǒu opponent, adversary, match

19 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日

rì sun; 日本 rì běn Japan, Japanese; 昨日 zuó rì yesterday; 日前 rì qián the other day, a few days ago

20 月 月 月 月 月 月 月 月

yuè moon, month; 月份 yuè fèn month; 月底 yuè dǐ end of the month; 每月 měi yuè each month

21 木 木 木 木 木 木 木 木

mù wood; 乌鲁木齐 wū lǔ mù qí Ürümqi or Urumqi prefecture level city and capital of Xinjiang Uighur autonomous region 新疆维吾尔自治区 in west China; 木材 mù cái wood; 树木 shù mù trees

22 水 水 水 水 水 水 水

shuǐ water; 水平 shuǐ píng level (of achievement etc), standard, horizontal; 水利 shuǐ lì water conservancy, irrigation works; 污水 wū shuǐ sewage

23 火 火 火 火 火 火 火

huǒ fire, flame, thriving, flourishing; 火箭 huǒ jiàn rocket, CL:枚[méi]; 火车 huǒ chē train, CL:列[liè], 节[jié], 班[bān], 趟[tàng]; 火灾 huǒ zāi fire (that burns buildings etc)

24 田 田 田 田 田 田 田

tián field, (radical); 农田 nóng tián farmland, cultivated land; 油田 yóu tián oil field; 丰田 fēng tián Toyota or Toyoda (name), Toyota, Japanese car make

25 目 目 目 目 目 目 目

mù eye (radical); 目前 mù qián at the present time, currently; 项目 xiàng mù item, project, sports event, CL:个[gè]; 目标 mù biāo target, goal, objective, CL:个[gè]

26 示 示 示 示 示 示 示

shì show (radical); 表示 biǎo shì to express, to show, to say, to state, to indicate, to mean; 显示 xiǎn shì to show, to illustrate, to display, to demonstrate; 展示 zhǎn shì to reveal, to display, to show, to exhibit sth

27 糸 糸 糸 糸 糸 糸 糸

mì fine silk

28 耳 耳 耳 耳 耳 耳 耳

ěr ear; 土耳其 tǔ ěr qí Turkey; 耳朵 ěr duo ear, CL:只[zhī], 个[gè], 对[duì]; 耳目 ěr mù eyes and ears, sb's attention or notice, information, knowledge, spies

29 衣 衣 衣 衣 衣 衣 衣

yī clothing; 衣服 yī fu clothes, CL:件[jiàn], 套[tào]; 洗衣 xǐ yī laundry; 洗衣机 xǐ yī jī washer, washing machine, CL:台[tái]

30 言 言 言 言 言 言 言

yán speech, (radical); 发言 fā yán to make a speech, statement, utterance, CL:个[gè]; 而言 ér yán with regard to (preceding phrase); 发言人 fā yán rén spokesperson

31 贝 贝 贝 贝 贝 贝 贝

bèi cowrie shell; 贝尔 bèi ěr Bell (person name); 诺贝尔 nuò bèi ěr Nobel (prize); 宝贝 bǎo bèi treasured object, treasure, darling, baby, cowry, good-for-nothing or queer character

32 | 走 走 走 走 走 走 走 走

zǒu to go by way of, to walk, Let's go!; 走向 zǒu xiàng direction, strike (i.e. angle of inclination in geology), inclination, trend, to move towards, to head for; 走出 zǒu chū to move away from, to walk away from; 走进 zǒu jìn to enter

33 | 足 足 足 足 足 足 足 足

zú foot; 不足 bù zú insufficient, lacking, deficiency, not enough, inadequate, not worth, cannot, should not; 满足 mǎn zú to satisfy, to meet (the needs of), satisfied, content; 足够 zú gòu enough, sufficient

34 | 金 金 金 金 金 金 金 金

jīn gold; 资金 zī jīn funds, funding, capital; 金融 jīn róng banking, finance, financial; 基金 jī jīn fund

35 | 门 门 门 门 门 门 门 门

mén door, (# for academic courses); 部门 bù mén department, branch, section, division, CL:个[gè]; 专门 zhuān mén specialist, specialized, customized; 政府部门 zhèng fǔ bù mén government branch

36 | 佳 佳 佳 佳 佳 佳 佳 佳

zhuī short-tailed bird

37 | 雨 雨 雨 雨 雨 雨 雨 雨

yǔ rain; 暴雨 bào yǔ torrential rain, rainstorm, CL:场[cháng],阵[zhèn]; 降雨 jiàng yǔ precipitation, rainfall; 风雨 fēng yǔ wind and rain, the elements, trials and hardships

38 | 食 食 食 食 食 食 食 食

shí to eat; 食品 shí pǐn foodstuff, food, provisions, CL:种[zhǒng]; 粮食 liáng shí foodstuff, cereals, CL:种[zhǒng]; 食品安全

39 | 马 马 马 马 马 马 马 马

mǎ horse, 7th zodiac; 马克 mǎ kè Mark (name); 马克思 mǎ kè sī Marx (name), Groucho Marx (the star of Duck Soup, 1933), Karl Marx (1818-1883), German socialist philosopher, political activist and founder of Marxism; 马克思主义 mǎ kè sī zhǔ yì Marxism

40 | ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○

líng zero

41 | 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一

yī, yì, yí one; 一些 yī xiē some, a few, a little; 第一 dì yī first, number one; 一步 yī bù (single) step

42 | 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二

èr two; 第二 dì èr second, number two, next; 二十 èr shí twenty, 20; 十二 shí èr twelve, 12

43 | 三 三 三 三 三 三 三 三

sān three; 第三 dì sān third, number three; 三次 sān cì third, three times, (math.) degree three, cubic (equation); 三十 sān shí thirty, 30

⁴⁴ 四 四 四 四 四 四 四

sì four; 四川 sì chuān Sichuan province (Szechuan) in southwest China, abbr. 川 or 蜀, capital Chengdu 成都; 第四 dì sì fourth, number four; 四川省 sì chuān shěng Sichuan province (Szechuan) in southwest China, abbr. 川 or 蜀, capital Chengdu 成都

⁴⁵ 五 五 五 五 五 五 五

wǔ five; 十五 shí wǔ fifteen, 15; 第五 dì wǔ fifth; 五一 wǔ yī 5-1 (May 1st)

⁴⁶ 六 六 六 六 六 六 六

liù six; 十六 shí liù sixteen, 16; 第六 dì liù sixth; 六十 liù shí sixty, 60

⁴⁷ 七 七 七 七 七 七 七

qī seven; 十七 shí qī seventeen, 17; 第七 dì qī seventh; 七十 qī shí seventy, 70

⁴⁸ 八 八 八 八 八 八 八

bā eight; 十八 shí bā eighteen, 18; 第八 dì bā eighth; 八十 bā shí eighty, 80

⁴⁹ 九 九 九 九 九 九 九

jiǔ nine; 第九 dì jiǔ ninth; 十九 shí jiǔ nineteen, 19; 九十 jiǔ shí ninety

⁵⁰ 十 十 十 十 十 十 十

shí ten; 十分 shí fēn to divide into ten equal parts, very, hundred percent, completely, extremely, utterly, absolutely; 十一 shí yī eleven, 11; 十七 shí qī seventeen, 17

⁵¹ 你 你 你 你 你 你 你

nǐ you; 你们 nǐ men you (plural); 你好 nǐ hǎo Hello!, Hi!, How are you?; 迷你 mí nǐ mini (as in mini-skirt or Mini Cooper)

⁵² 好 好 好 好 好 好 好

hǎo, hào fine, good, ok, nice, it's settled; 良好 liáng hǎo good, favorable, well, fine; 更好 gèng hǎo better, more; 最好 zuì hǎo best, (you) had better (do what we suggest)

⁵³ 请 请 请 请 请 请 请

qǐng please, offer, to treat (sb), to invite (sb); 申请 shēn qǐng to apply for sth, application (form etc), CL:份[fèn]; 邀请 yāo qǐng to invite, invitation, CL:个[gè]; 请求 qǐng qiú request, CL:个[gè]

⁵⁴ 问 问 问 问 问 问 问

wèn to ask (a question); 问题 wèn tí question, problem, issue, topic, CL:个[gè]; 访问 fǎng wèn to visit, to call on, to interview, CL:次[cì]; 询问 xún wèn to inquire

55| 贵 贵 贵 贵 贵 贵 贵

guì honorable, expensive; 贵州 guì zhōu Guizhou province (Kweichow) in south central China, abbr. to 黔[qián] or 贵[guì], capital Guiyang 贵阳[guì yáng]; 宝贵 bǎo guì valuable, precious, to value, to treasure, to set store by; 珍贵 zhēn guì precious

56| 姓 姓 姓 姓 姓 姓 姓

xìng to be surnamed, surname; 百姓 bǎi xìng common people; 老百姓 lǎo bǎi xìng ordinary people, the "person in the street", CL: 个[gè]; 姓名 xìng míng name and surname, CL: 个[gè]

57| 我 我 我 我 我 我 我

wǒ I, me; 我们 wǒ men we, us, ourselves, our; 我国 wǒ guó our country, China; 自我 zì wǒ self-, ego (psychology)

58| 呢 呢 呢 呢 呢 呢 呢

ne ne; 着呢 zhe ne comes at the end of the sentence to indicate a strong degree, quite, rather; 花呢 huā ní tweed, checkered cloth; 呢喃 ní nán onomat. twittering of birds, whispering, murmuring

59| 姐 姐 姐 姐 姐 姐 姐

jiě older sister; 小姐 xiǎo jie young lady, miss, (slang) prostitute, CL: 个[gè], 位[wèi]; 姐姐 jiě jie older sister, CL: 个[gè]; 姐妹 jiě mèi sisters

60| 叫 叫 叫 叫 叫 叫 叫

jiào to be called, to call; 名叫 míng jiào called, named; 叫做 jiào zuò to be called, to be known as; 叫好 jiào hǎo to applaud, to cheer

61| 什 什 什 什 什 什 什

shén what; 什么 shén me what?, who?, something, anything; 为什么 wèi shén me why?, for what reason?; 布什 bù shí Bush (name), George H.W. Bush, US president 1988-1992, George W. Bush, US President 2000-2008

62| 么 么 么 么 么 么 么

me me; 什么 shén me what?, who?, something, anything; 那么 nà me like that, in that way, or so, so, so very much, about, in that case; 怎么 zěn me how?, what?, why?

63| 名 名 名 名 名 名 名

míng name; 著名 zhù míng famous, noted, well-known, celebrated; 知名 zhī míng well known, famous; 名单 míng dān list (of names)

64| 字 字 字 字 字 字 字

zì character; 数字 shù zì numeral, digit, number, figure, amount, digital (electronics etc), CL: 个[gè]; 名字 míng zì name (of a person or thing), CL: 个[gè]; 文字 wén zì character, script, writing, written language, writing style, phraseology, CL: 个[gè]

65| 先 先 先 先 先 先 先

xiān first; 先生 xiān sheng Mister (Mr.); 先进 xiān jìn advanced (technology), to advance; 首先 shǒu xiān first (of all), in the first place

66 生 生 生 生 生 生 生

shēng birth, to be born; 生产 shēng chǎn childbirth, parturition, to produce, manufacture; 生活 shēng huó life, activity, to live, livelihood; 发生 fā shēng to happen, to occur, to take place, to break out

67 李 李 李 李 李 李 李

lǐ plum, surname; 李克强 lǐ kè qiáng Li Keqiang (1955-), PRC politician, deputy premier from 2008; 行李 xíng li luggage, CL:件 [jiàn]; 李长春 lǐ cháng chūn Li Changchun (1944-), PRC politician

68 友 友 友 友 友 友 友

yǒu friend; 网友 wǎng yǒu online friend, Internet user; 朋友 péng you friend, CL:个[gè],位[wèi]; 友好 yǒu hǎo Youhao district of Yichun city 伊春市[yī chūn shì], Heilongjiang

69 王 王 王 王 王 王 王

wáng king, surname; 王菲 wáng fēi Faye Wong (1969-), Hong Kong pop star and actress; 国王 guó wáng king, CL:个[gè]; 王国 wáng guó kingdom, realm

70 朋 朋 朋 朋 朋 朋 朋

péng friend; 朋友 péng you friend, CL:个[gè],位[wèi]; 小朋友 xiǎo péng yǒu children, CL:个[gè]; 好朋友 hǎo péng you good friend

71 是 是 是 是 是 是 是

shì to be; 就是 jiù shì (emphasizes that sth is precisely or exactly as stated), precisely, exactly, even, if, just like, in the same way as; 不是 bù shì no, is not, not; 但是 dàn shì but, however

72 老 老 老 老 老 老 老

lǎo old; 养老 yǎng lǎo to provide for the elderly; 老师 lǎo shī teacher, CL:个[gè],位[wèi]; 老百姓 lǎo bǎi xìng ordinary people, the "person in the street", CL:个[gè]

73 师 师 师 师 师 师 师

shī teacher, master, specialist; 教师 jiào shī teacher, CL:个[gè]; 老师 lǎo shī teacher, CL:个[gè],位[wèi]; 律师 lǜ shī lawyer

74 吗 吗 吗 吗 吗 吗 吗

ma ma; 干吗 gàn ma see 干嘛[gàn má]; 吗啡 mǎ fēi morphine; 不是吗 bù shì ma isn't that so?

75 不 不 不 不 不 不 不

bù, bú, bu not, no; 不是 bù shì no, is not, not; 不能 bù néng cannot, must not, should not; 不断 bù duàn unceasing, uninterrupted, continuous, constant

76| 学 学 学 学 学 学 学

xué to study, to learn; 科学 kē xué science, scientific knowledge, scientific, CL: 门[mén], 个[gè], 种[zhǒng]; 大学 dà xué the Great Learning, one of the Four Books 四书[sì shū] in Confucianism; 学生 xué sheng student, schoolchild

77| 也 也 也 也 也 也 也

yě also, too; 也就是 yě jiù shì that is, i.e.; 也许 yě xǔ perhaps, maybe; 也就是说 yě jiù shì shuō in other words, that is to say, so, thus

78| 中 中 中 中 中 中 中

zhōng, zhòng center, medium, middle, to fit exactly, to hit; 中国 zhōng guó China, Middle Kingdom; 中央 zhōng yāng central, middle, center, central authorities (of a state); 其中 qí zhōng among, in, included among these

79| 国 国 国 国 国 国 国

guó country, nation; 中国 zhōng guó China, Middle Kingdom; 国家 guó jiā country, nation, state, CL: 个[gè]; 全国 quán guó entire country, nationwide

80| 北 北 北 北 北 北 北

běi north; 北京 běi jīng Beijing, capital of People's Republic of China, Peking, PRC government; 北京市 běi jīng shì Beijing, capital of People's Republic of China, one of the four municipalities 直辖市[zhí xiá shì]; 东北 dōng běi northeast

81| 京 京 京 京 京 京 京

jīng capital city; 北京 běi jīng Beijing, capital of People's Republic of China, Peking, PRC government; 北京市 běi jīng shì Beijing, capital of People's Republic of China, one of the four municipalities 直辖市[zhí xiá shì]; 南京 nán jīng Nanjing subprovincial city on the Changjiang, capital of Jiangsu province 江苏, capital of China at different historical periods

82| 美 美 美 美 美 美 美

měi beautiful, good; 美国 měi guó United States, USA, US; 美元 měi yuán American dollar, US dollar; 中美 zhōng měi China-USA

83| 纽 纽 纽 纽 纽 纽 纽

niǔ knob, button; 纽约 niǔ yuē New York; 枢纽 shū niǔ hub (e.g. of traffic network), hinge, pivot, fulcrum; 纽带 niǔ dài tie, link, bond

84| 约 约 约 约 约 约 约

yuē agreement, to make an appointment; 节约 jié yuē to economize, to conserve (resources), economy, frugal; 制约 zhì yuē to restrict, condition; 大约 dà yuē approximately, about

85| 德 德 德 德 德 德 德

dé ethics, morality, virtue; 德国 dé guó Germany, German; 道德 dào dé virtue, morality, ethics, CL: 种[zhǒng]; 彭德怀 péng dé huái Peng Dehuai (1898-1974), top communist general, subsequently politician and politburo member, disgraced after attacking Mao's failed policies in 1959, and died after extensive persecution during the Cultural Revolution

86| 那 那 那 那 那 那 那

nà that, in that case, then; 那么 nà me like that, in that way, or so, so, so very much, about, in that case; 那些 nà xiē those; 那个 nà ge that one, also pr. [nèi ge]

87| 的 的 的 的 的 的 的

de (possessive or descriptive particle); 中的 zhòng dì to hit the target, to hit the nail on the head; 有的 yǒu de (there are) some (who are...), some (exist); 目的 mù dì purpose, aim, goal, target, objective, CL:个[gè]

88| 照 照 照 照 照 照 照

zhào photograph, to illuminate, to shine; 按照 àn zhào according to, in accordance with, in the light of, on the basis of; 照片 zhào piàn photograph, picture, CL:张[zhāng],套[tào],幅[fú]; 照顾 zhào gu to take care of, to show consideration, to attend to, to look after

89| 片 片 片 片 片 片 片

piàn flat, thin piece, (# for tablet, slice, pills); 照片 zhào piàn photograph, picture, CL:张[zhāng],套[tào],幅[fú]; 一片 yī piàn piece, slice; 影片 yǐng piàn film, movie, CL:部[bù]

90| 这 这 这 这 这 这 这

zhè this; 这个 zhè ge this, this one; 这些 zhè xiē these; 这样 zhè yàng this kind of, so, this way, like this, such

91| 爸 爸 爸 爸 爸 爸 爸

bà father, dad; 爸爸 bà ba (informal) father, CL:个[gè],位[wèi]; 老爸 lǎo bà father, dad; 阿爸 ā bà Abba (Aramaic word father), by ext. God the Father in Christian gospel

92| 妈 妈 妈 妈 妈 妈 妈

mā mother, mom; 妈妈 mā ma mama, mommy, mother, CL:个[gè],位[wèi]; 妈的 mā de see 他妈的[tā mā de]; 大妈 dà mā father's elder brother's wife, aunt (affectionate term for an elderly woman)

93| 个 个 个 个 个 个 个

ge (# for many common objects); 这个 zhè ge this, this one; 个人 gè rén individual, personal, oneself; 整个 zhěng ge whole, entire, total

94| 孩 孩 孩 孩 孩 孩 孩

hái child; 孩子 hái zi child; 女孩 nǚ hái girl, lass; 孩子们 hái zi men children

95| 谁 谁 谁 谁 谁 谁 谁

shuí, shéi who; 谁知 shuí zhī lit. who knows, who would have thought, unexpectedly, unpredictably; 谁知道 shéi zhī dào God knows..., Who would have imagined...?; 鹿死谁手 lù sǐ shéi shǒu to whom the deer falls (idiom); the one to emerge victor (i.e. to seize the empire), prize winner, champion

96| 她 她 她 她 她 她 她

tā she, her; 她们 tā men they, them (for females); 她经济 tā jīng jì "she-economy" reflecting women's economic contribution, euphemism for prostitution-based economy

97 男 男 男 男 男 男 男

nán male; 男子 nán zǐ a man, a male; 男人 nán rén a man, a male, men, CL:个[gè]; 男性 nán xìng the male sex, a male

98 弟 弟 弟 弟 弟 弟 弟

dì younger brother; 兄弟 xiōng dì brothers, younger brother, CL:个[gè], I, me (humble term used by men in public speech), brotherly, fraternal; 弟弟 dì dì younger brother, CL:个[gè],位[wèi]; 子弟 zǐ dì child, the younger generation

99 他 他 他 他 他 他 他

tā he, him; 他们 tā men they; 其他 qí tā other, the others, else, other than (that person), in addition to the person mentioned above; 他人 tā rén another, sb else, other people

100 哥 哥 哥 哥 哥 哥 哥

gē older brother; 墨西哥 mò xī gē Mexico; 哥哥 gē ge older brother, CL:个[gè],位[wèi]; 大哥 dà gē eldest brother

101 儿 儿 儿 儿 儿 儿 儿

ér son, child; 儿子 ér zi son; 女儿 nǚ ér daughter; 儿童 ér tóng child, CL:个[gè]

102 有 有 有 有 有 有 有

yǒu to have, to possess, to exist; 没有 méi yǒu haven't, hasn't, doesn't exist, to not have, to not be; 有关 yǒu guān to have sth to do with, to relate to, related to, to concern, concerning; 有的 yǒu de (there are) some (who are...), some (exist)

103 没 没 没 没 没 没 没

méi, mò not, have not, drowned, to end, to die, to inundate; 没有 méi yǒu haven't, hasn't, doesn't exist, to not have, to not be; 没想到 méi xiǎng dào didn't expect; 没有什么 méi yǒu shén me it is nothing, there's nothing ... about it

104 高 高 高 高 高 高 高

gāo tall, high, straight (nose); 提高 tí gāo to raise, to increase; 高度 gāo dù height, altitude, elevation, high degree, highly, CL:个[gè]; 高校 gāo xiào universities and colleges, abbr. for 高等学校

105 文 文 文 文 文 文 文

wén (written) language, script; 文化 wén huà culture, civilization, cultural, CL:个[gè],种[zhǒng]; 文明 wén míng civilized, civilization, culture, CL:个[gè]; 文件 wén jiàn document, file, CL:份[fèn]

106 俄 俄 俄 俄 俄 俄 俄

é, è suddenly, very soon, Russian; 俄罗斯 é luó sī Russia; 中俄 zhōng é China-Russia; 俄国 é guó Russia

107 家 家 家 家 家 家 家

jiā family, home, (# for families, commercial establishments); 国家 guó jiā country, nation, state, CL:个[gè]; 专家 zhuān jiā expert,

specialist, CL:个[gè]; 大家 dà jiā everyone, influential family, great expert

108 几 几 几 几 几 几 几 几

jǐ how many, some, a few; 几个 jǐ ge a few, several, how many; 几年 jǐ nián a few years, several years, how many years; 几乎 jī hū almost, nearly, practically

109 两 两 两 两 两 两 两 两

liǎng two, a couple of; 两国 liǎng guó both countries, two countries; 两岸 liǎng àn bilateral, both shores, both sides, both coasts, Taiwan and mainland; 两会 liǎng huì National People's Congress and Chinese People's Political Consultative Congress

110 妹 妹 妹 妹 妹 妹 妹 妹

mèi younger sister; 妹妹 mèi mei younger sister, fig. younger woman (esp. girl friend or rival), CL:个[gè]; 姐妹 jiě mèi sisters; 兄妹 xiōng mèi brother(s) and sister(s)

111 和 和 和 和 和 和 和 和

hé, huo and; 和谐 hé xié harmonious, harmony; 和平 hé píng Heping district of Shenyang city 沈阳市, Liaoning, Hoping township in Taichung county 台中县[tái zhōng xiàn], Taiwan; 和政 hé zhèng Hezheng county in Linxia Hui autonomous prefecture 临夏回族自治州[lín xià huí zú zì zhì zhōu], Gansu

112 做 做 做 做 做 做 做 做

zuò to do; 做到 zuò dào to accomplish, to achieve; 做出 zuò chū to put out, to issue; 做法 zuò fǎ way of handling sth, method for making, work method, recipe, practice, CL:个[gè]

113 作 作 作 作 作 作 作 作

zuò to work, to do; 工作 gōng zuò job, work, construction, task, CL:个[gè],份[fèn],项[xiàng]; 作为 zuò wéi one's conduct, deed, activity, accomplishment, achievement, to act as, as (in the capacity of), qua, to view as, to look upon (sth as), to take sth to be; 合作 hé zuò to cooperate, to collaborate, to work together, cooperation, CL:个[gè]

114 律 律 律 律 律 律 律 律

lǜ law, rule (in lawyer); 法律 fǎ lǜ law, CL:条[tiáo],套[tào],个[gè]; 律师 lǜ shī lawyer; 规律 guī lǜ rule (e.g. of science), law of behavior, regular pattern, rhythm, discipline

115 都 都 都 都 都 都 都 都

dōu, dū both, all; 都会 dū huì society, community, city, metropolis; 成都 chéng dū Chengdu subprovincial city and capital of Sichuan province 四川 in southwest China; 首都 shǒu dū capital (city), CL:个[gè]

116 医 医 医 医 医 医 医 医

yī doctor, medicine; 医院 yī yuàn hospital, CL:所[suǒ],家[jiā],座[zuò]; 医疗 yī liáo medical treatment; 医生 yī shēng doctor, CL:个[gè],位[wèi],名[míng]

117 白 白 白 白 白 白 白 白

bái white; 明白 míng bai clear, obvious, unequivocal, to understand, to realize; 白色 bái sè white, fig. reactionary, anti-communist; 白宫 bái gōng White House

118 | 英 英 英 英 英 英 英

yīng flower, hero; 英国 yīng guó United Kingdom 联合王国[lián hé wáng guó], United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, abbr. for England 英格兰[yīng gé lán]; 英雄 yīng xióng hero, CL:个[gè]; 英语 yīng yǔ English (language)

119 | 爱 爱 爱 爱 爱 爱 爱

ài love, to love; 爱国 ài guó to love one's country, patriotic; 爱情 ài qíng romance, love (romantic), CL:个[gè]; 爱心 ài xīn compassion, CL:片[piàn]

120 | 号 号 号 号 号 号 号

hào size, (# for number in a series, day of the month); 信号 xìn hào signal; 号码 hào mǎ number, CL:堆[duī], 个[gè]; 一号 yī hào first day of the month

121 | 星 星 星 星 星 星 星

xīng star; 明星 míng xīng star, celebrity; 卫星 wèi xīng (space) satellite, CL:颗[kē]; 星期 xīng qī week, CL:个[gè], day of the week, Sunday

122 | 期 期 期 期 期 期 期

qī period (of time); 期间 qī jiān period of time, time, time period, period, CL:个[gè]; 长期 cháng qī long term, long time, long range (of a forecast); 时期 shí qī period, phase, CL:个[gè]

123 | 天 天 天 天 天 天 天

tiān day, sky; 今天 jīn tiān today, at the present, now; 昨天 zuó tiān yesterday; 每天 měi tiān every day, everyday

124 | 今 今 今 今 今 今 今

jīn today, now; 今年 jīn nián this year; 今天 jīn tiān today, at the present, now; 今后 jīn hòu hereafter, henceforth, in the future, from now on

125 | 年 年 年 年 年 年 年

nián year; 今年 jīn nián this year; 年来 nián lái this past year, over the last years; 去年 qù nián last year

126 | 多 多 多 多 多 多 多

duō many/much, how many/much, to what extent; 许多 xǔ duō many, a lot of, much; 更多 gèng duō more, even more; 多数 duō shù majority, most

127 | 岁 岁 岁 岁 岁 岁 岁

sù year (of age); 岁月 suì yuè years, passing of time; 周岁 zhōu suì one full year (e.g. on child's first birthday); 岁时 suì shí season, time of the year

128 | 吃 吃 吃 吃 吃 吃 吃

chī to eat (breakfast, lunch, dinner); 吃饭 chī fàn to eat a meal; 吃喝 chī hē food and drink, diet; 吃惊 chī jīng to be startled, to

be shocked, to be amazed

¹²⁹饭 饭 饭 饭 饭 饭 饭

fàn meal, (cooked) rice; 吃饭 chī fàn to eat a meal; 饭店 fàn diàn restaurant, hotel, CL:家[jiā],个[gè]; 饭碗 fàn wǎn rice bowl, fig. livelihood, job, way of making a living

¹³⁰怎 怎 怎 怎 怎 怎 怎

zěn how; 怎么 zěn me how?, what?, why?; 怎样 zěn yàng how, why; 怎么样 zěn me yàng how?, how about?, how was it?, how are things?

¹³¹样 样 样 样 样 样 样

yàng shape, appearance, manner; 这样 zhè yàng this kind of, so, this way, like this, such; 一样 yī yàng same, like, equal to, the same as, just like; 同样 tóng yàng same, equal, equivalent

¹³²太 太 太 太 太 太 太

tài too, extremely; 太阳 tài yáng sun, CL:个[gè]; 太空 tài kōng outer space; 太平 tài píng place name

¹³³了 了 了 了 了 了 了

le, liǎo le (particle); 到了 dào liǎo at last, finally, in the end; 了解 liǎo jiě to understand, to realize, to find out; 为了 wèi le in order to, for the purpose of, so as to

¹³⁴谢 谢 谢 谢 谢 谢 谢

xiè to thank; 感谢 gǎn xiè (express) thanks, gratitude, grateful, thankful, thanks; 谢谢 xiè xiè to thank, thanks; 代谢 dài xiè replacement, substitution, metabolism (biol.)

¹³⁵喜 喜 喜 喜 喜 喜 喜

xǐ to like, happy; 喜欢 xǐ huan to like, to be fond of; 喜爱 xǐ ài to like, to love, to be fond of, favorite; 惊喜 jīng xǐ to be pleasantly surprised

¹³⁶欢 欢 欢 欢 欢 欢 欢

huān happy, joyous; 喜欢 xǐ huan to like, to be fond of; 欢迎 huān yíng to welcome, welcome; 欢乐 huān lè gaiety, gladness, glee, merriment, pleasure, happy, joyous, gay

¹³⁷菜 菜 菜 菜 菜 菜 菜

cài dishes, cuisine; 蔬菜 shū cài vegetables, produce, CL:种[zhǒng]; 白菜 bái cài Chinese cabbage, pak choi, CL:棵[kē], 个[gè]; 饭菜 fàn cài food

¹³⁸还 还 还 还 还 还 还

hái, huán still, additionally, alternatively, also, to return (st); 还是 hái shì or, still, nevertheless, had better; 还有 hái yǒu furthermore, in addition, still, also; 还说 hái shuō to add (in speaking), to also say

139 | 可 可 可 可 可 可 可

kě but; 可以 kě yǐ can, may, possible, able to; 可能 kě néng might (happen), possible, probable, possibility, probability, maybe, perhaps, CL:个[gè]; 不可 bù kě cannot, should not, must not

140 | 们 们 们 们 们 们 们

men men; 我们 wǒ men we, us, ourselves, our; 他们 tā men they; 人们 rén men people

141 | 点 点 点 点 点 点 点

diǎn o'clock, dot, points on the clock; 重点 chóng diǎn to recount (e.g. results of election), to re-evaluate; 一点 yī diǎn a bit, a little, one dot, one point; 试点 shì diǎn test point, to carry out trial, pilot scheme

142 | 半 半 半 半 半 半 半

bàn half, half an hour; 半年 bàn nián half a year; 上半 shàng bàn first half; 上半年 shàng bàn nián first half (of a year)

143 | 晚 晚 晚 晚 晚 晚 晚

wǎn evening, late; 晚上 wǎn shang evening, night, CL:个[gè], in the evening; 晚会 wǎn huì evening party, CL:个[gè]; 当晚 dàng wǎn that evening, the same evening

144 | 上 上 上 上 上 上 上

shàng above, top; 上海 shàng hǎi Shanghai municipality, central east China, abbr. to 沪[hù]; 以上 yǐ shàng more than, above, over, the above-mentioned; 上涨 shàng zhǎng to rise, to go up

145 | 见 见 见 见 见 见 见

jiàn to see; 意见 yì jiàn idea, opinion, suggestion, objection, complaint, CL:点[diǎn],条[tiáo]; 会见 huì jiàn to meet with (sb who is paying a visit), CL:次[cì]; 见到 jiàn dào to see

146 | 再 再 再 再 再 再 再

zài again, once more, next in sequence, another; 再次 zài cì one more time, again, one more, once again; 不再 bù zài no more, no longer; 再生 zài shēng to be reborn, to regenerate, to be a second so-and-so (famous dead person), recycling, regeneration

147 | 现 现 现 现 现 现 现

xiàn now; 现在 xiàn zài now, at present, at the moment, modern, current, nowadays; 实现 shí xiàn to achieve, to implement, to realize, to bring about; 出现 chū xiàn to appear, to arise, to emerge, to show up

148 | 在 在 在 在 在 在 在

zài to be present, at (a place), right (now/here); 现在 xiàn zài now, at present, at the moment, modern, current, nowadays; 存在 cún zài to exist, to be, existence; 正在 zhèng zài in the process of (doing something or happening), while (doing)

149 | 刻 刻 刻 刻 刻 刻 刻

kè quarter (of an hour); 深刻 shēn kè profound, deep, deep-going; 时刻 shí kè moment, CL:个[gè], constantly, always; 立刻 lì

kè forthwith, immediate, prompt, promptly, straightway, thereupon, at once

150 事 事 事 事 事 事 事

shì matter, affair, event; 事业 shì yè undertaking, project, activity, (charitable, political or revolutionary) cause, publicly funded institution, enterprise or foundation, career, occupation, CL:个[gè]; 事件 shì jiàn event, happening, incident, CL:个[gè]; 事故 shì gù accident, CL:桩[zhuāng],起[qǐ],次[cì]

151 很 很 很 很 很 很 很

hěn very; 得很 de hěn very (much, good etc); 很多时 hěn duō shí often; 很想 hěn xiǎng to miss sb, to very much want to

152 忙 忙 忙 忙 忙 忙 忙

máng busy; 帮忙 bāng máng to help, to lend a hand, to do a favor, to do a good turn; 忙碌 máng lù busy, bustling; 忙着 máng zhe to be occupied with (doing sth)

153 明 明 明 明 明 明 明

míng bright, dynasty (1368,1644); 明确 míng què clear-cut, definite, explicit, to clarify, to specify, to make definite; 明显 míng xiǎn clear, distinct, obvious; 文明 wén míng civilized, civilization, culture, CL:个[gè]

154 为 为 为 为 为 为 为

wèi, wéi for; 认为 rèn wéi to believe, to think, to consider, to feel; 成为 chéng wéi to become, to turn into; 因为 yīn wèi because, owing to, on account of

155 因 因 因 因 因 因 因

yīn cause, reason, because; 因为 yīn wèi because, owing to, on account of; 因此 yīn cǐ thus, consequently, as a result; 原因 yuán yīn cause, origin, root cause, reason, CL:个[gè]

156 同 同 同 同 同 同 同

tóng same; 同时 tóng shí at the same time, simultaneously; 不同 bù tóng different, distinct, not the same, not alike; 共同 gòng tóng common, joint, jointly, together, collaborative

157 认 认 认 认 认 认 认

rèn to recognize; 认为 rèn wéi to believe, to think, to consider, to feel; 认真 rèn zhēn conscientious, earnest, serious, to take seriously, to take to heart; 认识 rèn shi to know, to recognize, to be familiar with, to get acquainted with sb, knowledge, understanding, awareness, cognition

158 识 识 识 识 识 识 识

shí to recognize; 知识 zhī shi intellectual, knowledge-related, knowledge, CL:门[mén]; 认识 rèn shi to know, to recognize, to be familiar with, to get acquainted with sb, knowledge, understanding, awareness, cognition; 意识 yì shí consciousness, awareness, consciously (i.e. deliberately), to be aware

159 周 周 周 周 周 周 周

zhōu week, cycle, dynasty (-1122,-221); 周年 zhōu nián anniversary, annual; 周恩来 zhōu ēn lái Zhou Enlai (1898-1976), Chinese communist leader, prime minister 1949-1976; 周边 zhōu biān periphery, rim

160 | 末 末 末 末 末 末 末

mò end; 周末 zhōu mò weekend; 年末 nián mò end of the year; 月末 yuè mò end of month, late in the month

161 | 打 打 打 打 打 打 打

dǎ, dá to hit; 打击 dǎ jī to hit, to strike, to attack, to crack down on sth, a setback, a blow, percussion (music); 打造 dǎ zào to create, to build, to develop, to forge (of metal); 打破 dǎ pò to break, to smash

162 | 球 球 球 球 球 球 球

qiú ball; 全球 quán qiú entire, total, global, the (whole) world, worldwide; 球队 qiú duì sports team (basketball, soccer, football etc); 球员 qiú yuán sports club member, footballer, golfer etc

163 | 看 看 看 看 看 看 看

kàn to watch, to look, to read; 来看 lái kàn to come and see, to see a topic from a certain point of view; 看来 kàn lai apparently, it seems that; 看法 kàn fǎ way of looking at a thing, view, opinion, CL:个[gè]

164 | 电 电 电 电 电 电 电

diàn electricity; 电视 diàn shì television, TV, CL:台[tái], 个[gè]; 电话 diàn huà telephone, CL:部[bù], phone call, CL:通[tōng], phone number; 电影 diàn yǐng movie, film, CL:部[bù], 片[piàn], 幕[mù], 场[chǎng]

165 | 视 视 视 视 视 视 视

shì vision; 电视 diàn shì television, TV, CL:台[tái], 个[gè]; 重视 zhòng shì to attach importance to sth, to value; 电视台 diàn shì tái television station, CL:个[gè]

166 | 唱 唱 唱 唱 唱 唱 唱

chàng to sing; 演唱 yǎn chàng sung performance, to sing for an audience; 演唱会 yǎn chàng huì vocal recital or concert; 唱歌 chàng gē to sing a song

167 | 歌 歌 歌 歌 歌 歌 歌

gē song; 歌曲 gē qǔ song; 谷歌 gǔ gē variant of 谷歌, Google internet company and search engine; 歌手 gē shǒu singer

168 | 跳 跳 跳 跳 跳 跳 跳

tiào to jump; 跳水 tiào shuǐ to dive, diving (sport, a Chinese specialty); 跳出 tiào chū to jump out, fig. to appear suddenly; 跳楼 tiào lóu to jump from a building (to kill oneself), fig. to sell at a large discount (in advertising)

169 | 舞 舞 舞 舞 舞 舞 舞

wǔ to dance, dance; 舞台 wǔ tái stage, arena, fig. in the limelight; 鼓舞 gǔ wǔ heartening (news), boost (morale), CL:个[gè]; 舞蹈 wǔ dǎo dance

170 | 听 听 听 听 听 听 听

tīng to listen; 听取 tīng qǔ to hear (news), to listen to; 听到 tīng dào to hear; 听说 tīng shuō to hear (sth said), one hears (that),

hearsay, listening and speaking

171 音 音 音 音 音 音 音

yīn sound; 音乐 yīn yuè music, CL:张[zhāng],曲[qǔ],段[duàn]; 声音 shēng yīn voice, sound, CL:个[gè]; 录音 lù yīn to record (sound), sound recording, CL:个[gè]

172 乐 乐 乐 乐 乐 乐 乐

yuè, lè music; 音乐 yīn yuè music, CL:张[zhāng],曲[qǔ],段[duàn]; 娱乐 yú lè to entertain, to amuse, entertainment, recreation, amusement, hobby, fun, joy; 乐观 lè guān optimistic, hopeful

173 书 书 书 书 书 书 书

shū book; 书记 shū jì secretary, clerk, CL:个[gè]; 总书记 zǒng shū jì general-secretary (of Communist Party); 秘书 mì shū secretary

174 对 对 对 对 对 对 对

duì right, correct; 对于 duì yú regarding, as far as sth is concerned, with regards to; 针对 zhēn duì to be directed against, to be aimed at, to counter, in the light of, in connection with; 面对 miàn duì to confront, to face

175 时 时 时 时 时 时 时

shí time; 同时 tóng shí at the same time, simultaneously; 时间 shí jiān time, period, CL:段[duàn]; 时候 shí hou time, length of time, moment, period

176 候 候 候 候 候 候 候

hòu time, season, await; 时候 shí hou time, length of time, moment, period; 气候 qì hòu climate, atmosphere, situation, CL:种[zhǒng]; 候选 hòu xuǎn candidate

177 影 影 影 影 影 影 影

yǐng shadow; 影响 yǐng xiǎng an influence, an effect, to influence, to affect (usually adversely), to disturb, CL:股[gǔ]; 电影 diàn yǐng movie, film, CL:部[bù],片[piàn],幕[mù],场[chǎng]; 影响力 yǐng xiǎng lì influence, impact

178 常 常 常 常 常 常 常

cháng often; 非常 fēi cháng unusual, extraordinary, extreme, very, exceptional; 常委 cháng wěi member of standing committee; 正常 zhèng cháng regular, normal, ordinary

179 去 去 去 去 去 去 去

qù to go; 去年 qù nián last year; 过去 guò qu (in the) past, former, previous, to go over, to pass by; 下去 xià qu to go down, to descend, to go on, to continue

180 外 外 外 外 外 外 外

wài outside; 此外 cǐ wài besides, in addition, moreover, furthermore; 另外 líng wài additional, in addition, besides, separate, other, moreover, furthermore; 国外 guó wài abroad, external (affairs), overseas, foreign

181 客 客 客 客 客 客 客

kè guest; 客户 kè hù client, customer; 游客 yóu kè traveler, tourist; 旅客 lǚ kè traveler, tourist

182 昨 昨 昨 昨 昨 昨 昨 昨

zuó yesterday; 昨天 zuó tiān yesterday; 昨日 zuó rì yesterday; 昨晚 zuó wǎn yesterday evening, last night

183 所 所 所 所 所 所 所 所

suǒ place; 所以 suǒ yǐ therefore, as a result, so; 所有 suǒ yǒu all, to have, to possess, to own; 有所 yǒu suǒ somewhat, to some extent

184 以 以 以 以 以 以 以 以

yǐ with; 可以 kě yǐ can, may, possible, able to; 以及 yǐ jí as well as, too, and; 所以 suǒ yǐ therefore, as a result, so

185 久 久 久 久 久 久 久 久

jiǔ long (time); 不久 bù jiǔ not long (after), before too long, soon, soon after; 不久前 bù jiǔ qián not long ago; 前不久 qián bù jiǔ not long ago, not long before

186 错 错 错 错 错 错 错 错

cuò wrong; 错误 cuò wù error, mistake, CL:个[gè], mistaken, false, wrong; 不错 bù cuò correct, right, not bad, pretty good; 过错 guò cuò mistake

187 想 想 想 想 想 想 想 想

xiǎng to want to, would like to, desire to, to think; 思想 sī xiǎng thought, thinking, idea, ideology, CL:个[gè]; 想到 xiǎng dào to think of, to call to mind, to anticipate; 理想 lǐ xiǎng a dream, an ideal, perfection, ideal, perfect, desirable, CL:个[gè]

188 觉 觉 觉 觉 觉 觉 觉 觉

jué, jiào to feel, to think; 觉得 jué de to think, to feel; 感觉 gǎn jué to feel, to become aware of, feeling, sense, perception, CL:个[gè]; 自觉 zì jué conscious, aware, on one's own initiative, conscientious

189 得 得 得 得 得 得 得 得

děi, de, dé must, to have to, de (structural particle); 得到 dé dào to get, to obtain, to receive; 取得 qǔ dé to acquire, to get, to obtain; 获得 huò dé to obtain, to receive, to get

190 意 意 意 意 意 意 意 意

yì meaning; 意见 yì jiàn idea, opinion, suggestion, objection, complaint, CL:点[diǎn], 条[tiáo]; 意义 yì yì sense, meaning, significance, importance, CL:个[gè]; 意识 yì shí consciousness, awareness, consciously (i.e. deliberately), to be aware

191 思 思 思 思 思 思 思 思

sī to think; 思想 sī xiǎng thought, thinking, idea, ideology, CL:个[gè]; 马克思 mǎ kè sī Marx (name), Groucho Marx (the star of Duck Soup, 1933), Karl Marx (1818-1883), German socialist philosopher, political activist and founder of Marxism; 思路 sī lù train of

thought, thinking, reason, reasoning

192 只 只 只 只 只 只 只 只

zhǐ, zhī only, (# for one of certain paired things and some animals); 只有 zhǐ yǒu only; 只是 zhǐ shì merely, simply, only, but; 只能 zhǐ néng can only, obliged to do sth, to have no other choice

193 睡 睡 睡 睡 睡 睡 睡 睡

shuì to sleep; 睡觉 shuì jiào to go to bed, to sleep; 睡眠 shuì mián sleeping, slumber; 睡着 shuì zháo to fall asleep

194 算 算 算 算 算 算 算 算

suàn to calculate, to count as, to be considered as; 预算 yù suàn budget; 计算 jì suàn to count, to calculate, to compute, CL:个[gè]; 打算 dǎ suàn to plan, to intend, to calculate, plan, intention, calculation, CL:个[gè]

195 找 找 找 找 找 找 找 找

zhǎo to look for; 找到 zhǎo dào to find; 寻找 xún zhǎo to seek, to look for; 找不到 zhǎo bu dào can't find

196 别 别 别 别 别 别 别 别

bié, biè other, don't, intractable; 特别 tè bié especially, special, particular, unusual; 分别 fēn bié to part or leave each other, to distinguish, difference, in different ways, differently, separately or individually; 别人 bié ren other people, others, other person

197 呀 呀 呀 呀 呀 呀 呀 呀

ya ya; 哎呀 āi ya interjection of wonder, shock or admiration; 天呀 tiān ya Heavens!, My goodness!; 啊呀 ā ya interjection of surprise, Oh my!

198 进 进 进 进 进 进 进 进

jìn to enter; 进行 jìn xíng to advance, to conduct, underway, in progress, to do, to carry out, to carry on, to execute; 进一步 jìn yī bù one step further, to move forward a step, further onwards; 推进 tuī jìn to impel, to carry forward, to push on, to advance, to drive forward

199 快 快 快 快 快 快 快 快

kuài fast, quick, quickly; 加快 jiā kuài to accelerate, to speed up; 快速 kuài sù fast, high-speed, rapid; 尽快 jìn kuài as quickly as possible, as soon as possible, with all speed, also written 尽快

200 来 来 来 来 来 来 来 来

lái to come, in order to; 以来 yǐ lái since (a previous event); 年来 nián lái this past year, over the last years; 起来 qǐ lai to stand up, to get up, (after a verb) with an upward movement

201 介 介 介 介 介 介 介 介

jiè to be situated between; 介绍 jiè shào to present, to introduce, to recommend, to suggest, to let know, to brief; 中介 zhōng jiè to act as intermediary, to link, intermediate, inter-, agency, agent; 蒋介石 jiǎng jiè shí Chiang Kai-shek (1887-1975), former Guomindang leader

202 | 绍 绍 绍 绍 绍 绍 绍

shào to carry on, to continue; 介绍 jiè shào to present, to introduce, to recommend, to suggest, to let know, to brief; 绍兴 shào xīng Shaoxing prefecture level city in Zhejiang; 陈绍 chén shào old Shaoxing wine

203 | 下 下 下 下 下 下 下

xià below, under, after, next; 下降 xià jiàng to decline, to drop, to fall, to go down, to decrease; 下午 xià wǔ afternoon, CL:个[gè], p.m.; 情况下 qíng kuàng xià under (these) circumstances

204 | 兴 兴 兴 兴 兴 兴 兴

xìng mood, interest; 高兴 gāo xìng happy, glad, willing (to do sth), in a cheerful mood; 兴趣 xìng qù interest (desire to know about sth), interest (thing in which one is interested), hobby, CL:个[gè]; 新兴 xīn xīng Xinxing county in Yunfu 云浮[yún fú], Guangdong, Xinxing or Hsinhsing district of Kaohsiung city 高雄市[gāo xióng shì], south Taiwan

205 | 漂 漂 漂 漂 漂 漂 漂

piào (1st component of pretty); 漂亮 piào liang pretty, beautiful; 漂浮 piāo fú to float, to hover, to drift (also fig., to lead a wandering life), to rove, showy, superficial; 漂流 piāo liú to float on the current, to drift along or about, rafting

206 | 亮 亮 亮 亮 亮 亮 亮

liàng bright, light; 亮相 liàng xiàng a still pose on stage, to appear in public, to reveal one's position, to see the light of day; 漂亮 piào liang pretty, beautiful; 亮点 liàng diǎn highlight, bright spot

207 | 坐 坐 坐 坐 坐 坐 坐

zuò to sit, to travel by; 乘坐 chéng zuò to ride (in a vehicle); 坐下 zuò xià sit down; 坐落 zuò luò to be situated, to be located (of a building)

208 | 哪 哪 哪 哪 哪 哪 哪

nǎ, nēi where, which; 哪些 nǎ xiē which ones?, who?, what?; 哪里 nǎ lǐ where?, somewhere, anywhere, wherever, nowhere (negative answer to question), humble expression denying compliment, also written 哪哩; 哪个 nǎ ge which, who

209 | 校 校 校 校 校 校 校

xiào school; 学校 xué xiào school, CL:所[suǒ]; 高校 gāo xiào universities and colleges, abbr. for 高等学校; 校长 xiào zhǎng (college, university) president, headmaster, CL:个[gè], 位[wèi], 名[míng]

210 | 喝 喝 喝 喝 喝 喝 喝

hē to drink, to eat soup; 喝酒 hē jiǔ to drink (alcohol); 吃喝 chī hē food and drink, diet; 喝彩 hè cǎi to acclaim, to cheer

211 | 茶 茶 茶 茶 茶 茶 茶

chá tea; 茶叶 chá yè tea, tea-leaves, CL:盒[hé], 罐[guàn], 包[bāo], 片[piàn]; 喝茶 hē chá to drink tea; 普洱茶 pǔ ěr chá Pu'er tea from the Pu'er region of Yunnan

212 | 咖 咖 咖 咖 咖 咖 咖

kā (1st component of coffee); 咖啡 kā fēi coffee, CL:杯[bēi]; 咖啡厅 kā fēi tīng coffee shop; 咖啡馆 kā fēi guǎn café, coffee shop, CL:家[jiā]

213 | 啡 啡 啡 啡 啡 啡 啡

fēi (2nd component of coffee); 咖啡 kā fēi coffee, CL:杯[bēi]; 咖啡厅 kā fēi tīng coffee shop; 咖啡馆 kā fēi guǎn café, coffee shop, CL:家[jiā]

214 | 吧 吧 吧 吧 吧 吧 吧

ba, bā ba; 网吧 wǎng ba internet cafe; 酒吧 jiǔ bā bar, pub, saloon, CL:家[jiā]; 贴吧 tiē ba electronic message board, web forum

215 | 要 要 要 要 要 要 要

yào to want, will, to be going to, to have a desire to; 重要 zhòng yào important, significant, major; 要求 yāo qiú to request, to require, to stake a claim, to ask, to demand, CL:点[diǎn]; 主要 zhǔ yào main, principal, major, primary

216 | 瓶 瓶 瓶 瓶 瓶 瓶 瓶

píng (# for bottles), bottle; 瓶颈 píng jǐng bottleneck; 瓶装 píng zhuāng bottled; 花瓶 huā píng flower vase, fig. just a pretty face, CL:对[duì]

217 | 起 起 起 起 起 起 起

qǐ to rise; 起来 qǐ lai to stand up, to get up, (after a verb) with an upward movement; 一起 yī qǐ in the same place, together, with, altogether (in total); 引起 yǐn qǐ to give rise to, to lead to, to cause, to arouse

218 | 给 给 给 给 给 给 给

gěi to give, to, for; 给予 jǐ yǔ to accord, to give, to show (respect); 供给 gōng jǐ to furnish, to provide, supply (as in supply and demand); 交给 jiāo gěi to give, to deliver, to hand over

219 | 杯 杯 杯 杯 杯 杯 杯

bēi (# for cup and glass); 世界杯 shì jiè bēi World Cup; 亚洲杯 yà zhōu bēi Asian cup; 杯子 bēi zi cup, glass, CL:个[gè], 支[zhī], 枝[zhī]

220 | 玩 玩 玩 玩 玩 玩 玩

wán to have fun, to plan, to visit; 玩具 wán jù plaything, toy; 玩笑 wán xiào joke, jest; 开玩笑 kāi wán xiào to play a joke, to make fun of, to joke

221 | 图 图 图 图 图 图 图

tú picture, chart, drawing; 图书 tú shū books (in a library or bookstore), CL:本[běn], 册[cè], 部[bù]; 图片 tú piàn image, picture, photograph, CL:张[zhāng]; 试图 shì tú to attempt, to try

222 | 馆 馆 馆 馆 馆 馆 馆

guǎn place or building (for a service, social, or cultural use); 博物馆 bó wù guǎn museum; 场馆 chǎng guǎn sporting venue, arena; 宾馆 bīn guǎn guesthouse, CL:个[gè],家[jiā]

223 | 聊 聊 聊 聊 聊 聊 聊

liáo to chat; 聊天 liáo tiān to chat, to gossip; 无聊 wú liáo bored, boring, senseless; 闲聊 xián liáo to chat, idle gossip

224 | 才 才 才 才 才 才 才

cái not until, only then; 人才 rén cái a person's talent, talented person, distinguished person, a talent (worth head-hunting), person's looks, an attractive woman, used interchangeably with 人材, CL:个[gè]; 才能 cái néng talent, ability, capacity; 刚才 gāng cái just now, a moment ago

225 | 回 回 回 回 回 回 回

huí to return, (# for frequency of an action); 回答 huí dá to reply, to answer, the answer, CL:个[gè]; 回到 huí dào to return to; 回家 huí jiā to return home

226 | 话 话 话 话 话 话 话

huà word, speech; 电话 diàn huà telephone, CL:部[bù], phone call, CL:通[tōng], phone number; 的话 de huà if (coming after a conditional clause); 讲话 jiǎng huà a speech, to speak, to talk, to address, CL:个[gè]

227 | 喂 喂 喂 喂 喂 喂 喂

wéi (on telephone) hello!, hey!; 喂养 wèi yǎng feeding, nutrition; 母乳喂养 mǔ rǔ wèi yǎng breast feeding; 喂食 wèi shí to feed

228 | 就 就 就 就 就 就 就

jiù precisely, exactly, just, only (indicating small number); 就是 jiù shì (emphasizes that sth is precisely or exactly as stated), precisely, exactly, even, if, just like, in the same way as; 就业 jiù yè looking for employment, getting a job, to start a career; 就要 jiù yào will, shall, to be going to

229 | 您 您 您 您 您 您 您

nín you; 您好 nín hǎo hello (polite)

230 | 位 位 位 位 位 位 位

wèi (polite # for people); 单位 dān wèi a unit, unit (of measure), work unit (one's workplace), CL:个[gè]; 地位 dì wèi position, status, place, CL:个[gè]; 岗位 gǎng wèi a post, a job

231 | 午 午 午 午 午 午 午

wǔ noon; 下午 xià wǔ afternoon, CL:个[gè], p.m.; 上午 shàng wǔ morning, CL:个[gè]; 中午 zhōng wǔ noon, midday, CL:个[gè]

232 | 间 间 间 间 间 间 间

jiān during (a time period), between (two sides), (# for rooms); 时间 shí jiān time, period, CL:段[duàn]; 期间 qī jiān period of time, time, time period, period, CL:个[gè]; 之间 zhī jiān between, among, inter-

233 | 题 题 题 题 题 题 题

tí topic, question; 问题 wèn tí question, problem, issue, topic, CL:个[gè]; 主题 zhǔ tí theme, subject; 话题 huà tí subject (of a talk or conversation), topic

234 | 开 开 开 开 开 开 开

kāi to open, to hold (a meeting, etc.), to drive, to operate; 开始 kāi shǐ to begin, beginning, to start, initial, CL:个[gè]; 开发 kāi fā to exploit (a resource), to open up (for development), to develop; 开展 kāi zhǎn (begin to) develop, unfold, to start, to launch, to open, to carry out

235 | 会 会 会 会 会 会 会

huì, kuài meeting, will, can, know how to (through instruction); 社会 shè huì society, CL:个[gè]; 会议 huì yì meeting, conference, CL:场[chǎng], 届[jiè]; 社会主义 shè huì zhǔ yì socialism

236 | 节 节 节 节 节 节 节

jié (# for class periods), festival, holiday; 节目 jié mù program, item (on a program), CL:台[tái], 个[gè], 套[tào]; 节能 jié néng to save energy, energy-saving; 环节 huán jié round segment, segment (of annelid worms), connection, link, sector, annular ring

237 | 课 课 课 课 课 课 课

kè class, course, lesson; 课题 kè tí task, problem, issue; 课程 kè chéng course, class, CL:堂[táng], 节[jié], 门[mén]; 上课 shàng kè to go to class, to attend class, to go to teach a class

238 | 级 级 级 级 级 级 级

jí level, rank; 各级 gè jí all levels; 高级 gāo jí high level, high grade, advanced, high-ranking; 阶级 jiē jí (social) class, CL:个[gè]

239 | 考 考 考 考 考 考 考

kǎo to give or take a test; 考虑 kǎo lǜ to think over, to consider, consideration; 考生 kǎo shēng exam candidate, student whose name has been put forward for an exam; 考试 kǎo shì to take an exam, exam, CL:次[cì]

240 | 试 试 试 试 试 试 试

shì test, to try, to experiment; 考试 kǎo shì to take an exam, exam, CL:次[cì]; 试点 shì diǎn test point, to carry out trial, pilot scheme; 试验 shì yàn experiment, test, experimental, CL:次[cì], 个[gè]

241 | 后 后 后 后 后 后 后

hòu after, behind, rear; 之后 zhī hòu afterwards, following, later, after; 最后 zuì hòu final, last, finally, ultimate; 以后 yǐ hòu after, later, afterwards, following, later on, in the future

242 | 空 空 空 空 空 空 空

kòng, kōng free time, empty; 航空 háng kōng aviation; 空间 kōng jiān space, CL:个[gè]; 空调 kōng tiáo air conditioning

243 | 方 方 方 方 方 方 方

fāng square, method; 方面 fāng miàn respect, aspect, field, side, CL:个[gè]; 地方 dì fāng region, regional (away from the central administration), local; 方式 fāng shì way (of life), pattern, style, mode, manner, CL:个[gè]

244 | 便 便 便 便 便 便 便

biàn, pián convenient, handy; 方便 fāng biàn convenient, to help out, to make things easy for people, convenience, suitable, having money to spare, (euphemism) to go to the toilet; 便利 biàn lì convenient, easy, to facilitate; 即便 jí biàn even if, even though, right away, immediately

245 | 到 到 到 到 到 到 到

dào to go to, to arrive; 到了 dào liǎo at last, finally, in the end; 得到 dé dào to get, to obtain, to receive; 达到 dá dào to reach, to achieve, to attain

246 | 办 办 办 办 办 办 办

bàn to manage, to handle, to do; 办法 bàn fǎ means, method, way (of doing sth), CL:条[tiáo], 个[gè]; 办公 bàn gōng to handle official business, to work (esp. in an office); 办公室 bàn gōng shì office, business premises, bureau, CL:间[jiān]

247 | 公 公 公 公 公 公 公

gōng public; 公司 gōng sī (business) company, company, firm, corporation, incorporated, CL:家[jiā]; 公共 gōng gòng public, common (use); 公开 gōng kāi public, to publish, to make public

248 | 室 室 室 室 室 室 室

shì room; 公室 gōng shì office (room), ruling families during Spring and Autumn period; 办公室 bàn gōng shì office, business premises, bureau, CL:间[jiān]; 实验室 shí yàn shì laboratory, CL:间[jiān]

249 | 行 行 行 行 行 行 行

xíng, háng all right, ok; 进行 jìn xíng to advance, to conduct, underway, in progress, to do, to carry out, to carry on, to execute; 银行 yín háng bank, CL:家[jiā], 个[gè]; 行政 xíng zhèng administration, administrative

250 | 等 等 等 等 等 等 等

děng to wait, to wait for, and so forth, etc.; 等等 děng děng etcetera, and so on ..., wait a minute!, hold on!; 平等 píng děng equal, equality; 高等 gāo děng higher, high level, advanced

251 | 气 气 气 气 气 气 气

qì air; 天然气 tiān rán qì natural gas; 气候 qì hòu climate, atmosphere, situation, CL:种[zhǒng]; 天气 tiān qì weather

252 | 帮 帮 帮 帮 帮 帮 帮

bāng to help; 帮助 bāng zhù assistance, aid, to help, to assist; 帮忙 bāng máng to help, to lend a hand, to do a favor, to do a good turn; 四人帮 sì rén bāng Gang of Four: Jiang Qing 江青, Zhang Chunqiao 張春橋, Yao Wenyan 姚文元, Wang Hongwen 王洪文, who served as scapegoats for the excesses of the cultural revolution

253 准 准 准 准 准 准 准 准

zhǔn standard, criterion, to allow, to be allowed; 标准 biāo zhǔn (an official) standard, norm, criterion, CL:个[gè]; 准备 zhǔn bèi preparation, to prepare, to intend, to be about to, reserve (fund); 批准 pī zhǔn to approve, to ratify

254 备 备 备 备 备 备 备 备

bèi to prepare; 准备 zhǔn bèi preparation, to prepare, to intend, to be about to, reserve (fund); 设备 shè bèi equipment, facilities, installations, CL:个[gè]; 具备 jù bèi to possess, to have, equipped with, able to fulfill (conditions or requirements)

255 练 练 练 练 练 练 练 练

liàn to drill; 训练 xùn liàn to train, to drill, training, CL:个[gè]; 教练 jiào liàn instructor, sports coach, trainer, CL:个[gè], 位[wèi], 名[míng]; 演练 yǎn liàn drill, practice

256 习 习 习 习 习 习 习 习

xí to practice; 学习 xué xí to learn, to study; 习惯 xí guàn habit, custom, usual practice, to be used to, CL:个[gè]; 演习 yǎn xí maneuver, exercise, practice, to maneuver

257 说 说 说 说 说 说 说 说

shuō to say, to speak; 来说 lái shuō to have one's say, to interpret a topic (from a certain point of view), now we come to talk about it, ...; 说明 shuō míng to explain, to illustrate, to indicate, to show, to prove, explanation, directions, caption, CL:个[gè]; 说法 shuō fǎ to expound Buddhist teachings

258 啊 啊 啊 啊 啊 啊 啊 啊

a, á a5; 啊呀 ā yā interjection of surprise, Oh my!

259 但 但 但 但 但 但 但 但

dàn but; 但是 dàn shì but, however; 不但 bù dàn not only (... but also...); 非但 fēi dàn not only

260 跟 跟 跟 跟 跟 跟 跟 跟

gēn with; 跟踪 gēn zōng to follow sb's tracks, to tail, to shadow; 跟着 gēn zhe to follow after, immediately afterwards; 跟随 gēn suí to follow

261 面 面 面 面 面 面 面 面

miàn face, noodles; 方面 fāng miàn respect, aspect, field, side, CL:个[gè]; 全面 quán miàn all-around, comprehensive, total, overall; 面对 miàn duì to confront, to face

262 复 复 复 复 复 复 复 复

fù to repeat, to duplicate; 恢复 huī fù to reinstate, to resume, to restore, to recover, to regain, to rehabilitate; 复杂 fù zá complicated, complex; 反复 fǎn fù repeatedly, over and over

263 | 写 写 写 写 写 写 写

xiě to write; 写作 xiě zuò writing, written works; 撰写 zhuàn xiě to write, to compose; 写下 xiě xià to write down

264 | 慢 慢 慢 慢 慢 慢 慢

màn slow; 慢慢 màn màn slowly; 缓慢 huǎn màn slow, slow-moving; 慢性 màn xìng slow and patient, chronic (disease), slow to take effect (e.g. a slow poison)

265 | 枝 枝 枝 枝 枝 枝 枝

zhī (# for long, thin, inflexible objects); 荔枝 lì zhī litchi or lychee fruit (Litchi chinensis Sonn.); 树枝 shù zhī branch, twig; 攀枝花 pān zhī huā kapok (cotton flower), Panzhihua prefecture level city in south Sichuan, bordering Yunnan, famous for steel production and pollution

266 | 笔 笔 笔 笔 笔 笔 笔

bǐ pen, (# for sums of money); 笔者 bǐ zhě the author, the writer; 笔记 bǐ jì to take down (in writing), notes, a type of literature consisting mainly of short sketches, CL:本[běn]; 笔记本 bǐ jì běn notebook, CL:本[běn]

267 | 张 张 张 张 张 张 张

zhāng (# for flat objects: paper, picture, bed, table, ...); 紧张 jǐn zhāng nervous, keyed up, intense, tense, strained, in short supply, scarce, CL:阵[zhèn]; 主张 zhǔ zhāng to advocate, to stand for, view, position, stand, proposition, viewpoint, assertion, CL:个[gè]; 扩张 kuò zhāng expansion, dilation, to expand (e.g. one's power or influence), to broaden

268 | 纸 纸 纸 纸 纸 纸 纸

zhǐ paper; 报纸 bào zhǐ newspaper, newsprint, CL:份[fèn],期[qī],张[zhāng]; 造纸 zào zhǐ paper-making; 图纸 tú zhǐ blueprint, drawing, design plans, graph paper

269 | 教 教 教 教 教 教 教

jiāo, jiào to teach; 教育 jiào yù to educate, to teach, education; 教授 jiào shòu professor, to instruct, to lecture on, CL:个[gè],位[wèi]; 教师 jiào shī teacher, CL:个[gè]

270 | 懂 懂 懂 懂 懂 懂 懂

dǒng to understand; 不懂 bù dǒng not to understand, cannot (see, hear, understand, as verb complement), incomprehension; 懂得 dǒng de to understand, to know, to comprehend; 懂事 dǒng shì sensible, thoughtful, intelligent

271 | 真 真 真 真 真 真 真

zhēn true, real, really; 真正 zhēn zhèng genuine, real, true, genuinely; 认真 rèn zhēn conscientious, earnest, serious, to take seriously, to take to heart; 真实 zhēn shí true, real

272 | 里 里 里 里 里 里 里

lǐ inside, 1/2 km; 这里 zhè lǐ here, variant of 这里; 公里 gōng lǐ kilometer; 家里 jiā lǐ home

273| 预 预 预 预 预 预 预

yù in advance, beforehand; 预计 yù jì to forecast, to predict, to estimate; 预算 yù suàn budget; 预防 yù fáng to prevent, to take precautions against, to protect, to guard against, precautionary, prophylactic

274| 第 第 第 第 第 第 第

dì (prefix for ordinal numbers); 第一 dì yī first, number one; 第二 dì èr second, number two, next; 第三 dì sān third, number three

275| 语 语 语 语 语 语 语

yǔ language; 语言 yǔ yán language, CL:门[mén],种[zhǒng]; 英语 yīng yǔ English (language); 话语 huà yǔ words, speech, utterance, discourse

276| 法 法 法 法 法 法 法

fǎ law, rule, method, French; 法律 fǎ lǜ law, CL:条[tiáo],套[tào],个[gè]; 办法 bàn fǎ means, method, way (of doing sth), CL:条[tiáo],个[gè]; 法院 fǎ yuàn court of law, court

277| 容 容 容 容 容 容 容

róng to allow, to tolerate (in easy); 内容 nèi róng content, substance, details, CL:个[gè],项[xiàng]; 容易 róng yì easy, likely, liable (to); 不容 bù róng not tolerate, not allow, not brook, to not welcome

278| 易 易 易 易 易 易 易

yì easy; 交易 jiāo yì (business) transaction, business deal, CL:笔[bǐ]; 贸易 mào yì (commercial) trade, CL:个[gè]; 容易 róng yì easy, likely, liable (to)

279| 词 词 词 词 词 词 词

cí word; 名词 míng cí noun; 关键词 guān jiàn cí keyword; 键词 jiàn cí keyword

280| 汉 汉 汉 汉 汉 汉 汉

hàn Han, Chinese ethnicity, dynasty (-206,220); 武汉 wǔ hàn Wuhan city on Changjiang, subprovincial city and capital of Hubei province; 汉族 hàn zú Han ethnic group; 汉语 hàn yǔ Chinese language, CL:门[mén]

281| 难 难 难 难 难 难 难

nán difficult; 困难 kùn nan (financial etc) difficulty, problem, issue, CL:个[gè]; 难以 nán yǐ hard to (predict, imagine etc); 难度 nán dù trouble, problem

282| 平 平 平 平 平 平 平

píng level, even; 水平 shuǐ píng level (of achievement etc), standard, horizontal; 平均 píng jūn average; 和平 hé píng Heping district of Shenyang city 沈阳市, Liaoning, Hoping township in Taichung county 台中县[tái zhōng xiàn], Taiwan

283| 早 早 早 早 早 早 早

zǎo early; 早在 zǎo zài as early as; 早已 zǎo yǐ long ago, for a long time; 早就 zǎo jiù already at an earlier time

284 功 功 功 功 功 功 功

gōng work, achievement; 成功 chéng gōng Chenggong or Chengkung town in Taitung county 台东县[tái dōng xiàn], southeast Taiwan; 功能 gōng néng function, capability; 功夫 gōng fu skill, art, kung fu, labor, effort

285 始 始 始 始 始 始 始

shǐ to begin; 开始 kāi shǐ to begin, beginning, to start, initial, CL:个[gè]; 始终 shǐ zhōng from beginning to end, all along; 原始 yuán shǐ first, original, primitive, original (document etc)

286 念 念 念 念 念 念 念

niàn to read aloud; 理念 lǐ niàn idea, concept, philosophy, theory; 纪念 jì niàn to commemorate, to remember, CL:个[gè]; 观念 guān niàn notion, thought, concept, sense, views, ideology, general impressions

287 录 录 录 录 录 录 录

lù to record; 记录 jì lù to record, record (written account), record (in sports etc), CL:个[gè]; 录取 lù qǔ to recruit, to enroll; 纪录 jì lù record

288 帅 帅 帅 帅 帅 帅 帅

shuài handsome; 元帅 yuán shuài marshal (in the army); 统帅 tǒng shuài command, commander-in-chief; 帅哥 shuài gē handsome guy, lady-killer, handsome (form of address)

289 酷 酷 酷 酷 酷 酷 酷

kù cool; 残酷 cán kù cruel, cruelty; 酷暑 kù shǔ intense heat, extremely hot weather; 酷爱 kù ài to be keen on, to have a passion for

290 本 本 本 本 本 本 本

běn (# for books); 基本 jī běn basic, fundamental, main, elementary; 日本 rì běn Japan, Japanese; 成本 chéng běn (manufacturing, production etc) costs

291 篇 篇 篇 篇 篇 篇 篇

piān (# for essays, articles, etc.); 篇章 piān zhāng writing, sections and chapters; 长篇 cháng piān lengthy (report or speech); 篇幅 piān fú (take up or devote) space, ink, time (in a printed page or news story), length (of a piece of writing)

292 记 记 记 记 记 记 记

jì record, to remember; 记者 jì zhě reporter, journalist, CL:个[gè]; 书记 shū jì secretary, clerk, CL:个[gè]; 总书记 zǒng shū jì general-secretary (of Communist Party)

293 累 累 累 累 累 累 累

lèi, lěi tired, to accumulate; 累计 lěi jì to accumulate, cumulative; 积累 jī lěi to accumulate, accumulation, cumulative, cumulatively; 累积 lěi jī to accumulate

294 | 床 床 床 床 床 床 床

chuáng bed; 临床 lín chuáng clinical; 起床 qǐ chuáng to get out of bed, to get up; 病床 bìng chuáng hospital bed, sickbed

295 | 洗 洗 洗 洗 洗 洗 洗

xǐ to wash; 洗钱 xǐ qián money laundering; 洗衣 xǐ yī laundry; 洗衣机 xǐ yī jī washer, washing machine, CL:台[tái]

296 | 澡 澡 澡 澡 澡 澡 澡

zǎo bath; 洗澡 xǐ zǎo to bathe, to take a shower; 澡堂 zǎo táng public baths; 热水澡 rè shuǐ zǎo hot bath or shower

297 | 边 边 边 边 边 边 边

biān side; 一边 yī biān one side, either side, on the one hand, on the other hand, doing while; 身边 shēn biān at one's side, on hand; 周边 zhōu biān periphery, rim

298 | 发 发 发 发 发 发 发

fā, fà to emit, to issue; 发展 fā zhǎn development, growth, to develop, to grow, to expand; 发生 fā shēng to happen, to occur, to take place, to break out; 开发 kāi fā to exploit (a resource), to open up (for development), to develop

299 | 新 新 新 新 新 新 新

xīn new; 创新 chuàng xīn innovation, to bring forth new ideas, to blaze new trails; 新闻 xīn wén news, CL:条[tiáo],个[gè]; 新华 xīn huá Xinhua (the official Chinese news agency)

300 | 脑 脑 脑 脑 脑 脑 脑

nǎo brain; 电脑 diàn nǎo computer, CL:台[tái]; 头脑 tóu nǎo brains, mind, skull, (fig.) gist (of a matter), leader, boss; 首脑 shǒu nǎo head (of state), summit (meeting), leader

301 | 餐 餐 餐 餐 餐 餐 餐

cān meal; 餐饮 cān yǐn food and drink, catering, repast; 套餐 tào cān set meal, product or service package (e.g. for a cell phone subscription); 餐厅 cān tīng dining-hall, dining-room, restaurant, CL:间[jiān],家[jiā]

302 | 厅 厅 厅 厅 厅 厅 厅

tīng hall; 办公厅 bàn gōng tīng general office; 大厅 dà tīng hall, lounge; 厅长 tīng zhǎng head of provincial PRC government department

303 | 网 网 网 网 网 网 网

wǎng net; 网络 wǎng luò Internet; 网友 wǎng yǒu online friend, Internet user; 网站 wǎng zhàn website, network station, node

304 | 宿 宿 宿 宿 宿 宿 宿

sù to lodge for the night; 宿舍 sù shè dormitory, dorm room, living quarters, hostel, CL:间[jiān]; 住宿 zhù sù lodging, accommodation; 寄宿 jì sù to lodge, to live (in rented accommodation)

305| 舍 舍 舍 舍 舍 舍 舍

shè, shě house, to give up, to abandon; 宿舍 sù shè dormitory, dorm room, living quarters, hostel, CL:间[jiān]; 校舍 xiào shè school building; 舍不得 shě bu de to hate to do sth, to hate to part with, to begrudge

306| 正 正 正 正 正 正 正

zhèng just, upright; 正在 zhèng zài in the process of (doing something or happening), while (doing); 真正 zhēn zhèng genuine, real, true, genuinely; 正式 zhèng shì formal, official

307| 前 前 前 前 前 前 前

qián front, before; 目前 mù qián at the present time, currently; 当前 dāng qián current, today's, modern, present, to be facing (us); 之前 zhī qián before, prior to, ago, previously, beforehand

308| 告 告 告 告 告 告 告

gào to tell, to inform; 报告 bào gào to inform, to report, to make known, speech, talk, lecture, CL:篇[piān],份[fèn],个[gè],通[tòng]; 告诉 gào su to tell, to inform, to let know; 广告 guǎng gào to advertise, a commercial, advertisement, CL:项[xiàng]

309| 诉 诉 诉 诉 诉 诉 诉

sù to tell, to relate; 告诉 gào su to tell, to inform, to let know; 诉讼 sù sòng lawsuit; 投诉 tóu sù complaint, to file a complaint, to sue

310| 已 已 已 已 已 已 已

yǐ already; 已经 yǐ jīng already; 早已 zǎo yǐ long ago, for a long time; 而已 ér yǐ that's all, nothing more

311| 经 经 经 经 经 经 经

jīng to pass through; 经济 jīng jì economy, economic; 已经 yǐ jīng already; 经营 jīng yíng to engage in (business etc), to run, to operate

312| 知 知 知 知 知 知 知

zhī to know; 知道 zhī dào to know, to be aware of, also pron. [zhī dao]; 知识 zhī shì intellectual, knowledge-related, knowledge, CL:门[mén]; 通知 tōng zhī to notify, to inform, notice, notification, CL:个[gè]

313| 道 道 道 道 道 道 道

dào path, way; 报道 bào dào report, CL:篇[piān],份[fèn]; 知道 zhī dào to know, to be aware of, also pron. [zhī dao]; 道路 dào lù road, path, way, CL:条[tiáo]

314| 封 封 封 封 封 封 封

fēng (# for letters, emails); 封闭 fēng bì to seal, to close, to confine, to seal off, to close down, sealed, confined, closed, unreceptive; 封建 fēng jiàn system of enfeoffment, feudalism, feudal, feudalistic; 封锁 fēng suǒ to blockade, to seal off

315| 信 信 信 信 信 信 信

xìn letter (correspondence); 信息 xìn xī information, news, message; 电信 diàn xìn telecommunications; 相信 xiāng xìn to be convinced (that sth is true), to believe, to accept sth as true

³¹⁶ 最 最 最 最 最 最 最 最

zuì (superlative degree, most, -est); 最后 zuì hòu final, last, finally, ultimate; 最终 zuì zhōng final, ultimate; 最近 zuì jìn recent, recently, these days, latest, soon, nearest (of locations), shortest (of routes)

³¹⁷ 近 近 近 近 近 近 近 近

jìn close, near; 近日 jìn rì in the past few days, recently, in the last few days; 近年 jìn nián recent year(s); 最近 zuì jìn recent, recently, these days, latest, soon, nearest (of locations), shortest (of routes)

³¹⁸ 除 除 除 除 除 除 除 除

chú apart from; 除了 chú le besides, apart from (... also...), in addition to, except (for); 消除 xiāo chú to eliminate, to remove; 排除 pái chú to eliminate, to get rid of, to remove

³¹⁹ 专 专 专 专 专 专 专 专

zhuān special; 专家 zhuān jiā expert, specialist, CL:个[gè]; 专业 zhuān yè specialty, specialized field, main field of study (at university), major, CL:门[mén], 个[gè], professional; 专门 zhuān mén specialist, specialized, customized

³²⁰ 业 业 业 业 业 业 业 业

yè occupation, profession; 企业 qǐ yè company, firm, enterprise, corporation, CL:家[jiā]; 产业 chǎn yè industry, estate, property, industrial; 农业 nóng yè agriculture, farming

³²¹ 希 希 希 希 希 希 希 希

xī to hope, hope; 希望 xī wàng to wish for, to desire, hope CL:个[gè]; 希腊 xī là Greece; 希拉里 xī lā lǐ Hillary (person name), Hillary Rodham Clinton (1947-), US Democratic politician, First lady during Bill Clinton's presidency 1993-2001, Senator for New York since 2001, US Secretary of state from 2009

³²² 望 望 望 望 望 望 望 望

wàng to hope, to expect; 希望 xī wàng to wish for, to desire, hope CL:个[gè]; 有望 yǒu wàng hopeful, promising; 愿望 yuàn wàng desire, wish

³²³ 能 能 能 能 能 能 能 能

néng can, to be able/capable to; 可能 kě néng might (happen), possible, probable, possibility, probability, maybe, perhaps, CL:个[gè]; 不能 bù néng cannot, must not, should not; 能力 néng lì capability, capable, able, ability, CL:个[gè]

³²⁴ 用 用 用 用 用 用 用 用

yòng to use; 使用 shǐ yòng to use, to employ, to apply, to make use of; 作用 zuò yòng to act on, to affect, action, function, activity, impact, result, effect, purpose, intent, to play a role, corresponds to English -ity, -ism, -ization, CL:个[gè]; 利用 lì yòng exploit, make use of, to use, to take advantage of, to utilize

³²⁵ 笑 笑 笑 笑 笑 笑 笑 笑

xiào to laugh at, to laugh, to smile; 微笑 wēi xiào smile, CL:个[gè], 丝[sī], to smile; 玩笑 wán xiào joke, jest; 笑容 xiào róng

smile, smiling expression, CL:副[fù]

³²⁶祝 祝 祝 祝 祝 祝 祝

zhù to wish (well); 庆祝 qìng zhù to celebrate; 祝贺 zhù hè to congratulate, congratulations, CL:个[gè]; 祝福 zhù fú blessings, to wish sb well

³²⁷商 商 商 商 商 商 商

shāng commerce, business, dynasty (-1766,-1122); 商业 shāng yè business, trade, commerce; 商品 shāng pǐn good, commodity, merchandise, CL:个[gè]; 工商 gōng shāng industry and commerce

³²⁸店 店 店 店 店 店 店

diàn store, shop; 酒店 jiǔ diàn wine shop, pub (public house), hotel, restaurant; 饭店 fàn diàn restaurant, hotel, CL:家[jiā],个[gè]; 商店 shāng diàn store, shop, CL:家[jiā],个[gè]

³²⁹买 买 买 买 买 买 买

mǎi to buy; 购买 gòu mǎi to purchase, to buy; 买房 mǎi fáng to buy a house; 买卖 mǎi mài buying and selling, business, business transactions, CL:桩[zhuāng],次[ci]

³³⁰东 东 东 东 东 东 东

dōng east; 毛泽东 máo zé dōng Mao Zedong (1893-1976), Chinese communist leader; 广东 guǎng dōng Guangdong province (Kwangtung) in south China, abbr. 粤, capital Guangzhou 广州; 东西 dōng xī east and west

³³¹西 西 西 西 西 西 西

xī west; 西藏 xī zàng Tibet, Xizang or Tibetan autonomous region 西藏自治区; 东西 dōng xī east and west; 西部 xī bù western part

³³²售 售 售 售 售 售 售

shòu sale, to sell; 销售 xiāo shòu to sell, market, sales; 零售 líng shòu to retail, to sell individually or in small quantities; 售价 shòu jià to sell for, selling price

³³³货 货 货 货 货 货 货

huò merchandise; 货币 huò bì currency, monetary, money; 期货 qī huò futures (on goods); 通货 tōng huò currency, exchange of goods

³³⁴员 员 员 员 员 员 员

yuán member, personnel; 人员 rén yuán staff, crew, personnel, CL:个[gè]; 委员 wěi yuán committee member, committee, council, CL:个[gè]; 党员 dǎng yuán political party member, CL:名[míng],位[wèi],个[gè]

³³⁵服 服 服 服 服 服 服

fú clothing; 服务 fú wù to serve, service, CL:项[xiàng]; 服装 fú zhuāng dress, clothing, costume, clothes, CL:身[shēn]; 服务业 fú wù yè service industry

336 | 件 件 件 件 件 件 件

jiàn (# for shirts, jackets, coats, etc.); 条件 tiáo jiàn condition, circumstances, term, factor, requirement, prerequisite, qualification, CL:个[gè]; 事件 shì jiàn event, happening, incident, CL:个[gè]; 案件 àn jiàn law case, legal case, judicial case, CL:宗[zōng],桩[zhuāng],起[qǐ]

337 | 衬 衬 衬 衬 衬 衬 衬

chèn lining; 衬衫 chèn shān shirt, blouse, CL:件[jiàn]; 衬衣 chèn yī shirt, CL:件[jiàn]; 映衬 yǐng chèn to set off by contrast, antithesis, analogy parallelism (linguistics)

338 | 衫 衫 衫 衫 衫 衫 衫

shān shirt; 衬衫 chèn shān shirt, blouse, CL:件[jiàn]; 衣衫 yī shān clothing, unlined garment; 长衫 cháng shān long gown, cheongsam, traditional Asian dress for men or (in Hong Kong) women's qipao

339 | 颜 颜 颜 颜 颜 颜 颜

yán face, countenance; 颜色 yán sè color, CL:个[gè]; 颜料 yán liào paint, dye, pigment; 汗颜 hàn yán to blush with shame (literary)

340 | 色 色 色 色 色 色 色

sè color; 特色 tè sè characteristic, distinguishing feature or quality; 中国特色社会主义 zhōng guó tè sè shè huì zhǔ yì "socialism with Chinese characteristics"; 绿色 lǜ sè green

341 | 黄 黄 黄 黄 黄 黄 黄

huáng yellow; 黄金 huáng jīn gold; 黄金周 huáng jīn zhōu Golden Week, two 7-day national holiday periods; 黄河 huáng hé Yellow River or Huang He

342 | 红 红 红 红 红 红 红

hóng red; 红军 hóng jūn Red Army; 红色 hóng sè red (color), revolutionary; 红旗 hóng qí Red flag city district, Hongqi district of Xinxiang city 新乡市[xīn xiāng shì], Henan

343 | 穿 穿 穿 穿 穿 穿 穿

chuān to wear, to put on; 穿着 chuān zhuó dress, clothes, attire, to wear; 贯穿 guān chuān to run through, a connecting thread from beginning to end, to link; 身穿 shēn chuān to wear, wearing (a uniform)

344 | 条 条 条 条 条 条 条

tiáo (# for pants, highway, long and thin object); 条件 tiáo jiàn condition, circumstances, term, factor, requirement, prerequisite, qualification, CL:个[gè]; 条例 tiáo lì regulations, rules, code of conduct, ordinances, statutes; 条款 tiáo kuǎn clause (of contract or law), CL:项[xiàng]

345 | 裤 裤 裤 裤 裤 裤 裤

kù pants; 裤子 kù zi trousers, pants, CL:条[tiáo]; 内裤 nèi kù underpants, panties, briefs; 牛仔裤 niú zǎi kù jeans, CL:条[tiáo], also written 牛崽裤

346 | 宜 宜 宜 宜 宜 宜 宜

yí suitable, appropriate; 便宜 biàn yí convenient; 事宜 shì yí (make) arrangements; 不宜 bù yí not suitable, inadvisable, inappropriate

347 | 如 如 如 如 如 如 如

rú as, if; 如果 rú guǒ if, in case, in the event that; 如何 rú hé how, what way, what; 比如 bǐ rú for example, for instance, such as

348 | 果 果 果 果 果 果 果

guǒ fruit, result; 如果 rú guǒ if, in case, in the event that; 结果 jiē guǒ to bear fruit, CL:个[gè]; 成果 chéng guǒ result, achievement, gain, profit, CL:个[gè]

349 | 长 长 长 长 长 长 长

cháng, zhǎng long, to grow, to appear; 增长 zēng zhǎng to grow, to increase; 长期 cháng qī long term, long time, long range (of a forecast); 部长 bù zhǎng head of a (government etc) department, section chief, section head, secretary, minister, CL:个[gè], 位[wèi], 名[míng]

350 | 短 短 短 短 短 短 短

duǎn short; 短信 duǎn xìn text message, SMS; 短期 duǎn qī short-term; 短缺 duǎn quē shortage

351 | 合 合 合 合 合 合 合

hé to suit, to fit, to combine, to join; 合作 hé zuò to cooperate, to collaborate, to work together, cooperation, CL:个[gè]; 联合 lián hé to combine, to join, unite, alliance; 综合 zōng hé comprehensive, composite, synthesized, to sum up, to integrate, to synthesize

352 | 适 适 适 适 适 适 适

shì to suit, to be appropriate; 适应 shì yìng to adapt, to fit, to suit; 适用 shì yòng to be applicable; 适当 shì dàng suitable, appropriate

353 | 共 共 共 共 共 共 共

gòng altogether; 共同 gòng tóng common, joint, jointly, together, collaborative; 公共 gōng gòng public, common (use); 共产 gòng chǎn communist

354 | 少 少 少 少 少 少 少

shǎo, shào few, little, less; 不少 bù shǎo many, a lot, not few; 减少 jiǎn shǎo to lessen, to decrease, to reduce, to lower; 多少 duō shǎo number, amount, somewhat

355 | 钱 钱 钱 钱 钱 钱 钱

qián money; 有钱 yǒu qián well off, wealthy; 赚钱 zhuàn qián to earn money, money making; 花钱 huā qián to spend money

356 | 块 块 块 块 块 块 块

kuài (# for the basic Chinese monetary unit); 一块 yī kuài one block, one piece, one (unit of money), together, in the same place, in

company; 板块 bǎn kuài block, slab, tectonic plate, continental plate; 地块 dì kuài tectonic plate

357 毛 毛 毛 毛 毛 毛 毛

máo (# for 1/10 of a kuai, dime), wool, feather, surname; 毛泽东 máo zé dōng Mao Zedong (1893-1976), Chinese communist leader; 毛主席 máo zhǔ xí Chairman Mao, Mao Zedong 毛泽东 (1893-1976), Chinese communist leader; 毛泽东思想 máo zé dōng sī xiǎng Mao Zedong Thought, Maoism

358 分 分 分 分 分 分 分

fēn, fèn minute, (# for 1/100 of a kuai, cent); 部分 bù fèn part, share, section, piece, CL:个[gè]; 充分 chōng fèn full, abundant; 分析 fēn xī to analyze, analysis, CL:个[gè]

359 百 百 百 百 百 百 百

bǎi hundred, one hundred; 百姓 bǎi xìng common people; 老百姓 lǎo bǎi xìng ordinary people, the "person in the street", CL:个[gè]; 百分 bǎi fēn percent, percentage

360 汁 汁 汁 汁 汁 汁 汁

zhī juice; 果汁 guǒ zhī fruit juice; 原汁 yuán zhī stock (liquid from stewing meat etc); 原汁原味 yuán zhī yuán wèi original, authentic, lit. original juices, original flavor

361 双 双 双 双 双 双 双

shuāng (# for a pair); 双方 shuāng fāng bilateral, both sides, both parties involved; 双边 shuāng biān bilateral; 双重 shuāng chóng double

362 鞋 鞋 鞋 鞋 鞋 鞋 鞋

xié shoes; 鞋子 xié zi shoe; 皮鞋 pí xié leather shoes; 高跟鞋 gāo gēn xié high-heeled shoes

363 换 换 换 换 换 换 换

huàn to exchange, to change; 交换 jiāo huàn to exchange, to swap, to switch (telecom), commutative (math), to commute; 更换 gēng huàn to replace (a worn-out tire etc), to change (one's address etc); 转换 zhuǎn huàn to transform, to change, to convert

364 黑 黑 黑 黑 黑 黑 黑

hēi black; 黑龙江 hēi lóng jiāng Heilongjiang province (Heilungkiang) in northeast China, abbr. 黑, capital Harbin 哈尔滨, Heilongjiang river forming the border between northeast China and Russia, Amur river; 黑色 hēi sè black; 黑龙江省 hēi lóng jiāng shěng Heilongjiang province (Heilungkiang) in northeast China, abbr. 黑, capital Harbin 哈尔滨

365 虽 虽 虽 虽 虽 虽 虽

suī although; 虽然 suī rán although, even though, even if; 虽说 suī shuō though, although; 虽是 suī shì although, even though, even if

366 然 然 然 然 然 然 然

rán right, correct, like that; 虽然 suī rán although, even though, even if; 自然 zì rán nature, natural, naturally; 然而 rán ér however, yet, but

367 | 种 种 种 种 种 种 种

zhǒng, zhòng (# for kinds, sorts, types), to plant, to grow; 这种 zhè zhǒng this, this kind of, this sort of, this type of; 一种 yī zhǒng one kind of, one type of; 各种 gè zhǒng every kind of, all kinds of, various kinds

368 | 挺 挺 挺 挺 挺 挺 挺

tǐng very, rather; 挺好 tǐng hǎo very good; 挺进 tǐng jìn progress, to advance; 挺身 tǐng shēn to straighten one's back

369 | 它 它 它 它 它 它 它

tā it; 它们 tā men they (for inanimate objects); 其它 qí tā other, the others, else, other than it, in addition to the thing mentioned above; 它本身 tā běn shēn itself

370 | 刷 刷 刷 刷 刷 刷 刷

shuā to brush, to swipe (a card); 印刷 yìn shuā print; 刷新 shuā xīn to renovate, to refurbish, to refresh (computer window), to write a new page (in history), to break (a record); 刷卡 shuā kǎ to use a credit card

371 | 卡 卡 卡 卡 卡 卡 卡

kǎ card; 信用卡 xìn yòng kǎ credit card; 卡拉 kǎ lā Kara (Togo); 银行卡 yín háng kǎ bank card, ATM card

372 | 收 收 收 收 收 收 收

shōu to receive, to accept; 收入 shōu rù to take in, income, revenue, CL:笔[bǐ], 个[gè]; 收费 shōu fèi fee, charge; 收购 shōu gòu to purchase (from various places), to acquire (a company)

373 | 过 过 过 过 过 过 过

guò, guo to pass, (particle to indicate past experience); 通过 tōng guò by means of, through, via, to pass through, to get through, to adopt, to pass (a bill or inspection etc), to switch over; 过程 guò chéng course of events, process, CL:个[gè]; 超过 chāo guò to surpass, to exceed, to outstrip

374 | 付 付 付 付 付 付 付

fù to pay; 支付 zhī fù to pay (money); 付出 fù chū to pay, to invest (energy or time in a friendship etc); 首付 shǒu fù down payment

375 | 寒 寒 寒 寒 寒 寒 寒

hán cold; 寒冷 hán lěng cold (climate), frigid, very cold; 寒风 hán fēng ; 寒冬 hán dōng wintry

376 | 假 假 假 假 假 假 假

jià, jiǎ vacation; 虚假 xū jiǎ false, phony, pretense; 假日 jià rì holiday, non-working day; 休假 xiū jià to take a vacation, to go on holiday

377 | 飞 飞 飞 飞 飞 飞 飞

fēi to fly; 飞机 fēi jī airplane, CL:架[jià]; 飞行 fēi xíng (of planes etc) to fly, flying, flight, aviation; 飞船 fēi chuán airship,

spaceship

机 机 机 机 机 机 机

jī machine; 机构 jī gòu mechanism, structure, organization, agency, institution, CL:所[suǒ]; 机关 jī guān mechanism, gear, machine-operated, office, agency, organ, organization, establishment, institution, body, strategem, scheme, intrigue, plot, trick, CL:个[gè]; 手机 shǒu jī cell phone, mobile phone, CL:部[bù],支[zhī]

票 票 票 票 票 票 票

piào ticket; 股票 gǔ piào share, stock (market); 投票 tóu piào to vote, vote; 票价 piào jià ticket price, fare, admission fee

场 场 场 场 场 场 场

chǎng field; 市场 shì chǎng market place, market (also in abstract), abbr. for 超级市场 supermarket, CL:个[gè]; 现场 xiàn chǎng lit. actual location, the scene (of the incident), on-the-spot; 机场 jī chǎng airport, airfield, CL:家[jiā],处[chù]

汽 汽 汽 汽 汽 汽 汽

qì steam, gas; 汽车 qì chē car, automobile, bus, CL:辆[liàng]; 汽油 qì yóu gasoline; 出租汽车 chū zū qì chē taxi, cab (PRC), hire car (Taiwan), CL:辆[liàng]

车 车 车 车 车 车 车

chē vehicle, car; 汽车 qì chē car, automobile, bus, CL:辆[liàng]; 车辆 chē liàng vehicle; 火车 huǒ chē train, CL:列[liè],节[jié],班[bān],趟[tàng]

或 或 或 或 或 或 或

huò or; 或者 huò zhě or, possibly, maybe, perhaps; 或许 huò xǔ perhaps, maybe; 或是 huò shì or, either one or the other

者 者 者 者 者 者 者

zhě (component of or), -er, -ist; 记者 jì zhě reporter, journalist, CL:个[gè]; 或者 huò zhě or, possibly, maybe, perhaps; 消费者 xiāo fèi zhě consumer

地 地 地 地 地 地 地

dì, de ground, (particle); 地区 dì qū local, regional, district (not necessarily formal administrative unit), region, area, as suffix to city name, means prefecture or county (area administered by a prefecture level city or county level city), CL:个[gè]; 地方 dì fāng region, regional (away from the central administration), local; 土地 tǔ dì land, soil, territory, CL:片[piàn]

铁 铁 铁 铁 铁 铁 铁

tiě iron; 铁路 tiě lù railroad, railway, CL:条[tiáo]; 钢铁 gāng tiě steel; 地铁 dì tiě subway, metro

站 站 站 站 站 站 站

zhàn to stand, (# for stops of bus, train, etc.), station, stop; 网站 wǎng zhàn website, network station, node; 车站 chē zhàn rail station, bus stop, CL:处[chù],个[gè]; 电站 diàn zhàn a power station, an electricity generating plant

388 | 绿 绿 绿 绿 绿 绿 绿

lǜ green; 绿色 lǜ sè green; 绿化 lǜ huà to make green with plants, to reforest; 绿地 lǜ dì green area (e.g. urban park or garden)

389 | 线 线 线 线 线 线 线

xiàn line, route; 路线 lù xiàn itinerary, route, political line (e.g. right revisionist road), CL:条[tiáo]; 一线 yī xiàn front line; 线路 xiàn lù line, circuit, wire, road, railway track, bus route

390 | 蓝 蓝 蓝 蓝 蓝 蓝 蓝

lán blue; 蓝色 lán sè blue (color); 蓝图 lán tú blueprint; 蓝天 lán tiān blue sky

391 | 麻 麻 麻 麻 麻 麻 麻

má hemp; 麻烦 má fan inconvenient, troublesome, annoying, to trouble or bother sb, to put sb to trouble; 麻将 má jiàng mahjong, CL:副[fù]; 麻生 má shēng Asō (name), ASō Tarō (1940-), Japanese entrepreneur and LDP politician, prime minister 2008-2009

392 | 烦 烦 烦 烦 烦 烦 烦

fán to bother, to trouble; 麻烦 má fan inconvenient, troublesome, annoying, to trouble or bother sb, to put sb to trouble; 烦恼 fán nǎo to be worried, to be distressed, worries; 烦躁 fán zào jittery, twitchy, fidgety

393 | 出 出 出 出 出 出 出

chū to go out; 提出 tí chū to raise (an issue), to propose, to put forward, to suggest, to post (on a website), to withdraw (cash); 出现 chū xiàn to appear, to arise, to emerge, to show up; 指出 zhǐ chū to indicate, to point out

394 | 租 租 租 租 租 租 租

zū to rent; 出租 chū zū to rent; 租房 zū fáng rented apartment; 出租车 chū zū chē taxi, (Taiwan) rental car

395 | 送 送 送 送 送 送 送

sòng to see off/out, to take/carry, to give as a gift; 送给 sòng gěi to send, to give as a present; 发送 fā sòng to transmit, to dispatch; 赠送 zèng sòng to present as a gift

396 | 邮 邮 邮 邮 邮 邮 邮

yóu mail, post; 邮件 yóu jiàn mail, post; 邮政 yóu zhèng postal; 电子邮件 diàn zǐ yóu jiàn electronic mail, email, CL:封[fēng]

397 | 让 让 让 让 让 让 让

ràng to allow or cause (somebody to do something); 出让 chū ràng to transfer (one's property or rights to sb else); 转让 zhuǎn ràng transfer (technology, goods etc), conveyancing (property); 让步 ràng bù to concede, to give in, to yield, a concession

398 | 花 花 花 花 花 花 花

huā to spend, flower; 花费 huā fèi expense, cost, to spend (time or money), expenditure; 花园 huā yuán garden, CL:座[zuò], 个[gè]; 烟花 yān huā fireworks, prostitute (esp. in Yuan theater)

399| 每 每 每 每 每 每 每

měi every, each; 每年 měi nián every year, each year, yearly; 每天 měi tiān every day, everyday; 每一 měi yī every

400| 城 城 城 城 城 城 城

chéng town; 城市 chéng shì city, town, CL:座[zuò]; 城乡 chéng xiāng city and countryside; 城镇 chéng zhèn town, cities and towns

401| 市 市 市 市 市 市 市

shì city; 市场 shì chǎng market place, market (also in abstract), abbr. for 超级市场 supermarket, CL:个[gè]; 城市 chéng shì city, town, CL:座[zuò]; 北京市 běi jīng shì Beijing, capital of People's Republic of China, one of the four municipalities 直辖市[zhí xiá shì]

402| 特 特 特 特 特 特 特

tè special; 特别 tè bié especially, special, particular, unusual; 特色 tè sè characteristic, distinguishing feature or quality; 特殊 tè shū special, particular, unusual, extraordinary

403| 速 速 速 速 速 速 速

sù speed; 迅速 xùn sù rapid, speedy, fast; 快速 kuài sù fast, high-speed, rapid; 速度 sù dù speed, rate, velocity, CL:个[gè]

404| 路 路 路 路 路 路 路

lù road, path, street; 铁路 tiě lù railroad, railway, CL:条[tiáo]; 道路 dào lù road, path, way, CL:条[tiáo]; 公路 gōng lù highway, road, CL:条[tiáo]

405| 紧 紧 紧 紧 紧 紧 紧

jǐn tense, tight; 紧张 jǐn zhāng nervous, keyed up, intense, tense, strained, in short supply, scarce, CL:阵[zhèn]; 紧急 jǐn jí urgent, emergency; 紧密 jǐn mì inseparably close

406| 自 自 自 自 自 自 自

zì self; 自己 zì jǐ oneself, one's own; 自然 zì rán nature, natural, naturally; 来自 lái zì to come from (a place), From: (in email header)

407| 己 己 己 己 己 己 己

jǐ self; 自己 zì jǐ oneself, one's own; 自己人 zì jǐ rén those on our side, ourselves, one's own people, one of us; 己见 jǐ jiàn one's own viewpoint

408| 呵 呵 呵 呵 呵 呵 呵

hē expel breath, my goodness; 呵护 hē hù to bless, to cherish, to take good care of, to conserve; 呵呵 hē hē gentle laughter, chuckle (onomatopoeia); 乐呵呵 lè hē hē happily, giddily

409| 嘿 嘿 嘿 嘿 嘿 嘿 嘿

hēi hey

410 | 址 址 址 址 址 址 址

zhǐ site; 遗址 yí zhǐ ruins, historic relics; 地址 dì zhǐ address, CL:个[gè]; 旧址 jiù zhǐ former site, old location

411 | 冗 冗 冗 冗 冗 冗 冗

a net, net-like

412 | 冗 冗 冗 冗 冗 冗 冗

head

413 | 丿 丿 丿 丿 丿 丿 丿

bīng ice

414 | 冫 冫 冫 冫 冫 冫 冫

bāo wrap

415 | 𠂔 𠂔 𠂔 𠂔 𠂔 𠂔 𠂔

seal

416 | 厶 厶 厶 厶 厶 厶 厶

private, secret

417 | 夂 夂 夂 夂 夂 夂 夂

zhǐ go

418 | 辶 辶 辶 辶 辶 辶 辶

mián roof

419 | 宀 宀 宀 宀 宀 宀 宀

wāng weak

420 | 尸 尸 尸 尸 尸 尸 尸

shī corpse, to impersonate the dead, to preside; 尸体 shī tǐ dead body, corpse, carcass, CL:具[jù]; 尸检 shī jiǎn autopsy; 尸骨 shī gǔ skeleton of the dead

421 | 卍 卍 卍 卍 卍 卍 卍

gǒng two hands

422 | 彡 彡 彡 彡 彡 彡 彡 彡

snout

423 | 彡 彡 彡 彡 彡 彡 彡 彡

hair

424 | 彡 彡 彡 彡 彡 彡 彡 彡

chī step with left foot

425 | 斤 斤 斤 斤 斤 斤 斤 斤

jīn a catty (approximately 500 g), axe, keen, shrewd; 公斤 gōng jīn kilogram (kg); 斤斤计较 jīn jīn jì jiào to haggle over every ounce, fig. to worry unduly over minor matters; 千斤顶 qiān jīn dǐng jack (for lifting weight)

426 | 殳 殳 殳 殳 殳 殳 殳 殳

shū name of old weapon, kill, surname

427 | 犬 犬 犬 犬 犬 犬 犬 犬

quǎn dog; 狂犬病 kuáng quǎn bìng rabies; 搜救犬 sōu jiù quǎn search and rescue dog; 警犬 jǐng quǎn police dog

428 | 疒 疒 疒 疒 疒 疒 疒 疒

nè sick

429 | 皿 皿 皿 皿 皿 皿 皿 皿

mǐn shallow container; 器皿 qì mǐn household utensils; 培养皿 péi yǎng mǐn Petri dish

430 | 羊 羊 羊 羊 羊 羊 羊 羊

yáng sheep, 8th zodiac, surname; 羊肉 yáng ròu mutton; 羚羊 líng yáng antelope, CL:只[zhī]; 牛羊 niú yáng cattle and sheep, livestock

431 | 舌 舌 舌 舌 舌 舌 舌 舌

shé tongue; 舌头 shé tou tongue, CL:个[gè], enemy soldier captured for the purpose of extracting information; 咋舌 zhà shé to be speechless, also pr. [zé shé]; 结舌 jié shé tongue-tied, unable to speak (out of surprise, embarrassment etc)

432 | 艹 艹 艹 艹 艹 艹 艹 艹

cǎo grass

433 | 虫 虫 虫 虫 虫 虫 虫 虫

chóng insects, worms; 虫害 chóng hài insect pest, insect-borne blight, damage from locusts; 吸虫 xī chóng trematoda, fluke, trematode worm, approx 6000 species, mostly parasite, incl. on humans; 病虫害 bìng chóng hài plant diseases and insect pests

434 | 走 走 走 走 走 走 走

chù wǎng, walking

435 | 冫 冫 冫 冫 冫 冫 冫

place

436 | 万 万 万 万 万 万 万

wàn tenthousand; 万人 wàn rén ten thousand people, all the people, everyman; 百万 bǎi wàn million, millions; 千万 qiān wàn ten million, countless, many, one must by all means

437 | 比 比 比 比 比 比 比

bǐ (greater than comparison), to compare; 比较 bǐ jiào to compare, to contrast, comparatively, relatively, quite, comparison; 比如 bǐ rú for example, for instance, such as; 比赛 bǐ sài competition (sports etc), match, CL:场[chǎng],次[cì]

438 | 雪 雪 雪 雪 雪 雪 雪

xuě snow; 冰雪 bīng xuě ice and snow; 大雪 dà xuě Daxue or Great Snow, 21st of the 24 solar terms 二十四节气 7th-21st December; 雪花 xuě huā snowflake

439 | 园 园 园 园 园 园 园

yuán garden; 公园 gōng yuán public park, CL:场[chǎng]; 园区 yuán qū site developed for a group of related enterprises, (industrial or technology) park; 校园 xiào yuán campus

440 | 滑 滑 滑 滑 滑 滑 滑

huá slippery, to slide; 下滑 xià huá sliding, slide; 滑坡 huá pō rockslide, landslip, landslide, mudslide, fig. slump, downturn, to decline; 滑雪 huá xuě to ski, skiing

441 | 冰 冰 冰 冰 冰 冰 冰

bīng ice; 冰箱 bīng xiāng icebox, freezer cabinet, refrigerator, CL:台[tái],个[gè]; 冰雪 bīng xuě ice and snow; 冰冻 bīng dòng to freeze

442 | 刚 刚 刚 刚 刚 刚 刚

gāng just now; 刚刚 gāng gang just recently, just a moment ago; 刚才 gāng cái just now, a moment ago; 刚性 gāng xìng rigidity

443 | 报 报 报 报 报 报 报

bào newspaper, to report; 报告 bào gào to inform, to report, to make known, speech, talk, lecture, CL:篇[piān],份[fèn],个[gè],通[tòng]; 报道 bào dào report, CL:篇[piān],份[fèn]; 日报 rì bào daily newspaper

444 | 更 更 更 更 更 更 更

gèng, gēng even more; 更多 gèng duō more, even more; 更加 gèng jiā more (than sth else), even more; 更好 gèng hǎo better, more

445| 而 而 而 而 而 而 而

ér and, and then, and yet, but; 而且 ér qiě (not only ...) but also, moreover, in addition, furthermore; 而是 ér shì rather; 然而 rán ér however, yet, but

446| 且 且 且 且 且 且 且

qiě further, moreover; 而且 ér qiě (not only ...) but also, moreover, in addition, furthermore; 并且 bìng qiě and, besides, moreover, furthermore, in addition; 况且 kuàng qiě moreover, besides, in addition, furthermore

447| 暖 暖 暖 暖 暖 暖 暖

nuǎn warm; 温暖 wēn nuǎn warm; 回暖 huí nuǎn warming up again; 变暖 biàn nuǎn warming, changing to become warmer

448| 冷 冷 冷 冷 冷 冷 冷

lěng cold; 冷静 lěng jìng calm, cool-headed; 冷战 lěng zhàn cold war, (colloquial) shiver, shudder; 寒冷 hán lěng cold (climate), frigid, very cold

449| 碟 碟 碟 碟 碟 碟 碟

dié disc, small plate, dish, saucer; 飞碟 fēi dié flying saucer, frisbee; 光碟 guāng dié optical disc, compact disc, CD, CD-ROM, CL:片[piàn],张[zhāng]; 影碟 yǐng dié DVD, CL:片[piàn],张[zhāng]

450| 非 非 非 非 非 非 非

fēi not, non-; 非常 fēi cháng unusual, extraordinary, extreme, very, exceptional; 非法 fēi fǎ illegal; 是非 shì fēi right and wrong, quarrel

451| 糟 糟 糟 糟 糟 糟 糟

zāo rotten, decayed; 糟糕 zāo gāo too bad, how terrible, what bad luck, terrible, bad; 糟蹋 zāo tà to waste, to defile, to abuse, to insult, to defile, to trample on, to wreck, also pr. [zāo ta]; 糟粕 zāo pò dross, dregs, rubbish, fig. useless residue

452| 糕 糕 糕 糕 糕 糕 糕

gāo cake; 蛋糕 dàn gāo cake, CL:块[kuài],个[gè]; 糟糕 zāo gāo too bad, how terrible, what bad luck, terrible, bad; 糕点 gāo diǎn pastry

453| 冬 冬 冬 冬 冬 冬 冬

dōng winter; 冬季 dōng jì winter; 冬天 dōng tiān winter, CL:个[gè]; 冬奥会 dōng ào huì winter Olympics

454| 夏 夏 夏 夏 夏 夏 夏

xià summer, dynasty (-2205,-1766); 宁夏 níng xià Ningxia Hui Autonomous Region, abbr. 宁[níng], capital Yinchuan 银川[yín chuān]; 夏天 xià tiān summer, CL:个[gè]; 夏季 xià jì summer

455| 热 热 热 热 热 热 热

rè hot; 热情 rè qíng cordial, enthusiastic, passion, passionate, passionately; 热点 rè diǎn hot spot, point of special interest; 热烈

rè liè warm (welcome etc)

⁴⁵⁶春 春 春 春 春 春 春

chūn spring; 春节 chūn jié Spring Festival (Chinese New Year); 春运 chūn yùn (increased) passenger transportation around Chinese New Year; 长春 cháng chūn Changchun subprovincial city and capital of Jilin province 吉林省 in northeast China

⁴⁵⁷秋 秋 秋 秋 秋 秋 秋

qiū autumn, fall; 中秋 zhōng qiū the Mid-autumn festival, the traditional moon-viewing festival on the 15th of the 8th lunar month; 秋季 qiū jì autumn, fall; 春秋 chūn qiū Spring and Autumn Period (770-476 BC), Spring and Autumn Annals, chronicle of Lu State (722-481 BC)

⁴⁵⁸舒 舒 舒 舒 舒 舒 舒

shū to smooth out; 舒适 shū shì cozy, snug; 舒服 shū fu comfortable, feeling well; 不舒服 bù shū fu unwell, feeling ill, to feel uncomfortable, uneasy

⁴⁵⁹加 加 加 加 加 加 加

jiā to add; 加强 jiā qiáng to reinforce, to strengthen, to increase; 增加 zēng jiā to raise, to increase; 参加 cān jiā to participate, to take part, to join

⁴⁶⁰州 州 州 州 州 州 州

zhōu administration division; 广州 guǎng zhōu see 广州市[guǎng zhōu shì]; 杭州 háng zhōu Hangzhou subprovincial city and capital of Zhejiang province in southeast China; 贵州 guì zhōu Guizhou province (Kweichow) in south central China, abbr. to 黔[qián] or 贵[guì], capital Guiyang 贵阳[guì yáng]

⁴⁶¹坡 坡 坡 坡 坡 坡 坡

pō slope, sloping, slanted; 新加坡 xīn jiā pō Singapore; 滑坡 huá pō rockslide, landslide, mudslide, fig. slump, downturn, to decline; 山坡 shān pō hillside

⁴⁶²像 像 像 像 像 像 像

xiàng likeness, portrait, to be/look like, to take after, such as; 好像 hǎo xiàng as if, to seem like; 录像 lù xiàng video tape, video recording, CL:盘[pán]; 摄像 shè xiàng to videotape

⁴⁶³务 务 务 务 务 务 务

wù affair, task; 服务 fú wù to serve, service, CL:项[xiàng]; 国务 guó wù affairs of state; 任务 rèn wu mission, assignment, task, duty, role, CL:项[xiàng], 个[gè]

⁴⁶⁴桌 桌 桌 桌 桌 桌 桌

zhuō table; 桌子 zhuō zi table, desk, CL:张[zhāng], 套[tào]; 餐桌 cān zhuō dining table, dinner table; 桌面 zhuō miàn desktop, tabletop

⁴⁶⁵盘 盘 盘 盘 盘 盘 盘

pán plate, dish, (# for dumplings, etc.); 楼盘 lóu pán building under construction, commercial property, real estate (for sale or rent); 开盘 kāi pán opening share price; 收盘 shōu pán market close

466 | 饺 饺 饺 饺 饺 饺 饺

jiǎo dumpling; 饺子 jiǎo zi dumpling, pot-sticker, CL:个[gè],只[zhī]; 包饺子 bāo jiǎo zi to wrap jiaozi (dumplings or potstickers); 水饺 shuǐ jiǎo boiled dumpling

467 | 素 素 素 素 素 素 素

sù vegetarian, made from vegetables; 因素 yīn sù element, factor, CL:个[gè]; 素质 sù zhì inner quality, basic essence, change over time; 要素 yào sù essential factor, key constituent

468 | 豆 豆 豆 豆 豆 豆 豆

dòu bean; 大豆 dà dòu soybean; 豆腐 dòu fu tofu, bean curd; 土豆 tǔ dòu potato, CL:个[gè]

469 | 腐 腐 腐 腐 腐 腐 腐

fǔ rotten, turn bad; 腐败 fǔ bài corruption, to corrupt, to rot, rotten; 反腐 fǎn fǔ anti-corruption; 反腐败 fǎn fǔ bài to oppose corruption, anti-graft (measures, policy etc)

470 | 放 放 放 放 放 放 放

fàng to put, to place; 开放 kāi fàng to bloom, to open, to be open-minded, to be open (to the public), to open up (to the outside); 解放 jiě fàng to liberate, to emancipate, liberation, refers to the Communists' victory over the Nationalists in 1949, CL:次[cì]; 改革开放 gǎi gé kāi fàng to reform and open to the outside world, refers to Deng Xiaoping's policies from around 1980

471 | 肉 肉 肉 肉 肉 肉 肉

ròu meat; 猪肉 zhū ròu pork; 牛肉 niú ròu beef; 瘦肉 shòu ròu lean meat

472 | 碗 碗 碗 碗 碗 碗 碗

wǎn bowl, (# for bowls); 饭碗 fàn wǎn rice bowl, fig. livelihood, job, way of making a living; 一碗 yī wǎn bowl; 铁饭碗 tiě fàn wǎn secure employment (lit. iron rice bowl)

473 | 酸 酸 酸 酸 酸 酸 酸

suān sour; 酸奶 suān nǎi yogurt; 脂肪酸 zhī fáng suān fatty acid; 酸盐 suān yán sulfonate

474 | 辣 辣 辣 辣 辣 辣 辣

là spicy, hot; 辣椒 là jiāo hot pepper, chili; 麻辣 má là hot and numbing; 辣妹 là mèi hot chick, sexy girl, abbreviated l.m., Spice girls (1990s UK pop group)

475 | 汤 汤 汤 汤 汤 汤 汤

tāng soup; 汤姆 tāng mǔ Tom (name); 汤圆 tāng yuán boiled balls of glutinous rice flour, eaten during the Lantern festival; 汤姆逊 tāng mǔ xùn Thomson (name)

476 | 味 味 味 味 味 味 味

wèi flavor, taste; 意味 yì wèi meaning, implication, flavor, overtone; 意味着 yì wèi zhe to signify, to mean, to imply; 味道 wèi dào

dao flavor, smell, hint of

477 精 精 精 精 精 精 精

jīng essence, refined; 精神 jīng shén spirit, mind, consciousness, thought, mental, psychological, essence, gist, CL:个[gè]; 精彩 jīng cǎi brilliant, splendid; 精心 jīng xīn with utmost care, fine, meticulous, detailed

478 盐 盐 盐 盐 盐 盐 盐

yán salt; 食盐 shí yán edible salt; 盐城 yán chéng Yancheng prefecture level city in Jiangsu; 酸盐 suān yán sulfonate

479 卖 卖 卖 卖 卖 卖 卖

mài to sell; 拍卖 pāi mài to auction, auction sale, to sell at a reduced price; 买卖 mǎi mài buying and selling, business, business transactions, CL:桩[zhuāng],次[cì]; 卖出 mài chū to sell, to reach (a price in an auction)

480 完 完 完 完 完 完 完

wán finished; 完善 wán shàn perfect, to make perfect, to improve; 完成 wán chéng to complete, to accomplish; 完全 wán quán complete, whole, totally, entirely

481 青 青 青 青 青 青 青

qīng blue, green; 青年 qīng nián youth, CL:个[gè]; 青少年 qīng shào nián an adolescent, a youth, young person, teenage, teenager; 青海 qīng hǎi Qinghai province (Tsinghai) in west China, abbr. 青, capital Xining 西宁

482 渴 渴 渴 渴 渴 渴 渴

kě thirsty; 渴望 kě wàng to thirst for, to long for; 渴求 kě qiú to long for, to crave for, to greatly desire; 饥渴 jī kě hunger and thirst

483 些 些 些 些 些 些 些

xiē (# for an indefinite amount), some; 一些 yī xiē some, a few, a little; 这些 zhè xiē these; 有些 yǒu xiē some, somewhat

484 够 够 够 够 够 够 够

gòu enough; 能够 néng gòu to be capable of, to be able to, can; 不够 bù gòu not enough, insufficient, inadequate; 足够 zú gòu enough, sufficient

485 饿 饿 饿 饿 饿 饿 饿

è hungry; 饥饿 jī è hunger, starvation, famine; 饿死 è sǐ starvation; 挨饿 ái è to go hungry, to endure starvation, famished

486 傅 傅 傅 傅 傅 傅 傅

fù teacher, instructor; 师傅 shī fu master, qualified worker, respectful form of address for older men, CL:个[gè],位[wèi],名[míng]; 傅作义 fù zuò yì Fu Zuoyi (1895-1974), Guomindang general, subsequently PRC top general and politician; 传说 fù shuō Fu Shuo (c. 14th century BC), legendary sage and principal minister of Shang ruler Wu Ding

487 糖 糖 糖 糖 糖 糖 糖

táng sugar; 糖尿病 táng niào bìng diabetes, diabetes mellitus; 糖果 táng guǒ candy, CL:粒[lì]; 白糖 bái táng (refined) white sugar

488 醋 醋 醋 醋 醋 醋 醋

cù vinegar; 吃醋 chī cù to feel jealous; 醋酸 cù suān acetic acid (CH₃COOH), acetate; 食醋 shí cù table vinegar

489 鱼 鱼 鱼 鱼 鱼 鱼 鱼

yú fish; 钓鱼 diào yú to fish (with line and hook), to dupe; 鱼类 yú lèi fishes; 多宝鱼 duō bǎo yú turbot, European imported turbot, same as 大菱鲆

490 甜 甜 甜 甜 甜 甜 甜

tián sweet; 甜蜜 tián mì sweet, honey; 甜美 tián měi sweetness; 酸甜 suān tián sour and sweet

491 极 极 极 极 极 极 极

jí extremely, utmost; 积极 jī jí active, energetic, vigorous, positive (outlook), proactive; 极大 jí dà maximum, enormous; 极性 jí xìng chemical polarity

492 烧 烧 烧 烧 烧 烧 烧

shāo to burn, to set fire to, to cook; 燃烧 rán shāo to ignite, to combust, to burn, combustion, flaming; 焚烧 fén shāo to burn, to set on fire; 发烧 fā shāo to have a high temperature (from illness), to have a fever

493 牛 牛 牛 牛 牛 牛 牛

niú cow, bull, ox, 2nd zodiac; 牛奶 niú nǎi cow's milk, CL:瓶[píng], 杯[bēi]; 牛肉 niú ròu beef; 奶牛 nǎi niú milk cow, dairy cow

494 凉 凉 凉 凉 凉 凉 凉

liáng cool; 清凉 qīng liáng cool, refreshing; 凉茶 liáng chá Chinese herb tea; 平凉 píng liáng Pingliang prefecture level city in Gansu

495 拌 拌 拌 拌 拌 拌 拌

bàn to mix; 凉拌 jiǎo bàn to stir, to agitate; 凉拌 liáng bàn salad with dressing, cold vegetables dressed with sauce (e.g. cole slaw); 搅拌机 jiǎo bàn jī blender, food mixer

496 瓜 瓜 瓜 瓜 瓜 瓜 瓜

guā melon, gourd; 西瓜 xī guā watermelon, CL:条[tiáo]; 黄瓜 huáng guā cucumber, CL:条[tiáo]; 瓜分 guā fēn to partition, to divide up

497 米 米 米 米 米 米 米

mǐ uncooked rice, (# for meter), surname; 平方米 píng fāng mǐ square meter; 玉米 yù mǐ corn, maize, CL:粒[lì]; 立方米 lì fāng mǐ cubic meter (unit of volume)

498 | 忘 忘 忘 忘 忘 忘 忘

wàng to forget; 忘记 wàng jì to forget; 难忘 nán wàng unforgettable; 备忘录 bèi wàng lù memorandum, aide-memoire, memorandum book

499 | 带 带 带 带 带 带 带

dài to bring, to take, to carry, to come with; 带来 dài lái to bring, to bring about, to produce; 带动 dài dòng to spur, to provide impetus, to drive; 带领 dài lǐng to guide, to lead

500 | 清 清 清 清 清 清 清

qīng pure, clear, dynasty (1644-1912); 清楚 qīng chu clear, distinct, to understand thoroughly, to be clear about; 清理 qīng lǐ to clear up, to tidy up, to dispose of; 不清 bù qīng unclear

501 | 楚 楚 楚 楚 楚 楚 楚

chǔ neat; 清楚 qīng chu clear, distinct, to understand thoroughly, to be clear about; 不清楚 bù qīng chu unclear, not understood, currently unknown; 楚楚 chǔ chǔ neat, lovely

502 | 关 关 关 关 关 关 关

guān to involve, to close, to turn off; 有关 yǒu guān to have sth to do with, to relate to, related to, to concern, concerning; 关系 guān xì relation, relationship, to concern, to affect, to have to do with, guanxi, CL:个[gè]; 相关 xiāng guān interrelated, correlation, dependence, relevance, mutuality

503 | 系 系 系 系 系 系 系

xì to relate to, department (of a college); 关系 guān xì relation, relationship, to concern, to affect, to have to do with, guanxi, CL:个[gè]; 系统 xì tǒng system, CL:个[gè]; 体系 tǐ xì system, setup, CL:个[gè]

504 | 海 海 海 海 海 海 海

hǎi sea, ocean, maritime; 上海 shàng hǎi Shanghai municipality, central east China, abbr. to 沪[hù]; 海外 hǎi wài overseas, abroad; 海南 hǎi nán Hainan Province, in the South China Sea, short name 琼[qióng], capital Haikou 海口, Hainan Island, Hainan District of Wuhai City 乌海市[wū hǎi shì], Inner Mongolia, Hainan Tibetan Autonomous Prefecture 海南藏族自治州[hǎi nán zàng zú zì zhì zhōu], Qinghai

505 | 堂 堂 堂 堂 堂 堂 堂

táng hall, government office; 会堂 huì táng meeting hall, assembly hall; 人民大会堂 rén mín dà huì táng Great Hall of the People, at Tiananmen Square; 课堂 kè táng classroom, CL:间[jiān]

506 | 运 运 运 运 运 运 运

yùn to move; 奥运 ào yùn abbr. for 奥林匹克运动会, Olympic Games, the Olympics; 运动 yùn dòng to move, to exercise, sports, exercise, motion, movement, campaign, CL:场[chǎng]; 奥运会 ào yùn huì abbr. for 奥林匹克运动会, Olympic Games, the Olympics

507 | 动 动 动 动 动 动 动

dòng to move; 活动 huó dòng to exercise, to move about, to operate, activity, loose, shaky, active, movable, maneuver, to use connections, CL:项[xiàng], 个[gè]; 劳动 láo dòng work, toil, physical labor, CL:次[cì]; 推动 tuī dòng to push (for acceptance of a

plan), to push forward, to promote, to actuate, CL:个[gè]

⁵⁰⁸ 旁 旁 旁 旁 旁 旁 旁

páng side, edge; 旁边 páng biān lateral, side, to the side, beside; 旁听 páng tīng to visit (a meeting, class, trial etc); 一旁 yī páng aside, to the side of

⁵⁰⁹ 远 远 远 远 远 远 远

yuǎn far; 永远 yǒng yuǎn forever, eternal; 长远 cháng yuǎn long-term, long-range; 远远 yuǎn yuǎn distant

⁵¹⁰ 离 离 离 离 离 离 离

lí away from; 离开 lí kāi to depart, to leave; 距离 jù lí distance, to be apart, CL:个[gè]; 离婚 lí hūn to divorce, divorced from (one's spouse)

⁵¹¹ 活 活 活 活 活 活 活

huó to live, living; 活动 huó dòng to exercise, to move about, to operate, activity, loose, shaky, active, movable, maneuver, to use connections, CL:项[xiàng], 个[gè]; 生活 shēng huó life, activity, to live, livelihood; 活力 huó lì energy, vitality, vigor, vital force

⁵¹² 头 头 头 头 头 头 头

tóu head, top, chief, first, boss; 带头 dài tóu to take the lead, to be the first, to set an example; 势头 shì tóu power, momentum, tendency, impetus, situation, the look of things; 头上 tóu shàng overhead, above

⁵¹³ 拿 拿 拿 拿 拿 拿 拿

ná to take, to get; 拿出 ná chū to take out, to put out, to provide, to put forward (a proposal), to come up with (evidence); 拿大 ná dà to put on airs, self-important, high and mighty; 加拿大 jiā ná dà Canada, Canadian

⁵¹⁴ 次 次 次 次 次 次 次

cì (# for frequency); 一次 yī cì first, first time, once, (math.) linear (of degree one); 此次 cǐ cì this time; 再次 zài cì one more time, again, one more, once again

⁵¹⁵ 从 从 从 从 从 从 从

cóng from; 从而 cóng ér thus, thereby; 从事 cóng shì to go for, to engage in, to undertake, to deal with, to handle, to do; 从中 cóng zhōng from, therefrom

⁵¹⁶ 直 直 直 直 直 直 直

zhí straight; 一直 yī zhí straight (in a straight line), continuously, always, from the beginning of ... up to ..., all along; 直接 zhí jiē direct, opposite: indirect 间接, immediate, directly, straightforward; 直到 zhí dào until

⁵¹⁷ 往 往 往 往 往 往 往

wǎng towards; 往往 wǎng wǎng often, frequently; 前往 qián wǎng to leave for, to proceed towards, to go; 以往 yǐ wǎng in the past, formerly

518 | 南 南 南 南 南 南 南

nán south; 湖南 hú nán Hunan province in south central China, abbr. 湘, capital Changsha 长沙[cháng shā]; 河南 hé nán Henan province (Honan) in central China, abbr. 豫, capital Zhengzhou 郑州; 南京 nán jīng Nanjing subprovincial city on the Changjiang, capital of Jiangsu province 江苏, capital of China at different historical periods

519 | 拐 拐 拐 拐 拐 拐 拐

guǎi to turn (left or right); 拐点 guǎi diǎn turning point, breaking point, inflexion point (math., a point of a curve at which the curvature changes sign); 拐卖 guǎi mài human trafficking, to abduct and sell, to kidnap and sell; 拐杖 guǎi zhàng crutches, crutch, walking stick

520 | 哎 哎 哎 哎 哎 哎 哎

āi ai (exclamatory particle to express surprise or dissatisfaction); 哎呀 āi yā interjection of wonder, shock or admiration; 哎哟 āi yō hey, ow, ouch, interjection of pain or surprise

521 | 灯 灯 灯 灯 灯 灯 灯

dēng light; 灯光 dēng guāng (stage) lighting, light; 红灯 hóng dēng red light; 绿灯 lǜ dēng green light

522 | 右 右 右 右 右 右 右

yòu right, opposite of left; 左右 zuǒ yòu left and right, approximately, attendant, to control, to influence; 右手 yòu shǒu right hand, right-hand side; 右翼 yòu yì the right flank, (politically) right-wing

523 | 左 左 左 左 左 左 左

zuǒ left; 左右 zuǒ yòu left and right, approximately, attendant, to control, to influence; 左手 zuǒ shǒu left hand, left-hand side; 左侧 zuǒ cè left side

524 | 表 表 表 表 表 表 表

biǎo (component of older female cousin); 表示 biǎo shì to express, to show, to say, to state, to indicate, to mean; 代表 dài biǎo representative, delegate, CL: 位[wèi], 个[gè], 名[míng], to represent, to stand for, on behalf of, in the name of; 表现 biǎo xiàn to show, to show off, to display, to manifest, expression, manifestation, show, display, performance (at work etc)

525 | 礼 礼 礼 礼 礼 礼 礼

lǐ gift, ceremony; 婚礼 hūn lǐ wedding ceremony, wedding; 礼物 lǐ wù gift, present, CL: 件[jiàn], 个[gè], 份[fèn]; 典礼 diǎn lǐ celebration, ceremony

526 | 物 物 物 物 物 物 物

wù thing, matter; 物质 wù zhì matter, substance, material, materialistic, CL: 个[gè]; 人物 rén wù person, character (in a play, novel etc), protagonist, CL: 个[gè]; 动物 dòng wù animal, CL: 只[zhī], 群[qún], 个[gè]

527 | 饮 饮 饮 饮 饮 饮 饮

yǐn to drink; 饮料 yǐn liào drink, beverage; 餐饮 cān yǐn food and drink, catering, repast; 饮用 yǐn yòng drink, drinking or drinkable (water)

528 | 料 料 料 料 料 料 料

liào material; 材料 cái liào material, data, makings, stuff, CL:个[gè],种[zhǒng]; 资料 zī liào material, resources, data, information, profile (Internet), CL:份[fèn],个[gè]; 原料 yuán liào raw material, CL:个[gè]

529 | 把 把 把 把 把 把 把

bǎ (# for bunches of things/chairs, indicating a thing is disposed of); 把握 bǎ wò to grasp (also fig.), to seize, to hold, assurance, certainty, sure (of the outcome); 把手 bǎ shǒu handle, grip, knob; 一把手 yī bǎ shǒu working hand, member of a work team, participant

530 | 苹 苹 苹 苹 苹 苹 苹

píng (component in apple); 苹果 píng guǒ apple, CL:个[gè],颗[kē]; 苹果公司 píng guǒ gōng sī Apple Inc.; 苹果手机 píng guǒ shǒu jī Apple phone, iPhone

531 | 梨 梨 梨 梨 梨 梨 梨

lí pear; 山梨 shān lí rowan or mountain-ash (genus Sorbus); 梨树 lí shù Lishu county in Siping 四平, Jilin, Lishu district of Jixi city 鸡西[jī xī], Heilongjiang; 雪梨 xuě lí Sydney, capital of New South Wales, Australia, also written 悉尼[xī ní]

532 | 住 住 住 住 住 住 住

zhù to live; 住房 zhù fáng housing; 住宅 zhù zhái residence, tenement; 居住 jū zhù to reside, to dwell, to live in a place, resident in

533 | 重 重 重 重 重 重 重

zhòng, chóng heavy, serious; 重要 zhòng yào important, significant, major; 重点 chóng diǎn to recount (e.g. results of election), to re-evaluate; 重大 zhòng dà great, important, major, significant

534 | 接 接 接 接 接 接 接

jiē to receive (a call), to welcome, to get meet; 接受 jiē shòu to accept, to receive; 直接 zhí jiē direct, opposite: indirect 间接, immediate, directly, straightforward; 接到 jiē dào to receive (letter etc)

535 | 楼 楼 楼 楼 楼 楼 楼

lóu multi-storied building, floor (of a multi-level building); 楼市 lóu shì real estate market; 楼盘 lóu pán building under construction, commercial property, real estate (for sale or rent); 大楼 dà lóu large building, CL:幢[zhuàng],座[zuò]

536 | 钟 钟 钟 钟 钟 钟 钟

zhōng clock; 分钟 fēn zhōng minute; 警钟 jǐng zhōng alarm bell; 秒钟 miǎo zhōng (time) second

537 | 聪 聪 聪 聪 聪 聪 聪

cōng able to hear well; 聪明 cōng míng acute (of sight and hearing), clever, intelligent, bright, smart; 聪明才智 cōng míng cái zhì intelligence and wisdom; 聪慧 cōng huì bright, witty, intelligent

538 | 暑 暑 暑 暑 暑 暑 暑

shǔ heat; 暑假 shǔ jià summer vacation, CL:个[gè]; 暑期 shǔ qī summer vacation time; 酷暑 kù shǔ intense heat, extremely hot weather

539 | 班 班 班 班 班 班 班

bān class, group of students; 班子 bān zi organized group, theatrical troupe; 航班 háng bān scheduled flight, flight number, plane, scheduled sailing, sailing number, passenger ship; 上班 shàng bān to go to work, to be on duty, to start work, to go to the office

540 | 属 属 属 属 属 属 属

shǔ to belong to (a zodiac); 属于 shǔ yú to be classified as, to belong to, to be part of; 家属 jiā shǔ family member, (family) dependent; 金属 jīn shǔ metal, CL:种[zhǒng]

541 | 狗 狗 狗 狗 狗 狗 狗

gǒu dog, 11th zodiac; 小狗 xiǎo gǒu pup, puppy; 狗肉 gǒu ròu dog meat; 狗仔队 gǒu zǎi duì paparazzi

542 | 脸 脸 脸 脸 脸 脸 脸

liǎn face; 脸色 liǎn sè complexion, look; 笑脸 xiào liǎn smiling face, smiley :) ☺, CL:副[fù]; 满脸 mǎn liǎn across one's whole face

543 | 圆 圆 圆 圆 圆 圆 圆

yuán round; 圆满 yuán mǎn satisfactory, consummate, perfect; 圆明园 yuán míng yuán Yuanmingyuan, the Old Summer Palace, destroyed by the British and French army in 1860; 团圆 tuán yuán to have a reunion

544 | 眼 眼 眼 眼 眼 眼 眼

yǎn eye; 眼睛 yǎn jīng eye, CL:只[zhī], 双[shuāng]; 着眼 zhuó yǎn to have one's eyes on (a goal), having sth in mind, to concentrate; 眼前 yǎn qián before one's eyes, now, at present

545 | 睛 睛 睛 睛 睛 睛 睛

jīng eyeball; 眼睛 yǎn jīng eye, CL:只[zhī], 双[shuāng]; 点睛 diǎn jīng to dot in the eyes, fig. to add finishing touch, abbr. for idiom 画龙点睛, to paint a dragon and dot in the eyes, the crucial point that brings the subject to life; 擦亮眼睛 cǎ liàng yǎn jīng remove the scales from one's eyes, sharpen one's vigilance

546 | 鼻 鼻 鼻 鼻 鼻 鼻 鼻

bí nose; 鼻子 bí zi nose, CL:个[gè], 只[zhī]; 鼻涕 bí tì nasal mucus, snivel; 鼻孔 bí kǒng nostril, CL:只[zhī]

547 | 嘴 嘴 嘴 嘴 嘴 嘴 嘴

zuǐ mouth; 嘴里 zuǐ lǐ mouth, in the mouth, on one's lips, speech, words; 嘴巴 zuǐ ba mouth, CL:张[zhāng], slap in the face, CL:个[gè]; 嘴唇 zuǐ chún lip, CL:片[piàn]

548 | 定 定 定 定 定 定 定

dìng settled, decided; 规定 guī dìng provision, to fix, to set, to formulate, to stipulate, to provide, regulation, rule, CL:个[gè]; 一定 yī dìng surely, certainly, necessarily, fixed, a certain (extent etc), given, particular, must; 决定 jué dìng to decide (to do something), to resolve, decision, CL:个[gè],项[xiàng], certainly

549 蛋 蛋 蛋 蛋 蛋 蛋 蛋

dàn egg; 鸡蛋 jī dàn (chicken) egg, hen's egg, CL:个[gè],打[dǎ]; 蛋白 dàn bái egg white, protein, albumen; 蛋糕 dàn gāo cake, CL:块[kuài],个[gè]

550 伦 伦 伦 伦 伦 伦 伦

lún ethics, moral principles; 伦敦 lún dūn London, capital of United Kingdom; 伦理 lún lǐ ethics; 周杰伦 zhōu jié lún Jay Chou (1979-), Taiwanese pop star

551 姆 姆 姆 姆 姆 姆 姆

mǔ housemaid; 保姆 bǎo mǔ nanny, housekeeper; 萨达姆 sà dá mǔ Saddam; 詹姆斯 zhān mǔ sī James (name)

552 鼠 鼠 鼠 鼠 鼠 鼠 鼠

shǔ rat, 1st zodiac; 老鼠 lǎo shǔ rat, mouse, CL:只[zhī]; 鼠疫 shǔ yì plague; 鼠标 shǔ biāo mouse (computing)

553 兔 兔 兔 兔 兔 兔 兔

tù rabbit, 4th zodiac; 兔子 tù zi hare, rabbit, CL:只[zhī]; 兔年 tù nián Year of the Rabbit (e.g. 2011); 守株待兔 shǒu zhū dài tù lit. to guard a tree-stump waiting for rabbits (idiom); to wait idly for opportunities, to trust to chance rather than show initiative

554 蛇 蛇 蛇 蛇 蛇 蛇 蛇

shé snake, 6th zodiac; 蟒蛇 mǎng shé python, boa; 眼镜蛇 yǎn jìng shé cobra; 毒蛇 dú shé viper

555 猴 猴 猴 猴 猴 猴 猴

hóu monkey, 9th zodiac; 猴子 hóu zi monkey, CL:只[zhī]; 猕猴 mí hóu macaque; 金丝猴 jīn sī hóu golden snub-nosed monkey (Rhinopithecus roxellana)

556 猪 猪 猪 猪 猪 猪 猪

zhū pig, boar, 12th zodiac; 猪肉 zhū ròu pork; 野猪 yě zhū wild boar (Sus scrofa), CL:头[tóu]; 猪流感 zhū liú gǎn swine influenza, swine flu, influenza A (H1N1)

557 病 病 病 病 病 病 病

bìng illness, to become ill; 疾病 jí bìng disease, sickness, ailment; 病人 bìng rén sick person, patient, invalid, CL:个[gè]; 病毒 bìng dú virus

558 院 院 院 院 院 院 院

yuàn yard, compound; 医院 yī yuàn hospital, CL:所[suǒ],家[jiā],座[zuò]; 国务院 guó wù yuàn State Council (PRC), State Department (USA); 法院 fǎ yuàn court of law, court

559 | 肚 肚 肚 肚 肚 肚 肚

dù belly, abdomen; 肚子 dù zi belly, abdomen, stomach, CL:个[gè]; 大肚 dà dù Tatu township in Taichung county 台中县[tái zhōng xiàn], Taiwan; 大肚子 dà dù zi pregnant

560 | 疼 疼 疼 疼 疼 疼 疼

téng to be painful; 疼痛 téng tòng pain, ache, sore; 头疼 tóu téng headache; 心疼 xīn téng to love dearly, the pain of love

561 | 死 死 死 死 死 死 死

sǐ to die, (a complement indicating an extreme degree); 死亡 sǐ wáng to die, death; 人死 rén sǐ a person's death; 死刑 sǐ xíng death penalty

562 | 夜 夜 夜 夜 夜 夜 夜

yè night; 夜间 yè jiān nighttime, evening or night (e.g. classes); 日夜 rì yè day and night, around the clock; 连夜 lián yè the same night, that very night, before this night is out

563 | 厕 厕 厕 厕 厕 厕 厕

cè toilet; 厕所 cè suǒ toilet, lavatory, CL:间[jiān],处[chù]; 公厕 gōng cè public toilet; 公共厕所 gōng gòng cè suǒ public toilet

564 | 箱 箱 箱 箱 箱 箱 箱

xiāng box, case; 冰箱 bīng xiāng icebox, freezer cabinet, refrigerator, CL:台[tái],个[gè]; 集装箱 jí zhuāng xiāng container (for shipping); 信箱 xìn xiāng mailbox, CL:个[gè]

565 | 躺 躺 躺 躺 躺 躺 躺

tǎng to lie down; 躺下 tǎng xià to lie down; 躺椅 tǎng yǐ deck chair; 斜躺 xié tǎng to recline

566 | 检 检 检 检 检 检 检

jiǎn to inspect; 检查 jiǎn chá inspection, to examine, to inspect, CL:次[cì]; 检察 jiǎn chá to inspect, check up (on); 检察院 jiǎn chá yuàn prosecutor's office, procuratorate

567 | 查 查 查 查 查 查 查

chá to look up; 调查 diào chá investigation, inquiry, to investigate, to survey, survey, (opinion) poll, CL:项[xiàng],个[gè]; 检查 jiǎn chá inspection, to examine, to inspect, CL:次[cì]; 查处 chá chǔ to investigate and take care of

568 | 坏 坏 坏 坏 坏 坏 坏

huài bad (food); 破坏 pò huài destruction, damage, to wreck, to break, to destroy; 损坏 sǔn huài to damage, to injure; 坏事 huài shì to ruin sth, to spoil, to sour, to make things bad, evil deed, bad action, dishonesty, criminality, corruption

569 | 针 针 针 针 针 针 针

zhēn needle; 针对 zhēn duì to be directed against, to be aimed at, to counter, in the light of, in connection with; 方针 fāng zhēn policy, guidelines, CL:个[gè]; 针对性 zhēn duì xìng direction

570 | 药 药 药 药 药 药 药

yào medicine; 药品 yào pǐn medicaments, medicine, drug; 医药 yī yào medicine; 药物 yào wù medicaments, pharmaceuticals, medication, medicine, drug

571 | 遍 遍 遍 遍 遍 遍 遍

biàn (# for complete courses of an action or instances of an action); 普遍 pǔ biàn universal, general, widespread, common; 一遍 yī biàn one time (all the way through), once through; 遍布 biàn bù to cover the whole (area), to be found throughout

572 | 感 感 感 感 感 感 感

gǎn to feel, to sense; 感到 gǎn dào to feel, to sense, to have the feeling that, to think that, to move, to affect; 感觉 gǎn jué to feel, to become aware of, feeling, sense, perception, CL:个[gè]; 感受 gǎn shòu to sense, perception, to feel (through the senses), a feeling, an impression, an experience

573 | 冒 冒 冒 冒 冒 冒 冒

mào to belch, to emit; 假冒 jiǎ mào to impersonate, to pose as (someone else), to counterfeit, to palm off (a fake as a genuine); 感冒 gǎn mào to catch cold, (common) cold, CL:场[cháng],次[cì]; 冒着 mào zhe to brave, to face dangers

574 | 身 身 身 身 身 身 身

shēn body; 自身 zì shēn itself, oneself, one's own; 身份 shēn fèn identity, status, capacity, dignity, position, rank; 身体 shēn tǐ (human) body, health, CL:个[gè]

575 | 体 体 体 体 体 体 体

tǐ body; 媒体 méi tǐ media, esp. news media; 体系 tǐ xì system, setup, CL:个[gè]; 体制 tǐ zhì system, organization

576 | 痒 痒 痒 痒 痒 痒 痒

yǎng itchy; 痒痒 yǎng yang to itch, to tickle; 瘙痒 sào yǎng to itch, itchiness; 搔痒 sāo yǎng to scratch (an itch), to tickle

577 | 敏 敏 敏 敏 敏 敏 敏

mǐn nimble, agile; 敏感 mǐn gǎn sensitive, susceptible, politically sensitive (pretext for censorship); 过敏 guò mǐn to be allergic, allergy; 敏锐 mǐn ruì keen, sharp, acute

578 | 健 健 健 健 健 健 健

jiàn healthy; 健康 jiàn kāng health, healthy; 健全 jiàn quán robust, sound; 保健 bǎo jiàn health protection, health care

579 | 康 康 康 康 康 康 康

kāng healthy, affluent; 健康 jiàn kāng health, healthy; 小康 xiǎo kāng comparatively good living standard, a period of peace and prosperity; 小康社会 xiǎo kāng shè huì middle-class society

580 | 保 保 保 保 保 保 保

bǎo insurance; 保障 bǎo zhàng to ensure, to guarantee, to safeguard; 保护 bǎo hù to protect, to defend, to safeguard, protection,

CL:种[zhǒng]; 保险 bǎo xiǎn insurance, to insure, safe, secure, be sure, be bound to, CL:份[fèn]

581 险 险 险 险 险 险 险

xiǎn risk, danger; 保险 bǎo xiǎn insurance, to insure, safe, secure, be sure, be bound to, CL:份[fèn]; 风险 fēng xiǎn risk, hazard; 危险 wēi xiǎn danger, dangerous

582 赶 赶 赶 赶 赶 赶 赶

gǎn to rush for; 赶到 gǎn dào to hurry (to some place); 赶赴 gǎn fù to hurry, to rush; 赶紧 gǎn jǐn hurriedly, without delay

583 越 越 越 越 越 越 越

yuè to exceed; 越来越 yuè lái yuè more and more; 跨越 kuà yuè to step across, step over; 超越 chāo yuè to surpass, to exceed, to transcend

584 休 休 休 休 休 休 休

xiū to cease; 退休 tuì xiū to retire, retirement (from work); 休息 xiū xi rest, to rest; 休闲 xiū xián variant of 休闲 leisure, relaxation, not working, idle

585 息 息 息 息 息 息 息

xī to cease; 信息 xìn xī information, news, message; 消息 xiāo xi news, information, CL:条[tiáo]; 休息 xiū xi rest, to rest

586 懒 懒 懒 懒 懒 懒 懒

lǎn lazy; 懒得 lǎn dé not wishing to do anything, disinclined; 懒惰 lǎn duò idle, lazy; 懒散 lǎn sǎn inactive, careless, lazy, indolent, negligent

587 乱 乱 乱 乱 乱 乱 乱

luàn randomly, arbitrarily, messily; 混乱 hùn luàn confusion, chaos, disorder; 扰乱 rǎo luàn to disturb, to perturb, to harass; 骚乱 sāo luàn disturbance, riot, to create a disturbance

588 拼 拼 拼 拼 拼 拼 拼

pīn to join together, to link, to incorporate; 拼搏 pīn bó to struggle, to wrestle; 拼命 pīn mìng to do one's utmost, with all one's might, at all costs, (to work or fight) as if one's life depends on it; 打拼 dǎ pīn to struggle, to fight, to strive

589 猫 猫 猫 猫 猫 猫 猫

māo cat, pussy; 熊猫 xióng māo panda, CL:只[zhī]; 大熊猫 dà xióng māo giant panda (Ailuropoda melanoleuca); 猫腻 māo nì trick, something fishy

590 印 印 印 印 印 印 印

yìn to print; 印度 yìn dù India; 印象 yìn xiàng impression; 印尼 yìn ní Indonesia (abbr. for 印度尼西亚)

591 象 象 象 象 象 象 象

xiàng appearance, shape; 现象 xiàn xiàng appearance, phenomenon, CL:个[gè],种[zhǒng]; 形象 xíng xiàng image, form, figure,

CL:个[gè], visualization, vivid; 对象 duì xiàng target, object, partner, boyfriend, girlfriend, CL:个[gè]

592 成 成 成 成 成 成 成

chéng to become; 成为 chéng wéi to become, to turn into; 形成 xíng chéng to form, to take shape; 成了 chéng le to be done, to be ready, that's enough!, that will do!

593 演 演 演 演 演 演 演

yǎn to show (a film), to perform; 表演 biǎo yǎn play, show, performance, exhibition, to perform, to act, to demonstrate, CL:场[chǎng]; 演出 yǎn chū to act (in a play), to perform, to put on (a performance), performance, concert, show, CL:场[chǎng],次[cì]; 演员 yǎn yuán actor or actress, performer, CL:个[gè],位[wèi],名[míng]

594 费 费 费 费 费 费 费

fèi to spend, to take effort, fee, expenses, surname; 消费 xiāo fèi to consume, CL:个[gè]; 消费者 xiāo fèi zhě consumer; 收费 shōu fèi fee, charge

595 俩 俩 俩 俩 俩 俩 俩

liǎ two; 伎俩 jì liǎng trick, scheme, ploy, tactic, stratagem, gimmick, ruse, trickery, skill, also written 技俩; 姐妹俩 jiě mèi liǎ The Sisters (short story); 咱俩 zán liǎ the two of us

596 棋 棋 棋 棋 棋 棋 棋

qí chess; 围棋 wéi qí the game of Go; 棋手 qí shǒu chess player; 下棋 xià qí to play chess

597 码 码 码 码 码 码 码

mǎ symbol indicating a number; 号码 hào mǎ number, CL:堆[duī],个[gè]; 数码 shù mǎ number, numerals, figures, digital, amount, numerical code; 码头 mǎ tóu dock, pier, wharf, CL:个[gè]

598 搬 搬 搬 搬 搬 搬 搬

bān to relocate, to move; 搬迁 bān qiān to move, to relocate, removal; 照搬 zhào bān to copy, to imitate; 搬家 bān jiā to move house, removal

599 扫 扫 扫 扫 扫 扫 扫

sǎo to sweep; 扫黄 sǎo huáng campaign against pornography; 扫描 sǎo miáo to scan; 打扫 dǎ sǎo to clean, to sweep

600 整 整 整 整 整 整 整

zhěng to put in order; 调整 tiáo zhěng adjustment, revision, CL:个[gè]; 整个 zhěng gè whole, entire, total; 整体 zhěng tǐ whole entity, entire body, synthesis, as a whole (situation, construction, team etc), global, macrocosm, integral, holistic, whole

601 理 理 理 理 理 理 理

lǐ reason, in good order; 管理 guǎn lǐ to supervise, to manage, to administer, management, administration, CL:个[gè]; 处理 chǔ lǐ to handle, to treat, to deal with, to process, CL:个[gè]; 理论 lǐ lùn theory, CL:个[gè]

602 | 房 房 房 房 房 房 房

fáng house; 房地产 fáng dì chǎn real estate; 住房 zhù fáng housing; 房价 fáng jià house price, cost of housing

603 | 旅 旅 旅 旅 旅 旅 旅

lǚ to travel; 旅游 lǚ yóu trip, journey, tourism, travel, tour; 旅客 lǚ kè traveler, tourist; 旅行 lǚ xíng to travel, journey, trip, CL: 趟[tàng], 次[cì], 个[gè]

604 | 嗨 嗨 嗨 嗨 嗨 嗨 嗨

hāi, hǎi hai, oh alas (an onomatopoeia for greetings)

605 | 吵 吵 吵 吵 吵 吵 吵

chǎo to quarrel, to fuss, noisy; 争吵 zhēng chǎo dispute, strife; 吵架 chǎo jià to quarrel, to have a row, CL: 顿[dùn]; 吵闹 chǎo nào noisy

606 | 连 连 连 连 连 连 连

lián even; 连续 lián xù continuous, in a row, serial, consecutive; 大连 dà lián Dalian subprovincial city in Liaoning province 辽宁省 in northeast China; 连锁 lián suǒ to interlock, to be linked, chain (store etc)

607 | 广 广 广 广 广 广 广

guǎng wide, vast; 广大 guǎng dà (of an area) vast or extensive, large-scale, widespread, (of people) numerous; 广告 guǎng gào to advertise, a commercial, advertisement, CL: 项[xiàng]; 广东 guǎng dōng Guangdong province (Kwangtung) in south China, abbr. 粤, capital Guangzhou 广州

608 | 附 附 附 附 附 附 附

fù to attach, near; 附近 fù jìn (in the) vicinity, nearby, neighboring, next to; 附加 fù jiā additional, annex; 附属 fù shǔ subsidiary, auxiliary, attached, affiliated, subordinate, subordinating

609 | 套 套 套 套 套 套 套

tào (# for suite or set); 配套 pèi tào to form a complete set, coherent; 一套 yī tào suit, a set, a collection, of the same kind, the same old stuff, set pattern of behavior; 套房 tào fáng suite, apartment, flat

610 | 寓 寓 寓 寓 寓 寓 寓

yù residence, dwelling; 公寓 gōng yù apartment building, block of flats, CL: 套[tào]; 寓意 yù yì moral (of a story), lesson to be learned, implication, message, import, metaphorical meaning; 寓所 yù suǒ dwelling

611 | 卧 卧 卧 卧 卧 卧 卧

wò to lie down; 卧室 wò shì bedroom, CL: 间[jiān]; 卧龙 wò lóng nickname of Zhuge Liang 诸葛亮, Wolong giant panda nature reserve 卧龙大熊猫保护区 in Wenchuan county, northwest Sichuan, Wolong district of Nanyang city 南阳[nán yáng], Henan; 卧铺 wò pù a bed (on a train), a couchette

612| 厨 厨 厨 厨 厨 厨 厨

chú kitchen; 厨房 chú fáng kitchen, CL:间[jiān]; 厨师 chú shī cook, chef; 厨子 chú zi cook

613| 卫 卫 卫 卫 卫 卫 卫

wèi to guard, to protect; 卫生 wèi shēng health, hygiene, sanitation; 卫生部 wèi shēng bù health department; 卫星 wèi xīng (space) satellite, CL:颗[kē]

614| 傢 傢 傢 傢 傢 傢 傢

jiā furniture

615| 具 具 具 具 具 具 具

jù tool, utensil, (# for coffins, dead bodies); 具有 jù yǒu to have, to possess; 具体 jù tǐ concrete, definite, specific; 具备 jù bèi to possess, to have, equipped with, able to fulfill (conditions or requirements)

616| 干 干 干 干 干 干 干

gān, gàn dry, to manage, to work, to do, capable, tree trunk, to kill; 干部 gàn bù personnel, employees, cadre (in communist party), CL:个[gè]; 若干 ruò gān a certain number or amount, how many?, how much?; 干预 gān yù to meddle, to intervene, intervention

617| 净 净 净 净 净 净 净

jìng clean; 干净 gān jìng clean, neat; 净利润 jìng lì rùn net profit; 净化 jìng huà to purify

618| 沙 沙 沙 沙 沙 沙 沙

shā sand, surname; 长沙 cháng shā Changsha prefecture level city and capital of Hunan province in south central China; 沙特 shā tè Saudi, abbr. for Saudi Arabia; 沙漠 shā mò desert, CL:个[gè]

619| 椅 椅 椅 椅 椅 椅 椅

yǐ chair; 轮椅 lún yǐ wheelchair; 椅子 yǐ zi chair, CL:把[bǎ],套[tào]; 座椅 zuò yǐ seat

620| 架 架 架 架 架 架 架

jià shelf; 框架 kuàng jià frame, framework, fig. pattern, outline, organizing plan; 绑架 bǎng jià to kidnap, to abduct, to hijack, a kidnapping, abduction, staking; 架构 jià gòu to construct, to build, infrastructure, architecture, framework

621| 安 安 安 安 安 安 安

ān calm, at ease; 安全 ān quán safe, secure, safety, security; 公安 gōng ān (Ministry of) Public Security, public safety, public security; 安排 ān pái to arrange, to plan, to set up

622| 静 静 静 静 静 静 静

jìng quiet; 平静 píng jìng tranquil, undisturbed, serene; 冷静 lěng jìng calm, cool-headed; 安静 ān jìng quiet, peaceful, calm

623| 元 元 元 元 元 元 元 元

yuán (# for unit of Chinese currency), yuan; 美元 měi yuán American dollar, US dollar; 多元 duō yuán poly-, multi-, multielement, multivariant, multivariate (math.); 欧元 ōu yuán Euro (currency)

624| 民 民 民 民 民 民 民

mín the people; 人民 rén mín the people, CL:个[gè]; 农民 nóng mín peasant, CL:个[gè]; 民族 mín zú nationality, ethnic group, CL:个[gè]

625| 币 币 币 币 币 币 币

bì currency; 人民币 rén mín bì Renminbi (RMB), Chinese Yuan (CNY); 货币 huò bì currency, monetary, money; 港币 gǎng bì Hong Kong currency, Hong Kong dollar

626| 差 差 差 差 差 差 差

chā, chāi, chā to fall short of, to send, to commission, messenger, mission; 差距 chā jù disparity, gap; 差异 chā yì difference, discrepancy; 差别 chā bié difference, distinction, diversity, disparity

627| 押 押 押 押 押 押 押

yā to give as security; 抵押 dǐ yā mortgage; 抵押贷款 dǐ yā dài kuǎn mortgage loan; 关押 guān yā to imprison, to lock up (in jail)

628| 当 当 当 当 当 当 当

dāng, dàng to serve as, to be; 当时 dāng shí then, at that time, while; 当地 dāng dì local; 当前 dāng qián current, today's, modern, present, to be facing (us)

629| 另 另 另 另 另 另 另

lìng other, another; 另一 lìng yī another, the other; 另外 lìng wài additional, in addition, besides, separate, other, moreover, furthermore; 另一方面 lìng yī fāng miàn on the other hand, another aspect

630| 养 养 养 养 养 养 养

yǎng to raise, to keep; 养老 yǎng lǎo to provide for the elderly; 培养 péi yǎng to cultivate, to breed, to foster, to nurture, to educate, to groom (for a position), education, fostering, culture (biology); 养老保险 yǎng lǎo bǎo xiǎn old-age insurance

631| 宠 宠 宠 宠 宠 宠 宠

chǒng to dote on, to pamper; 宠物 chǒng wù house pet; 宠爱 chǒng ài to dote on sb; 哗众取宠 huá zhòng qǔ chǒng sensationalism, vulgar claptrap to please the crowds, playing to the gallery, demagoguery

632| 趣 趣 趣 趣 趣 趣 趣

qù interesting, to interest; 兴趣 xìng qù interest (desire to know about sth), interest (thing in which one is interested), hobby, CL:个[gè]; 感兴趣 gǎn xìng qù to be interested; 有趣 yǒu qù interesting, fascinating, amusing

633| 胖 胖 胖 胖 胖 胖 胖

pàng fat; 肥胖 féi pàng fat, obese; 发胖 fā pàng to put on weight, to get fat; 胖子 pàng zi fat person, fatty

634| 怕 怕 怕 怕 怕 怕 怕

pà to fear, to be afraid of; 恐怕 kǒng pà fear, to dread, I'm afraid that..., perhaps, maybe; 不怕 bù pà fearless, not worried (by setbacks or difficulties); 害怕 hài pà to be afraid, to be scared

635| 简 简 简 简 简 简 简

jiǎn simple; 简单 jiǎn dān simple, not complicated; 简称 jiǎn chēng abbreviation, short form; 简直 jiǎn zhí simply, at all, practically

636| 单 单 单 单 单 单 单

dān single; 单位 dān wèi a unit, unit (of measure), work unit (one's workplace), CL:个[gè]; 简单 jiǎn dān simple, not complicated; 名单 míng dān list (of names)

637| 跑 跑 跑 跑 跑 跑 跑

pǎo to run; 跑道 pǎo dào athletic track, track, runway (i.e. airstrip); 起跑 qǐ pǎo to start running, the start of a race; 逃跑 táo pǎo to flee from sth, to run away, to escape

638| 步 步 步 步 步 步 步

bù step, pace; 一步 yī bù (single) step; 进一步 jìn yī bù one step further, to move forward a step, further onwards; 逐步 zhú bù progressively, step by step

639| 受 受 受 受 受 受 受

shòu to bear; 接受 jiē shòu to accept, to receive; 受到 shòu dào to receive, to suffer, obtained, given; 享受 xiǎng shòu to enjoy, to live it up, pleasure, CL:种[zhǒng]

640| 拍 拍 拍 拍 拍 拍 拍

pāi racket, to take pictures, to shoot film, to clap, to pat; 拍摄 pāi shè to film, to shoot (a picture); 拍卖 pāi mài to auction, auction sale, to sell at a reduced price; 拍照 pāi zhào to take a picture

641| 篮 篮 篮 篮 篮 篮 篮

lán basket; 篮球 lán qiú basketball, CL:个[gè],只[zhī]; 篮板 lán bǎn backboard; 篮子 lán zi basket, CL:只[zhī]

642| 游 游 游 游 游 游 游

yóu to swim, to rove around, to roam, to travel; 旅游 lǚ yóu trip, journey, tourism, travel, tour; 游客 yóu kè traveler, tourist; 游戏 yóu xì game, CL:场[chǎng], to play

643| 泳 泳 泳 泳 泳 泳 泳

yǒng swimming; 游泳 yóu yǒng swimming, to swim; 泳池 yǒng chí swimming pond; 游泳池 yóu yǒng chí swimming pool,

CL:场[chǎng]

644 | 危 危 危 危 危 危 危

wēi danger; 危机 wēi jī crisis, CL:个[gè]; 金融危机 jīn róng wēi jī financial crisis; 危险 wēi xiǎn danger, dangerous

645 | 淹 淹 淹 淹 淹 淹 淹

yān to submerge; 淹没 yān mò to submerge, to drown, to flood, to drown out (also fig.); 淹死 yān sǐ to drown; 范仲淹 fàn zhòng yān Fan Zhongyan (989-1052), minister of Northern Song, led failed reform of 1043, also writer and author of On Yueyang Tower 岳阳楼记

646 | 愿 愿 愿 愿 愿 愿 愿

yuàn wish, hope, desire, ready, willing; 志愿 zhì yuàn aspiration, ambition, to volunteer; 愿意 yuàn yì to wish, to want, ready, willing (to do sth); 不愿 bù yuàn unwilling, unwillingness

647 | 繁 繁 繁 繁 繁 繁 繁

fán complicated, complex, difficult; 繁荣 fán róng prosperous, booming (economy); 频繁 pín fán frequently, often; 繁重 fán zhòng heavy, burdensome, heavy-duty, arduous, onerous

648 | 池 池 池 池 池 池 池

chí pool, pond, moat, cistern; 电池 diàn chí battery, CL:节[jié],组[zǔ]; 水池 shuǐ chí pond, pool; 泳池 yǒng chí swimming pond

649 | 提 提 提 提 提 提 提

tí to lift, upwards character stroke, lifting, to mention; 提高 tí gāo to raise, to increase; 提出 tí chū to raise (an issue), to propose, to put forward, to suggest, to post (on a website), to withdraw (cash); 提供 tí gōng to offer, to supply, to provide, to furnish

650 | 赛 赛 赛 赛 赛 赛 赛

sài game, match, competition; 比赛 bǐ sài competition (sports etc), match, CL:场[chǎng],次[cì]; 决赛 jué sài finals (of a competition); 赛季 sài jì season (sports)

651 | 际 际 际 际 际 际 际

jì border, boundary; 国际 guó jì international; 实际 shí jì actual, reality, practice; 实际上 shí jì shàng in fact, in reality, as a matter of fact, in practice

652 | 式 式 式 式 式 式 式

shì type, style; 方式 fāng shì way (of life), pattern, style, mode, manner, CL:个[gè]; 正式 zhèng shì formal, official; 形式 xíng shì form, shape, situation, circumstance, CL:个[gè]

653 | 应 应 应 应 应 应 应

yīng, yìng ought to, should, must; 应该 yīng gāi ought to, should, must; 应当 yīng dāng should, ought to; 供应 gōng yìng to supply, to provide, to offer

654| 该 该 该 该 该 该

gāi ought to, should, owe; 应该 yīng gāi ought to, should, must; 不该 bù gāi should not, to owe nothing; 合该 hé gāi ought to, should

655| 脚 脚 脚 脚 脚 脚

jiǎo foot; 落脚 luò jiǎo to stay for a time, to stop over, to lodge, to sink down (into soft ground), left-overs; 脚步 jiǎo bù footstep, step; 脚下 jiǎo xià under the foot

656| 踢 踢 踢 踢 踢 踢

tī to kick; 拳打脚踢 quán dǎ jiǎo tī lit. to punch and kick (idiom); to beat up, fig. determined to sort out a problem; 踢爆 tī bào to reveal, to expose; 踢踏舞 tī tà wǔ tap dance

657| 抱 抱 抱 抱 抱 抱

bào to hold or carry in the arms; 抱怨 bào yuàn to complain, to grumble; 拥抱 yōng bào to embrace, to hug; 抱有 bào yǒu have, possess

658| 着 着 着 着 着 着

zhe, zháo (particle indicating action in progress), to burn, to touch; 随着 suí zhe along with, in the wake of, following; 意味着 yì wèi zhe to signify, to mean, to imply; 有着 yǒu zhe to have, to possess

659| 压 压 压 压 压 压

yā to press, to hold down, to weigh down; 压力 yā lì pressure; 高压 gāo yā high pressure, high-handed; 压缩 yā suō to compress, compression

660| 被 被 被 被 被 被

bèi by; 被告 bèi gào defendant; 被告人 bèi gào rén defendant (in legal case); 被迫 bèi pò be compelled, be forced

661| 担 担 担 担 担 担

dān to be burdened with, to worry; 担任 dān rèn to hold a governmental office or post, to assume office of, to take charge of, to serve as; 承担 chéng dān to undertake, to assume (responsibility etc); 担心 dān xīn anxious, worried, uneasy, to worry, to be anxious

662| 棒 棒 棒 棒 棒 棒

bàng fantastic (physique); 棒球 bàng qiú baseball, CL: 个[gè], 只[zhi]; 指挥棒 zhǐ huī bàng baton; 大棒 dà bàng big-stick

663| 著 著 著 著 著 著

zhù to make known, to show, to prove, to write, book, outstanding; 著名 zhù míng famous, noted, well-known, celebrated; 显著 xiǎn zhù outstanding, notable, remarkable, statistically significant; 著作 zhù zuò to write, literary work, book, article, writings, CL: 部

664| 司 司 司 司 司 司

sī to take charge of; 公司 gōng sī (business) company, company, firm, corporation, incorporated, CL:家[jiā]; 有限公司 yǒu xiàn gōng sī limited company, corporation; 司法 sī fǎ judicial, (administration of) justice

665 实 实 实 实 实 实 实 实
实 實

shí solid, reality; 实现 shí xiàn to achieve, to implement, to realize, to bring about; 实施 shí shī to implement, to carry out; 实际 shí jì actual, reality, practice

666 计 计 计 计 计 计 计 计
计 計

jì to count, idea; 计划 jì huà plan, project, program, to plan, to map out, CL:个[gè],项[xiàng]; 统计 tǒng jì statistics, to count, to add up; 设计 shè jì plan, design, to design, to plan, CL:个[gè]

667 划 划 划 划 划 划 划 划
划 劃

huà plan; 计划 jì huà plan, project, program, to plan, to map out, CL:个[gè],项[xiàng]; 规划 guī huà plan, program; 策划 cè huà to plot, to scheme, to bring about, to engineer, planning, producer, planner

668 父 父 父 父 父 父 父 父

fù father; 父亲 fù qīn father, also pr. with light tone [fù qīn], CL:个[gè]; 父母 fù mǔ father and mother, parents; 祖父 zǔ fù father's father, paternal grandfather

669 母 母 母 母 母 母 母 母

mǔ mother; 父母 fù mǔ father and mother, parents; 母亲 mǔ qīn mother, also pr. with light tone [mǔ qīn], CL:个[gè]; 航母 háng mǔ aircraft carrier, abbr. for 航空母舰

670 首 首 首 首 首 首 首 首

shǒu head, (# for poems and songs); 首先 shǒu xiān first (of all), in the first place; 首次 shǒu cì first, first time, for the first time; 首都 shǒu dū capital (city), CL:个[gè]

671 政 政 政 政 政 政 政 政

zhèng politics; 政府 zhèng fǔ government, CL:个[gè]; 政策 zhèng cè policy, CL:个[gè]; 政治 zhèng zhì politics, political

672 治 治 治 治 治 治 治 治

zhì to govern, to manage; 政治 zhèng zhì politics, political; 自治 zì zhì autonomy; 治理 zhì lǐ to govern, to administer, to manage, to control, governance

673 化 化 化 化 化 化 化 化

huà to transform, to influence; 文化 wén huà culture, civilization, cultural, CL:个[gè],种[zhǒng]; 变化 biàn huà change, variation, to change, to vary, CL:个[gè]; 现代化 xiàn dài huà modernization, CL:个[gè]

674 胜 胜 胜 胜 胜 胜 胜 胜
胜 勝

shèng victory, wonderful; 胜利 shèng lì victory, CL:个[gè]; 战胜 zhàn shèng to prevail, to surmount; 名胜 míng shèng a place famous for its scenery or historical relics, scenic spot, CL:处[chù]

675 | 古 古 古 古 古 古 古

gǔ, gù ancient; 蒙古 měng gǔ Mongolia; 内蒙古 nèi měng gǔ Inner Mongolia, abbr. for Inner Mongolia autonomous region 内蒙古自治区; 考古 kǎo gǔ archaeology

676 | 迹 迹 迹 迹 迹 迹 迹

jì remains, ruins; 事迹 shì jì deed, past achievement, important event of the past; 奇迹 qí jì miracle, miraculous, wonder, marvel; 迹象 jì xiàng mark, indication, sign, indicator

677 | 导 导 导 导 导 导 导

dǎo to lead, to guide; 领导 lǐng dǎo lead, leading, to lead, leadership, leader, CL:位[wèi],个[gè]; 导致 dǎo zhì to lead to, to create, to cause, to bring about; 指导 zhǐ dǎo to guide, to give directions, to direct, to coach, guidance, tuition, CL:个[gè]

678 | 护 护 护 护 护 护 护

hù to protect; 保护 bǎo hù to protect, to defend, to safeguard, protection, CL:种[zhǒng]; 维护 wéi hù to defend, to safeguard, to protect, to uphold, to maintain; 环境保护 huán jìng bǎo hù environmental protection

679 | 订 订 订 订 订 订 订

dìng to reserve, to book; 签订 qiān dìng to agree to and sign (a treaty etc); 修订 xiū dìng to revise; 制订 zhì dìng to work out, to formulate

680 | 签 签 签 签 签 签 签

qiān to sign, to autograph; 签订 qiān dìng to agree to and sign (a treaty etc); 签署 qiān shǔ to sign (an agreement); 签约 qiān yuē to sign a contract or agreement

681 | 证 证 证 证 证 证 证

zhèng proof, certificate; 保证 bǎo zhèng guarantee, to guarantee, to ensure, to safeguard, to pledge, CL:个[gè]; 证明 zhèng míng proof, certificate, identification, testimonial, CL:个[gè], to prove, to testify, to confirm the truth of; 证券 zhèng quàn negotiable security (financial), certificate, stocks and bonds

682 | 社 社 社 社 社 社 社

shè organized body; 社会 shè huì society, CL:个[gè]; 社会主义 shè huì zhǔ yì socialism; 社区 shè qū community

683 | 香 香 香 香 香 香 香

xiāng fragrant, sweet-smelling; 香港 xiāng gǎng Hong Kong; 香烟 xiāng yān cigarette, smoke from burning incense, CL:支[zhī], 条(tiáo); 香蕉 xiāng jiāo banana, CL:枝[zhī], 根[gēn], 个[gè], 把[bǎ]

684 | 港 港 港 港 港 港 港

gǎng harbor; 香港 xiāng gǎng Hong Kong; 港口 gǎng kǒu port, harbor; 港澳 gǎng ào Hong Kong 香港 and Macao 澳门

685 | 台 台 台 台 台 台 台

tái platform, deck, (# for electronic devices); 台湾 tái wān variant of 台湾[tái wān]; 出台 chū tái to officially launch (a policy, program etc), to appear on stage, to appear publicly, prostitution; 平台 píng tái platform, terrace, flat-roofed building

686 初 初 初 初 初 初 初

chū beginning; 初步 chū bù initial, preliminary, tentative; 年初 nián chū beginning of the year; 月初 yuè chū start of month, early in the month

687 程 程 程 程 程 程 程

chéng journey; 工程 gōng chéng engineering, an engineering project, project, undertaking, CL:个[gè],项[xiàng]; 过程 guò chéng course of events, process, CL:个[gè]; 程度 chéng dù degree (level or extent), level, CL:个[gè]

688 返 返 返 返 返 返 返

fǎn to return; 返回 fǎn huí to return to, to come (or go) back; 返乡 fǎn xiāng to return to one's home town; 返还 fǎn huán restitution, return of something to its original owner, remittance

689 航 航 航 航 航 航 航

háng to navigate; 航空 háng kōng aviation; 航天 háng tiān space flight; 民航 mín háng civil aviation

690 千 千 千 千 千 千 千

qiān thousand; 千万 qiān wàn ten million, countless, many, one must by all means; 千瓦 qiān wǎ kilowatt (unit of electric power); 万千 wàn qiān myriad, multitudinous, multifarious

691 折 折 折 折 折 折 折

zhé to fold; 折扣 zhé kòu discount; 打折 dǎ zhé to give a discount; 转折 zhuǎn zhé shift in the trend of events, plot shift in a book, twists and turns

692 转 转 转 转 转 转 转

zhuǎn to turn, to transfer (planes), to revolve, to turn, to shift, to change; 转变 zhuǎn biàn change, transform, CL:个[gè]; 转移 zhuǎn yí to shift, to divert or distract (attention etc), to change, to transform, metastasis (medicine); 转型 zhuǎn xíng transformation, to transform

693 靠 靠 靠 靠 靠 靠 靠

kào to lean on, to lean against, to be next to; 依靠 yī kào to rely on sth (for support etc), to depend on; 可靠 kě kào reliable; 靠近 kào jìn near, to approach

694 窗 窗 窗 窗 窗 窗 窗

chuāng window; 窗口 chuāng kǒu window, opening providing restricted access (e.g. customer service window), computer operating system window, fig. medium, intermediary, showpiece, testing ground; 窗户 chuāng hu window, CL:个[gè],扇[shàn]; 车窗 chē chuāng car window, window of vehicle (bus, train etc)

695 户 户 户 户 户 户 户

hù door, household, family; 用户 yòng hù user, consumer, subscriber, customer; 客户 kè hù client, customer; 账户 zhàng hù bank account, online account

696 | 份 份 份 份 份 份 份

fèn (# for meal order, job, newspaper); 月份 yuè fèn month; 身份 shēn fèn identity, status, capacity, dignity, position, rank; 股份 gǔ fèn a share (in a company), stock

697 | 托 托 托 托 托 托 托

tuō to entrust; 委托 wěi tuō to entrust, to trust, to commission; 摩托 mó tuō motor (transliteration), motorbike; 依托 yī tuō to rely on, to depend on

698 | 包 包 包 包 包 包 包

bāo bag, sack, bundle, package; 包括 bāo kuò to comprise, to include, to involve, to incorporate, to consist of; 承包 chéng bāo to contract, to undertake (a job); 包装 bāo zhuāng to pack, to package, to wrap, packaging

699 | 超 超 超 超 超 超 超

chāo to exceed, to surpass; 超过 chāo guò to surpass, to exceed, to outstrip; 超市 chāo shì supermarket (abbr.), CL:家[jiā]; 超越 chāo yuè to surpass, to exceed, to transcend

700 | 登 登 登 登 登 登 登

dēng to climb, to ascend; 登记 dēng jì to register (one's name); 刊登 kān dēng to carry a story, to publish (in a newspaper or magazine); 登陆 dēng lù to land, to come ashore, to make landfall (of typhoon etc), to log in

701 | 牌 牌 牌 牌 牌 牌 牌

pái plate, tablet, card; 品牌 pǐn pái brand name, trademark; 金牌 jīn pái gold medal, CL:枚[méi]; 挂牌 guà pái lit. to hang up a plate, to open up for business, listed (on stock market)

702 | 哭 哭 哭 哭 哭 哭 哭

kū to cry, to weep; 痛哭 tòng kū to cry bitterly; 哭泣 kū qì to weep; 大哭 dà kū to cry loudly

703 | 顾 顾 顾 顾 顾 顾 顾

gù to look after, to attend to; 照顾 zhào gu to take care of, to show consideration, to attend to, to look after; 顾问 gù wèn adviser, consultant; 顾客 gù kè client, customer, CL:位[wèi]

704 | 舱 舱 舱 舱 舱 舱 舱

cāng hold of ship, cabin; 机舱 jī cāng cabin of a plane; 轨道舱 guǐ dào cāng orbital module, orbital cabin; 头等舱 tóu děng cāng Business class or first class seat on airplane or ship

705 | 紫 紫 紫 紫 紫 紫 紫

zǐ purple, violet, amethyst, surname; 紫金 zǐ jīn Zijin county in Heyuan 河源[hé yuán], Guangdong; 紫外 zǐ wài ultraviolet (ray); 紫外线 zǐ wài xiàn ultraviolet ray

706 | 典 典 典 典 典 典 典

diǎn law, canon, documentation, classic, scripture; 典型 diǎn xíng model, typical case, archetype, typical, representative; 经典 jīng diǎn the classics, scriptures, classical; 瑞典 ruì diǎn Sweden

707 叔 叔 叔 叔 叔 叔 叔 叔

shū uncle; 叔叔 shū shu father's younger brother, uncle, Taiwan pr. [shú shu], CL:个[gè]; 大叔 dà shū uncle; 叔父 shū fù father's younger brother, uncle

708 阿 阿 阿 阿 阿 阿 阿 阿

ā a1; 阿拉 ā lā I, we, me, us; 阿富汗 ā fù hàn Afghanistan, Afghan; 阿里 ā lǐ Ali (proper name), Imam Ali ibn Abu Talib (c. 600-661), cousin, aid and son-in-law of the Prophet Mohammed 穆罕默德, the fourth Caliph 哈里发 of Islam, reigned 656-661, and the first Imam 伊玛目 of Shia Islam, Ngari prefecture in Tibet, Tibetan: Mnga' ris

709 姨 姨 姨 姨 姨 姨 姨 姨

yí aunt; 阿姨 ā yí maternal aunt, step-mother, childcare worker, nursemaid, woman of similar age to one's parents (term of address used by child), CL:个[gè]; 姨妈 yí mā (informal) mother's sister, maternal aunt; 大姨 dà yí (informal) wife's elder sister, sister-in-law

710 迎 迎 迎 迎 迎 迎 迎 迎

yíng to welcome; 欢迎 huān yíng to welcome, welcome; 迎接 yíng jiē to meet, to welcome, to greet; 受欢迎 shòu huān yíng popular, welcome

711 瘦 瘦 瘦 瘦 瘦 瘦 瘦 瘦

shòu thin, slim (usually of a person or animal), lean; 瘦肉 shòu ròu lean meat; 瘦身 shòu shēn to lose weight, to go on a diet; 消瘦 xiāo shòu to waste away, to become thin

712 爷 爷 爷 爷 爷 爷 爷 爷

yé (respectful form of address for an elderly man); 爷爷 yé ye (informal) father's father, paternal grandfather, CL:个[gè]; 大爷 dà yé arrogant idler, self-centred show-off; 老爷 lǎo ye (respectful) lord, master, (informal) maternal grandfather

713 奶 奶 奶 奶 奶 奶 奶 奶

nǎi milk; 奶粉 nǎi fěn powdered milk; 牛奶 niú nǎi cow's milk, CL:瓶[píng], 杯[bēi]; 奶奶 nǎi nai (informal) grandma (paternal grandmother), (respectful) mistress of the house, CL:位[wèi]

714 烤 烤 烤 烤 烤 烤 烤 烤

kǎo to bake, to roast, to grill; 烧烤 shāo kǎo barbecue, roast; 烤鸭 kǎo yā roast duck; 烤烟 kǎo yān flue-cured tobacco

715 鸭 鸭 鸭 鸭 鸭 鸭 鸭 鸭

yā duck; 烤鸭 kǎo yā roast duck; 鸭子 yā zi duck, male prostitute (slang); 鸭绿江 yā lǜ jiāng Yalu River

716 铅 铅 铅 铅 铅 铅 铅 铅

qiān lead; 铅笔 qiān bǐ (lead) pencil, CL:支[zhī], 枝[zhī], 杆[gǎn]; 铅字 qiān zì type (print); 铅球 qiān qiú shot put (athletics event)

717 | 袜 袜 袜 袜 袜 袜 袜

wà socks, stockings; 袜子 wà zi socks, stockings, CL:只[zhī],对[duì],双[shuāng]; 丝袜 sī wà silk stockings; 鞋袜 xié wà shoes and socks

718 | 卮 卮 卮 卮 卮 卮 卮 卮

jié last name, joint, seal

719 | 卣 卣 卣 卣 卣 卣 卣 卣

qiáng half of tree trunk

720 | 夔 夔 夔 夔 夔 夔 夔 夔

legs

721 | 内 内 内 内 内 内 内 内

róu rump

722 | 尹 尹 尹 尹 尹 尹 尹 尹

yù pen

723 | 舟 舟 舟 舟 舟 舟 舟 舟

zhōu boat; 神舟 shén zhōu Shenzhou (spacecraft), Hasee (computer manufacturer); 舟曲 zhōu qū Zhugqu or Zhouqu county in Gannan Tibetan autonomous prefecture 甘南藏族自治州[gān nán zàng zú zì zhì zhōu], Gansu; 舟山 zhōu shān Zhoushan prefecture level city in Zhejiang (consisting solely of islands), formerly Dinghai 定海

724 | 虎 虎 虎 虎 虎 虎 虎 虎

hū tiger

725 | 血 血 血 血 血 血 血 血

xuè blood; 血液 xuè yè blood; 心血 xīn xuè heart's blood, expenditure (for some project), meticulous care; 血管 xuè guǎn vein, artery, CL:根[gēn]

726 | 鸟 鸟 鸟 鸟 鸟 鸟 鸟 鸟

niǎo bird; 鸟巢 niǎo cháo bird's nest, nickname for Beijing 2008 Olympic stadium; 候鸟 hòu niǎo migratory bird; 鸟类 niǎo lèi birds

727 | 西 西 西 西 西 西 西 西

yà cover

728 | 羽 羽 羽 羽 羽 羽 羽 羽

yǔ feather, plume, wings; 羽毛 yǔ máo feather, plumage, plume; 羽毛球 yǔ máo qiú shuttlecock, badminton, CL:个[gè]; 羽绒 yǔ róng down (soft feathers)

729 | 娶 娶 娶 娶 娶 娶 娶 娶

qǔ male weds female; 嫁娶 jià qǔ marriage; 迎娶 yíng qǔ (of a groom) to escort the bride to the wedding ceremony, fig. to take as one's wife, to marry; 娶媳妇 qǔ xí fù to get oneself a wife, to take a daughter-in-law

730 | 嫁 嫁 嫁 嫁 嫁 嫁 嫁 嫁

jià female weds male; 转嫁 zhuǎn jià to remarry (of widow), to pass on (blame, cost, obligation, unpleasant consequence etc), to transfer (blame, guilt), to pass the buck; 嫁接 jià jiē to graft (a branch to a rootstock); 出嫁 chū jià to get married (of woman)

731 | 植 植 植 植 植 植 植 植

zhí plant, trees, plants, grow; 种植 zhòng zhí plant, grow; 植物 zhí wù botanical, plant, vegetation, CL:种[zhǒng]; 移植 yí zhí to transplant

732 | 醒 醒 醒 醒 醒 醒 醒 醒

xǐng to wake up, to sober up, to startle; 提醒 tí xǐng to remind, to call attention to, to warn of; 清醒 qīng xǐng clear-headed, sober, awake; 醒目 xǐng mù eye-grabbing (headline), striking (illustration)

733 | 茉 茉 茉 茉 茉 茉 茉 茉

mò jasmine; 茉莉 mò lì jasmine; 茉莉花 mò li huā jasmine; 茉莉花茶 mò li huā chá jasmine tea

734 | 莉 莉 莉 莉 莉 莉 莉 莉

lì jasmine; 茉莉 mò lì jasmine; 茉莉花 mò li huā jasmine; 朱莉娅 zhū lì yà Julia (name)

735 | 辆 辆 辆 辆 辆 辆 辆 辆

liàng (# for vehicles); 车辆 chē liàng vehicle; 机动车辆 jī dòng chē liàng a motor vehicle; 装甲车辆 zhuāng jiǎ chē liàng armored vehicles

736 | 研 研 研 研 研 研 研 研

yán to grind; 研究 yán jiū research, a study, CL:项[xiàng]; 调研 diào yán to investigate and research, research, investigation; 科研 kē yán (scientific) research

737 | 究 究 究 究 究 究 究 究

jiū to investigate; 研究 yán jiū research, a study, CL:项[xiàng]; 追究 zhuī jiū to investigate, to look into; 研究所 yán jiū suǒ research institute, graduate studies, graduate school, CL:个[gè]

738 | 内 内 内 内 内 内 内 内

nèi inside, inner; 国内 guó nèi domestic, internal (to a country), civil; 内容 nèi róng content, substance, details, CL:个[gè], 项[xiàng]; 内部 nèi bù interior, inside (part, section), internal

739| 全 全 全 全 全 全 全

quán complete; 全国 quán guó entire country, nationwide; 安全 ān quán safe, secure, safety, security; 全面 quán miàn all-around, comprehensive, total, overall

740| 较 较 较 较 较 较 较

jiào to compare; 比较 bǐ jiào to compare, to contrast, comparatively, relatively, quite, comparison; 较大 jiào dà comparatively large; 较好 jiào hǎo preferably, rather or relatively good

741| 省 省 省 省 省 省 省

shěng, xǐng to save, to economize, province; 省委 shěng wěi provincial Party committee; 全省 quán shěng the whole province; 广东省 guǎng dōng shěng Guangdong province (Kwangtung) in south China, abbr. 粤, capital Guangzhou 广州

742| 由 由 由 由 由 由 由

yóu from, out of, by; 由于 yóu yú due to, as a result of, thanks to, owing to, since, because; 自由 zì yóu freedom, free, liberty, CL: 个[gè]; 理由 lǐ yóu reason, grounds, justification, CL: 个[gè]

743| 处 处 处 处 处 处 处

chù, chǔ place; 处理 chǔ lǐ to handle, to treat, to deal with, to process, CL: 个[gè]; 处于 chǔ yú to be in (some state, position, or condition); 查处 chá chǔ to investigate and take care of

744| 拉 拉 拉 拉 拉 拉 拉

là, lā to leave behind; 伊拉克 yī lā kè Iraq; 阿拉 ā lā I, we, me, us; 拉萨 lā sà Lhasa, capital city of Tibet autonomous region 西藏自治区

745| 柯 柯 柯 柯 柯 柯 柯

kē handle of an axe, stem, surname; 柯达 kē dá Kodak (brand, US film company), full name Eastman Kodak Company 伊士曼柯达公司[yī shì màn kē dá gōng sī]; 柯尔克孜 kē ěr kè zī Kyrgyz ethnic group of Xinjiang; 柯西 kē xī Augustin-Louis Cauchy (1789-1857), French mathematician

746| 林 林 林 林 林 林 林

lín forest, grove, surname; 吉林 jí lín Jilin province (Kirin) in northeast China, abbr. 吉, capital 长春, also Jilin prefecture level city, Jilin province; 林业 lín yè forest industry, forestry; 森林 sēn lín forest, CL: 片[piàn]

747| 衷 衷 衷 衷 衷 衷 衷

zhōng inner feelings; 初衷 chū zhōng original intention or aspiration; 热衷 rè zhōng to feel strongly about, to be fond of, obsession, deep commitment; 衷心 zhōng xīn heartfelt, wholehearted, cordial

748| 屋 屋 屋 屋 屋 屋 屋

wū room, house; 房屋 fáng wū house, building, CL: 所[suǒ], 套[tào]; 屋顶 wū dǐng roof, CL: 个[gè]; 屋子 wū zi house, room, CL: 间[jiān]

749 | 摆 摆 摆 摆 摆 摆

bǎi to put, to place; 摆脱 bǎi tuō to break away from, to cast off (old ideas etc), to get rid of, to break away (from), to break out (of), to free oneself from, to extricate oneself; 摆放 bǎi fàng to set up, to arrange, to lay out; 摆出 bǎi chū to assume, to adopt (a look, pose, manner etc), to bring out for display

750 | 毯 毯 毯 毯 毯 毯 毯

tǎn blanket; 地毯 dì tǎn carpet, rug; 红地毯 hóng dì tǎn red carpet; 红毯 hóng tǎn red carpet

751 | 柜 柜 柜 柜 柜 柜 柜

guì cupboard, cabinet; 柜台 guì tái sales counter, front desk, bar; 衣柜 yī guì wardrobe, armoire, CL:个[gè]; 柜子 guì zi cupboard, cabinet

752 | 挂 挂 挂 挂 挂 挂 挂

guà to hang, to hang up; 挂牌 guà pái lit. to hang up a plate, to open up for business, listed (on stock market); 挂钩 guà gōu hook (on which to hang sth), to couple, to link together, to establish contact with, hook, coupling links (e.g. between two railway coaches); 挂职 guà zhí temporary assignment to a Chinese government or CPC post

753 | 调 调 调 调 调 调 调

tiáo, diào to regulate; 调查 diào chá investigation, inquiry, to investigate, to survey, survey, (opinion) poll, CL:项[xiàng], 个[gè]; 调整 tiáo zhěng adjustment, revision, CL:个[gè]; 强调 qiáng diào to emphasize (a statement), to stress

754 | 栋 栋 栋 栋 栋 栋 栋

dòng (# for buildings); 栋梁 dòng liáng ridgepole, ridgepole and beams, person able to bear heavy responsibility, mainstay (of organization), pillar (of state); 独栋 dú dòng (of a building) detached; 吴作栋 wú zuò dòng Goh Chok Tong (1941-), Singapore businessman and politician, prime minister 1990-2004

755 | 旧 旧 旧 旧 旧 旧 旧

jiù (of things) old; 依旧 yī jiù as before, still; 仍旧 réng jiù still (remaining), to remain (the same), yet; 废旧 fèi jiù worn out, old fashioned and dilapidated

756 | 恐 恐 恐 恐 恐 恐 恐

kǒng to fear; 恐怖 kǒng bù terrible, frightful, frightening, terror, terrorist; 恐怕 kǒng pà fear, to dread, I'm afraid that..., perhaps, maybe; 反恐 fǎn kǒng anti-terrorism, to fight against terrorism

757 | 品 品 品 品 品 品 品

pǐn object, article; 产品 chǎn pǐn goods, merchandise, product, CL:个[gè]; 食品 shí pǐn foodstuff, food, provisions, CL:种 [zhǒng]; 品牌 pǐn pái brand name, trademark

758 | 层 层 层 层 层 层 层

céng (# for stories of a building); 基层 jī céng basic level, grass-roots unit, basement layer; 层次 céng cì arrangement of ideas, administrative level, level, stage, phase; 高层 gāo céng high level, high class

759 | 烘 烘 烘 烘 烘 烘 烘

hōng to bake; 烘托 hōng tuō background (of a painting), backdrop, a foil (to set off something to advantage), to offset (something to advantage); 烘干 hōng gān to dry over a stove; 烘烤 hōng kǎo to roast, to bake

760 | 般 般 般 般 般 般 般

bān kind, variety; 一般 yī bān same, ordinary, common, general, generally, in general; 一般来说 yī bān lái shuō generally speaking; 一般人 yī bān rén average person

761 | 急 急 急 急 急 急 急

jí urgent; 应急 yìng jí emergency, to respond to an emergency, to meet a contingency; 紧急 jǐn jí urgent, emergency; 急救 jí jiù first aid, emergency treatment

762 | 厌 厌 厌 厌 厌 厌 厌

yàn to loathe; 讨厌 tǎo yàn disgusting, troublesome, nuisance, nasty, to hate doing sth; 不厌 bù yàn not mind doing sth, not tire of, not object to; 厌倦 yàn juàn to be weary of, to be fed up with, tedious

763 | 留 留 留 留 留 留 留

liú to leave behind; 留下 liú xià to leave behind, to stay behind, to remain, to keep, not to let go (sb); 留学 liú xué to study abroad; 留言 liú yán to leave a message, to leave one's comments, message

764 | 鸡 鸡 鸡 鸡 鸡 鸡 鸡

jī chicken, 10th zodiac; 鸡蛋 jī dàn (chicken) egg, hen's egg, CL:个[gè],打[dá]; 宝鸡 bǎo jī Bǎojī prefecture level city in Shǎnxī 陕西, called Chencang 陈仓 in ancient times; 金鸡 jīn jī Golden Cockerel (mythology), Golden chicken, 2002 Hong Kong movie

765 | 蒸 蒸 蒸 蒸 蒸 蒸 蒸

zhēng to steam; 蒸发 zhēng fā to evaporate, evaporation; 蒸汽 zhēng qì steam; 蒸蒸日上 zhēng zhēng rì shàng becoming more prosperous with each passing day

766 | 芥 芥 芥 芥 芥 芥 芥

jiè mustard greens; 芥蒂 jiè dì an obstruction, barrier, ill-feeling, grudge; 芥菜 jiè cài mustard (Brassica juncea); 芥末 jiè mò mustard, wasabi

767 | 兰 兰 兰 兰 兰 兰 兰

lán orchid; 兰州 lán zhōu Lanzhou prefecture level city and capital of Gansu province 甘肃[gān sù]; 荷兰 hé lán Holland, the Netherlands; 乌克兰 wū kè lán Ukraine

768 | 嫩 嫩 嫩 嫩 嫩 嫩 嫩

nèn tender; 黎巴嫩 lí bā nèn Lebanon; 稚嫩 zhì nèn young and tender, puerile, soft and immature; 嫩江 nèn jiāng Nenjiang county in Heihe 黑河[hēi hé], Heilongjiang

769 | 菠 菠 菠 菠 菠 菠 菠 菠

bō (component in spinach); 菠菜 bō cài spinach, CL:棵[kē]; 菠萝 bō luó pineapple; 菠萝蜜 bō luó mì jackfruit

770 | 鲜 鲜 鲜 鲜 鲜 鲜 鲜 鲜

xiān fresh; 朝鲜 cháo xiǎn Korean Joseon or Chosun dynasty 1392-1910, North Korea, Korea as geographic term; 鲜明 xiān míng bright, clear-cut, distinct; 新鲜 xīn xiān fresh (experience, food etc), freshness

771 | 淡 淡 淡 淡 淡 淡 淡 淡

dàn light in flavor or color; 淡水 dàn shuǐ Tanshui town in Taipei county 台北县[tái běi xiàn], Taiwan; 淡化 dàn huà to water down, to play down, to trivialize, to weaken, to become dull with time, to desalinate, desalination; 平淡 píng dàn flat, dull, ordinary, nothing special

772 | 咸 咸 咸 咸 咸 咸 咸 咸

xián salty; 咸阳 xián yáng Xiányáng prefecture level city in Shǎnxī 陕西; 咸阳市 xián yáng shì Xiányáng prefecture level city in Shǎnxī 陕西; 咸宁 xián níng Xianning prefecture level city in Hubei

773 | 油 油 油 油 油 油 油 油

yóu oil, oily, greasy; 石油 shí yóu oil, petroleum; 油价 yóu jià oil (petroleum) price; 原油 yuán yóu crude oil

774 | 巾 巾 巾 巾 巾 巾 巾 巾

jīn towel, scarf, kerchief, turban; 毛巾 máo jīn towel, CL:条[tiáo]; 巾帼 jīn guó woman, woman's headdress (ancient); 围巾 wéi jīn scarf, shawl, CL:条[tiáo]

775 | 流 流 流 流 流 流 流 流

liú to flow, class, level, rank, category; 交流 jiāo liú exchange, give-and-take, to exchange, to alternate, communication, alternating current (electricity); 流动 liú dòng to flow, to circulate, to go from place to place, to be mobile, (of assets) liquid; 流感 liú gǎn flu, influenza

776 | 虑 虑 虑 虑 虑 虑 虑 虑

lǜ to worry, worry; 考虑 kǎo lǜ to think over, to consider, consideration; 忧虑 yōu lǜ to worry, anxiety (about); 充分考虑 chōng fèn kǎo lǜ to give sufficient consideration to

777 | 主 主 主 主 主 主 主 主

zhǔ, zhú main, chief; 主义 zhǔ yì -ism, ideology; 主要 zhǔ yào main, principal, major, primary; 社会主义 shè huì zhǔ yì socialism

778 | 丽 丽 丽 丽 丽 丽 丽 丽

lì beautiful; 美丽 měi lì beautiful; 华丽 huá lì gorgeous; 丽江 lì jiāng Lijiang prefecture level city in northwest Yunnan

779 | 莎 莎 莎 莎 莎 莎 莎 莎

shā sedge grass; 伊丽莎白 yī lì shā bái Elizabeth (person name); 莎拉 shā lā Sara or Sarah (name); 莎士比亚 shā shì bǐ yà Shakespeare (name), William Shakespeare (1564-1616), poet and playwright

780 梅 梅 梅 梅 梅 梅 梅 梅

méi plum; 梅德韦杰夫 méi dé wéi jié fū Medvedev (name), Dmitry Anatolyevich Medvedev (1965-), Russian lawyer and politician, President of Russian Federation from 2008; 梅兰芳 méi lán fāng Mei Lanfang (1894-1961), famous master of Beijing opera, specialist in female roles; 梅花 méi huā plum blossom, clubs ♣ (a suit in card games), wintersweet (topolect)

781 川 川 川 川 川 川 川 川

chuān river; 四川 sì chuān Sichuan province (Szechuan) in southwest China, abbr. 川 or 蜀, capital Chengdu 成都; 四川省 sì chuān shěng Sichuan province (Szechuan) in southwest China, abbr. 川 or 蜀, capital Chengdu 成都; 汶川 wèn chuān Wenchuan county (Tibetan: wun khron rdzong) in Ngawa Tibetan and Qiang autonomous prefecture 阿坝藏族羌族自治州 [ā bà zàng zú qiāng zú zì zhì zhōu], northwest Sichuan

782 湖 湖 湖 湖 湖 湖 湖 湖

hú lake; 湖南 hú nán Hunan province in south central China, abbr. 湘, capital Changsha 长沙 [cháng shā]; 湖北 hú běi Hubei province (Hupeh) in central China, abbr. 鄂, capital Wuhan 武汉; 湖南省 hú nán shěng Hunan province in south central China, abbr. 湘, capital Changsha 长沙

783 杭 杭 杭 杭 杭 杭 杭 杭

háng to cross stream, to navigate; 杭州 háng zhōu Hangzhou subprovincial city and capital of Zhejiang province in southeast China; 杭州市 háng zhōu shì Hangzhou subprovincial city and capital of Zhejiang province in southeast China; 上杭 shàng háng Shanghang county level city in Longyan 龙岩, Fujian

784 各 各 各 各 各 各 各 各

gè each, individually, every, all; 各种 gè zhǒng every kind of, all kinds of, various kinds; 各地 gè dì in all parts of (a country), various regions; 各级 gè jí all levels

785 姜 姜 姜 姜 姜 姜 姜 姜
姜 姜 薑

jiāng ginger, surname; 姜文 jiāng wén Jiang Wen, sixth generation Chinese movie director; 生姜 shēng jiāng fresh ginger; 姜堰 jiāng yàn Jiangyan county level city in Taizhou 泰州 [tài zhōu], Jiangsu

786 蒜 蒜 蒜 蒜 蒜 蒜 蒜 蒜

suàn garlic; 大蒜 dà suàn garlic; 鸡毛蒜皮 jī máo suàn pí chicken feather, garlic skin (idiom); trivial matter, kitchen trash; 蒜薹 suàn tái garlic shoots (cookery)

787 芒 芒 芒 芒 芒 芒 芒 芒

máng (component in mango); 光芒 guāng máng rays of light, brilliant rays, radiance; 锋芒 fēng máng tip (of pencil, spear etc), sharp point, cutting edge, spearhead, vanguard; 芒果 máng guǒ mango

788 恤 恤 恤 恤 恤 恤 恤 恤

xù to pity; 抚恤金 fǔ xù jīn compensation payment (for injury), relief payment; 体恤 tǐ xù to empathize with, to show solicitude for, T-shirt (loanword); 体恤衫 tǐ xù shān T-shirt, CL: 件 [jiàn]

789| 仔 仔 仔 仔 仔 仔 仔

zǎi boy, child; 仔细 zǐ xì careful, attentive, cautious; 牛仔 niú zǎi cowboy; 牛仔裤 niú zǎi kù jeans, CL:条[tiáo], also written 牛崽裤

790| 无 无 无 无 无 无 无

wú no, none; 无法 wú fǎ unable, incapable; 无论 wú lùn no matter what or how, regardless of whether...; 无疑 wú yí no doubt, undoubtedly

791| 论 论 论 论 论 论 论

lùn theory, to discuss; 理论 lǐ lùn theory, CL:个[gè]; 讨论 tāo lùn to discuss, to talk over, CL:个[gè]; 无论 wú lùn no matter what or how, regardless of whether...

792| 需 需 需 需 需 需 需

xū to need; 需要 xū yào to need, to want, to demand, to require, requirement, need; 需求 xū qiú requirement, demand (economics); 内需 nèi xū domestic demand

793| 牙 牙 牙 牙 牙 牙 牙

yá tooth; 西班牙 xī bān yá Spain; 牙膏 yá gāo toothpaste, CL:管[guǎn]; 葡萄牙 pú táo yá Portugal

794| 膏 膏 膏 膏 膏 膏 膏

gāo paste; 牙膏 yá gāo toothpaste, CL:管[guǎn]; 石膏 shí gāo gypsum CaSO4·2(H2O), plaster; 膏药 gāo yao herbal plaster applied to a wound

795| 粉 粉 粉 粉 粉 粉 粉

fěn powder; 奶粉 nǎi fěn powdered milk; 粉丝 fěn sī bean vermicelli, mung bean starch noodles, Chinese vermicelli, cellophane noodles, CL:把[bǎ], fan (loanword), enthusiast for sb or sth; 粉碎 fěn suì crash, break up

796| 于 于 于 于 于 于 于

yú at, in, to, from, by, than, out of, towards; 对于 duì yú regarding, as far as sth is concerned, with regards to; 由于 yóu yú due to, as a result of, thanks to, owing to, since, because; 关于 guān yú pertaining to, concerning, regarding, with regards to, about, a matter of, also written 关于

797| 购 购 购 购 购 购 购

gòu to purchase; 购买 gòu mǎi to purchase, to buy; 收购 shōu gòu to purchase (from various places), to acquire (a company); 采购 cǎi gòu to procure (for an enterprise etc), to purchase

798| 价 价 价 价 价 价 价

jià price; 价格 jià gé price, CL:个[gè]; 价值 jià zhí value, worth, fig. values (ethical, cultural etc), CL:个[gè]; 房价 fáng jià house price, cost of housing

799| 纯 纯 纯 纯 纯 纯 纯

chún pure; 单纯 dān chún simple, pure, alone, merely; 纯粹 chún cuì purely; 纯属 chún shǔ to be purely, pure and simple, sheer, outright

800| 棉 棉 棉 棉 棉 棉 棉

mián cotton; 棉花 mián huā cotton; 棉被 mián bèi comforter, quilt, CL:条[tiáo],面[miàn]; 棉衣 mián yī cotton-padded clothes, CL:件[jiàn]

801| 髦 髦 髦 髦 髦 髦 髦

máo children's bangs; 时髦 shí máo in vogue, fashionable; 赶时髦 gǎn shí máo to keep up with the latest fashion

802| 质 质 质 质 质 质 质

zhì quality; 质量 zhì liàng quality, mass (in physics), CL:个[gè]; 素质 sù zhì inner quality, basic essence, change over time; 物质 wù zhì matter, substance, material, materialistic, CL:个[gè]

803| 量 量 量 量 量 量 量

liàng quality; 质量 zhì liàng quality, mass (in physics), CL:个[gè]; 大量 dà liàng great amount, large quantity, bulk, numerous, generous, magnanimous; 力量 lì liang power, force, strength

804| 必 必 必 必 必 必 必

bì must; 必须 bì xū to have to, must, compulsory, necessarily; 必要 bì yào necessary, essential, indispensable, required; 必然 bì rán inevitable, certain, necessity

805| 标 标 标 标 标 标 标

biāo mark; 标准 biāo zhǔn (an official) standard, norm, criterion, CL:个[gè]; 目标 mù biāo target, goal, objective, CL:个[gè]; 指标 zhǐ biāo norm, index, target

806| 廉 廉 廉 廉 廉 廉 廉

lián cheap, inexpensive; 廉政 lián zhèng honest or clean politics; 廉洁 lián jié honest, not coercive, honesty, integrity, incorruptible; 廉价 lián jià cheaply-priced

807| 乎 乎 乎 乎 乎 乎 乎

hū in, at; 几乎 jī hū almost, nearly, practically; 似乎 sì hū apparently, to seem, to appear, as if, seemingly; 几乎没有 jī hū méi yǒu scarcely, hardly any

808| 贫 贫 贫 贫 贫 贫 贫

pín poor, annoyingly wordy or glib; 贫困 pín kùn impoverished, poverty; 扶贫 fú pín assistance to the poor, poverty alleviation; 贫富 pín fù poor and rich

809| 咱 咱 咱 咱 咱 咱 咱

zán wǒ; 咱们 zán men see 咱们[zán men]; 咱家 zán jiā I, our, my home, our house; 咱俩 zán liǎ the two of us

810 税 税 税 税 税 税 税 税

shuì tax; 税收 shuì shōu taxation; 纳税 nà shuì to pay taxes; 所得税 suǒ dé shuì income tax

811 妳 妳 妳 妳 妳 妳 妳 妳

nǐ you

812 选 选 选 选 选 选 选 选

xuǎn to choose; 选择 xuǎn zé to select, to pick, choice, option, alternative; 选举 xuǎn jǔ to elect, election, CL:次[cì],个[gè]; 选拔 xuǎn bá to select the best

813 世 世 世 世 世 世 世 世

shì world; 世界 shì jiè world, CL:个[gè]; 世纪 shì jì century, CL:个[gè]; 世博 shì bó abbr. for 世界博览会[shì jiè bó lǎn huì], World Expo

814 界 界 界 界 界 界 界 界

jiè realm; 世界 shì jiè world, CL:个[gè]; 各界 gè jiè all walks of life, all social circles; 全世界 quán shì jiè worldwide, entire world

815 历 历 历 历 历 历 历 历

lì to experience, experience; 历史 lì shǐ history, CL:门[mén],段[duàn]; 经历 jīng lì experience, CL:个[gè],次[cì], to experience, to go through; 学历 xué lì educational background, academic qualifications

816 史 史 史 史 史 史 史 史

shǐ history; 历史 lì shǐ history, CL:门[mén],段[duàn]; 史上 shǐ shàng in history; 历史上 lì shǐ shàng historical, in history

817 其 其 其 其 其 其 其 其

qí (3rd person possessive pronoun, classical Chinese); 其中 qí zhōng among, in, included among these; 其他 qí tā other, the others, else, other than (that person), in addition to the person mentioned above; 其实 qí shí actually, in fact, really

818 章 章 章 章 章 章 章 章

zhāng essay, article; 文章 wén zhāng article, essay, literary works, writings, hidden meaning, CL:篇[piān],段[duàn],页[yè]; 规章 guī zhāng rule, regulation; 党章 dǎng zhāng party constitution

819 轻 轻 轻 轻 轻 轻 轻 轻

qīng light, easy, gentle, soft; 年轻 nián qīng young; 年轻人 nián qīng rén young people; 减轻 jiǎn qīng to lighten, to ease, to alleviate

820 松 松 松 松 松 松 松 松

sōng loose, relaxed; 轻松 qīng sōng gentle, relaxed; 放松 fàng sōng to loosen, to relax; 宽松 kuān sōng to relax (policy),

relaxed

821 指 指 指 指 指 指 指

zhǐ finger, to point; 指出 zhǐ chū to indicate, to point out; 指导 zhǐ dǎo to guide, to give directions, to direct, to coach, guidance, tuition, CL:个[gè]; 指挥 zhǐ huī to conduct, to command, to direct, conductor (of an orchestra), CL:个[gè]

822 授 授 授 授 授 授 授

shòu to give; 教授 jiào shòu professor, to instruct, to lecture on, CL:个[gè],位[wèi]; 授权 shòu quán to authorize; 授予 shòu yǔ to award, to confer

823 讨 讨 讨 讨 讨 讨 讨

tǎo to demand, to ask (for something) back; 讨论 tāo lùn to discuss, to talk over, CL:个[gè]; 研讨 yán tāo discussion; 探讨 tàn tāo to investigate, to probe

824 碰 碰 碰 碰 碰 碰 碰

pèng to touch; 碰到 pèng dào to come across, to run into, to meet, to hit; 碰撞 pèng zhuàng to collide, collision; 碰壁 pèng bì to hit a wall, fig. to run up against a snag

825 肯 肯 肯 肯 肯 肯 肯

kěn to agree, to be willing to; 肯定 kěn dìng to be sure, to be certain, sure, certain, definite, to confirm, to affirm, affirmative, to approve, approval, recognition; 肯德基 kěn dé jī KFC, Kentucky Fried Chicken; 肯尼亚 kěn ní yà Kenya

826 至 至 至 至 至 至 至

zhì to reach; 甚至 shèn zhì even, so much so that; 截至 jié zhì up to (a time), by (a time); 至今 zhì jīn so far, to this day, until now

827 毕 毕 毕 毕 毕 毕 毕

bì to finish; 毕业 bì yè graduation, to graduate, to finish school; 毕业生 bì yè shēng graduate; 毕竟 bì jìng after all, all in all, when all is said and done, in the final analysis

828 济 济 济 济 济 济 济

jì to provide relief, to help; 经济 jīng jì economy, economic; 经济发展 jīng jì fā zhǎn economic development; 经济增长 jīng jì zēng zhǎng economic growth

829 决 决 决 决 决 决 决

jué to decide; 解决 jiě jué to settle (a dispute), to resolve, to solve; 决定 jué dìng to decide (to do something), to resolve, decision, CL:个[gè],项[xiàng], certainly; 决策 jué cè strategic decision, decision-making, policy decision, to determine policy

830 解 解 解 解 解 解 解

jiě to untie, to resolve; 解决 jiě jué to settle (a dispute), to resolve, to solve; 了解 liǎo jiě to understand, to realize, to find out; 解放 jiě fàng to liberate, to emancipate, liberation, refers to the Communists' victory over the Nationalists in 1949, CL:次[cì]

831 | 管 管 管 管 管 管 管

guǎn to control, to manage, to mind, to care about; 管理 guǎn lǐ to supervise, to manage, to administer, management, administration, CL:个[gè]; 监管 jiān guǎn to oversee, to take charge of, to supervise, to administer, supervisory, supervision; 尽管 jǐn guǎn despite, although, even though, in spite of, unhesitatingly, do not hesitate (to ask, complain etc), (go ahead and do it) without hesitating

832 | 谈 谈 谈 谈 谈 谈 谈

tán to talk, to discuss; 谈判 tán pàn to negotiate, negotiation, talks, conference, CL:个[gè]; 座谈 zuò tán to have an informal discussion, CL:次[cì], 个[gè]; 谈到 tán dào to refer to, to speak about, to talk about

833 | 科 科 科 科 科 科 科

kē, kè branch of academic or vocational study; 科学 kē xué science, scientific knowledge, scientific, CL:门[mén], 个[gè], 种[zhǒng]; 科技 kē jì science and technology; 科研 kē yán (scientific) research

834 | 将 将 将 将 将 将 将

jiāng will, shall; 将会 jiāng huì auxiliary verb introducing future action: may (be able to), will (cause), should (enable), going to; 即将 jí jiāng on the eve of, to be about to, to be on the verge of; 将来 jiāng lái in the future, future, the future, CL:个[gè]

835 | 赚 赚 赚 赚 赚 赚 赚

zhuàn to profit; 赚钱 zhuàn qián to earn money, money making; 赚取 zhuàn qǔ to make a profit, to earn a packet; 赚得 zhuàn dé to earn

836 | 融 融 融 融 融 融 融

róng to melt; 金融 jīn róng banking, finance, financial; 金融危机 jīn róng wēi jī financial crisis; 融资 róng zī financing

837 | 数 数 数 数 数 数 数

shù number; 数据 shù jù data, numbers, digital; 多数 duō shù majority, most; 数量 shù liàng amount, quantity, CL:个[gè], quantitative

838 | 交 交 交 交 交 交 交

jiāo to intersect, to crisscross; 交通 jiāo tōng to be connected, traffic, communications, liaison; 交易 jiāo yì (business) transaction, business deal, CL:笔[bǐ]; 交流 jiāo liú exchange, give-and-take, to exchange, to alternate, communication, alternating current (electricity)

839 | 哲 哲 哲 哲 哲 哲 哲

zhé wise; 哲学 zhé xué philosophy, CL:个[gè]; 哲学家 zhé xué jiā philosopher; 哲理 zhé lǐ philosophic theory, philosophy

840 | 申 申 申 申 申 申 申

shēn to appeal; 申请 shēn qǐng to apply for sth, application (form etc), CL:份[fèn]; 申报 shēn bào to report (to the authorities), to declare (to customs); 重申 chóng shēn to reaffirm, to reiterate

841 | 建 建 建 建 建 建 建

jiàn to construct; 建设 jiàn shè to build, to construct, construction, constructive; 建立 jiàn lì to establish, to set up, to found; 建议 jiàn yì to propose, to suggest, to recommend, proposal, suggestion, recommendation, CL:个[gè],点[diǎn]

842 | 议 议 议 议 议 议 议

yì to discuss, to deliberate; 会议 huì yì meeting, conference, CL:场[chǎng],届[jiè]; 建议 jiàn yì to propose, to suggest, to recommend, proposal, suggestion, recommendation, CL:个[gè],点[diǎn]; 协议 xié yì agreement, pact, protocol, CL:项[xiàng]

843 | 验 验 验 验 验 验 验

yàn to test; 经验 jīng yàn to experience, experience; 检验 jiǎn yàn to inspect, to examine, to test; 试验 shì yàn experiment, test, experimental, CL:次[cì],个[gè]

844 | 伸 伸 伸 伸 伸 伸 伸

shēn to extend, to stretch out, to open up, to trust; 延伸 yán shēn to extend, to spread; 伸出 shēn chū to extend; 伸手 shēn shǒu to hold out a hand, to ask for sth

845 | 泰 泰 泰 泰 泰 泰 泰

tài safe, peaceful, most, Thai, grand; 泰国 tài guó Thailand, Thai; 泰山 tài shān Mt Tai in Shandong, eastern of the Five Sacred Mountains 五岳, Taishan township in Taipei county 台北县[tái běi xiàn], Taiwan; 国泰 guó tài Cathay Pacific (Hong Kong airline)

846 | 宽 宽 宽 宽 宽 宽 宽

kuān lenient, wide, broad; 宽松 kuān sōng to relax (policy), relaxed; 宽带 kuān dài broadband; 放宽 fàng kuān to relax restrictions

847 | 窄 窄 窄 窄 窄 窄 窄

zhǎi narrow; 狭窄 xiá zhǎi narrow; 宽窄 kuān zhǎi width, breadth; 心胸狭窄 xīn xiōng xiá zhǎi narrow-minded (idiom); petty, ungenerous

848 | 亿 亿 亿 亿 亿 亿 亿

yì hundred million; 亿万 yì wàn millions and millions; 千亿 qiān yì myriads, hundred billion; 十亿 shí yì one billion, giga-

849 | 兆 兆 兆 兆 兆 兆 兆

zhào omen, to foretell, million, mega-, trillion, tera-, billion (old); 兆瓦 zhào wǎ megawatt; 征兆 zhēng zhào omen, sign (that sth is about to happen), warning sign; 前兆 qián zhào omen, to foreshadow

850 | 咬 咬 咬 咬 咬 咬 咬

yǎo to bite, to nip; 咬牙 yǎo yá to clench one's teeth, to grind the teeth, gnaw; 咬伤 yǎo shāng bite (e.g. snake bite, mosquito bite); 叮咬 dīng yǎo sting, bite (of insect)

851 | 闹 闹 闹 闹 闹 闹 闹

nào noisy, to suffer from, to be troubled by, to make a noise; 热闹 rè nao bustling with noise and excitement, lively; 闹事 nào shì to cause trouble, to create a disturbance; 闹剧 nào jù farce, CL:场[chǎng],出[chū],幕[mù]

852 扭 扭 扭 扭 扭 扭 扭 扭

niǔ, niu to twist; 扭转 niǔ zhuǎn to reverse, to turn around (an undesirable situation); 扭曲 niǔ qū to twist, to warp, to distort; 扭亏 niǔ kuī to make good a deficit, to reverse a loss

853 性 性 性 性 性 性 性 性

xìng essence, quality; 女性 nǚ xìng woman, the female sex; 性质 xìng zhì nature, characteristic, CL:个[gè]; 理性 lǐ xìng reason, rationality, rational

854 格 格 格 格 格 格 格 格

gé format, standard; 价格 jià gé price, CL:个[gè]; 严格 yán gé strict, stringent, tight, rigorous; 资格 zī gé qualifications

855 朗 朗 朗 朗 朗 朗 朗 朗

lǎng sunny, bright; 伊朗 yī lǎng Iran; 布朗 bù lǎng Brown (name), Gordon Brown (1951-), UK politician, prime minister 2007-2010; 明朗 míng lǎng bright, clear, obvious, forthright, open-minded, bright and cheerful

856 迷 迷 迷 迷 迷 迷 迷 迷

mí fan, to be infatuated with; 球迷 qiú mí soccer fan, crazy about ball sports, CL:个[gè]; 低迷 dī mí depression (esp. economic); 迷信 mí xìn superstition, to have a superstitious belief (in sth)

857 相 相 相 相 相 相 相 相

xiāng, xiàng mutual; 相关 xiāng guān interrelated, correlation, dependence, relevance, mutuality; 相当 xiāng dāng equivalent to, appropriate, considerably, to a certain extent, fairly, quite; 相对 xiāng duì relatively, opposite, to resist, to oppose, relative, vis-a-vis, counterpart

858 之 之 之 之 之 之 之 之

zhī (possessive pronoun, counterpart of de, classical Chinese); 之后 zhī hòu afterwards, following, later, after; 之间 zhī jiān between, among, inter-; 之一 zhī yī one of (sth), one out of a multitude, one (third, quarter, percent etc)

859 底 底 底 底 底 底 底 底

dǐ bottom; 年底 nián dǐ the end of the year, year-end; 到底 dào dǐ finally, in the end, when all is said and done, after all, to the end, to the last; 月底 yuè dǐ end of the month

860 背 背 背 背 背 背 背 背

bèi back; 背景 bèi jǐng background, backdrop, context, CL:种[zhǒng]; 背后 bèi hòu behind, at the back, in the rear, behind sb's back; 违背 wéi bèi to violate, to be contrary to

861 景 景 景 景 景 景 景 景

jǐng scene, scenery; 背景 bèi jǐng background, backdrop, context, CL:种[zhǒng]; 前景 qián jǐng foreground, vista, (future) prospects, perspective; 景区 jǐng qū scenic area

862 根 根 根 根 根 根 根

gēn root; 根据 gēn jù according to, based on, basis, foundation, CL:个[gè]; 根本 gēn běn fundamental, basic, root, simply, absolutely (not), (not) at all, CL:个[gè]; 根据地 gēn jù dì base of operations

863 陪 陪 陪 陪 陪 陪 陪

péi to accompany; 陪同 péi tóng to accompany; 陪伴 péi bàn to accompany; 陪侍 péi shì to wait upon (older people), to accompany, attendant

864 答 答 答 答 答 答 答

dā, dá to reply; 回答 huí dá to reply, to answer, the answer, CL:个[gè]; 答案 dá àn answer, solution, CL:个[gè]; 答复 dá fù to answer, to reply, Reply to: (in email header)

865 吹 吹 吹 吹 吹 吹 吹

chuī to blow; 鼓吹 gǔ chuī to agitate for, to enthusiastically promote; 吹嘘 chuī xū to brag; 吹捧 chuī pěng to flatter, to laud sb's accomplishments, adulation

866 噢 噢 噢 噢 噢 噢 噢

ō oh
867 原 原 原 原 原 原 原
yuán original; 原因 yuán yīn cause, origin, root cause, reason, CL:个[gè]; 原则 yuán zé principle, doctrine, CL:个[gè]; 原来 yuán lái original, former, originally, formerly, at first, so... actually

868 虎 虎 虎 虎 虎 虎 虎

hǔ tiger, 3rd zodiac; 老虎 lǎo hǔ tiger, CL:只[zhī]; 雅虎 yǎ hǔ Yahoo, internet portal; 华南虎 huá nán hǔ South China Tiger

869 怪 怪 怪 怪 怪 怪 怪

guài strange, to blame; 奇怪 qí guài strange, odd, to marvel, to be baffled; 难怪 nán guài (it's) no wonder (that...), (it's) not surprising (that); 怪圈 guài quān vicious circle, (abnormal) phenomenon

870 情 情 情 情 情 情 情

qíng feeling, emotion; 情况 qíng kuàng circumstances, state of affairs, situation, CL:个[gè],种[zhǒng]; 事情 shì qíng affair, matter, thing, business, CL:件[jiàn],桩[zhuāng]; 情况下 qíng kuàng xià under (these) circumstances

871 停 停 停 停 停 停 停

tíng to stop; 停止 tíng zhǐ to stop, to halt, to cease; 停车 tíng chē to stop, to park; 不停 bù tíng incessant

872 歉 歉 歉 歉 歉 歉 歉

qiàn regret; 道歉 dào qiàn to apologize; 歉意 qiàn yì apology, regret; 致歉 zhì qiàn to apologize, to express regret

873 | 态 态 态 态 态 态 态

tài attitude, shape; 生态 shēng tài way of life, ecology; 态度 tài du manner, bearing, attitude, approach, CL:个[gè]; 状态 zhuàng tài state of affairs, state, mode, situation, CL:个[gè]

874 | 度 度 度 度 度 度 度

dù degree, capacity, standard, (# for degree of temperature, heat, hardness, humidity); 制度 zhì dù system (e.g. political, administrative etc), institution, CL:个[gè]; 高度 gāo dù height, altitude, elevation, high degree, highly, CL:个[gè]; 程度 chéng dù degree (level or extent), level, CL:个[gè]

875 | 句 句 句 句 句 句 句

jù sentence; 一句 yī jù a line of verse, a sentence; 一句话 yī jù huà in a word, in short; 换句话说 huàn jù huà shuō in other words

876 | 仇 仇 仇 仇 仇 仇 仇

chóu, qiú to hate, hatred, spouse, companion, surname; 仇恨 chóu hèn to hate, hatred, enmity, hostility; 复仇 fù chóu avenge, vengeance; 仇敌 chóu dí enemy

877 | 哈 哈 哈 哈 哈 哈 哈

hā (imitating laughter); 哈尔滨 hā ěr bīn Harbin, subprovincial city and capital of Heilongjiang province 黑龙江[hēi lóng jiāng] in northeast China; 哈哈 hā hā laughing out loud (onomatopoeia); 哈马斯 hā mǎ sī Hamas (radical Palestinian group)

878 | 丢 丢 丢 丢 丢 丢 丢

diū to lose; 丢失 diū shī to lose, lost; 丢掉 diū diào to lose, to throw away, to discard, to cast away; 丢弃 diū qì to discard, to abandon

879 | 钥 钥 钥 钥 钥 钥 钥

yào key; 钥匙 yào shi key, CL:把[bǎ]; 万能钥匙 wàn néng yào shi master key, skeleton key, passkey; 一把钥匙开一把锁 yī bǎ yào shi kāi yī bǎ suǒ One key opens one lock., There is a different solution for each problem. (idiom)

880 | 匙 匙 匙 匙 匙 匙 匙

shí, chí key, spoon; 钥匙 yào shi key, CL:把[bǎ]; 汤匙 tāng chí soup spoon, tablespoon, CL:把[bǎ]; 万能钥匙 wàn néng yào shi master key, skeleton key, passkey

881 | 络 络 络 络 络 络 络

luò net, nexus; 网络 wǎng luò Internet; 联络 lián luò communication, to get in touch with, to contact, connection (math.); 网络游戏 wǎng luò yóu xì online game, abbr. to 网游

882 | 闻 闻 闻 闻 闻 闻 闻

wén to hear; 新闻 xīn wén news, CL:条[tiáo], 个[gè]; 新闻发布会 xīn wén fā bù huì a news conference; 新闻发言人 xīn wén fā yán rén spokesman

883 | 资 资 资 资 资 资 资

zī money, capital; 投资 tóu zī investment, to invest; 资源 zī yuán Ziyuan county in Guilin 桂林[guì lín], Guangxi; 资金 zī jīn funds, funding, capital

884 | 戏 戏 戏 戏 戏 戏 戏

xì theatrical play, show; 游戏 yóu xì game, CL:场[chǎng], to play; 戏剧 xì jù drama, play, theater; 网络游戏 wǎng luò yóu xì online game, abbr. to 网游

885 | 博 博 博 博 博 博 博

bó wide, abundant; 世博 shì bó abbr. for 世界博览会[shì jiè bó lǎn huì], World Expo; 博士 bó shì doctor, court academician (in feudal China), Ph.D.; 博客 bó kè blog (loanword), weblog, blogger

886 | 甚 甚 甚 甚 甚 甚 甚 甚

shèn rather, very; 甚至 shèn zhì even, so much so that; 更有甚者 gèng yǒu shèn zhě furthermore (idiom); 甚至于 shèn zhì yú so much (that), even (to the extent that)

887 | 载 载 载 载 载 载 载

zǎi to carry; 载体 zài tǐ carrier (chemistry), vehicle or medium; 载人 zài rén manned; 记载 jì zǎi to write down, to record, written account

888 | 软 软 软 软 软 软 软

ruǎn soft, flexible; 软件 ruǎn jiàn (computer) software; 微软 wēi ruǎn Microsoft corporation; 软实力 ruǎn shí lì soft power (i.e. media influence, propaganda and cultural ties in lieu of military power)

889 | 结 结 结 结 结 结 结

jié to tie; 结果 jiē guǒ to bear fruit, CL:个[gè]; 结构 jié gòu structure, composition, makeup, architecture, CL:座[zuò], 个[gè]; 结合 jié hé to combine, to link, to integrate, binding, CL:次[cì]

890 | 版 版 版 版 版 版 版

bǎn edition; 出版 chū bǎn to publish, to come off the press, to put out; 出版社 chū bǎn shè publishing house; 版权 bǎn quán copyright

891 | 杂 杂 杂 杂 杂 杂 杂

zá mixed, miscellaneous; 复杂 fù zá complicated, complex; 杂志 zá zhì magazine, CL:本[běn], 份[fèn], 期[qī]; 杂交 zá jiāo a hybrid

892 | 志 志 志 志 志 志 志

zhì to record, record; 同志 tóng zhì comrade, homosexual (slang), CL:个[gè]; 志愿 zhì yuàn aspiration, ambition, to volunteer; 标志 biāo zhì sign, mark, symbol, to symbolize, to indicate, to mark

893 | 垃 垃 垃 垃 垃 垃 垃

lā (l., component of trash); 垃圾 lā jī trash, refuse, garbage, Taiwan pr. [lè sè]; 生活垃圾 shēng huó lā jī domestic garbage; 垃圾桶 lā jī tǒng rubbish bin, Taiwan pr. [lè sè tǒng]

894 | 圾 圾 圾 圾 圾 圾 圾

jī (j., component of trash); 垃圾 lā jī trash, refuse, garbage, Taiwan pr. [lè sè]; 生活垃圾 shēng huó lā jī domestic garbage; 垃圾桶 lā jī tǒng rubbish bin, Taiwan pr. [lè sè tǒng]

895 | 落 落 落 落 落 落 落

luò, là, lào to fall, to leave behind (alternative); 落实 luò shí practical, workable, to implement, to carry out, to decide; 落后 luò hòu to fall behind, to lag (in technology etc), backward, to retrogress; 回落 huí luò to fall back, to return to low level after a rise (in water level, price etc)

896 | 伍 伍 伍 伍 伍 伍 伍

wǔ troop, team; 队伍 duì wǔ ranks, troops, CL: 个[gè]; 入伍 rù wǔ to enter the army, to enlist; 退伍 tuì wǔ to retire from service

897 | 总 总 总 总 总 总 总

zǒng general, always, chief; 总理 zǒng lǐ premier, prime minister, CL: 个[gè], 位[wèi], 名[míng]; 总统 zǒng tǒng president (of a country), CL: 个[gè], 位[wèi], 名[míng], 届[jiè]; 总体 zǒng tǐ completely, totally, total, entire, overall, population (statistics)

898 | 迟 迟 迟 迟 迟 迟 迟

chí late; 推迟 tuī chí to postpone, to put off, to defer; 迟迟 chí chí late (with a task etc), slow; 迟到 chí dào to arrive late

899 | 害 害 害 害 害 害 害

hài to cause trouble, to do harm to; 灾害 zāi hài disastrous damage, scourge, CL: 个[gè]; 损害 sǔn hài harm, to damage, to impair; 危害 wēi hài to jeopardize, to harm, to endanger, CL: 个[gè]

900 | 敢 敢 敢 敢 敢 敢 敢

gǎn to dare; 不敢 ; 敢于 gǎn yú to have the courage to do sth, to dare to, bold in; 勇敢 yǒng gǎn brave, courageous

901 | 待 待 待 待 待 待 待

dāi, dài to stay; 待遇 dài yù treatment, pay, wages, status, salary; 期待 qī dài to look forward to, to await, expectation; 接待 jiē dài to receive (a visitor), to admit (allow sb to enter)

902 | 瘾 瘾 瘾 瘾 瘾 瘾 瘾

yǐn addiction; 网瘾 wǎng yǐn internet addiction, net addiction, web addiction; 成瘾 chéng yǐn to be addicted, addiction; 过瘾 guò yǐn to satisfy a craving, to get a kick out of sth, gratifying, immensely enjoyable, satisfying, fulfilling

903 | 严 严 严 严 严 严 严

yán serious, strict; 严重 yán zhòng grave, serious, severe, critical; 严格 yán gé strict, stringent, tight, rigorous; 严肃 yán sù

solemn, grave, serious, earnest, severe

904 代 代 代 代 代 代 代

dài era, generation, to replace, to substitute; 代表 dài biǎo representative, delegate, CL:位[wèi],个[gè],名[míng], to represent, to stand for, on behalf of, in the name of; 现代 xiàn dài Hyundai, South Korean company; 时代 shí dài age, era, epoch, period, CL:个[gè]

905 助 助 助 助 助 助 助

zhù to assist; 帮助 bāng zhù assistance, aid, to help, to assist; 救助 jiù zhù aid, to help sb in trouble; 补助 bǔ zhù (financial) subsidy, allowance

906 翻 翻 翻 翻 翻 翻 翻

fān to turn over; 翻译 fān yì to translate, to interpret, translator, interpreter, translation, interpretation, CL:个[gè],位[wèi],名[míng]; 推翻 tuī fān to overthrow; 翻天覆地 fān tiān fù dì sky and the earth turning upside down (idiom); fig. complete confusion, everything turned on its head

907 译 译 译 译 译 译 译

yì to translate; 翻译 fān yì to translate, to interpret, translator, interpreter, translation, interpretation, CL:个[gè],位[wèi],名[míng]; 译成 yì chéng to translate into (Chinese, English etc); 编译 biān yì to translate and edit

908 免 免 免 免 免 免 免

miǎn to exempt; 避免 bì miǎn to avert, to prevent, to avoid, to refrain from; 免费 miǎn fèi free (of charge); 减免 jiǎn miǎn to lower tax, to reduce duties

909 县 县 县 县 县 县 县

xiàn county, district, subdivision; 县级 xiàn jí county level; 县城 xiàn chéng county seat, county town; 县长 xiàn zhǎng county's head commissioner

910 页 页 页 页 页 页 页

yè page; 网页 wǎng yè web page; 页面 yè miàn page, web page; 首页 shǒu yè home page (of a website), title page, front page, first page, fig. beginning, cover letter

911 账 账 账 账 账 账 账

zhàng bill; 账户 zhàng hù bank account, online account; 账号 zhàng hào account, username; 账目 zhàng mù an item in accounts, an entry

912 入 入 入 入 入 入 入

rù to enter; 收入 shōu rù to take in, income, revenue, CL:笔[bǐ],个[gè]; 进入 jìn rù to enter, to join, to go into; 深入 shēn rù to penetrate deeply, thorough

913 供 供 供 供 供 供 供

gōng to provide, to support financially; 提供 tí gōng to offer, to supply, to provide, to furnish; 供应 gōng yìng to supply, to provide, to offer; 供给 gōng jǐ to furnish, to provide, supply (as in supply and demand)

914 | 良 良 良 良 良 良 良 良

liáng good, excellent; 良好 liáng hǎo good, favorable, well, fine; 不良 bù liáng bad, harmful, unhealthy; 优良 yōu liáng fine, good, first-rate

915 | 育 育 育 育 育 育 育 育

yù to cultivate, to educate; 教育 jiào yù to educate, to teach, education; 体育 tǐ yù sports, physical education; 教育部 jiào yù bù Ministry of Education

916 | 存 存 存 存 存 存 存 存

cún to save up, to deposit; 存在 cún zài to exist, to be, existence; 生存 shēng cún to exist, to survive; 存款 cún kuǎn to save money in a bank, bank deposit

917 | 断 断 断 断 断 断 断 断

duàn to break, broken; 不断 bù duàn unceasing, uninterrupted, continuous, constant; 垄断 lǒng duàn to enjoy market dominance, to monopolize; 判断 pàn duàn to decide, to determine, CL:个[gè]

918 | 挣 挣 挣 挣 挣 挣 挣 挣

zhèng to make money; 挣钱 zhèng qián to make money; 挣扎 zhēng zhá to struggle; 挣脱 zhèng tuō to throw off, to struggle free of

919 | 减 减 减 减 减 减 减 减

jiǎn to decrease; 减少 jiǎn shǎo to lessen, to decrease, to reduce, to lower; 减排 jiǎn pái to reduce emissions; 减轻 jiǎn qīng to lighten, to ease, to alleviate

920 | 负 负 负 负 负 负 负 负

fù to shoulder, to bear burden; 负责 fù zé to be in charge of, to take responsibility for, to be to blame, conscientious; 负责人 fù zé rén person in charge of sth; 负担 fù dān burden, to bear a burden

921 | 响 响 响 响 响 响 响 响

xiǎng loud; 影响 yǐng xiǎng an influence, an effect, to influence, to affect (usually adversely), to disturb, CL:股[gǔ]; 影响力 yǐng xiǎng lì influence, impact; 响应 xiǎng yìng respond to, answer, CL:个[gè]

922 | 庭 庭 庭 庭 庭 庭 庭 庭

tíng courtyard; 家庭 jiā tíng family, household, CL:户[hù],个[gè]; 法庭 fǎ tíng court of law; 庭审 tíng shěn court hearing

923 | 取 取 取 取 取 取 取 取

qǔ to obtain; 取得 qǔ dé to acquire, to get, to obtain; 采取 cǎi qǔ to adopt or carry out (measures, policies, course of action), to take; 取消 qǔ xiāo to cancel, cancellation

924 | 零 零 零 零 零 零 零 零

líng zero, nought, zero sign, fractional, fragmentary, odd (of numbers), (placed between two numbers to indicate a smaller quantity followed by a larger one), fraction, (in mathematics) remainder (after division), extra, to wither and fall, to wither; 零售 líng shòu to retail, to sell individually or in small quantities; 零部件 líng bù jiàn spare part, component; 零售商 líng shòu shāng retailer, shopkeeper, retail merchant

925 | 奖 奖 奖 奖 奖 奖 奖
獎 獎

jiǎng to reward, reward, award; 奖励 jiǎng lì to reward, reward (as encouragement); 奖金 jiǎng jīn premium, award money, a bonus; 获奖 huò jiǎng prize-winning

926 | 府 府 府 府 府 府 府

fǔ government office, official residence, mansion; 政府 zhèng fǔ government, CL:个[gè]; 市政府 shì zhèng fǔ city hall, city government; 人民政府 rén mín zhèng fǔ people's government

927 | 贷 贷 贷 贷 贷 贷 贷
貸 貸

dài loan, to loan; 贷款 dài kuǎn a loan, to provide a loan (e.g. bank), CL:笔[bǐ]; 信贷 xìn dài credit, borrowed money; 房贷 fáng dài home loan

928 | 款 款 款 款 款 款 款

kuǎn sum of money; 贷款 dài kuǎn a loan, to provide a loan (e.g. bank), CL:笔[bǐ]; 存款 cún kuǎn to save money in a bank, bank deposit; 罚款 fá kuǎn (impose a) fine, penalty, fine (monetary)

929 | 农 农 农 农 农 农 农
農 農

nóng agriculture; 农村 nóng cūn rural area, village, CL:个[gè]; 农民 nóng mín peasant, CL:个[gè]; 农业 nóng yè agriculture, farming

930 | 村 村 村 村 村 村 村

cūn village; 农村 nóng cūn rural area, village, CL:个[gè]; 村民 cūn mín villager; 乡村 xiāng cūn rustic, village, countryside

931 | 低 低 低 低 低 低 低

dī low; 降低 jiàng dī to reduce, to lower, to bring down; 低于 dī yú be lower than; 低收入 dī shōu rù low income

932 | 读 读 读 读 读 读 读
讀 讀

dú to read, to study; 读者 dú zhě reader, CL:个[gè]; 读书 dú shū to read a book, to study, to attend school; 阅读 yuè dú to read, reading

933 | 借 借 借 借 借 借 借

jiè to borrow, to lend; 借鉴 jiè jiàn to use other people's experience, to borrow from a source, to use as reference; 凭借 píng jiè to rely on, to depend on, by means of, thanks to, sth that one relies on; 借助 jiè zhù to draw support from, with the help of

934 | 嫌 嫌 嫌 嫌 嫌 嫌 嫌

xián to dislike, to mind, to complain of; 涉嫌 shè xián to be a suspect (in a crime); 嫌疑 xián yí suspicion, (be) suspected (of); 嫌疑人 xián yí rén a suspect

935 | 欠 欠 欠 欠 欠 欠 欠 欠

qiàn to owe; 拖欠 tuō qiàn in arrears, behind in payments, to default on one's debts; 欠薪 qiàn xīn to owe wages, back pay, wages arrears; 欠缺 qiàn quē lapse, deficiency

936 | 银 银 银 银 银 银 银 银

yín silver; 银行 yín háng bank, CL:家[jiā],个[gè]; 商业银行 shāng yè yín háng commercial bank; 银行业 yín háng yè banking

937 | 乖 乖 乖 乖 乖 乖 乖 乖

guāi (of children) obedient, well-behaved; 乖巧 guāi qiǎo clever (child), smart, lovable, cute; 乖张 guāi zhāng recalcitrant, unreasonable, peevish; 乖戾 guāi lì perverse (behavior), disagreeable (character)

938 | 撕 撕 撕 撕 撕 撕 撕 撕

sī to tear, to rip, buy cloth; 撕裂 sī liè to rip apart, to tear, laceration, rent; 撕毁 sī huǐ to tear up, to rip up, too shred; 撕破 sī pò to tear

939 | 移 移 移 移 移 移 移 移

yí to move; 移动 yí dòng to move, movement, migration, mobile, portable; 转移 zhuǎn yí to shift, to divert or distract (attention etc), to change, to transform, metastasis (medicine); 移民 yí mín to immigrate, to migrate, emigrant, immigrant

940 | 士 士 士 士 士 士 士 士

shì soldier, a professional or educated person; 人士 rén shì person, figure, public figure; 女士 nǚ shì lady, madam, CL:个[gè],位[wèi], Miss, Ms; 博士 bó shì doctor, court academician (in feudal China), Ph.D.

941 | 设 设 设 设 设 设 设 设

shè to set up; 建设 jiàn shè to build, to construct, construction, constructive; 设计 shè jì plan, design, to design, to plan, CL:个[gè]; 设施 shè shī facilities, installation

942 | 嫂 嫂 嫂 嫂 嫂 嫂 嫂 嫂

sǎo older brother's wife; 嫂子 sǎo zi (informal) older brother's wife, sister-in-law, CL:个[gè]; 大嫂 dà sǎo older brother's wife, sister-in-law, elder sister (respectful appellation for an older married woman); 嫂嫂 sǎo sǎo older brother's wife, sister-in-law, (polite address to a younger married woman) sister

943 | 硕 硕 硕 硕 硕 硕 硕 硕

shuò ample, big; 硕士 shuò shì master's degree, learned person; 硕士学位 shuò shì xué wèi master's degree (MSc); 丰硕 fēng shuò plentiful, substantial, rich (in resources etc)

944 | 婚 婚 婚 婚 婚 婚 婚 婚

hūn marriage, married; 结婚 jié hūn to marry, to get married, CL:次[cì]; 婚姻 hūn yīn matrimony, wedding, marriage, CL:次[cì]; 离婚 lí hūn to divorce, divorced from (one's spouse)

945 | 满 满 满 满 满 满 满 满

mǎn full; 满足 mǎn zú to satisfy, to meet (the needs of), satisfied, content; 满意 mǎn yì satisfied, pleased, to one's satisfaction; 充满 chōng mǎn full of, brimming with, very full, permeated

946 | 厉 厉 厉 厉 厉 厉 厉 厉

lì severe; 严厉 yán lì severe, strict; 严厉打击 yán lì dǎ jī to strike a severe blow, to crack down, to take strong measures; 厉害 lì hai difficult to deal with, difficult to endure, ferocious, radical, serious, terrible, violent, tremendous, awesome

947 | 侄 侄 侄 侄 侄 侄 侄 侄

zhí brother's son, nephew; 侄子 zhí zǐ brother's son or daughter, nephew; 侄女 zhí nǚ niece, brother's daughter; 侄孙 zhí sūn grandnephew

948 | 排 排 排 排 排 排 排 排

pái row, to line up, line, (# for rows); 安排 ān pái to arrange, to plan, to set up; 减排 jiǎn pái to reduce emissions; 排放 pái fàng emission, discharge, exhaust (gas etc)

949 | 钢 钢 钢 钢 钢 钢 钢 钢

gāng steel; 钢铁 gāng tiě steel; 钢材 gāng cái steel (as raw material), steel sheets, bars, tubes, ingots, wire etc; 宝钢 bǎo gāng Baosteel, China's largest steel maker

950 | 琴 琴 琴 琴 琴 琴 琴 琴

qín musical instrument; 钢琴 gāng qín piano, CL:架[jià],台[tái]; 提琴 tí qín violin family, CL:把[bǎ]; 小提琴 xiǎo tí qín fiddle, violin

951 | 画 画 画 画 画 画 画 画

huà to paint, painting; 画面 huà miàn scene, tableau, picture, image, screen (displayed by a computer), (motion picture) frame, field of view; 漫画 màn huà caricature, cartoon, Japanese manga; 动画 dòng huà animation, cartoon

952 | 怨 怨 怨 怨 怨 怨 怨 怨

yuàn to complain; 抱怨 bào yuàn to complain, to grumble; 埋怨 mán yuàn to complain, to grumble (about), to reproach, to blame; 怨言 yuàn yán complaint

953 | 童 童 童 童 童 童 童 童

tóng child; 儿童 ér tóng child, CL:个[gè]; 童年 tóng nián childhood; 童话 tóng huà children's fairy tales

954 | 尊 尊 尊 尊 尊 尊 尊 尊

zūn to respect; 尊重 zūn zhòng to esteem, to respect, to honor, to value, eminent, serious, proper; 尊严 zūn yán dignity, sanctity, honor, majesty; 尊敬 zūn jìng respect, to revere

955 | 择 择 择 择 择 择 择 择

zé to choose; 选择 xuǎn zé to select, to pick, choice, option, alternative; 抉择 jué zé to choose (literary); 选择性 xuǎn zé xìng selectiveness, selectivity

956 反 反 反 反 反 反 反

fǎn opposite; 反映 fǎn yǐng to mirror, to reflect, mirror image, reflection, fig. to report, to make known, to render, used erroneously for 反应, response or reaction; 反腐 fǎn fǔ anti-corruption; 反对 fǎn duì to fight against, to oppose, to be opposed to, opposition

957 并 并 并 并 并 并

bìng actually; 并不 bìng bù not at all, emphatically not; 并且 bìng qiě and, besides, moreover, furthermore, in addition; 并非 bìng fēi really isn't

958 龙 龙 龙 龙 龙 龙

lóng dragon, 5th zodiac; 龙江 lóng jiāng Longjiang county in Qiqihar 齐齐哈尔[qí qí hā ěr], Heilongjiang; 黑龙江 hēi lóng jiāng Heilongjiang province (Heilungkiang) in northeast China, abbr. 黑, capital Harbin 哈尔滨, Heilongjiang river forming the border between northeast China and Russia, Amur river; 龙头 lóng tóu faucet, water tap, bicycle handle bar, chief (esp. of gang), boss, decision maker, (market) leader (of companies), front end of mud-flow, figurehead on prow of dragon boat 龙船

959 凤 凤 凤 凤 凤 凤

fèng phoenix; 凤凰 fèng huáng Fenghuang county in Xiangxi Tujia and Miao autonomous prefecture 湘西土家族苗族自治州[xiāng xī tǔ jiā zú miáo zú zì zhì zhōu]; 凤阳 fèng yáng Fengyang county in Chuzhou 滁州[chú zhōu], Anhui; 凤山 fèng shān Fengshan county in Hezhou 贺州[hè zhōu], Guangxi, Fengshan city in Taiwan

960 番 番 番 番 番 番

fān (# for rounds, type or kind); 番茄 fān qié tomato; 番禺 pān yú Panyu district of Guangzhou city 广州市[guǎng zhōu shì], Guangdong, Panyu county in Guangdong province; 翻番 fān fān to double, to increase by a certain number of times

961 材 材 材 材 材 材

cái material; 材料 cái liào material, data, makings, stuff, CL:个[gè],种[zhǒng]; 教材 jiào cái teaching material, CL:本[běn]; 原材料 yuán cái liào raw materials, unprocessed materials

962 墨 墨 墨 墨 墨 墨

mò ink; 墨西哥 mò xī gē Mexico; 墨西哥湾 mò xī gē wān Gulf of Mexico; 墨镜 mò jìng sunglasses, CL:只[zhī],双[shuāng],幅[fú]

963 弹 弹 弹 弹 弹 弹

tán, dàn to play (an instrument), crossball, bullet, shot, shell, ball; 导弹 dǎo dàn guided missile, cruise missile, missile, CL:枚[méi]; 反弹 fǎn tán to bounce, to bounce back, to boomerang, to ricochet, rebound (of stock market etc), bounce, backlash, negative repercussions; 子弹 zǐ dàn bullet, CL:粒[lì],颗[kē],发[fā]

964 凰 凰 凰 凰 凰 凰

huáng female phoenix; 凤凰 fèng huáng Fenghuang county in Xiangxi Tujia and Miao autonomous prefecture 湘西土家族苗族自治州[xiāng xī tǔ jiā zú miáo zú zì zhì zhōu]; 凤凰县 fèng huáng xiàn Fenghuang county in Xiangxi Tujia and Miao autonomous prefecture 湘西土家族苗族自治州[xiāng xī tǔ jiā zú miáo zú zì zhì zhōu]; 凤凰城 fèng huáng chéng Phoenix, capital of Arizona, also 菲尼克斯[fēi ní kè sī]

965 | 乡 乡 乡 乡 乡 乡 乡

xiāng country, village (x.); 城乡 chéng xiāng city and countryside; 乡镇 xiāng zhèn village, township; 乡村 xiāng cūn rustic, village, countryside

966 | 船 船 船 船 船 船 船

chuán boat, ship, vessel; 飞船 fēi chuán airship, spaceship; 船舶 chuán bó shipping, boats; 船上 chuán shàng aboard

967 | 风 风 风 风 风 风 风

fēng wind; 风险 fēng xiǎn risk, hazard; 作风 zuò fēng style, style of work, way; 风格 fēng gé style

968 | 河 河 河 河 河 河 河

hé river; 河南 hé nán Henan province (Honan) in central China, abbr. 豫, capital Zhengzhou 郑州; 河北 hé běi Hebei province (Hopeh) in north China surrounding Beijing, abbr. 冀, capital Shijiazhuang 石家庄; 河南省 hé nán shěng Henan province (Honan) in central China, abbr. 豫, capital Zhengzhou 郑州

969 | 山 山 山 山 山 山 山

shān mountain, hill; 山东 shān dōng Shandong province (Shantung) in northeast China, abbr. 鲁, capital 济南; 山西 shān xī Shanxi province (Shansi) in north China between Hebei and Shaanxi, abbr. 晋 capital Taiyuan 太原; 中山 zhōng shān refers to Dr Sun Yat-sen, Nakayama, common Japanese surname (borrowed by Sun Yat-sen), Zhongshan prefecture level city in Guangdong close to Sun Yat-Sen's birth-place

970 | 集 集 集 集 集 集 集

jí to gather; 集团 jí tuán group, bloc, corporation, conglomerate; 集中 jí zhōng to concentrate, to centralize, to focus, centralized, concentrated, to put together; 集体 jí tǐ collective, social, team, CL:个[gè]

971 | 沿 沿 沿 沿 沿 沿 沿

yán along; 沿海 yán hǎi coastal; 沿线 yán xiàn along the line (e.g. railway), the region near the line; 沿着 yán zhe to go along, to follow

972 | 漠 漠 漠 漠 漠 漠 漠

mò desert; 沙漠 shā mò desert, CL:个[gè]; 荒漠 huāng mò barren; 漠视 mò shì to ignore, to neglect, to treat with contempt

973 | 形 形 形 形 形 形 形

xíng shape; 形成 xíng chéng to form, to take shape; 形式 xíng shì form, shape, situation, circumstance, CL:个[gè]; 形势 xíng shì circumstances, situation, terrain, CL:个[gè]

974 | 纬 纬 纬 纬 纬 纬 纬

wěi werf, latitude; 北纬 běi wěi latitude north; 经纬 jīng wěi warp and woof, longitude and latitude, main points; 纬度 wěi dù latitude

975 | 积 积 积 积 积 积 积

jī to accumulate; 积极 jī jí active, energetic, vigorous, positive (outlook), proactive; 面积 miàn jī surface area; 积极性 jī jí xìng zeal, initiative, enthusiasm, activity

976 | 倍 倍 倍 倍 倍 倍 倍

bèi (# for times by which something is multiplied); 两倍 liǎng bèi twice as much, double the amount; 安倍 ān bèi Japanese surname Abe; 倍增 bèi zēng to double, to redouble, to increase many times over, to multiply by a factor, multiplication

977 | 挤 挤 挤 挤 挤 挤 挤

jǐ crowded, to push against, to squeeze; 拥挤 yōng jǐ crowded, to throng, congestion; 挤压 jǐ yā to squeeze, to press, to extrude; 挤占 jǐ zhàn to seize, to push aside and occupy

978 | 部 部 部 部 部 部 部

bù part, section; 部门 bù mén department, branch, section, division, CL: 个[gè]; 干部 gàn bù personnel, employees, cadre (in communist party), CL: 个[gè]; 部分 bù fèn part, share, section, piece, CL: 个[gè]

979 | 季 季 季 季 季 季 季

jì season, surname; 季度 jì dù quarter (finance, publishing, schools etc), season (sports), period of three months; 赛季 sài jì season (sports); 四季 sì jì four seasons, namely: spring 春, summer 夏, autumn 秋 and winter 冬

980 | 族 族 族 族 族 族 族

zú ethnic or social group; 民族 mín zú nationality, ethnic group, CL: 个[gè]; 中华民族 zhōng huá mín zú the Chinese people; 少数民族 shǎo shù mín zú national minority, ethnic group

981 | 尔 尔 尔 尔 尔 尔 尔

ěr (2nd person pronoun, classical Chinese); 哈尔滨 hā ěr bīn Harbin, subprovincial city and capital of Heilongjiang province 黑龙江[hēi lóng jiāng] in northeast China; 贝尔 bèi ěr Bell (person name); 沃尔玛 wò ěr mǎ Wal-Mart, Walmart (retailer)

982 | 滨 滨 滨 滨 滨 滨 滨

bīn shore; 哈尔滨 hā ěr bīn Harbin, subprovincial city and capital of Heilongjiang province 黑龙江[hēi lóng jiāng] in northeast China; 滨海 bīn hǎi Binhai (place name), Binhai New District, subprovincial district of Tianjin, Binhai county in Yancheng 盐城[yán chéng], Jiangsu, fictitious city Binhai in political satire; 滨海新区 bīn hǎi xīn qū Binhai New District, subprovincial district of Tianjin

983 | 疆 疆 疆 疆 疆 疆 疆

jiāng territory, frontier; 新疆 xīn jiāng Xinjiang, Uighur autonomous region 新疆维吾尔自治区; 新疆维吾尔自治区 xīn jiāng wéi wú ěr zì zhì qū Xinjiang Uighur autonomous region, abbr. 新, capital Urumqi or Ürümqi 乌鲁木齐; 边疆 biān jiāng border area, borderland, frontier, frontier region

984 | 江 江 江 江 江 江 江

jiāng big river; 浙江 zhè jiāng Zhejiang province (Chekiang) in east China, abbr. 浙, capital Hangzhou 杭州; 江苏 jiāng sū Jiangsu province (Kiangsu) in southeast China, abbr. 苏, capital Nanjing 南京; 江西 jiāng xī Jiangxi province (Kiangsi) in southeast China, abbr. 赣, capital Nanchang 南昌

985 | 津 津 津 津 津 津 津

jīn ford, fluid; 天津 tiān jīn Tianjin, a municipality in northeast China, abbr. 津; 津市 jīn shì Jinshi county level city in Changde 常德[cháng dé], Hunan; 天津市 tiān jīn shì Tianjin, a municipality in northeast China, abbr. 津

986 | 深 深 深 深 深 深 深

shēn deep, profound, dark (color), intimate (of relations or feelings); 深入 shēn rù to penetrate deeply, thorough; 深圳 shēn zhèn Shenzhen subprovincial city in Guangdong, special economic zone close to Hong Kong; 深化 shēn huà to deepen, to intensify

987 | 圳 圳 圳 圳 圳 圳 圳

zhèn ditch in a field; 深圳 shēn zhèn Shenzhen subprovincial city in Guangdong, special economic zone close to Hong Kong; 深圳市 shēn zhèn shì Shenzhen subprovincial city in Guangdong, special economic zone close to Hong Kong; 深圳健力宝 shēn zhèn jiàn lì bǎo Shenzhen Jianlibao (soccer team)

988 | 云 云 云 云 云 云 云

yún cloud; 云南 yún nán Yunnan province in southwest China, bordering on Vietnam, Laos and Myanmar, abbr. 滇[diān] or 云, capital Kunming 昆明; 云南省 yún nán shěng Yunnan province in southwest China, bordering on Vietnam, Laos and Myanmar, abbr. 滇 or 云, capital Kunming 昆明; 陈云 chén yún Chen Yun (1905-1995), communist leader and economist

989 | 暗 暗 暗 暗 暗 暗 暗

àn dark, obscure, in secret, covert; 暗示 àn shì to hint, to suggest, suggestion, hint; 暗访 àn fǎng to make secret inquiries, to investigate in secret; 黑暗 hēi àn dark, darkly, darkness

990 | 浦 浦 浦 浦 浦 浦 浦

pǔ river bank, shore, river drainage ditch (old), surname; 浦东 pǔ dōng Pudong, subprovincial district of Shanghai; 浦东新区 pǔ dōng xīn qū Pudong New District, subprovincial district of Shanghai; 黄浦 huáng pǔ the main river through Shanghai, name of a district in Shanghai

991 | 雕 雕 雕 雕 雕 雕 雕

diāo engrave, shrewd; 雕塑 diāo sù a statue, a Buddhist image, sculpture, to carve; 雕刻 diāo kè to carve, to engrave, carving; 雕像 diāo xiàng sculpture, (carved) statue, CL:尊[zūn]

992 | 巢 巢 巢 巢 巢 巢 巢

cháo nest; 鸟巢 niǎo cháo bird's nest, nickname for Beijing 2008 Olympic stadium; 雀巢 què cháo Nestlé; 巢湖 cháo hú Chaohu prefecture level city in Anhui, Chaohu lake

993 | 故 故 故 故 故 故 故

gù happening, instance, reason, deceased, old (in story); 事故 shì gù accident, CL:桩[zhuāng],起[qǐ],次[cì]; 故事 gù shì old practice, CL:个[gè]; 故意 gù yì deliberately, on purpose

994 | 浙 浙 浙 浙 浙 浙 浙

zhè Zhejiang province; 浙江 zhè jiāng Zhejiang province (Chekiang) in east China, abbr. 浙, capital Hangzhou 杭州; 浙江省 zhè jiāng shěng Zhejiang province (Chekiang) in east China, abbr. 浙, capital Hangzhou 杭州; 浙江大学 zhè jiāng dà xué Zhejiang

University

995 苏 苏 苏 苏 苏 苏 苏

sū Jiangsu; 江苏 jiāng sū Jiangsu province (Kiangsu) in southeast China, abbr. 苏, capital Nanjing 南京; 苏联 sū lián Soviet Union, 1922-1991, abbr. for Union of Soviet Socialist Republics (USSR) 苏维埃社会主义共和国联盟; 江苏省 jiāng sū shěng Jiangsu province (Kiangsu) in southeast China, abbr. 苏, capital Nanjing 南京

996 束 束 束 束 束 束 束

shù to bind, bunch, bundle, (# for bunches, bundles, beams of light etc), to control, surname; 结束 jié shù termination, to finish, to end, to conclude, to close; 约束 yuē shù to restrict, to limit to, to constrain, restriction, constraint; 束缚 shù fù to bind, to restrict, to tie, to commit, fetters

997 继 继 继 继 继 继 继

jì to continue, to follow after, to go on with, to succeed, to inherit, then, afterwards; 继续 jì xù to continue, to proceed with, to go on with; 相继 xiāng jì in succession, following closely; 继承 jì chéng to inherit, to carry on, to succeed

998 续 续 续 续 续 续 续

xù continue, replenish; 继续 jì xù to continue, to proceed with, to go on with; 持续 chí xù to continue, to persist, sustainable, preservation; 连续 lián xù continuous, in a row, serial, consecutive

999 舅 舅 舅 舅 舅 舅 舅

jiù maternal uncle; 舅舅 jiù jiù mother's brother, maternal uncle (informal), CL:个[gè]; 小舅子 xiǎo jiù zi (informal) wife's younger brother; 舅父 jiù fù mother's brother, maternal uncle

1000 区 区 区 区 区 区 区

qū, ōu area, region, district, small, distinguish, surname; 地区 dì qū local, regional, district (not necessarily formal administrative unit), region, area, as suffix to city name, means prefecture or county (area administered by a prefecture level city or county level city), CL:个[gè]; 区域 qū yù area, region, district; 社区 shè qū community

1001 环 环 环 环 环 环 环

huán ring, hoop, loop, (chain) link, (# for scores in archery etc), to surround, to encircle, to hem in, surname; 环境 huán jìng environment, circumstances, surroundings, CL:个[gè], ambient; 环保 huán bǎo environmental protection, environmentally friendly; 环节 huán jié round segment, segment (of annelid worms), connection, link, sector, annular ring

1002 境 境 境 境 境 境 境

jìng border, place, condition, boundary, circumstances, territory; 环境 huán jìng environment, circumstances, surroundings, CL:个[gè], ambient; 境内 jìng nèi within the borders, internal (to a country, province, city etc), domestic; 环境保护 huán jìng bǎo hù environmental protection

1003 墙 墙 墙 墙 墙 墙 墙

qiáng wall; 围墙 wéi qiáng enclosure, CL:道[dào]; 墙壁 qiáng bì wall; 城墙 chéng qiáng city wall

1004 贴 贴 贴 贴 贴 贴 贴

tiē to paste, to glue; 补贴 bǔ tiē to subsidize, subsidy, allowance; 贴近 tiē jìn to press close to, to snuggle close, intimate; 津贴 jīn tiē allowance

1005 幸 幸 幸 幸 幸 幸 幸 幸

xìng fortunate, lucky, trusted, intimate, (of the emperor) to visit, surname; 幸福 xìng fú happiness, happy, blessed; 不幸 bù xìng misfortune, adversity, unfortunate, sad, unfortunately, CL:个[gè]; 幸运 xìng yùn fortunate, lucky, fortune, luck

1006 福 福 福 福 福 福 福 福

fú blessing, good fortune; 幸福 xìng fú happiness, happy, blessed; 福建 fú jiàn Fujian province (Fukien) in east China, abbr. 福 or 闽, capital Fuzhou 福州; 福利 fú lì (material) welfare, well-being

1007 倒 倒 倒 倒 倒 倒 倒 倒

dào, dǎo to turn upside down, to go backwards; 倒是 dào shì contrary to what one might expect, actually, contrariwise, why don't you; 倒塌 dǎo tā to collapse (of building), to topple over; 倒闭 dǎo bì to go bankrupt, to close down

1008 奇 奇 奇 奇 奇 奇 奇 奇

qí strange, odd, weird, wonderful, odd (number); 刘少奇 liú shào qí Liu Shaoqi (1898-1969), Chinese communist leader, a martyr of the Cultural Revolution; 奇迹 qí jì miracle, miraculous, wonder, marvel; 传奇 chuán qí legendary, fantasy saga, romance, short stories of the Tang and Song Dynasty

1009 氛 氛 氛 氛 氛 氛 氛 氛

fēn miasma, vapor; 氛围 fēn wéi ambience, atmosphere; 气氛 qì fēn atmosphere, mood

1010 酒 酒 酒 酒 酒 酒 酒 酒

jiǔ alcohol, liquor; 酒店 jiǔ diàn wine shop, pub (public house), hotel, restaurant; 啤酒 pí jiǔ beer, CL:杯[bēi],瓶[píng],罐[guàn], 桶[tǒng],缸[gāng]; 酒后 jiǔ hòu after drinking, under the influence of alcohol

1011 举 举 举 举 举 举 举 举

jǔ to lift, to raise; 举行 jǔ xíng to hold (a meeting, ceremony etc); 举办 jǔ bàn to conduct, to hold; 选举 xuǎn jǔ to elect, election, CL:次[cì],个[gè]

1012 顺 顺 顺 顺 顺 顺 顺 顺

shùn to obey, to follow, to arrange, along, favorable; 顺利 shùn lì smoothly, without a hitch; 顺应 shùn yìng to comply, to conform to, in tune with, adapting to, to adjust to; 顺差 shùn chā (trade or budget) surplus

1013 利 利 利 利 利 利 利 利

lì sharp, favorable, advantage, benefit, profit, interest, to do good to, to benefit, surname; 利益 lì yì benefit, (in sb's) interest, CL:个[gè]; 利用 lì yòng exploit, make use of, to use, to take advantage of, to utilize; 有利 yǒu lì advantageous, to have advantages, favorable

1014 剩 剩 剩 剩 剩 剩 剩 剩

shèng to remain, to be left, to have as remainder; 剩下 shèng xià to remain, left over; 过剩 guò shèng surplus, excess; 剩余 shèng yú remainder, surplus

1015 | 浪 浪 浪 浪 浪 浪 浪

làng wave, breaker, unrestrained, dissipated; 浪费 làng fèi to waste, to squander; 新浪 xīn làng Sina, Chinese web portal and online media company; 浪漫 làng màn romantic

1016 | 余 余 余 余 余 余 余

yú to surplus, to spare; 其余 qí yú the rest, the others, remaining, remainder, apart from them; 剩余 shèng yú remainder, surplus; 余额 yú é balance (of an account, bill etc), surplus, remainder

1017 | 传 传 传 传 传 传 传

chuán to pass on, to spread, to transmit, to infect, to transfer, to circulate, to conduct (electricity); 宣传 xuān chuán to disseminate, to give publicity to, propaganda, CL:个[gè]; 传统 chuán tǒng tradition, traditional, convention, conventional, CL:个[gè]; 传播 chuán bō to disseminate, to propagate, to spread

1018 | 统 统 统 统 统 统 统

tǒng to gather, to unite, whole; 系统 xì tǒng system, CL:个[gè]; 统一 tǒng yī to unify, to unite, to integrate; 传统 chuán tǒng tradition, traditional, convention, conventional, CL:个[gè]

1019 | 粽 粽 粽 粽 粽 粽 粽

zòng rice dumplings wrapped in leaves; 粽子 zòng zi glutinous rice and choice of filling wrapped in leaves and boiled

1020 | 饼 饼 饼 饼 饼 饼 饼

bǐng round flat cake, cookie, cake, pastry; 月饼 yuè bǐng mooncake (esp. for the Mid-Autumn Festival); 饼干 bǐng gān biscuit, cracker, cookie, CL:片[piàn], 块[kuài]; 馅饼 xiàn bǐng meat pie, pie, pasty

1021 | 团 团 团 团 团 团 团

tuán group, organization; 集团 jí tuán group, bloc, corporation, conglomerate; 团结 tuán jié a rally, to hold a rally, to join forces; 团体 tuán tǐ group, organization, team, CL:个[gè]

1022 | 宵 宵 宵 宵 宵 宵 宵

xiāo night; 元宵 yuán xiāo Lantern Festival, night of the 15th of the first lunar month, see also 元夜[yuán yè], sticky rice dumplings; 元宵节 yuán xiāo jié Lantern Festival, the final event of the Spring Festival 春节, on 15th of first month of the lunar calendar; 通宵 tōng xiāo overnight

1023 | 嘛 嘛 嘛 嘛 嘛 嘛 嘛

ma, má modal particle indicating that sth is obvious, particle indicating a pause for emphasis; 喇嘛 lǎ ma Lama, spiritual teacher in Tibetan Buddhism; 达赖喇嘛 dá lài lǎ ma Dalai Lama; 干嘛 gàn má what are you doing?, whatever for?, why on earth?

1024 | 拜 拜 拜 拜 拜 拜 拜

bài to pay respect, worship, visit, salute; 参拜 cān bài to formally call on, to worship (a God), to pay homage to sb; 崇拜 chóng bài to worship, adoration; 迪拜 dí bài Dubai (also 杜拜[dù bài])

1025 | 恭 恭 恭 恭 恭 恭 恭

gōng respectful; 恭喜 gōng xǐ congratulations, greetings; 恭维 gōng wei to flatter or give a compliment; 恭敬 gōng jìng deferential, respectful

1026 | 财 财 财 财 财 财 财

cái money, wealth, riches, property, valuables; 财政 cái zhèng finances (public), financial; 财产 cái chǎn property, CL:笔[bǐ]; 财富 cái fù wealth, riches

1027 | 鞭 鞭 鞭 鞭 鞭 鞭 鞭

biān whip or lash, to flog, to whip, conductor's baton, segmented iron weapon (old); 鞭炮 biān pào firecrackers, a string of small firecrackers, CL:枚[méi]; 鞭策 biān cè to spur on, to urge on, to encourage sb (e.g. to make progress); 放鞭炮 fàng biān pào to set off firecrackers

1028 | 炮 炮 炮 炮 炮 炮 炮

pào cannon, firecracker; 炮兵 pào bīng artillery soldier, gunner; 鞭炮 biān pào firecrackers, a string of small firecrackers, CL:枚[méi]; 炮弹 pào dàn artillery shell, CL:枚[méi]

1029 | 端 端 端 端 端 端 端

duān end, extremity, item, port, to carry, regular; 终端 zhōng duān end, terminal; 高端 gāo duān high-end; 极端 jí duān extreme

1030 | 恩 恩 恩 恩 恩 恩 恩

ēn favor, grace, kindness; 周恩来 zhōu ēn lái Zhou Enlai (1898-1976), Chinese communist leader, prime minister 1949-1976; 感恩 gǎn ēn thanksgiving; 麦凯恩 mài kǎi ēn McCain (name), John McCain (1936-), US Republican politician, Senator for Arizona from 1987

1031 | 啤 啤 啤 啤 啤 啤 啤

pí beer; 啤酒 pí jiǔ beer, CL:杯[bēi], 瓶[píng], 罐[guàn], 桶[tǒng], 缸[gāng]; 青岛啤酒 qīng dǎo pí jiǔ Tsingtao Beer; 燕京啤酒 yān jīng pí jiǔ Yangjing beer (Beijing beer)

1032 | 虚 虚 虚 虚 虚 虚 虚

xū emptiness, void, abstract theory or guiding principles, empty or unoccupied, diffident or timid, false, humble or modest, (of health) weak, virtual, in vain; 虚假 xū jiǎ false, phony, pretense; 虚拟 xū nǐ fictitious, theoretical, virtual; 弄虚作假 nòng xū zuò jiǎ to practice fraud (idiom); by trickery

1033 | 波 波 波 波 波 波 波

bō wave, ripple, storm, surge, Poland, Polish; 波动 bō dòng to undulate, to fluctuate, wave motion, rise and fall; 宁波 níng bō Ningbo subprovincial city in Zhejiang; 波兰 bō lán Poland

1034 | 置 置 置 置 置 置 置

zhì to install, to place, to put, to buy; 位置 wèi zhi position, place, seat, CL:个[gè]; 设置 shè zhì to set up, to install; 配置 pèi zhì to deploy, to allocate, configuration, allocation

1035| 笨 笨 笨 笨 笨 笨 笨

bèn stupid, foolish, silly, slow-witted, clumsy; 笨拙 bèn zhuō clumsy, awkward, stupid; 笨重 bèn zhòng heavy, cumbersome, unwieldy; 笨蛋 bèn dàn fool, idiot

1036| 变 变 变 变 变 变 变

biàn to change; 变化 biàn huà change, variation, to change, to vary, CL:个[gè]; 改变 gǎi biàn to change, to alter, to transform; 转变 zhuǎn biàn change, transform, CL:个[gè]

1037| 及 及 及 及 及 及 及

jí and, to reach, up to, in time for; 以及 yǐ jí as well as, too, and; 及时 jí shí in time, promptly, without delay, timely; 涉及 shè jí to involve, to touch upon (a topic)

1038| 竟 竟 竟 竟 竟 竟 竟

jìng unexpectedly, actually, to go so far as to, indeed; 究竟 jiū jìng after all (when all is said and done), actually, outcome, result; 毕竟 bì jìng after all, all in all, when all is said and done, in the final analysis; 竟然 jìng rán unexpectedly, to one's surprise, in spite of everything, in that crazy way, actually, to go as far as to

1039| 姑 姑 姑 姑 姑 姑 姑

gū paternal aunt, husband's sister, husband's mother (old), nun, for the time being (literary); 姑娘 gū niang girl, young woman, young lady, daughter, paternal aunt (old), CL:个[gè]; 姑息 gū xī excessively tolerant, to indulge, to appease; 小姑 xiǎo gū husband's younger sister, sister-in-law

1040| 熟 熟 熟 熟 熟 熟 熟

shú cooked (of food), ripe (of fruit), mature (of seeds), familiar, skilled, done; 成熟 chéng shú mature, ripe, to mature, to ripen, Taiwan pr. [chéng shóu]; 熟悉 shú xī to be familiar with, to know well; 不成熟 bù chéng shú unripe, immature

1041| 悉 悉 悉 悉 悉 悉 悉

xī in all cases, know; 据悉 jù xī according to reports, it is reported (that); 获悉 huò xī to learn of sth, to find out, to get news; 熟悉 shú xī to be familiar with, to know well

1042| 陌 陌 陌 陌 陌 陌 陌

mò raised path, street; 陌生 mò shēng strange, unfamiliar; 陌生人 mò shēng rén a stranger

1043| 街 街 街 街 街 街 街

jiē street; 街道 jiē dào street, CL:条[tiáo], subdistrict, residential district; 大街 dà jiē street, main street, CL:条[tiáo]; 街头 jiē tóu street

1044| 盖 盖 盖 盖 盖 盖 盖

gài to build, to construct; 覆盖 fù gài to cover; 涵盖 hán gài to cover, to comprise, to include; 盖茨 gài cí Gates (name), Bill Gates (1955-), chairman of Microsoft, Robert Gates (1943-), US Secretary of Defense since 2006

1045| 确 确 确 确 确 确 确

què authenticated, solid, firm, real, true; 明确 míng què clear-cut, definite, explicit, to clarify, to specify, to make definite; 确定 què dìng definite, certain, fixed, to fix (on sth), to determine, to be sure, to ensure, to make certain, to ascertain, to clinch, to recognize, to confirm, OK (on computer dialog box); 确保 què bǎo to ensure, to guarantee

1046| 骑 骑 骑 骑 骑 骑 骑

qí to ride; 骑车 qí chē to cycle; 骑士 qí shì horseman, cavalryman, knight (i.e. European nobility); 骑兵 qí bīng cavalry

1047| 装 装 装 装 装 装 装

zhuāng adornment, to adorn, dress, clothing, costume (of an actor in a play), to play a role, to pretend, to install, to fix, to wrap (sth in a bag), to load, to pack; 装备 zhuāng bèi equipment, to equip, to outfit; 武装 wǔ zhuāng arms, equipment, to arm, military, armed (forces); 安装 ān zhuāng to install, to erect, to fix, to mount, installation

1048| 筑 筑 筑 筑 筑 筑 筑

zhù to build, to construct, to ram, to hit; 建筑 jiàn zhù to construct, building, CL:个[gè]; 建筑物 jiàn zhù wù building, structure, edifice; 构筑 gòu zhù to build, to construct

1049| 尝 尝 尝 尝 尝 尝 尝

cháng to taste; 尝试 cháng shì to try, to attempt, CL:次[cì]; 品尝 pǐn cháng to taste a small amount, to sample; 何尝 hé cháng (rhetorical question) when?, how?, it's not that...

1050| 尽 尽 尽 尽 尽 尽 尽

jǐn, jìn to the greatest extent, (before a noun of location: furthest, extreme), to the utmost, to give priority to, to use up, to exhaust, to end, to finish, exhausted; 尽管 jǐn guǎn despite, although, even though, in spite of, unhesitatingly, do not hesitate (to ask, complain etc), (go ahead and do it) without hesitating; 尽快 jǐn kuài as quickly as possible, as soon as possible, with all speed, also written 尽快; 尽量 jǐn liàng as much as possible, to the greatest extent

1051| 厦 厦 厦 厦 厦 厦 厦

shà, xià mansion, tall building, short for Xiamen; 厦门 xià mén Xiamen or Amoy, subprovincial city in Fujian, abbr. 厦[xià]; 大厦 dà shà large building, edifice, mansion, CL:座[zuò]; 厦门市 xià mén shì Xiamen, subprovincial city in Fujian, also known as Amoy

1052| 座 座 座 座 座 座 座

zuò (# for buildings and mountains); 座谈 zuò tán to have an informal discussion, CL:次[cì], 个[gè]; 座谈会 zuò tán huì conference, symposium, rap session; 讲座 jiǎng zuò a course of lectures, CL:个[gè]

1053| 声 声 声 声 声 声 声

shēng sound, voice, tone, noise, (# for sounds); 声音 shēng yīn voice, sound, CL:个[gè]; 声明 shēng míng statement, declaration, CL:项[xiàng], 份[fèn]; 呼声 hū shēng a shout, fig. opinion or demand, esp. expressed by a group

1054| 咕 咕 咕 咕 咕 咕 咕

gū onomatopoeia for the sound of a bird, an empty stomach etc; 嘀咕 dí gu to whisper; 咕噜 gū lū grunt; 咕咚 gū dōng splash, onomatopoeia for heavy things falling down

1055 | 噜 噜 噜 噜 噜 噜

lū grumble, chatter; 咕噜 gū lū grunt; 呼噜 hū lū (onomat. for gurgling sounds, snoring etc); 打呼噜 dǎ hū lū to snore

1056 | 庙 庙 庙 庙 庙 庙

miào temple, ancestral shrine, temple fair; 寺庙 sì miào temple, monastery, shrine; 庙会 miào huì temple fair; 神庙 shén miào temple (nonspecific)

1057 | 哇 哇 哇 哇 哇 哇

wā replaces a5 when following the vowel u or ao; 爪哇 zhǎo wā Java (island of Indonesia), Java (programming language); 哇哇 wā wā sound of crying; 爪哇岛 zhǎo wā dǎo Java (island of Indonesia)

1058 | 光 光 光 光 光 光

guāng light, ray, bright, merely, to use up; 阳光 yáng guāng sunshine, CL:线[xiàn]; 曝光 pù guāng exposure (e.g. of photosensitive material), to expose (a scandal to the public); 光荣 guāng róng honor and glory, glorious

1059 | 斯 斯 斯 斯 斯 斯

sī (phonetic), this; 罗斯 luó sī Roth (name), Kenneth Roth (1955-), executive director of Human Rights Watch 人权观察[rén quán guān chá]; 俄罗斯 é luó sī Russia; 巴基斯坦 bā jī sī tǎn Pakistan

1060 | 神 神 神 神 神 神

shén, shēn God, unusual, mysterious, soul, spirit, divine essence, lively, spiritual being; 精神 jīng shén spirit, mind, consciousness, thought, mental, psychological, essence, gist, CL:个[gè]; 神秘 shén mì mysterious, mystery; 神经 shén jīng nerve

1061 | 制 制 制 制 制 制

zhì to manufacture, to make, system, to control, to regulate; 制度 zhì dù system (e.g. political, administrative etc), institution, CL:个[gè]; 机制 jī zhì mechanism; 体制 tǐ zhì system, organization

1062 | 尼 尼 尼 尼 尼 尼

ní Buddhist nun, (often used in phonetic spellings); 印尼 yìn ní Indonesia (abbr. for 印度尼西亚); 索尼 suǒ ní Sony; 尼斯 ní sī Nice (city in France)

1063 | 战 战 战 战 战 战

zhàn to fight, fight, war, battle; 战略 zhàn lüè strategy; 战争 zhàn zhēng war, conflict, CL:场[cháng],次[cì]; 挑战 tiǎo zhàn to challenge, challenge

1064 | 逛 逛 逛 逛 逛 逛

guàng to stroll, to visit; 逛街 guàng jiē to take a walk, to window-shop, to stroll down the street; 逛逛 guàng guang to roam around, to have a stroll; 闲逛 xián guàng to stroll

1065 | 涉 涉 涉 涉 涉 涉

shè to wade, to be involved, to concern, to experience, to enter (classical); 涉及 shè jí to involve, to touch upon (a topic); 涉嫌 shè xián to be a suspect (in a crime); 涉案 shè àn (person) involved in (the case)

1066 估 估 估 估 估 估 估 估

gū, gù estimate, old, second-hand (clothes); 评估 píng gū to evaluate, to assess, assessment, evaluation; 估计 gū jì to estimate, to reckon, CL:个[gè]; 估算 gū suàn assessment, evaluation

1067 烈 烈 烈 烈 烈 烈 烈 烈

liè ardent, intense, fierce, stern, upright; 强烈 qiáng liè intense, (violently) strong; 激烈 jī liè intense, acute, fierce; 热烈 rè liè warm (welcome etc)

1068 贺 贺 贺 贺 贺 贺 贺 贺

hè to congratulate, surname; 祝贺 zhù hè to congratulate, congratulations, CL:个[gè]; 贺龙 hè lóng He Long (1896-1969), important communist military leader, died from persecution during the Cultural Revolution; 贺电 hè diàn congratulatory telegram

1069 恰 恰 恰 恰 恰 恰 恰 恰

qià exactly, just; 恰恰 qià qià exactly, just, precisely; 恰当 qià dàng appropriate, suitable; 恰好 qià hǎo as it turns out, by lucky coincidence

1070 乌 乌 乌 乌 乌 乌 乌 乌

wū crow, black, surname; 乌克兰 wū kè lán Ukraine; 乌鲁木齐 wū lǔ mù qí Ürümqi or Urumqi prefecture level city and capital of Xinjiang Uighur autonomous region 新疆维吾尔自治区 in west China; 义乌 yì wū Yiwu county level city in Jinhua 金华[jīn huá], Zhejiang

1071 享 享 享 享 享 享 享 享

xiǎng to enjoy, to benefit, to have the use of; 享受 xiǎng shòu to enjoy, to live it up, pleasure, CL:种[zhǒng]; 共享 gòng xiǎng to share, to enjoy together; 享有 xiǎng yǒu to enjoy (rights, privileges etc)

1072 参 参 参 参 参 参 参 参

cān take part in, participate, join, attend, to join, unequal, varied, irregular, to counsel, uneven, not uniform, ginseng; 参加 cān jiā to participate, to take part, to join; 参与 cān yù to participate (in sth); 参观 cān guān to look around, to tour, to visit

1073 括 括 括 括 括 括 括 括

kuò to enclose, to include; 包括 bāo kuò to comprise, to include, to involve, to incorporate, to consist of; 概括 gài kuò to summarize, to generalize, briefly, CL:个[gè]; 囊括 náng kuò to include, to embrace, to bring together

1074 通 通 通 通 通 通 通 通

tōng to go through, to know well, to connect, to communicate, open, to clear, (# for letters, telegrams, phone calls); 通过 tōng guò by means of, through, via, to pass through, to get through, to adopt, to pass (a bill or inspection etc), to switch over; 交通 jiāo tōng to be connected, traffic, communications, liaison; 普通 pǔ tōng common, ordinary, general, average

1075 硬 硬 硬 硬 硬 硬 硬 硬

yìng hard; 硬件 yìng jiàn hardware; 强硬 qiáng yìng tough, unyielding, hard-line; 过硬 guò yìng to have perfect mastery of sth,

to be up to the mark

¹⁰⁷⁶ 铺 铺 铺 铺 铺 铺 铺

pù, pū plank bed, place to sleep, shop, store, (old) relay station, to spread, to display; 店铺 diàn pù store, shop; 商铺 shāng pù shop, store; 铺设 pū shè to lay (paving, wiring etc), to pave

¹⁰⁷⁷ 厢 厢 厢 厢 厢 厢 厢

xiāng box (in theater), side room, side; 车厢 chē xiāng carriage, CL: 节[jié]; 包厢 bāo xiāng box (in a theater or concert hall); 一厢情愿 yī xiāng qíng yuàn one's own wishful thinking

¹⁰⁷⁸ 枕 枕 枕 枕 枕 枕 枕

zhěn pillow, to rest one's head; 枕头 zhěn tóu pillow; 枕木 zhěn mù sleeper (wooden support for railway track); 抱枕 bào zhěn bolster, a long pillow or cushion

¹⁰⁷⁹ 呼 呼 呼 呼 呼 呼 呼

hū to call, to cry, to shout, to breath out, to exhale; 呼吁 hū yù to call on (sb to do sth), to appeal (to), an appeal; 呼声 hū shēng a shout, fig. opinion or demand, esp. expressed by a group; 呼吸 hū xī to breathe

¹⁰⁸⁰ 顿 顿 顿 顿 顿 顿 顿

dùn (# for meals); 整顿 zhěng dùn to tidy up, to reorganize, to consolidate, to rectify; 华盛顿 huá shèng dùn Washington (name), George Washington (1732-1799), first US president, Washington, US State, Washington, D.C. (US federal capital); 顿时 dùn shí immediately, suddenly

¹⁰⁸¹ 盒 盒 盒 盒 盒 盒 盒

hé small box, case; 盒饭 hé fàn box meal, packed lunch, take-away food; 盒子 hé zi case; 机顶盒 jī dǐng hé set-top box, decoder for digital or satellite TV signal etc

¹⁰⁸² 拥 拥 拥 拥 拥 拥 拥

yōng to hold, to embrace, to wrap around, to gather around (sb), to throng, to swarm, to support; 拥有 yōng yǒu to have, to possess; 拥护 yōng hù to endorse, to support; 拥挤 yōng jǐ crowded, to throng, congestion

¹⁰⁸³ 幽 幽 幽 幽 幽 幽 幽

yōu remote, secluded, serene, to imprison; 幽默 yōu mò (loanword) humor, humorous; 幽灵 yōu líng specter, apparition, ghost; 幽默感 yōu mò gǎn sense of humor

¹⁰⁸⁴ 默 默 默 默 默 默 默

mò silent, write from memory; 幽默 yōu mò (loanword) humor, humorous; 沉默 chén mò taciturn, uncommunicative, silent; 默默 mò mò in silence, not speaking

¹⁰⁸⁵ 逗 逗 逗 逗 逗 逗 逗

dòu to tease, to play with, amusing; 逗留 dòu liú to stay at, to stop over; 逗乐 dòu lè to amuse oneself, to clown around, to provoke laughter; 挑逗 tiǎo dòu to provoke, to entice, to lure, to tantalize, to tease, to titillate

1086 | 亲 亲 亲 亲 亲 亲 亲

qīn parent, one's own (flesh and blood), relative, related, marriage, bride, close, intimate, in person, first-hand, in favor of, pro-, to kiss; 父亲 fù qīn father, also pr. with light tone [fù qīn], CL:个[gè]; 母亲 mǔ qīn mother, also pr. with light tone [mǔ qīn], CL:个[gè]; 亲自 qīn zì personally

1087 | 俗 俗 俗 俗 俗 俗 俗

sú custom, popular, common, coarse, vulgar, secular; 民俗 mǐn sú popular custom; 通俗 tōng sú common, everyday, average; 低俗 dī sú vulgar, poor taste

1088 | 惯 惯 惯 惯 惯 惯 惯

guàn habit, custom, habitually, usual; 习惯 xí guàn habit, custom, usual practice, to be used to, CL:个[gè]; 惯例 guàn lì convention, usual practice; 惯性 guàn xìng inertia

1089 | 览 览 览 览 览 览 览

lǎn to look at, to view, to read; 展览 zhǎn lǎn to put on display, to exhibit, exhibition, show, CL:个[gè],次[cì]; 浏览 liú lǎn to skim over, to browse; 博览 bó lǎn to read extensively

1090 | 石 石 石 石 石 石 石

shí, dàn rock, stone, stone inscription, surname, 10 pecks, 100 litres; 石油 shí yóu oil, petroleum; 石化 shí huà to petrify, petrochemical industry; 矿石 kuàng shí ore

1091 | 树 树 树 树 树 树 树

shù tree; 树立 shù lì to set up, to establish; 玉树 yù shù Yushu Tibetan autonomous prefecture (Tibetan: yus hru'u bod rigs rang skyong khul) in Qinghai; 植树 zhí shù to plant trees

1092 | 讲 讲 讲 讲 讲 讲 讲

jiǎng to speak, to explain, to negotiate, to emphasise, to be particular about, speech, lecture; 讲话 jiǎng huà a speech, to speak, to talk, to address, CL:个[gè]; 来讲 lái jiǎng as to, considering, for; 演讲 yǎn jiǎng lecture, to make a speech

1093 | 塔 塔 塔 塔 塔 塔 塔

tǎ pagoda, tower, minaret, stupa; 塔利班 tǎ lì bān Taliban (Farsi: student), Afghan guerrilla faction; 卡塔尔 kǎ tǎ ěr Qatar; 金字塔 jīn zì tǎ pyramid (building or structure)

1094 | 纪 纪 纪 纪 纪 纪 纪

jì discipline, age, era, period, order, record; 世纪 shì jì century, CL:个[gè]; 纪委 jì wěi discipline inspection commission; 纪念 jì niàn to commemorate, to remember, CL:个[gè]

1095 | 笼 笼 笼 笼 笼 笼 笼

lóng basket, cage, to cover, to cage, to embrace, to manipulate through trickery; 笼罩 lǒng zhào to envelop, to shroud; 笼统 lǒng tǒng general, broad, in general terms, broadly speaking; 回笼 huí lóng to steam again, to rewarm food in a bamboo steamer, to withdraw currency from circulation

1096 | 昆 昆 昆 昆 昆 昆 昆

kūn descendant, elder brother, a style of Chinese poetry; 昆明 kūn míng Kunming prefecture level city and capital of Yunnan province in southwest China; 昆明市 kūn míng shì Kunming, prefecture-level city and capital of Yunnan province in southwest China; 杨尚昆 yáng shàng kūn Yang Shangkun

1097 | 止 止 止 止 止 止 止

zhǐ to stop, to prohibit, until, only; 防止 fáng zhǐ to prevent, to guard against, to take precautions; 停止 tíng zhǐ to stop, to halt, to cease; 禁止 jìn zhǐ to prohibit, to forbid, to ban

1098 | 沉 沉 沉 沉 沉 沉 沉

chén, chēn to submerge, to immerse, to sink, to keep down, to lower, to drop, deep, profound, heavy; 沉重 chén zhòng heavy, hard, serious, critical; 沉默 chén mò taciturn, uncommunicative, silent; 沉痛 chén tòng grief, remorse, deep in sorrow, bitter (anguish), profound (condolences)

1099 | 庄 庄 庄 庄 庄 庄 庄

zhuāng farmstead, village, manor, place of business, banker (in a gambling game), grave or solemn, holdings of a landlord in Imperial China, surname; 村庄 cūn zhuāng village, hamlet, CL:座[zuo]; 石家庄 shí jiā zhuāng Shijiazhuang prefecture level city and capital of Hebei province 河北省 in north China; 庄严 zhuāng yán stately

1100 | 皮 皮 皮 皮 皮 皮 皮

pí leather, skin, fur, pico- (one trillionth), surname; 皮肤 pí fū skin, CL:层[céng],块[kuài]; 白皮书 bái pí shū white paper (e.g. containing proposals for new legislation), white book; 皮球 pí qiú ball (made of rubber, leather etc)

1101 | 宾 宾 宾 宾 宾 宾 宾

bīn visitor, guest, object (in grammar); 宾馆 bīn guǎn guesthouse, CL:个[gè],家[jiā]; 嘉宾 jiā bīn esteemed guest, honored guest, guest (on a show); 菲律宾 fēi lǜ bīn the Philippines

1102 | 测 测 测 测 测 测 测

cè side, to lean, to survey, to measure, conjecture; 监测 jiān cè to monitor; 检测 jiǎn cè to detect, to test, detection, sensing; 预测 yù cè to forecast, to predict

1103 | 访 访 访 访 访 访 访

fǎng to visit, to call on, to seek, to inquire, to investigate; 采访 cǎi fǎng to interview, to gather news, to hunt for and collect, to cover; 访问 fǎng wèn to visit, to call on, to interview, CL:次[cì]; 信访 xìn fǎng complaint letter, petition letter, see also 上访[shàng fǎng]

1104 | 曲 曲 曲 曲 曲 曲 曲

qū, qū tune, song, bent, crooked, wrong; 歌曲 gē qǔ song; 扭曲 niǔ qū to twist, to warp, to distort; 曲折 qū zhé complicated, winding

1105 | 与 与 与 与 与 与 与

yǔ, yù and, with; 参与 cān yù to participate (in sth); 与其 yǔ qí rather than..., 与其 A 不如 B (rather than A, better to B); 与此同时 yǔ cǐ tóng shí at the same time, meanwhile

1106 夫 夫 夫 夫 夫 夫 夫 夫

fū husband, man, manual worker, conscripted laborer (old); 丈夫 zhàng fu husband, CL:个[gè]; 功夫 gōng fu skill, art, kung fu, labor, effort; 夫妇 fū fù a (married) couple, husband and wife, CL:对[duì]

1107 妻 妻 妻 妻 妻 妻 妻 妻

qī, qì wife, to marry off (a daughter); 妻子 qī zǐ wife and children; 夫妻 fū qī husband and wife, married couple; 前妻 qián qī ex-wife

1108 退 退 退 退 退 退 退 退

tuì to retreat, to decline, to move back, to withdraw; 退休 tuì xiū to retire, retirement (from work); 退出 tuì chū to withdraw, to abort, to quit, to log out (computing); 衰退 shuāi tuì to decline, to fall, to drop, to falter, a decline, recession (in economics)

1109 散 散 散 散 散 散 散 散

sàn, sǎn to break up (of couples), to distribute, to let out, to fire or discharge (sb); 分散 fēn sàn to scatter, to disperse, to distribute; 扩散 kuò sàn to spread, to proliferate, to diffuse, spread, proliferation, diffusion; 疏散 shū sàn to scatter, to disperse, to evacuate, scattered, to relax

1110 锻 锻 锻 锻 锻 锻 锻 锻

duàn forge, wrought, to discipline; 锻炼 duàn liàn to engage in physical exercise, to work out, to toughen, to temper; 体育锻炼 tǐ yù duàn liàn physical exercise; 锻铁 duàn tiě wrought iron

1111 炼 炼 炼 炼 炼 炼 炼 炼

liàn to refine, to smelt; 锻炼 duàn liàn to engage in physical exercise, to work out, to toughen, to temper; 炼油 liàn yóu oil refinery; 冶炼 yě liàn to smelt metal

1112 圈 圈 圈 圈 圈 圈 圈 圈

quān circle, to encircle, to mark with a circle; 圈子 quān zi circle, ring; 圈内 quān nèi close circle, community, (esp.) the show business milieu; 圈地 quān dì staking a claim to territory, enclosure

1113 队 队 队 队 队 队 队 队

duì a row or line of people, column, (# for teams and lines); 部队 bù duì army, armed forces, troops, force, unit, CL:个[gè]; 队伍 duì wǔ ranks, troops, CL:个[gè]; 军队 jūn duì army troops, CL:支[zhī], 个[gè]

1114 拳 拳 拳 拳 拳 拳 拳 拳

quán fist, boxing; 拳击 quán jī boxing; 拳头 quán tou fist, clenched fist, CL:个[gè], competitive (product); 跆拳道 tái quán dào Taekwando (Korean martial art), Tae Kwon Do

1115 晨 晨 晨 晨 晨 晨 晨 晨

chén morning, dawn, daybreak; 凌晨 líng chén very early in the morning, in the wee hours; 早晨 zǎo chén early morning, CL:个[gè]; 清晨 qīng chén early morning

1116 使 使 使 使 使 使 使

shǐ to make, to cause, to have someone do something; 使用 shǐ yòng to use, to employ, to apply, to make use of; 即使 jí shǐ even if, even though, given that; 使得 shǐ de usable, workable, feasible, doable, to make, to cause

1117 显 显 显 显 显 显 显

xiǎn prominent, conspicuous, Greek stem: phanero-; 显示 xiǎn shì to show, to illustrate, to display, to demonstrate; 明显 míng xiǎn clear, distinct, obvious; 显然 xiǎn rán clear, evident, obvious(ly)

1118 瑜 瑜 瑜 瑜 瑜 瑜 瑜

yú excellence, luster of gems; 宋楚瑜 sòng chǔ yú James Soong (1942-), Taiwanese politician expelled from Guomindang in 2000 when he founded People First Party 亲民党; 瑜伽 yú jiā yoga; 周瑜 zhōu yú Zhou Yu or Chou Yü (175-210), famous general of the southern Wu kingdom and victor of the battle of Redcliff, in Romance of the Three Kingdoms, absolutely no match for Zhuge Liang

1119 伽 伽 伽 伽 伽 伽 伽

jiā traditionally used as phonetic for ga; 瑜伽 yú jiā yoga; 伽利略 jiā lì lüè Galileo Galilei (1564-1642), Italian scientist; 伽马 gā mǎ gamma (Greek letter Γγ)

1120 注 注 注 注 注 注 注

zhù to inject, to pour into, to concentrate, to focus, to direct; 关注 guān zhù to pay attention to, to follow sth closely, concern, interest, attention; 注意 zhù yì to take note of, to pay attention to; 注重 zhù zhòng to pay attention to, to emphasize

1121 偶 偶 偶 偶 偶 偶 偶

ǒu accidental, image, pair, mate; 偶然 ǒu rán incidentally, occasional, occasionally, by chance, randomly; 配偶 pèi ǒu consort, mate, spouse; 偶尔 ǒu ěr occasionally, once in a while, sometimes

1122 肥 肥 肥 肥 肥 肥 肥

fēi fat, fertile, loose-fitting or large, to fertilize, to become rich by illegal means, fertilizer, manure; 合肥 hé fēi Hefei, capital of Anhui province 安徽省 in south central China; 减肥 jiǎn fēi to lose weight; 化肥 huà fēi fertilizer

1123 随 随 随 随 随 随 随

suí to follow, to comply with, varying according to..., to allow, surname; 随着 suí zhe along with, in the wake of, following; 随后 suí hòu soon after; 随时 suí shí at any time

1124 即 即 即 即 即 即 即

jí namely, that is, i.e., prompt, at once, at present, even if, prompted (by the occasion), to approach, to come into contact, to assume (office), to draw near; 立即 lì jí immediately; 即使 jí shǐ even if, even though, given that; 即将 jí jiāng on the eve of, to be about to, to be on the verge of

1125 营 营 营 营 营 营 营

yíng army, to deal in, to trade, to operate, to run, camp, nourishment, to manage; 经营 jīng yíng to engage in (business etc), to run, to operate; 运营 yùn yíng to operate, to be in operation, to be in motion, to do business, scheduled service (train, bus etc); 营业 yíng yè to do business, to trade

1126| 饱 饱 饱 饱 饱 饱 饱

bǎo full, satiated; 温饱 wēn bǎo to have enough food and warm clothes, adequately provided; 饱受 bǎo shòu suffer to the fullest; 饱和 bǎo hé saturation

1127| 吸 吸 吸 吸 吸 吸 吸

xī to breathe, to suck in, to absorb, to inhale; 吸引 xī yǐn to attract (interest, investment etc), CL:个[gè]; 吸收 xī shōu to absorb, to assimilate, to ingest; 呼吸 hū xī to breathe

1128| 烟 烟 烟 烟 烟 烟 烟

yān cigarette or pipe tobacco, smoke, mist, vapour, tobacco plant, (of the eyes) to be irritated by smoke; 烟花 yān huā fireworks, prostitute (esp. in Yuan theater); 烟草 yān cǎo tobacco; 吸烟 xī yān to smoke

1129| 熬 熬 熬 熬 熬 熬 熬

áo, āo to endure, to boil, to endure; 煎熬 jiān áo to suffer, to torture, to torment, ordeal, suffering, torture, torment; 熬夜 áo yè to stay up late or all night; 难熬 nán áo hard to bear, unendurable (pain, suffering)

1130| 须 须 须 须 须 须 须

xū must, to have to, to wait; 必须 bì xū to have to, must, compulsory, necessarily; 须要 xū yào must, have to; 无须 wú xū need not, not obliged to, not necessarily

1131| 补 补 补 补 补 补 补

bǔ to repair, to patch, to mend, to make up for, to fill (a vacancy), to supplement; 补贴 bǔ tiē to subsidize, subsidy, allowance; 补偿 bǔ cháng to compensate, to make up; 补助 bǔ zhù (financial) subsidy, allowance

1132| 充 充 充 充 充 充 充

chōng to fill, to satisfy, to fulfill, to act in place of, substitute, sufficient, full; 充分 chōng fèn full, abundant; 充满 chōng mǎn full of, brimming with, very full, permeated; 补充 bǔ chōng to replenish, to supplement, to complement, additional, supplementary, CL:个[gè]

1133| 眠 眠 眠 眠 眠 眠 眠

mián sleep; 睡眠 shuì mián sleeping, slumber; 失眠 shī mián to suffer from insomnia; 安眠 ān mián sleep peacefully

1134| 否 否 否 否 否 否 否

fǒu, pǐ to negate, to deny, not, clogged, evil; 是否 shì fǒu whether (or not), if, is or isn't; 能否 néng fǒu whether or not, can it or can't it, is it possible?; 否则 fǒu zé if not, otherwise, else, or else

1135| 则 则 则 则 则 则 则

zé conjunction used to express contrast with a previous sentence or clause, standard, norm, rule, to imitate, to follow, then, principle, (# for written items such as an official statement); 原则 yuán zé principle, doctrine, CL:个[gè]; 规则 guī zé rule, regulation, rules and regulations; 否则 fǒu zé if not, otherwise, else, or else

1136 | 熊 熊 熊 熊 熊 熊 熊

xióng bear, to scold, to rebuke, brilliant light, to shine brightly, surname; 熊猫 xióng māo panda, CL:只[zhī]; 大熊猫 dà xióng māo giant panda (Ailuropoda melanoleuca); 熊熊 xióng xióng raging, flaming

1137 | 恨 恨 恨 恨 恨 恨 恨

hèn to hate, to regret; 仇恨 chóu hèn to hate, hatred, enmity, hostility; 痛恨 tòng hèn to detest, to loathe, to abhor; 恨不得 hèn bu dé wishing one could do sth, to hate to be unable, itching to do sth, can't wait for, to wish one could do sth, to desire strongly

1138 | 暴 暴 暴 暴 暴 暴 暴

bào sudden, violent, cruel, to show or expose, to injure, surname; 暴力 bào lì violence, (use) force, violent; 暴露 bào lù to expose, to reveal, to lay bare, also pr. [pù lù]; 风暴 fēng bào storm, violent commotion, fig. crisis (e.g. revolution, uprising, financial crisis etc)

1139 | 违 违 违 违 违 违 违

wéi to disobey, to violate, to separate, to go against; 违法 wéi fǎ illegal, to break the law; 违规 wéi guī to violate (rules), irregular, illegal, corrupt; 违反 wéi fǎn to violate (a law)

1140 | 鼓 鼓 鼓 鼓 鼓 鼓 鼓

gǔ convex, drum, to rouse, to beat; 鼓励 gǔ lì to encourage; 鼓舞 gǔ wǔ heartening (news), boost (morale), CL:个[gè]; 鼓掌 gǔ zhǎng to applaud, to clap

1141 | 掌 掌 掌 掌 掌 掌 掌

zhǎng palm of the hand, sole of the foot, paw, horseshoe, to slap, to hold in one's hand, to wield; 掌握 zhǎng wò to grasp (often fig.), to control, to seize (initiative, opportunity, destiny), to master, to know well, to understand sth well and know how to use it, fluency; 掌声 zhǎng shēng applause, CL:阵[zhèn]; 掌控 zhǎng kòng to control, in control of

1142 | 妇 妇 妇 妇 妇 妇 妇

fù woman; 妇女 fù nǚ woman; 夫妇 fū fù a (married) couple, husband and wife, CL:对[duì]; 妇联 fù lián women's league, women's association

1143 | 况 况 况 况 况 况 况

kuàng moreover, situation; 情况 qíng kuàng circumstances, state of affairs, situation, CL:个[gè],种[zhǒng]; 情况下 qíng kuàng xià under (these) circumstances; 状况 zhuàng kuàng condition, state, situation, CL:个[gè]

1144 | 逐 逐 逐 逐 逐 逐 逐

zhú to pursue, to chase, individually, one by one; 逐步 zhú bù progressively, step by step; 逐渐 zhú jiàn gradually; 逐年 zhú nián year after year, with each passing year, over the years

1145 | 渐 渐 渐 渐 渐 渐 渐

jiàn, jiān gradual, gradually, to imbue; 逐渐 zhú jiàn gradually; 渐渐 jiàn jiàn gradually; 渐进 jiàn jìn progress step by step, gradual progress, to move forward (slowly)

1146 | 改 改 改 改 改 改 改

gǎi to change, to alter, to transform, to correct; 改革 gǎi gé reform, CL:次[cì],种[zhǒng],项[xiàng], to reform; 改善 gǎi shàn to make better, to improve, CL:个[gè]; 改变 gǎi biàn to change, to alter, to transform

1147 | 革 革 革 革 革 革 革

gé animal hide, leather, to reform, to remove, to expel (from office); 改革 gǎi gé reform, CL:次[cì],种[zhǒng],项[xiàng], to reform; 革命 gé mìng revolution, revolutionary (politics), CL:次[cì]; 改革开放 gǎi gé kāi fàng to reform and open to the outside world, refers to Deng Xiaoping's policies from around 1980

1148 | 某 某 某 某 某 某 某

mǒu some, a certain, sb or sth indefinite, such-and-such; 某些 mǒu xiē some, certain (things); 某种 mǒu zhǒng some kind (of); 某某 mǒu mǒu so-and-so, such-and-such

1149 | 企 企 企 企 企 企 企

qǐ to plan a project, to stand on tiptoe, enterprise or company; 企业 qǐ yè company, firm, enterprise, corporation, CL:家[jiā]; 国企 guó qǐ state enterprise; 国有企业 guó yǒu qǐ yè nationalized business, state-owned business

1150 | 困 困 困 困 困 困 困

kùn to trap, to surround, hard-pressed, stranded, destitute, sleep, tired; 困难 kùn nán (financial etc) difficulty, problem, issue, CL:个[gè]; 贫困 pín kùn impoverished, poverty; 困境 kùn jìng predicament, in difficulty

1151 | 厂 厂 厂 厂 厂 厂 厂

chǎng factory, yard, depot, workhouse, works, (industrial) plant; 工厂 gōng chǎng factory, CL:家[jiā],座[zuò]; 厂商 chǎng shāng company, firm; 厂家 chǎng jiā factory, factory owners

1152 | 酬 酬 酬 酬 酬 酬 酬

chóu to entertain, to repay, to return, to reward, to compensate; 薪酬 xīn chóu pay, remuneration, salary, reward; 报酬 bào chóu reward, remuneration; 应酬 yìng chou social niceties, social interaction, a dinner party

1153 | 互 互 互 互 互 互 互

hù mutual; 互联 hù lián interconnected; 互联网 hù lián wǎng the Internet; 相互 xiāng hù each other, mutual

1154 | 义 义 义 义 义 义 义

yì justice, righteousness, meaning; 主义 zhǔ yì -ism, ideology; 社会主义 shè huì zhǔ yì socialism; 意义 yì yì sense, meaning, significance, importance, CL:个[gè]

1155 | 模 模 模 模 模 模 模

mó, mú to imitate, model, norm, pattern, mold, die, matrix, pattern; 规模 guī mó scale, scope, extent, CL:个[gè]; 模式 mó shì mode, method; 大规模 dà guī mó large scale, extensive, wide scale, broad scale

1156 | 范 范 范 范 范 范 范

fàn pattern, model, example, surname; 规范 guī fàn norm, standard, specification, regulation, rule, within the rules, to fix rules, to regulate, to specify; 范围 fàn wéi range, scope, limit, extent, CL:个[gè]; 示范 shì fàn to demonstrate, to show how to do sth, demonstration, a model example

1157 | 丈 丈 丈 丈 丈 丈 丈

zhàng ten feet; 丈夫 zhàng fu husband, CL:个[gè]; 方丈 fāng zhang one of three fabled islands in Eastern sea, abode of immortals; 丈母 zhàng mǔ wife's mother, mother-in-law

1158 | 炎 炎 炎 炎 炎 炎 炎

yán flame, inflammation, -itis; 炎热 yán rè blistering hot, sizzling hot (weather); 肺炎 fèi yán pneumonia, inflammation of the lungs; 肝炎 gān yán hepatitis

1159 | 骄 骄 骄 骄 骄 骄 骄

jiāo proud, arrogant; 骄傲 jiāo ào pride, arrogance, conceited, proud of sth; 骄阳 jiāo yáng blazing sun; 戒骄戒躁 jiè jiāo jiè zào to guard against pride and impatience (idiom); to remain modest and keep cool

1160 | 傲 傲 傲 傲 傲 傲 傲

ào proud, arrogant, to despise, unyielding, to defy; 骄傲 jiāo ào pride, arrogance, conceited, proud of sth; 傲慢 ào màn arrogant, haughty; 傲自 ào zì pride, overbearing

1161 | 输 输 输 输 输 输 输

shū to lose, to transport, to donate, to enter (a password); 运输 yùn shū transport, haulage, transit, CL:个[gè]; 输出 shū chū to export, to output; 输入 shū rù to import, to input

1162 | 绩 绩 绩 绩 绩 绩 绩

jì merit, accomplishment, grade; 成绩 chéng jì achievement, performance records, grades, CL:项[xiàng], 个[gè]; 业绩 yè jì performance, track record, outstanding achievement, great feat, yield (of investment), growth, performance (i.e. company profits), sales; 政绩 zhèng jì (political) achievements, track record

1163 | 职 职 职 职 职 职 职

zhí office, duty; 职工 zhí gōng workers, staff, CL:个[gè]; 职业 zhí yè occupation, profession, vocation, professional; 职务 zhí wù post, position, job, duties

1164 | 薪 薪 薪 薪 薪 薪 薪

xīn fuel, salary; 薪酬 xīn chóu pay, remuneration, salary, reward; 年薪 nián xīn annual salary; 欠薪 qiàn xīn to owe wages, back pay, wages arrears

1165 | 消 消 消 消 消 消 消

xiāo to disappear, to vanish, to eliminate, to spend (time), have to, need; 消费 xiāo fèi to consume, CL:个[gè]; 消费者 xiāo fèi zhě consumer; 消息 xiāo xi news, information, CL:条[tiáo]

1166 | 赢 赢 赢 赢 赢 赢 赢

yíng to win; 赢得 yíng dé to win, to gain; 共赢 gòng yíng mutually profitable, win-win; 双赢 shuāng yíng profitable to both sides, a win-win situation

1167 | 冠 冠 冠 冠 冠 冠 冠

guān to put on a hat, to be first, to dub; 冠军 guān jūn champion, CL:个[gè]; 夺冠 duó guān to seize the crown, fig. to win a championship, to win gold medal; 陈冠希 chén guān xī Edison Chen (1980-), Hong Kong singer and actor

1168 | 军 军 军 军 军 军 军

jūn army, military, arms; 军事 jūn shì military affairs, military matters, military; 军队 jūn duì army troops, CL:支[zhī],个[gè]; 红军 hóng jūn Red Army

1169 | 乒 乒 乒 乒 乒 乒 乒

pīng onomatopoeia ping, bing; 乒乓 pīng pāng ping-pong, table tennis; 乒乓球 pīng pāng qiú table tennis, ping-pong, ping pong, table tennis ball, CL:个[gè]; 乒乓球台 pīng pāng qiú tái table-tennis table

1170 | 乓 乓 乓 乓 乓 乓 乓

pāng onomatopoeia bang; 乒乓 pīng pāng ping-pong, table tennis; 乒乓球 pīng pāng qiú table tennis, ping-pong, ping pong, table tennis ball, CL:个[gè]; 乒乓球台 pīng pāng qiú tái table-tennis table

1171 | 巴 巴 巴 巴 巴 巴 巴

bā to long for, to wish, to cling to, to stick to, sth that sticks, close to, next to, spread open, informal abbr. for bus, bar (unit of pressure), nominalizing suffix on certain nouns, tail; 奥巴马 ào bā mǎ Barack Obama (1961-), US Democrat politician, Senator for Illinois from 2005, president from 2009; 巴西 bā xī Brazil; 巴基斯坦 bā jī sī tǎn Pakistan

1172 | 织 织 织 织 织 织 织

zhī to weave, to knit; 组织 zǔ zhī to organize, organization, organized system, nerve, tissue, CL:个[gè]; 纺织 fǎng zhī spinning and weaving; 织品 zhī pǐn textile

1173 | 凭 凭 凭 凭 凭 凭 凭

píng lean against, proof, to rely on, to depend on, to be based on; 凭借 píng jiè to rely on, to depend on, by means of, thanks to, sth that one relies on; 凭证 píng zhèng proof, certificate, receipt, voucher; 文凭 wén píng diploma

1174 | 混 混 混 混 混 混 混

hún, hùn confused, dirty, to mix, muddy, also written, to mingle, muddled, to drift along, to muddle along, to pass for, to get along with sb, thoughtless, reckless; 混乱 hùn luàn confusion, chaos, disorder; 混合 hùn hé to mix, to blend; 混凝土 hùn níng tǔ concrete

1175 | 源 源 源 源 源 源 源

yuán root, source, origin; 资源 zī yuán Ziyuan county in Guilin 桂林[guì lín], Guangxi; 能源 néng yuán energy, power source, CL:个[gè]; 来源 lái yuán source (of information etc), origin

1176 | 爬 爬 爬 爬 爬 爬 爬

pá to crawl, to climb, to get up or sit up; 爬上 pá shàng to climb up; 爬山 pá shān to climb a mountain, to mountaineer, hiking, mountaineering; 摸爬滚打 mō pá gǔn dǎ to go through arduous training or hard work

1177 | 益 益 益 益 益 益 益

yì benefit, profit, advantage, beneficial, to increase, to add, all the more, surname; 利益 lì yì benefit, (in sb's) interest, CL:个[gè]; 权益 quán yì rights and benefits; 效益 xiào yì benefit, effectiveness, efficiency

1178 | 段 段 段 段 段 段 段

duàn (# for section, segment or part); 阶段 jiē duàn stage, section, phase, period, CL:个[gè]; 手段 shǒu duàn method, means (of doing sth), strategy, trick, CL:个[gè]; 新阶段 xīn jiē duàn new level, higher plane

1179 | 推 推 推 推 推 推 推

tuī to push, to shove; 推进 tuī jìn to impel, to carry forward, to push on, to advance, to drive forward; 推动 tuī dòng to push (for acceptance of a plan), to push forward, to promote, to actuate, CL:个[gè]; 推出 tuī chū to push out, to release, to launch, to publish, to recommend

1180 | 筒 筒 筒 筒 筒 筒 筒

tǒng thick tube-shaped object; 话筒 huà tǒng microphone, (telephone) receiver, handset; 手电筒 shǒu diàn tǒng flashlight, electric hand torch; 滚筒 gǔn tǒng roller, cylinder (machine part), drum

1181 | 扔 扔 扔 扔 扔 扔 扔

rēng to throw, to toss, to throw away; 扔掉 rēng diào to throw away, to throw out; 扔下 rēng xià to throw down, to drop (bomb); 乱扔 luàn rēng to litter, to throw away

1182 | 阳 阳 阳 阳 阳 阳 阳

yáng male principle, light, sun; 沈阳 shěn yáng Shenyang subprovincial city and capital of Liaoning province 辽宁省 in northeast China, old names include Fengtian 奉天, Shengjing 盛京 and Mukden; 太阳 tài yáng sun, CL:个[gè]; 阳光 yáng guāng sunshine, CL:线[xiàn]

1183 | 煤 煤 煤 煤 煤 煤 煤

méi coal; 煤矿 méi kuàng coal mine; 煤炭 méi tàn coal; 煤气 méi qì coal gas, gas (fuel)

1184 | 规 规 规 规 规 规 规

guī compass, a rule, regulation, to admonish, to plan, to scheme; 规定 guī dìng provision, to fix, to set, to formulate, to stipulate, to provide, regulation, rule, CL:个[gè]; 规划 guī huà plan, program; 规模 guī mó scale, scope, extent, CL:个[gè]

1185 | 温 温 温 温 温 温 温

wēn warm, lukewarm, temperature, to warm up, mild, soft, tender, to review, to revise, epidemic, surname; 温家宝 wēn jiā bǎo Wen Jiabao (1942-), Premier of PRC from 2003; 温州 wēn zhōu Wenzhou prefecture level city in Zhejiang; 温暖 wēn nuǎn warm

1186 | 赞 赞 赞 赞 赞 赞 赞

zàn to patronize, to support, to praise; 赞助 zàn zhù to support, to assist, to sponsor; 赞成 zàn chéng to approve, to endorse, (literary) to assist; 赞同 zàn tóng to approve of, to endorse, (vote) in favor

1187 | 汗 汗 汗 汗 汗 汗 汗

hàn perspiration, sweat, to be speechless (out of helplessness, embarrassment etc) (Internet slang used as an interjection); 阿富汗 ā fù hàn Afghanistan, Afghan; 汗水 hàn shuǐ sweat, perspiration; 血汗 xuè hàn blood and sweat, sweat and toil

1188 | 砍 砍 砍 砍 砍 砍 砍

kǎn to chop, to cut down, to throw sth at sb; 砍伐 kǎn fá to hew, to cut down; 砍价 kǎn jià to bargain, to cut or beat down a price; 砍刀 kǎn dāo chopper (for wood etc)

1189 | 塑 塑 塑 塑 塑 塑 塑

sù to model (a figure) in clay; 塑料 sù liào plastics, CL:种[zhǒng]; 塑造 sù zào to model, to mould, plastic (arts), flexible, to portray (in sculpture or in words); 雕塑 diāo sù a statue, a Buddhist image, sculpture, to carve

1190 | 袋 袋 袋 袋 袋 袋 袋

dài pouch, bag, sack, pocket; 塑料袋 sù liào dài plastic bag; 脑袋 nǎo dai head, skull, brains, mental capability, CL:颗[kē], 个[gè]; 口袋 kǒu dai pocket, bag, sack, CL:个[gè]

1191 | 污 污 污 污 污 污 污

wū dirty, filthy, foul, corrupt, to smear, to defile, dirt, filth; 污染 wū rǎn pollution, contamination, CL:个[gè]; 贪污 tān wū corruption; 污水 wū shuǐ sewage

1192 | 染 染 染 染 染 染 染

rǎn to dye, to catch (a disease), to acquire (bad habits etc), to contaminate, to add colour washes to a painting; 污染 wū rǎn pollution, contamination, CL:个[gè]; 感染 gǎn rǎn infection, to infect, to influence; 传染 chuán rǎn to infect, contagious

1193 | 造 造 造 造 造 造 造

zào to make, to build, to invent, to manufacture; 造成 zào chéng to bring about, to create, to cause; 创造 chuàng zào to create, to bring about, to produce, to set (a record); 制造 zhì zào to manufacture, to make

1194 | 堪 堪 堪 堪 堪 堪 堪

kān to endure, may, can; 不堪 bù kān cannot bear, cannot stand, utterly, extremely; 堪称 kān chēng can be rated as, can be said to be; 难堪 nán kān hard to take, embarrassed

1195 | 克 克 克 克 克 克 克

kè to be able to, to subdue, to restrain, to overcome, gram, to subdue, to overthrow; 马克 mǎ kè Mark (name); 马克思 mǎ kè sī Marx (name), Groucho Marx (the star of Duck Soup, 1933), Karl Marx (1818-1883), German socialist philosopher, political activist and founder of Marxism; 马克思主义 mǎ kè sī zhǔ yì Marxism

1196 | 摄 摄 摄 摄 摄 摄 摄

shè to take in, to absorb, to assimilate, to act for, to take a photo, photo shoot, photo, to conserve (one's health); 拍摄 pāi shè to film, to shoot (a picture); 摄影 shè yǐng to take a photograph, photography, to shoot (a movie); 录像 shè xiàng to videotape

1197 | 氏 氏 氏 氏 氏 氏 氏

shì clan name, maiden name; 摄氏 shè shì Celsius, centigrade; 摄氏度 shè shì dù degrees centigrade; 里氏 lǐ shì Richter (scale)

1198 | 哟 哟 哟 哟 哟 哟 哟

yō Oh! (interjection indicating slight surprise); 哎哟 āi yō hey, ow, ouch, interjection of pain or surprise

1199 | 夹 夹 夹 夹 夹 夹 夹

jiā to press from either side, to place in between, to sandwich, to carry sth under armpit, wedged between, between, to intersperse, to mix, to mingle, clip, folder; 夹心 jiā xīn to fill with stuffing (e.g. in cooking), stuffed; 夹杂 jiā zá to mix together (disparate substances), to mingle, a mix, to be tangled up with; 夹击 jiā jī pincer attack, attack from two or more sides, converging attack, attack on a flank, fork in chess, with one piece making two attacks

1200 | 投 投 投 投 投 投 投

tóu to throw, to send, to invest; 投资 tóu zī investment, to invest; 投入 tóu rù to throw into, to put into, to throw oneself into, to participate in, to invest in, absorbed, engrossed; 投资者 tóu zī zhě investor

1201 | 增 增 增 增 增 增 增

zēng to increase, to expand, to add; 增长 zēng zhǎng to grow, to increase; 增加 zēng jiā to raise, to increase; 增强 zēng qiáng to increase, to strengthen

1202 | 向 向 向 向 向 向 向

xiàng towards, to face, to turn towards, direction, to support, to side with, shortly before, formerly, always, all along, surname; 方向 fāng xiàng direction, orientation, path to follow, CL: 个[gè]; 走向 zǒu xiàng direction, strike (i.e. angle of inclination in geology), inclination, trend, to move towards, to head for; 面向 miàn xiàng to face, to turn towards, to incline to, geared towards, catering for, -oriented, facial feature, appearance, aspect, facet

1203 | 俭 俭 俭 俭 俭 俭 俭

jiǎn frugal, thrifty, needy; 勤俭 qín jiǎn hardworking and frugal; 节俭 jié jiǎn frugal, economical; 勤俭节约 qín jiǎn jié yuē diligent and thrifty (idiom)

1204 | 涨 涨 涨 涨 涨 涨 涨

zhǎng to rise, to surge, to go up; 上涨 shàng zhǎng to rise, to go up; 涨价 zhǎng jià to appreciate (in value), to increase in price; 涨幅 zhǎng fú rise and fall of stock in one day's trading

1205 | 炒 炒 炒 炒 炒 炒 炒

chǎo to stir-fry, to saute, to speculate (for profit); 炒作 chǎo zuò to hype, to promote (in the media); 炒股 chǎo gǔ to speculate in stocks (colloquial); 炒家 chǎo jiā speculator

1206 | 引 引 引 引 引 引 引 引

yǐn to draw (e.g. a bow), to pull, to stretch sth, to extend, to lengthen, to involve or implicate in, to attract, to lead, to guide, to leave, to provide evidence or justification for, old unit of distance equal to 10, one-thirtieth of a km or 33.33 meters; 引起 yǐn qǐ to give rise to, to lead to, to cause, to arouse; 引导 yǐn dǎo to guide, to lead (around), to conduct, to boot, introduction, primer; 吸引 xī yǐn to attract (interest, investment etc), CL:个[gè]

1207 | 矛 矛 矛 矛 矛 矛 矛 矛

máo spear, lance, pike; 矛盾 máo dùn contradictory, contradiction, CL:个[gè]; 内部矛盾 nèi bù máo dùn internal contradiction; 人民内部矛盾 rén mín nèi bù máo dùn internal contradiction among the people (pretext for a purge)

1208 | 盾 盾 盾 盾 盾 盾 盾 盾

dùn shield; 矛盾 máo dùn contradictory, contradiction, CL:个[gè]; 内部矛盾 nèi bù máo dùn internal contradiction; 人民内部矛盾 rén mín nèi bù máo dùn internal contradiction among the people (pretext for a purge)

1209 | 郁 郁 郁 郁 郁 郁 郁 郁

yù dense (growth), melancholy, elegant, surname; 抑郁 yì yù depressed, despondent, gloomy, depression; 浓郁 nóng yù rich, strong, heavy (fragrance), dense, full-bodied, intense; 郁闷 yù mèn gloomy, depressed

1210 | 闷 闷 闷 闷 闷 闷 闷 闷

mèn, mēn bored, depressed, melancholy, sealed, airtight, tightly closed, stuffy, shut indoors, to smother, to cover tightly; 郁闷 yù mèn gloomy, depressed; 纳闷 nà mèn puzzled, bewildered; 沉闷 chén mèn oppressive (of weather), heavy, depressed, not happy

1211 | 孙 孙 孙 孙 孙 孙 孙 孙

sūn grandson, descendant, surname; 孙中山 sūn zhōng shān Dr Sun Yat-sen (1866-1925), first president of the Republic of China and co-founder of the Guomintang 国民党, same as 孙逸仙; 子孙 zǐ sūn offspring, posterity; 孙子 sūn zǐ Sun Tzu, also known as Sun Wu 孙武[sūn wǔ] (c. 500 BC, dates of birth and death uncertain), general, strategist and philosopher of the Spring and Autumn Period (700-475 BC), believed to be the author of the "Art of War" 孙子兵法[sūn zǐ bīng fǎ], one of the Seven Military Classics of ancient China 武经七书[wǔ jīng qī shū]

1212 | 未 未 未 未 未 未 未 未

wèi not yet, did not, have not, not, 8th earthly branch 1-3 p.m., 6th solar month (7th July-6th August), year of the Sheep; 未来 wèi lái future, tomorrow, CL:个[gè], approaching, coming, pending; 尚未 shàng wèi not yet, still not; 并未 bìng wèi not at all, by no means

1213 | 劝 劝 劝 劝 劝 劝 劝 劝

quàn to advise, to urge, to try to persuade, to exhort; 劝说 quàn shuō persuade, persuasion, advise; 劝阻 quàn zǔ to advise against, to dissuade; 劝告 quàn gào to advise, to urge, to exhort, exhortation, advice, CL:席[xí]

1214 | 辛 辛 辛 辛 辛 辛 辛 辛

xīn (of taste) hot or pungent, hard, laborious, suffering, eighth of the ten heavenly stems, eighth in order, octa; 辛苦 xīn kǔ hard, exhausting, with much toil, thanks for your trouble; 艰辛 jiān xīn hardships, arduous, difficult; 辛格 xīn gé Singh (name)

1215 | 苦 苦 苦 苦 苦 苦 苦 苦

kǔ bitter, hardship, pain, to suffer, to bring suffering to, painstakingly; 艰苦 jiān kǔ difficult, hard, arduous; 痛苦 tòng kǔ pain, suffering, painful, CL:个[gè]; 辛苦 xīn kǔ hard, exhausting, with much toil, thanks for your trouble

1216 | 攒 攒 攒 攒 攒 攒 攒

zǎn to accumulate, to hoard, to save, to scrape together; 积攒 jī zǎn to save bit by bit, to accumulate

1217 | 终 终 终 终 终 终 终

zhōng end, finish; 最终 zuì zhōng final, ultimate; 始终 shǐ zhōng from beginning to end, all along; 终于 zhōng yú at last, in the end, finally, eventually

1218 | 突 突 突 突 突 突 突

tū to dash, to move forward quickly, to bulge, to protrude, to break through, to rush out, sudden; 突出 tū chū prominent, outstanding, to give prominence to, to protrude, to project; 突破 tū pò to break through, to make a breakthrough, to surmount or break the back of (a task etc), (of ball sports) to break through a defense; 突然 tū rán sudden, abrupt, unexpected

1219 | 股 股 股 股 股 股 股

gǔ share, portion, section, part, thigh, (# for smells, electric currents, spirals etc), whiff; 股份 gǔ fèn a share (in a company), stock; 股东 gǔ dōng shareholder, stockholder; 股市 gǔ shì stock market

1220 | 抵 抵 抵 抵 抵 抵 抵

dǐ to press against, to support, to prop up, to resist, to equal, to balance, to make up for, to mortgage, to arrive; 抵达 dǐ dá to arrive, to reach (a destination); 抵押 dǐ yā mortgage; 抵制 dǐ zhì to resist, to boycott, to refuse (to cooperate), to reject, resistance, refusal

1221 | 跌 跌 跌 跌 跌 跌 跌

diē to fall; 下跌 xià diē to fall, to tumble; 跌幅 diē fú decline (in value), extent of a drop; 大跌 dà diē large fall

1222 | 赔 赔 赔 赔 赔 赔 赔

péi to lose (money, etc.), to suffer a loss in a deal; 赔偿 péi cháng to compensate; 索赔 suǒ péi to ask for compensation, to claim damages, claim for damages; 赔偿金 péi cháng jīn compensation

1223 | 痛 痛 痛 痛 痛 痛 痛

tòng ache, pain, sorrow, deeply, thoroughly; 痛苦 tòng kǔ pain, suffering, painful, CL:个[gè]; 疼痛 téng tòng pain, ache, sore; 头痛 tóu tòng to have a headache

1224 | 观 观 观 观 观 观 观

guān, guàn to look at, to watch, to observe, to behold, to advise, concept, point of view, surname; 观众 guān zhòng spectators, audience, visitors (to an exhibition etc); 宏观 hóng guān macro-, macroscopic, holistic; 观念 guān niàn notion, thought, concept, sense, views, ideology, general impressions

1225 | 朝 朝 朝 朝 朝 朝 朝

cháo imperial or royal court, government, dynasty, reign of a sovereign or emperor, court or assembly held by a sovereign or emperor, to make a pilgrimage to, facing, towards; 朝鲜 cháo xiǎn Korean Joseon or Chosun dynasty 1392-1910, North Korea, Korea as geographic term; 朝阳 cháo yáng Chaoyang district in east and northeast Beijing, a county level district of Beijing municipality,

Chaoyang prefecture level city in Liaoning province 辽宁省 in northeast China, Chaoyang district of Changchun city 长春市, Jilin, Chaoyang county in Chaoyang 朝阳, Liaoning; 朝阳区 cháo yáng qū Chaoyang inner district of Beijing, Chaoyang district, Changchun city, Jilin

1226 伟 伟 伟 伟 伟 伟 伟

wěi big, large, great; 伟大 wěi dà great, mighty, large; 宏伟 hóng wěi grand, imposing, magnificent; 伟人 wěi rén great person

1227 立 立 立 立 立 立 立

lì to stand, to set up, to establish, to lay down, to draw up, at once, immediately, surname; 建立 jiàn lì to establish, to set up, to found; 成立 chéng lì to establish, to set up, to be tenable, to hold water; 立即 lì jí immediately

1228 展 展 展 展 展 展 展

zhǎn to spread out, to open up, to exhibit, to put into effect, to postpone, to prolong, exhibition, surname; 发展 fā zhǎn development, growth, to develop, to grow, to expand; 开展 kāi zhǎn (begin to) develop, unfold, to start, to launch, to open, to carry out; 经济发展 jīng jì fā zhǎn economic development

1229 皇 皇 皇 皇 皇 皇 皇

huáng emperor, surname; 皇帝 huáng dì emperor, CL:个[gè]; 皇家 huáng jiā royal, imperial household; 皇马 huáng mǎ Real Madrid soccer team, abbr. for 皇家马德里

1230 帝 帝 帝 帝 帝 帝 帝

dì emperor; 帝国 dì guó empire, imperial; 帝国主义 dì guó zhǔ yì imperialism; 皇帝 huáng dì emperor, CL:个[gè]

1231 贡 贡 贡 贡 贡 贡 贡

gòng to offer tribute, tribute, gifts, surname; 贡献 gòng xiàn to contribute, to dedicate, to devote, contribution, CL:个[gè]; 重大贡献 zhòng dà gòng xiàn important contribution, major role; 自贡 zì gòng Zigong prefecture level city in Sichuan

1232 献 献 献 献 献 献 献

xiàn to offer, to present, to dedicate, to donate, to show, to put on display, worthy person (old); 贡献 gòng xiàn to contribute, to dedicate, to devote, contribution, CL:个[gè]; 奉献 fèng xiàn to consecrate, to dedicate, to devote; 文献 wén xiàn document

1233 修 修 修 修 修 修 修

xiū to build, to repair, to mend, to fix; 修改 xiū gǎi to amend, to alter, to modify; 修订 xiū dìng to revise; 维修 wéi xiū maintenance (of equipment), to protect and maintain

1234 杀 杀 杀 杀 杀 杀 杀

shā to kill; 自杀 zì shā to kill oneself, to commit suicide; 杀人 shā rén homicide, to murder, to kill (a person); 屠杀 tú shā to massacre, massacre, bloodbath, carnage

1235 宫 宫 宫 宫 宫 宫 宫

gōng palace, castration (as corporal punishment), first note in pentatonic scale; 白宫 bái gōng White House; 故宫 gù gōng Palace Museum, the Forbidden City, former imperial palace; 布达拉宫 bù dá lā gōng Potala, winter palace of Dalai Lamas in Lhasa, Tibet

1236| 殿 殿 殿 殿 殿 殿 殿

diàn palace hall; 殿堂 diàn táng palace, hall, temple buildings; 宫殿 gōng diàn palace, CL:座[zuò]; 大殿 dà diàn main hall of a Buddhist temple

1237| 坟 坟 坟 坟 坟 坟 坟

fén grave, tomb, embankment, mound, ancient book; 坟墓 fén mù sepulcher, tomb; 祖坟 zǔ fén ancestral tomb; 坟地 fén dì graveyard, cemetery

1238| 墓 墓 墓 墓 墓 墓 墓

mù grave, tomb, mausoleum; 墓地 mù dì cemetery, graveyard; 公墓 gōng mù public cemetery; 墓葬 mù zàng to bury in a grave, grave, tomb

1239| 兵 兵 兵 兵 兵 兵 兵

bīng soldiers, a force, an army, weapons, arms, military, warlike; 官兵 guān bīng officers and men; 兵团 bīng tuán large military unit, formation, corps, army; 士兵 shì bīng soldier, CL:个[gè]

1240| 俑 俑 俑 俑 俑 俑 俑

yǒng wooden figures buried with the dead; 兵马俑 bīng mǎ yǒng figurines of warriors and horses buried with the dead, Terracotta Army (historic site); 始作俑者 shǐ zuò yǒng zhě lit. the first person to bury funerary dolls (idiom); fig. the originator of an evil practice (refers to Mencius 孟子); 陶俑 táo yǒng a pottery figurine buried with the dead

1241| 基 基 基 基 基 基 基

jī base, foundation, basic, radical (chemistry); 基本 jī běn basic, fundamental, main, elementary; 基础 jī chǔ base, foundation, basis, underlying, CL:个[gè]; 基层 jī céng basic level, grass-roots unit, basement layer

1242| 础 础 础 础 础 础 础

chǔ foundation, base; 基础 jī chǔ base, foundation, basis, underlying, CL:个[gè]; 基础设施 jī chǔ shè shī infrastructure; 经济基础 jīng jì jī chǔ socio-economic base, economic foundation

1243| 称 称 称 称 称 称 称

chēng, chèn to weigh, to state, to name, name, appellation, to praise, to fit, balanced, suitable; 称为 chēng wéi called, to call sth (by a name), to name; 简称 jiǎn chēng abbreviation, short form; 名称 míng chēng name (of a thing), name (of an organization)

1244| 丝 丝 丝 丝 丝 丝 丝

sī silk, thread, trace; 丝毫 sī háo the slightest amount or degree, a bit; 粉丝 fěn sī bean vermicelli, mung bean starch noodles, Chinese vermicelli, cellophane noodles, CL:把[bǎ], fan (loanword), enthusiast for sb or sth; 丝绸 sī chóu silk cloth, silk

1245| 绸 绸 绸 绸 绸 绸 绸

chóu (light) silk; 丝绸 sī chóu silk cloth, silk; 绸缪 chóu móu to be sentimentally attached to sb or sth; 未雨绸缪 wèi yǔ chóu móu lit. before it rains, bind around with silk (idiom, from Book of Songs 诗经); fig. to plan ahead, to prepare for a rainy day

1246| 贸 贸 贸 贸 贸 贸 贸

mào commerce, trade; 贸易 mào yì (commercial) trade, CL:个[gè]; 经贸 jīng mào trade; 外贸 wài mào foreign trade

1247| 诗 诗 诗 诗 诗 诗 诗

shī poetry, poem; 诗人 shī rén bard, poet; 诗词 shī cí verse; 诗歌 shī gē poem, CL:本[běn],首[shǒu],段[duàn]

1248| 达 达 达 达 达 达 达

dá to attain, to reach, to amount to, to communicate, eminent, surname; 达到 dá dào to reach, to achieve, to attain; 发达 fā dá developed (country etc), flourishing, to develop; 表达 biǎo dá to voice (an opinion), to express, to convey

1249| 技 技 技 技 技 技 技

jì skill; 技术 jì shù technology, technique, skill, CL:门[mén],种[zhǒng],项[xiàng]; 科技 kē jì science and technology; 技能 jì néng technical ability, skill

1250| 术 术 术 术 术 术 术

shù method, technique; 技术 jì shù technology, technique, skill, CL:门[mén],种[zhǒng],项[xiàng]; 艺术 yì shù art; 学术 xué shù learning, science, academic, CL:个[gè]

1251| 曾 曾 曾 曾 曾 曾 曾

céng, zēng once, already, former, previously, (past tense marker used before verb or clause), great-grand, surname; 曾经 céng jīng once, already, former, previously, ever, (past tense marker used before verb or clause); 曾庆红 zēng qìng hóng Zeng Qinghong (1939-), politician, vice-president of PRC since 2003 and party secretary-general from 2007; 不曾 bù céng never (have done sth)

1252| 领 领 领 领 领 领 领

lǐng neck, collar, to lead, to receive, (# for clothes, mats, screens etc); 领导 lǐng dǎo lead, leading, to lead, leadership, leader, CL:位[wèi],个[gè]; 领域 lǐng yù domain, sphere, field, territory, area; 领导人 lǐng dǎo rén leader

1253| 命 命 命 命 命 命 命

mìng life, fate, order or command, to assign a name, title etc; 革命 gé mìng revolution, revolutionary (politics), CL:次[ci]; 生命 shēng mìng life, living, biological, CL:个[gè]; 使命 shǐ mìng mission (diplomatic or other), set task

1254| 孔 孔 孔 孔 孔 孔 孔

kǒng hole, (# for cave dwellings), surname; 孔子 kǒng zǐ Confucius (551-479 BC), Chinese thinker and social philosopher, also known as 孔夫子[kǒng fū zǐ]; 面孔 miàn kǒng face; 孔子学院 kǒng zǐ xué yuàn Confucius Institute, organization established internationally by the PRC, promoting Chinese language and culture

1255| 秦 秦 秦 秦 秦 秦 秦

qín dynasty (221-207 BC) of the first emperor, surname; 秦皇岛 qín huáng dǎo Qinhuangdao prefecture level city in Hebei; 秦始皇 qín shǐ huáng Qin Shihuang (259-210 BC), the first emperor; 秦岭 qín lǐng Qinling mountain range in Shaanxi forming natural barrier between Guanzhong plain 关中平原[guān zhōng píng yuán] and Han River 汉水[hàn shuǐ] valley

1256 | 唐 唐 唐 唐 唐 唐 唐

táng to exaggerate, empty, in vain, dynasty (618-907), surname; 唐山 táng shān Tang Shan prefecture level city in Hebei; 大唐 dà táng the Tang dynasty (618-907); 荒唐 huāng táng beyond belief, preposterous, absurd, intemperate, dissipated

1257 | 宋 宋 宋 宋 宋 宋 宋

sòng dynasty (960-1279), surname; 宋庆龄 sòng qīng líng Song Qingling or Rosemonde Soong (1893-1981), wife of Sun Yat-sen 孙中山[sūn zhōng shān]; 宋美龄 sòng měi líng Soong Mei-ling or Song Meiling (1898-2003), Chiang Kai-shek's wife (subsequently widow); 宋楚瑜 sòng chǔ yú James Soong (1942-), Taiwanese politician expelled from Guomindang in 2000 when he founded People First Party 亲民党

1258 | 华 华 华 华 华 华 华

huá magnificent, splendid, flowery, abbr. for China; 中华 zhōng huá China (alternate formal name); 新华 xīn huá Xinhua (the official Chinese news agency); 华人 huá rén ethnic Chinese person or people

1259 | 阵 阵 阵 阵 阵 阵 阵

zhèn disposition of troops, wave, spate, burst, spell, short period of time, (# for events or states of short duration); 一阵 yī zhèn a burst, a fit, a peal, a spell (period of time); 阵地 zhèn dì position, front; 阵容 zhèn róng troop arrangement, battle formation, line-up (of a sports team etc)

1260 | 敌 敌 敌 敌 敌 敌 敌

dí enemy, match; 敌人 dí rén enemy, CL:个[gè]; 敌军 dí jūn enemy troops, hostile forces, CL:股[gǔ]; 敌对 dí duì hostile, enemy (factions), combative

1261 | 似 似 似 似 似 似 似

sì to seem, to appear, to resemble, similar, -like, pseudo-; 似乎 sì hū apparently, to seem, to appear, as if, seemingly; 类似 lèi sì similar, analogous; 似的 shì de seems as if, rather like

1262 | 欲 欲 欲 欲 欲 欲 欲

yù to wish for, to desire; 欲望 yù wàng desire, longing, appetite, craving; 食欲 shí yù appetite; 贪欲 tān yù greed, avarice, rapacious, avid

1263 | 跨 跨 跨 跨 跨 跨 跨

kuà to step across, to stride over, to straddle, to span; 跨国 kuà guó transnational, multinational; 跨越 kuà yuè to step across, step over; 跨国公司 kuà guó gōng sī transnational corporation, multinational corporation

1264 | 纷 纷 纷 纷 纷 纷 纷

fēn numerous, confused, disorderly; 纷纷 fēn fēn one after another, in succession, one by one, continuously, diverse, in profusion, numerous and confused, pell-mell; 纠纷 jiū fēn a dispute, entanglement (law); 纷争 fēn zhēng to dispute

1265 | 归 归 归 归 归 归 归

guī to go back, to return, to return or give back sth, to resign, to surrender, (of a woman) to get married (old), surname; 回归 huí guī to return to, to retreat, regression (statistics); 归属 guī shǔ to belong to, to be affiliated to, to fall under the jurisdiction of; 归还 guī

huán to return sth, to revert

1266 此 此 此 此 此 此 此

cǐ this, these; 因此 yīn cǐ thus, consequently, as a result; 此次 cǐ cì this time; 如此 rú cǐ in this way, so

1267 龟 龟 龟 龟 龟 龟 龟

guī tortoise, turtle; 乌龟 wū guī tortoise, cuckold; 海龟 hǎi guī turtle; 龟山 guī shān Guishan or Kueishan township in Taoyuan county 桃园县[táo yuán xiàn], north Taiwan

1268 洋 洋 洋 洋 洋 洋 洋

yáng ocean, vast, foreign, silver dollar or coin; 海洋 hǎi yáng ocean, CL:个[gè]; 太平洋 tài píng yáng Pacific Ocean; 汪洋 wāng yáng vast body of water, CL:片[piàn]

1269 湿 湿 湿 湿 湿 湿 湿

shī wet; 湿地 shī dì wetland; 湿度 shī dù humidity level; 湿润 shī rùn moist

1270 旗 旗 旗 旗 旗 旗 旗

qí banner, flag, (in Qing times) refers to Manchurian ruling class, eight banners, administrative subdivision in inner Mongolia; 旗帜 qí zhì ensign, flag; 旗下 qí xià under the banner of; 红旗 hóng qí Red flag city district, Hongqi district of Xinxiang city 新乡市[xīn xiāng shì], Henan

1271 袍 袍 袍 袍 袍 袍 袍

páo gown (lined); 旗袍 qí páo Chinese-style dress, cheongsam; 长袍 cháng páo chang pao (traditional Chinese men's robe), gown, robe, CL:件[jiàn]; 龙袍 lóng páo dragon robe, emperor's court dress

1272 销 销 销 销 销 销 销

xiāo to melt (metal), to cancel or annul, to sell, to spend, to fasten with a bolt, bolt or pin; 销售 xiāo shòu to sell, market, sales; 营销 yíng xiāo marketing; 促销 cù xiāo to promote sales

1273 肃 肃 肃 肃 肃 肃 肃

sù respectful, solemn, to eliminate, to clean up, surname; 严肃 yán sù solemn, grave, serious, earnest, severe; 甘肃 gān sù Gansu province (Kansu) between Xinjiang and Inner Mongolia in north China, abbr. 甘 or 陇, capital Lanzhou 兰州[lán zhōu]; 甘肃省 gān sù shěng Gansu province (Kansu) between Xinjiang and Inner Mongolia in north China, abbr. 陇[lǒng] or 甘[gān], capital Lanzhou 兰州[lán zhōu]

1274 吓 吓 吓 吓 吓 吓 吓

xià, hè to frighten, to scare, to intimidate, to threaten, (interjection showing disapproval) tut-tut, (interjection showing astonishment); 恐吓 kǒng hè to threaten, to menace; 惊吓 jīng xià to frighten, to horrify, to terrify; 吓坏 xià huài to be really frightened

1275 释 释 释 释 释 释 释

shì to explain, to release; 解释 jiě shì explanation, to explain, to interpret, to resolve, CL:个[gè]; 释放 shì fàng to release, to set free, to liberate (a prisoner), to discharge; 诠释 quán shì to interpret, to comment and explain, to annotate, to perform (i.e. interpret a theatrical role), to decode, interpretation, annotation

1276 | 阴 阴 阴 阴 阴 阴 阴

yīn overcast, hidden from the sun; 阴影 yīn yǐng shadow, fig. a traumatic experience that haunts someone; 阴谋 yīn móu plot, conspiracy; 阴阳 yīn yáng yin and yang

1277 | 寄 寄 寄 寄 寄 寄 寄

jì to mail; 寄托 jì tuō to have sb look after sb, to entrust the care of sb, to place (hope etc) on; 寄予 jì yú to place (hope, importance etc) on, to express, to show, to give; 寄宿 jì sù to lodge, to live (in rented accommodation)

1278 | 既 既 既 既 既 既 既

jì already, since, both... (and...); 既然 jì rán since, as, this being the case; 既是 jì shì since, as, being the case that; 既有 jì yǒu existing

1279 | 产 产 产 产 产 产 产

chǎn to give birth, to reproduce, to produce, product, resource, estate, property; 生产 shēng chǎn childbirth, parturition, to produce, manufacture; 产品 chǎn pǐn goods, merchandise, product, CL:个[gè]; 产业 chǎn yè industry, estate, property, industrial

1280 | 晴 晴 晴 晴 晴 晴 晴

qíng sunny; 晴雨 qíng yǔ all weather, rain or shine, barometer; 晴雨表 qíng yǔ biǎo barometer; 晴天 qíng tiān clear sky, sunny day

1281 | 缺 缺 缺 缺 缺 缺 缺

quē deficiency, lack, scarce, vacant post, to run short of; 缺乏 quē fá shortage, be lacking, to be short of, to lack, scarcity; 缺少 quē shǎo lack, shortage of, shortfall, to be short (of), to lack; 短缺 duǎn quē shortage

1282 | 优 优 优 优 优 优 优

yōu excellent, superior; 优势 yōu shì superiority, dominance, advantage; 优秀 yōu xiù outstanding, excellent; 优惠 yōu huì preferential, favorable

1283 | 秀 秀 秀 秀 秀 秀 秀

xiù handsome, refined, elegant, graceful, performance, ear of grain, show (loanword); 优秀 yōu xiù outstanding, excellent; 独秀 dú xiù to surpass, to stand above the crowd; 选秀 xuǎn xiù draft (sports)

1284 | 善 善 善 善 善 善 善

shàn good (virtuous), benevolent, well-disposed, good at sth, to improve or perfect; 完善 wán shàn perfect, to make perfect, to improve; 改善 gǎi shàn to make better, to improve, CL:个[gè]; 慈善 cí shàn benevolent, charitable

1285 | 握 握 握 握 握 握 握

wò to hold, to grasp, to clench (one's fist), to master, (# for a handful); 掌握 zhǎng wò to grasp (often fig.), to control, to seize (initiative, opportunity, destiny), to master, to know well, to understand sth well and know how to use it, fluency; 把握 bǎ wò to grasp (also fig.), to seize, to hold, assurance, certainty, sure (of the outcome); 握手 wò shǒu to shake hands

1286 | 甘 甘 甘 甘 甘 甘 甘

gān sweet, willing, surname; 甘肃 gān sù Gansu province (Kansu) between Xinjiang and Inner Mongolia in north China, abbr. 甘 or 陇, capital Lanzhou 兰州[lán zhōu]; 甘肃省 gān sù shěng Gansu province (Kansu) between Xinjiang and Inner Mongolia in north China, abbr. 陇[lǒng] or 甘[gān], capital Lanzhou 兰州[lán zhōu]; 不甘 bù gān unreconciled to, not resigned to, unwilling

1287 | 聚 聚 聚 聚 聚 聚 聚

jù to gather, to get together, to congregate; 凝聚 níng jù to condense, to coagulate, coacervation (i.e. form tiny droplets), aggregation, coherent; 聚集 jù jí to assemble, to gather; 凝聚力 níng jù lì cohesion, cohesiveness, cohesive

1288 | 庆 庆 庆 庆 庆 庆 庆

qìng celebrate; 重庆 chóng qìng Chongqing city (Chungking), formerly in Sichuan province, a municipality since 1997, abbr. 渝; 重庆市 chóng qìng shì Chongqing city, formerly in Sichuan province, a municipality since 1997, abbr. 渝; 国庆 guó qìng national celebration

1289 | 饯 饯 饯 饯 饯 饯 饯

jiàn farewell dinner, preserves; 蜜饯 mì jiàn food preserved in sugar or honey; 饯行 jiàn xíng to give a farewell dinner; 饯别 jiàn bié to give a farewell dinner

1290 | 锅 锅 锅 锅 锅 锅 锅

guō pot, pan, boiler; 火锅 huǒ guō hotpot; 锅炉 guō lú boiler; 大锅 dà guō a big wok, cauldron

1291 | 器 器 器 器 器 器 器

qì device, tool, utensil; 武器 wǔ qì weapon, arms, CL:种[zhǒng]; 电器 diàn qì (electrical) appliance, device; 机器 jī qì machine, CL:台[tái],部[bù],个[gè]

1292 | 剧 剧 剧 剧 剧 剧 剧

jù drama, play, show, severe; 电视剧 diàn shì jù TV play, soap opera, CL:部[bù]; 加剧 jiā jù to intensify, to sharpen, to accelerate, to aggravate, to exacerbate, to embitter; 剧院 jù yuàn theater, CL:家[jiā],座[zuò]

1293 | 搞 搞 搞 搞 搞 搞 搞

gǎo to do, to make, to go in for, to set up, to get hold of, to take care of; 搞好 gǎo hǎo to do well at, to do a good job; 搞笑 gǎo xiào funny, hilarious; 恶搞 è gǎo a spoof (web based genre in PRC acquiring cult status from 2005, involving humorous, satirical or fantastical videos, photo collections, texts, poems etc)

1294 | 值 值 值 值 值 值 值

zhí value, (to be) worth, to happen to, to be on duty; 价值 jià zhí value, worth, fig. values (ethical, cultural etc), CL:个[gè]; 值得 zhí de to be worth, to deserve; 增值 zēng zhí to appreciate (financially), to increase in value, value-added (accountancy)

1295 | 稳 稳 稳 稳 稳 稳 稳

wěn settled, steady, stable; 稳定 wěn dìng steady, stable, stability, to stabilize, to pacify; 平稳 píng wěn smooth, steady; 稳步 wěn bù steadily, a steady pace

1296 | 仅 仅 仅 仅 仅 仅 仅

jǐn barely, only, merely; 不仅 bù jǐn not only (this one), not just (...) but also; 仅仅 jǐn jǐn barely, only, merely, only (this and nothing more); 仅次于 jǐn cì yú second only to..., (in second place) preceded only by...

1297 | 永 永 永 永 永 永 永

yǒng forever, always, perpetual; 永远 yǒng yuǎn forever, eternal; 永康 yǒng kāng Yongkang county level city in Jinhua 金华[jīn huá], Zhejiang, Yungkang city in Tainan county 台南县[tái nán xiàn], Taiwan; 永久 yǒng jiǔ everlasting, perpetual, lasting, forever, permanent

1298 | 联 联 联 联 联 联 联

lián to ally, to unite, to join; 联合 lián hé to combine, to join, unite, alliance; 联系 lián xì variant of 联系[lián xì]; 联网 lián wǎng network, cyber-

1299 | 谊 谊 谊 谊 谊 谊 谊

yì friendship; 友谊 yǒu yì companionship, fellowship, friendship; 情谊 qíng yì friendship, camaraderie; 厚谊 hòu yì generous friendship

1300 | 众 众 众 众 众 众 众

zhòng many, numerous, crowd, multitude; 群众 qún zhòng mass, multitude, the masses; 公众 gōng zhòng public; 观众 guān zhòng spectators, audience, visitors (to an exhibition etc)

1301 | 欧 欧 欧 欧 欧 欧 欧

ōu Europe, surname; 欧洲 ōu zhōu Europe, European; 欧盟 ōu méng European Union, EU; 欧元 ōu yuán Euro (currency)

1302 | 洲 洲 洲 洲 洲 洲 洲

zhōu continent, island; 欧洲 ōu zhōu Europe, European; 亚洲 yà zhōu Asia, Asian; 非洲 fēi zhōu Africa

1303 | 亚 亚 亚 亚 亚 亚 亚

yà Asia, Asian, second, next to, inferior, sub-; 亚洲 yà zhōu Asia, Asian; 澳大利亚 ào dà lì yà Australia, Australian, same as 澳洲; 诺基亚 nuò jī yà Nokia (company name)

1304 | 横 横 横 横 横 横 横

héng horizontal, across, (horizontal character stroke); 纵横 zòng héng lit. warp and weft in weaving; vertically and horizontal, length and breadth, criss-crossed, able to move unhindered, abbr. for 合纵连横[hé zòng lián héng], School of Diplomacy during the Warring States Period (475-221 BC); 横向 héng xiàng horizontal, orthogonal, perpendicular, lateral, crosswise; 横幅 héng fú horizontal scroll, banner, streamer

1305 | 竖 竖 竖 竖 竖 竖 竖

shù (straight down character stroke), to erect, vertical; 竖起 shù qǐ to hold up (high), to raise up; 竖立 shù lì to erect, to set upright, to stand; 横七竖八 héng qī shù bā in disorder, at sixes and sevens (idiom)

1306 | 撇 撇 撇 撇 撇 撇 撇

piě (downwards-left curved character stroke), throw; 撇开 piě kāi to disregard, to leave aside; 撇清 piě qīng to say a matter has no relationship with the individual referred to, to emphasise one is innocent or in the clear; 左撇子 zuǒ piě zi left-handed

1307 | 捺 捺 捺 捺 捺 捺 捺

nà (downwards-right concave character stroke), press down firmly; 按捺 àn nà to restrain, to control; 按捺不住 àn nà bu zhù to be unable to hold back

1308 | 钩 钩 钩 钩 钩 钩 钩

gōu entice, hook; 挂钩 guà gōu hook (on which to hang sth), to couple, to link together, to establish contact with, hook, coupling links (e.g. between two railway coaches); 脱钩 tuō gōu to cut ties, to disconnect, out of touch; 上钩 shàng gōu to take the bait

1309 | 徒 徒 徒 徒 徒 徒 徒

tú disciple, apprentice, believer, on foot, bare or empty, to no avail, only, prison sentence, surname; 徒刑 tú xíng prison sentence; 有期徒刑 yǒu qī tú xíng limited term of imprisonment (i.e. anything less than life imprisonment); 歹徒 dǎi tú evil-doer, malefactor, gangster, hoodlum

1310 | 姬 姬 姬 姬 姬 姬 姬

jī surname Ji, family name of the Zhou Dynasty; 泰姬陵 tài jī líng Taj Mahal (mausoleum in India); 霸王别姬 bà wáng bié jī Xiang Yu bids farewell to his favorite concubine (classic subject), Farewell my concubine (film by Chen Kaige); 胡姬花 hú jī huā Vanda miss joaquim (hybrid orchid), national flower of Singapore

1311 | 媿 媿 媿 媿 媿 媿 媿

guī surname Gui, name of a river

1312 | 姒 姒 姒 姒 姒 姒 姒

sì surname Si

1313 | 姚 姚 姚 姚 姚 姚 姚

yáo surname Yao; 姚明 yáo míng Yao Ming (Chinese NBA star player); 姚文元 yáo wén yuán Yao Wen yuan (1931-2005), one of the Gang of Four; 余姚 yú yáo Yuyao county level city in Ningbo 宁波[níng bō], Zhejiang

1314 | 蔡 蔡 蔡 蔡 蔡 蔡 蔡

cài surname Cai; 蔡依林 cài yī lín Jolin Tsai (1980-), Taiwanese singer; 蔡英文 cài yīng wén Tsai Ing-wen (1956-), Taiwanese DPP politician; 蔡元培 cài yuán péi Cai Yuanpei (1868-1940), liberal educationalist, studied in Germany, President of Beijing University 1917-19, minister of education for Guomindang

1315 | 陈 陈 陈 陈 陈 陈 陈

chén surname Chen, vassal state during the Spring and Autumn Period, Chen of the Southern dynasties; 陈水扁 chén shuǐ biǎn Chen Shui-Bian (1950-), Taiwanese DPP 民进党 politician, President of the Republic of China 2000-2008; 陈云 chén yún Chen Yun (1905-1995), communist leader and economist; 陈毅 chén yì Chen Yi (1901-1972), communist general and politician, Marshal of PLA from 1955, Mayor of Shanghai in 1950s, PRC foreign minister 1958-1972

1316| 刘 刘 刘 刘 刘 刘

liú surname Liu; 刘翔 liú xiáng Liu Xiang (1983-), Chinese gold-medal hurdler of the 2004 Olympic Games; 刘少奇 liú shào qí Liu Shaoqi (1898-1969), Chinese communist leader, a martyr of the Cultural Revolution; 刘德华 liú dé huá Andy Lau

1317| 罗 罗 罗 罗 罗 罗

luó surname Luo; 罗斯 luó sī Roth (name), Kenneth Roth (1955-), executive director of Human Rights Watch 人权观察[rén quán guān chá]; 俄罗斯 é luó sī Russia; 罗拉 luó lā roller (loanword)

1318| 吴 吴 吴 吴 吴 吴

wú surname Wu, province of Jiangsu, name of Southern China states at different historical periods; 吴邦国 wú bāng guó Wu Bangguo (1941-), PRC electrical engineer and politician, polituro member from 2002; 吴仪 wú yí Wu Yi (vice-premiers of the PRC State Council); 吴官正 wú guān zhèng Wu Guanzheng

1319| 徐 徐 徐 徐 徐 徐

xú surname Xu2; 徐州 xú zhōu Xuzhou prefecture level city in Jiangsu; 徐州市 xú zhōu shì Xuzhou prefecture level city in Jiangsu; 徐克 xú kè Tsui Hark, a movie director

1320| 许 许 许 许 许 许

xǔ surname Xu3; 许多 xǔ duō many, a lot of, much; 允许 yǔn xǔ to permit, to allow; 许可 xǔ kě to allow, to permit

1321| 杨 杨 杨 杨 杨 杨

yáng surname Yang; 杨尚昆 yáng shàng kūn Yang Shangkun; 杨洁篪 yáng jié chí Yang Jiechi (1950-), Chinese politician and diplomat, foreign minister of PRC from 2007; 杨树 yáng shù poplar tree, various trees of genus Populus

1322| 叶 叶 叶 叶 叶 叶

yè surname Ye; 茶叶 chá yè tea, tea-leaves, CL:盒[hé],罐[guàn],包[bāo],片[piàn]; 叶子 yè zi foliage, leaf, CL:片[piàn]; 叶挺 yè tǐng Ye Ting (1896-1946), communist military leader

1323| 郑 郑 郑 郑 郑 郑

zhèng surname Zheng; 郑州 zhèng zhōu Zhengzhou prefecture level city and capital of Henan Province in central China; 郑州市 zhèng zhōu shì Zhengzhou prefecture level city and capital of Henan Province in central China; 郑重 zhèng zhòng serious, solemn

1324| 兄 兄 兄 兄 兄 兄

xiōng elder brother; 兄弟 xiōng dì brothers, younger brother, CL:个[gè], I, me (humble term used by men in public speech), brotherly, fraternal; 雷曼兄弟 léi màn xiōng dì Lehman brothers, investment bank; 兄妹 xiōng mèi brother(s) and sister(s)

1325| 寿 寿 寿 寿 寿 寿

shòu long life, old age, age, life, birthday, funerary; 寿命 shòu mìng life span, life expectancy; 长寿 cháng shòu Changshou suburban district of Chongqing municipality, formerly in Sichuan; 寿险 shòu xiǎn life insurance, abbr. for 人寿保险

1326| 围 围 围 围 围 围 围

wéi to encircle, to surround, all around, to wear by wrapping around (scarf, shawl), a surname; 范围 fàn wéi range, scope, limit, extent, CL:个[gè]; 围绕 wéi rào to revolve around, to center on (an issue); 周围 zhōu wéi surroundings, environment, to encompass

1327| 碧 碧 碧 碧 碧 碧 碧

bì green jade, bluish green, blue, jade; 金碧辉煌 jīn bì huī huáng gold and jade in glorious splendor (idiom), fig. a dazzling sight (e.g. royal palace); 碧绿 bì lǜ dark green; 雪碧 xuě bì Sprite (soft drink)

1328| 矿 矿 矿 矿 矿 矿 矿

kuàng ore, mine; 煤矿 méi kuàng coal mine; 铁矿 tiě kuàng iron ore, iron ore mine; 矿石 kuàng shí ore

1329| 泉 泉 泉 泉 泉 泉 泉

quán spring (small stream), mouth of a spring, coin (archaic); 小泉 xiǎo quán Koizumi (name), KOIZUMI Jun'ichirō, Japanese LDP politician, prime minister 2001-2006; 泉水 quán shuǐ spring water, CL:股[gǔ]; 源泉 yuán quán fountainhead, well-spring, water source, fig. origin

1330| 隐 隐 隐 隐 隐 隐 隐

yǐn secret, hidden, concealed, Greek stem: crypto-; 隐患 yǐn huàn a danger concealed within sth, hidden damage, misfortune not visible from the surface; 隐私 yǐn sī secrets, private business, privacy; 隐蔽 yǐn bì to conceal, to hide, covert, under cover

1331| 私 私 私 私 私 私 私

sī personal, private, selfish; 私人 sī rén private, personal, interpersonal, sb with whom one has a close personal relationship, a member of one's clique; 私营 sī yíng privately-owned, private; 隐私 yǐn sī secrets, private business, privacy

1332| 权 权 权 权 权 权 权

quán authority, power, right, temporary; 权力 quán lì power, authority; 产权 chǎn quán property right; 权利 quán lì power, right, privilege

1333| 菊 菊 菊 菊 菊 菊 菊

jú chrysanthemum; 菊花 jú huā chrysanthemum; 黄菊 huáng jú Huang Ju (1938-2007), Chinese politician; 菊花茶 jú huā chá chrysanthemum tea

1334| 井 井 井 井 井 井 井

jǐng a well, CL:?[kou3], neat, orderly; 井下 jǐng xià underground, in the pit (mining); 矿井 kuàng jǐng a mine, a mine shaft; 井冈山 jǐng gāng shān Jinggang Mountains, in the Jiangxi-Hunan border region

1335| 葡 葡 葡 葡 葡 葡 葡

pú grapes; 葡萄 pú tao grape; 葡萄牙 pú táo yá Portugal; 葡萄酒 pú tao jiǔ (grape) wine

1336| 萄 萄 萄 萄 萄 萄 萄

táo grapes; 葡萄 pú tao grape; 葡萄牙 pú táo yá Portugal; 葡萄酒 pú tao jiǔ (grape) wine

1337 腊 腊 腊 腊 腊 腊 腊

là preserved (meat); 希腊 xī là Greece; 腊月 là yuè twelfth lunar month; 古希腊 gǔ xī là ancient Greece

1338 丁 丁 丁 丁 丁 丁 丁

dīng surname Ding; 马丁 mǎ dīng Martin (name); 拉丁 lā dīng Latin, (in former times) to press-gang, to kidnap and force people into service; 补丁 bǔ dīng patch

1339 珠 珠 珠 珠 珠 珠 珠

zhū bead, pearl; 珠海 zhū hǎi Zhuhai prefecture level city in Guangdong province 广东省[guǎng dōng shěng] in south China; 珠三角 zhū sān jiǎo Pearl River Delta; 珠江 zhū jiāng Pearl River (Guangdong)

1340 宝 宝 宝 宝 宝 宝 宝

bǎo a jewel or gem, a treasure, precious; 温家宝 wēn jiā bǎo Wen Jiabao (1942-), Premier of PRC from 2003; 宝贵 bǎo guì valuable, precious, to value, to treasure, to set store by; 宝钢 bǎo gāng Baosteel, China's largest steel maker

1341 砚 砚 砚 砚 砚 砚 砚

yàn ink-stone; 砚台 yàn tái ink stone, ink slab, CL:方[fāng]; 砚山 yàn shān Yanshan county in Wenshan Zhuang and Miao autonomous prefecture 文山壮族苗族自治州[wén shān zhuàng zú miáo zú zì zhì zhōu], Yunnan; 程砚秋 chéng yàn qiū Cheng Yanqiu (1904-1958), famous Beijing opera star, second only to 梅兰芳[méi lán fāng]

1342 宣 宣 宣 宣 宣 宣 宣

xuān to declare (publicly), to announce, surname; 宣传 xuān chuán to disseminate, to give publicity to, propaganda, CL:个[gè]; 宣布 xuān bù to declare, to announce, to proclaim; 宣传部 xuān chuán bù Propaganda Department

1343 歙 歙 歙 歙 歙 歙 歙

shè to suck, a county's name in anhui; 歙县 shè xiàn She county in Huangshan 黄山[huáng shān], Anhui

1344 橘 橘 橘 橘 橘 橘 橘

jú tangerine; 柑橘 gān jú Mandarin orange (Citrus reticulata), tangerine; 橘子 jú zi tangerine, CL:个[gè],瓣[bàn]; 橘红 jú hóng orange (color), orange peel (used in traditional Chinese medicine)

1345 灰 灰 灰 灰 灰 灰 灰

huī ash, dust, lime, gray, discouraged, dejected; 灰色 huī sè gray, grey, ash gray, grizzly, pessimistic, gloomy, dispirited, ambiguous; 骨灰 gǔ huī bone ash, ashes of the dead; 灰尘 huī chén dust

1346 裙 裙 裙 裙 裙 裙 裙

qún skirt; 裙子 qún zi skirt, CL:条[tiáo]; 长裙 cháng qún cheong sam (long skirt); 衣裙 yī qún female clothing

1347 帽 帽 帽 帽 帽 帽 帽

mào hat, cap; 帽子 mào zi hat, cap, CL:顶[dǐng]; 盖帽 gài mào block (basketball); 乌纱帽 wū shā mào black hat (worn by feudal official), fig. official post

1348 褂 褂 褂 褂 褂 褂 褂

guà coat; 马褂 mǎ guà buttoned mandarin jacket of the Qing dynasty 清代[qīng dài] (1644-1911)

1349 摩 摩 摩 摩 摩 摩 摩

mó rub; 摩托 mó tuō motor (transliteration), motorbike; 摩托罗拉 mó tuō luó lā Motorola; 摩托车 mó tuō chē motorbike, motorcycle, CL:辆[liàng],部[bù]

1350 潮 潮 潮 潮 潮 潮 潮

cháo tide, current, damp, moist, humid; 高潮 gāo cháo high tide, high water, upsurge, climax, orgasm, chorus (part of a song); 潮流 cháo liú tide, current, trend; 热潮 rè cháo upsurge, popular craze

1351 虾 虾 虾 虾 虾 虾 虾

xiā shrimp, prawn; 龙虾 lóng xiā lobster; 小龙虾 xiǎo lóng xiā crayfish, langoustine, chicken lobster; 虾仁 xiā rén shrimp, prawn

1352 胡 胡 胡 胡 胡 胡 胡

hú beard, mustache, whiskers; 胡锦涛 hú jīn tāo Hu Jintao (1942-), President of PRC from 2003; 胡同 hú tòng lane, alley, CL:条[tiáo]; 胡耀邦 hú yào bāng Hu Yaobang (1915-1989), Chinese politician

1353 萝 萝 萝 萝 萝 萝 萝

luó radish; 萝卜 luó bo radish, CL:条[tiáo]; 胡萝卜 hú luó bo carrot; 菠萝 bō luó pineapple

1354 卜 卜 卜 卜 卜 卜 卜

bo turnip; 萝卜 luó bo radish, CL:条[tiáo]; 胡萝卜 hú luó bo carrot; 阿卜杜拉 ā bǔ dù lā Abdullah (name)

1355 葱 葱 葱 葱 葱 葱 葱

cōng green-onion; 洋葱 yáng cōng onion (Allium cepa), bulb onion; 大葱 dà cōng leek, Chinese onion; 葱葱 cōng cōng verdant and thick (foliage, grass etc)

1356 婆 婆 婆 婆 婆 婆 婆

pó grandmother, matron, mother-in-law; 老婆 lǎo pó (informal) wife; 婆婆 pó po husband's mother, mother-in-law, grandma; 外婆 wài pó (informal) mother's mother, maternal grandmother

1357 麦 麦 麦 麦 麦 麦 麦

mài wheat, barley, oats; 小麦 xiǎo mài wheat, CL:粒[lì]; 麦当劳 mài dāng láo MacDonald or McDonald (name), McDonald's (fast food company); 麦克 mài kè Mike (name)

1358 劳 劳 劳 劳 劳 劳 劳

láo toil; 劳动 láo dòng work, toil, physical labor, CL:次[cì]; 劳动力 láo dòng lì labor force, manpower; 劳动者 láo dòng zhě worker, laborer

1359 浆 浆 浆 浆 浆 浆 浆

jiāng broth, serum, to starch; 血浆 xuè jiāng blood plasma; 豆浆 dòu jiāng soy milk; 泥浆 ní jiāng slurry, mud

1360 斑 斑 斑 斑 斑 斑 斑

bān spot, colored patch, stripe, spotted, striped, variegated; 一斑 yī bān lit. one spot (on the leopard), fig. one small item in a big scheme; 斑马 bān mǎ zebra, CL:匹[pǐ]; 斑斑 bān bān full of stains or spots

1361 桥 桥 桥 桥 桥 桥 桥

qiáo bridge; 大桥 dà qiáo Da Qiao, one of the Two Qiaos, according to Romance of the Three Kingdoms 三国演义[sān guó yǎn yì], the two great beauties of ancient China; 桥梁 qiáo liáng bridge, fig. connection between two areas; 路桥 lù qiáo Luqiao district of Taizhou city 台州市[tái zhōu shì], Zhejiang

1362 蕉 蕉 蕉 蕉 蕉 蕉 蕉

jiāo banana; 香蕉 xiāng jiāo banana, CL:枝[zhī],根[gēn],个[gè],把[bǎ]; 芭蕉 bā jiāo plantain, CL:根[gēn]; 蕉岭 jiāo lǐng Jiangling county in Meizhou 梅州, Guangdong

1363 草 草 草 草 草 草 草

cǎo grass, straw, manuscript, draft (of a document), careless, rough; 草案 cǎo àn draft (legislation, proposal etc); 起草 qǐ cǎo draft (a bill), draw up (plans); 烟草 yān cǎo tobacco

1364 莓 莓 莓 莓 莓 莓 莓

méi berry, strawberry; 黑莓 hēi méi blackberry (Rubus fruticosus); 草莓 cǎo méi strawberry, CL:颗[kē], (Taiwan) hickey, love bite; 蓝莓 lán méi blueberry

1365 桃 桃 桃 桃 桃 桃 桃

táo, táo r peach; 桃花 táo huā peach blossom; 核桃 hé tao walnut, CL:个[gè],棵[kē]; 桃园 táo yuán Taoyuan city and county in Taiwan, the Garden of the Peaches of Immortality

1366 尘 尘 尘 尘 尘 尘 尘

chén dust, dirt, earth; 沙尘 shā chén sand, sandstorm (common in spring in north China); 尘埃 chén āi dust; 尘暴 chén bào dust devil

1367 咳 咳 咳 咳 咳 咳 咳

ké cough; 咳嗽 ké sou to cough, CL:阵[zhèn]; 止咳 zhǐ ké to suppress coughing; 百日咳 bǎi rì ké whooping cough, pertussis

1368 嗽 嗽 嗽 嗽 嗽 嗽 嗽

sòu cough; 咳嗽 ké sou to cough, CL:阵[zhèn]

1369 | 喷 喷 喷 喷 喷 喷 喷

pēn to puff, to spout, to spray, to spurt; 井喷 jǐng pēn (oil) blowout, surge, gush; 喷发 pēn fā to erupt, an eruption; 喷气 pēn qì jet, blast of air, spurt of gas

1370 | 嚏 嚏 嚏 嚏 嚏 嚏 嚏

tì sneeze; 喷嚏 pēn tì sneeze; 打喷嚏 dǎ pēn tì to sneeze

1371 | 涕 涕 涕 涕 涕 涕 涕

tì nasal mucus, tears; 鼻涕 bí tì nasal mucus, snivel; 痛哭流涕 tòng kū liú tì weeping bitter tears; 流鼻涕 liú bí tì to run at the nose

1372 | 野 野 野 野 野 野 野

yě field, plain, open space, limit, boundary, rude, wild; 视野 shì yě field of view, horizon; 野生 yě shēng wild, undomesticated; 野生动物 yě shēng dòng wù wild animal

1373 | 橄 橄 橄 橄 橄 橄 橄

gǎn olive; 橄榄 gǎn lǎn Chinese olive, olive; 橄榄枝 gǎn lǎn zhī olive branch, symbol of peace; 橄榄球 gǎn lǎn qiú football played with oval-shaped ball (rugby, American football, Australian rules etc)

1374 | 榄 榄 榄 榄 榄 榄 榄

lǎn olive; 橄榄 gǎn lǎn Chinese olive, olive; 橄榄枝 gǎn lǎn zhī olive branch, symbol of peace; 橄榄球 gǎn lǎn qiú football played with oval-shaped ball (rugby, American football, Australian rules etc)

1375 | 匹 匹 匹 匹 匹 匹 匹

pī, pǐ mate, one of a pair, (# for horses, mules etc), ordinary person, (# for cloth bolt); 奥林匹克 ào lín pǐ kè Olympic; 匹配 pǐ pèi to mate or marry, to match, matching, compatible; 奥林匹克精神 ào lín pǐ kè jīng shén Olympic spirit

1376 | 恋 恋 恋 恋 恋 恋 恋

liàn to feel attached to, to long for, to love; 恋爱 liàn ài (romantic) love, CL:个[gè],场[chǎng], in love, to have an affair; 恋情 liàn qíng romantic love; 同性恋 tóng xìng liàn homosexuality, gay person, gay love

1377 | 囧 囧 囧 囧 囧 囧 囧

jiǒng velvetleaf (Abutilon avicennae), plant of the jute family, bright | character used as emoticon for sad, depressed, frustrated

1378 | 梯 梯 梯 梯 梯 梯 梯

tī ladder; 电梯 diàn tī elevator, escalator, CL:台[tái],部[bù]; 阶梯 jiē tī flight of steps, fig. ladder, stepping stone; 楼梯 lóu tī stair, staircase, CL:个[gè]

1379 | 辖 辖 辖 辖 辖 辖 辖

xiá to govern, to control, having jurisdiction over, linchpin of a wheel (archaic), noise of a barrow; 直辖 zhí xiá to govern directly; 直

辖市 zhí xiá shì municipality, namely: Beijing 北京, Tianjin 天津, Shanghai 上海 and Chongqing 重庆, the first level administrative subdivision, province level city, also called directly governed city; 辖区 xiá qū administrative region

1380 凡 凡 凡 凡 凡 凡 凡

fán ordinary, commonplace, mundane, temporal, of the material world (as opposed to supernatural or immortal levels), every, all, whatever, altogether, gist, outline, note of Chinese musical scale; 凡是 fán shì each and every, every, all, any; 平凡 píng fán commonplace, ordinary, mediocre; 非凡 fēi fán out of the ordinary, unusually (good, talented etc)

1381 防 防 防 防 防 防 防

fáng to protect, to defend, to guard (against); 防止 fáng zhǐ to prevent, to guard against, to take precautions; 预防 yù fáng to prevent, to take precautions against, to protect, to guard against, precautionary, prophylactic; 国防 guó fáng national defense

1382 柏 柏 柏 柏 柏 柏 柏

bó, bò cypress, cedar; 柏林 bó lín Berlin, capital of Germany; 张柏芝 zhāng bó zhī Cecilia Cheung (1980-), Hong Kong actress and pop singer; 柏油 bǎi yóu asphalt, tar, pitch

1383 咧 咧 咧 咧 咧 咧 咧

liě draw back corners of mouth; 咧咧 liē liē (dialect) to cry, to whimper, to talk drivel; 大大咧咧 dà dà liē liē carefree, offhand, casual; 咧嘴 liě zuǐ to grin

1384 幅 幅 幅 幅 幅 幅 幅

fú (# for textile or picture), width, roll; 大幅 dà fú a big margin, substantially; 幅度 fú dù width, extent, range, scope; 涨幅 zhǎng fú rise and fall of stock in one day's trading

1385 艳 艳 艳 艳 艳 艳 艳

yàn glamorous; 鲜艳 xiān yàn bright-colored, gaily-colored; 艳丽 yàn lì gorgeous, garish and beautiful; 惊艳 jīng yàn stunning, breathtaking

1386 涵 涵 涵 涵 涵 涵 涵

hán to contain, to include, culvert; 内涵 nèi hán meaning, content, essential properties implied or reflected by a notion, intention, connotation, self-possessed; 涵盖 hán gài to cover, to comprise, to include; 涵养 hán yǎng to conserve (e.g. water), self-restraint, self-possession

1387 谅 谅 谅 谅 谅 谅 谅

liàng to forgive, to understand; 谅解 liàng jiě to understand, to make allowances for, understanding; 原谅 yuán liàng to excuse, to forgive, to pardon; 体谅 tǐ liàng to empathize, to allow (for something), to show understanding, to appreciate

1388 娱 娱 娱 娱 娱 娱 娱

yú amuse; 娱乐 yú lè to entertain, to amuse, entertainment, recreation, amusement, hobby, fun, joy; 游乐场 yú lè chǎng place of entertainment, casino, resort; 娱乐场所 yú lè chǎng suǒ place of entertainment

1389 枯 枯 枯 枯 枯 枯 枯

kū dried up; 枯竭 kū jié used up, dried up, exhausted (of resources); 枯燥 kū zào dry and dull, uninteresting, dry-as-dust; 枯水

kū shuǐ scarce water, low water level

1390| 燥 燥 燥 燥 燥 燥 燥

zào dry, parched, impatient; 干燥 gān zào to dry (of weather, paint, cement etc), desiccation, dull, uninteresting, arid; 枯燥 kū zào dry and dull, uninteresting, dry-as-dust; 口干舌燥 kǒu gān shé zào lit. dry mouth and tongue (idiom); to talk too much

1391| 乏 乏 乏 乏 乏 乏 乏

fá short of, tired; 缺乏 quē fá shortage, be lacking, to be short of, to lack, scarcity; 不乏 bù fá there is no lack of; 匮乏 kuì fá to be deficient in sth, to be short of sth (supplies, money etc)

1392| 梦 梦 梦 梦 梦 梦 梦

mèng dream; 梦想 mèng xiǎng (figuratively) to dream of, dream; 红楼梦 hóng lóu mèng A Dream of Red Mansions (first completed edition 1791) by Cao Xueqin 曹雪芹, one of the four great novels; 梦中 mèng zhōng in a dream

1393| 阅 阅 阅 阅 阅 阅 阅

yuè to inspect, to review, to read, to peruse, to go through, to experience; 阅读 yuè dú to read, reading; 阅兵 yuè bīng to review troops; 查阅 chá yuè to consult, to refer to, to look sth up in a reference source

1394| 枪 枪 枪 枪 枪 枪 枪

qiāng gun, firearm, rifle, spear; 枪支 qiāng zhī a gun, guns in general; 手枪 shǒu qiāng pistol, CL:把[bǎ]; 开枪 kāi qiāng to open fire, to shoot a gun

1395| 荐 荐 荐 荐 荐 荐 荐

jiàn to recommend, to offer sacrifice (arch.), grass, straw mat; 推荐 tuī jiàn to recommend, recommendation; 举荐 jǔ jiàn to recommend; 推荐信 tuī jiàn xìn recommendation letter

1396| 奋 奋 奋 奋 奋 奋 奋

fèn exert oneself; 奋斗 fèn dòu to strive, to struggle; 兴奋 xīng fèn excited, excitement; 振奋 zhèn fèn to stir oneself up, to raise one's spirits, to inspire

1397| 斗 斗 斗 斗 斗 斗 斗

dòu to fight, to struggle, to condemn, to censure, to contend, to put together, coming together; 斗争 dòu zhēng a struggle, fight, battle; 奋斗 fèn dòu to strive, to struggle; 战斗 zhàn dòu to fight, to battle, CL:场[cháng], 次[cì]

1398| 述 述 述 述 述 述 述

shù to state, to tell, to narrate, to relate; 上述 shàng shù aforementioned, above-mentioned; 讲述 jiǎng shù to talk about, to narrate, to give an account; 描述 miáo shù to describe, description

1399| 努 努 努 努 努 努 努

nǔ to exert, to strive; 努力 nǔ lì great effort, to strive, to try hard; 共同努力 gòng tóng nǔ lì to work together, to collaborate; 西哈努克 xī hā nǔ kè (King) Sihanouk (of Cambodia)

1400 切 切 切 切 切 切 切

qiè, qiē definitely, absolutely (not), (scoffing or dismissive interjection) Yeah, right., Tut!, to grind, close to, eager, to correspond to, to cut, to slice, tangent (math); 切实 qiè shí feasible, earnestly, conscientiously, realistic, practical; 一切 yī qiè everything, every, all; 密切 mì qiè close, familiar, intimate, closely (related), to foster close ties, to pay close attention

1401 敬 敬 敬 敬 敬 敬 敬

jìng to respect, to venerate, to salute, to offer; 敬业 jìng yè to be dedicated to one's work, to respect one's work; 尊敬 zūn jìng respect, to revere; 敬意 jìng yì respect, tribute

1402 昭 昭 昭 昭 昭 昭 昭

zhāo bright, clear, manifest, to show clearly; 昭示 zhāo shì to declare publicly, to make clear; 昭通 zhāo tōng Zhaotong prefecture level city in Yunnan; 臭名昭著 chòu míng zhāo zhù notorious, infamous, egregious (bandits)

1403 鲤 鲤 鲤 鲤 鲤 鲤 鲤

lǐ carp; 鲤鱼 lǐ yú carp; 鲤鱼跳龙门 lǐ yú tiào lóng mén gain quick success; 鲤城 lǐ chéng Licheng district of Quanzhou city 泉州市 [quán zhōu shì], Fujian

1404 粤 粤 粤 粤 粤 粤 粤

yuè Guangdong and Guangxi provinces; 粤语 yuè yǔ Cantonese language; 粤剧 yuè jù Cantonese opera; 粤海 yuè hǎi Guangdong-Hainan

1405 鲁 鲁 鲁 鲁 鲁 鲁 鲁

lǔ Shandong province; 鲁迅 lǔ xùn Lu Xun (1881-1936), one of the earliest and best-known modern Chinese writers; 乌鲁木齐 wū lǔ mù qí Ürümqi or Urumqi prefecture level city and capital of Xinjiang Uighur autonomous region 新疆维吾尔自治区 in west China; 格鲁吉亚 gé lǔ jí yà Georgia (country)

1406 党 党 党 党 党 党 党

dǎng party, association, club, society, surname; 党员 dǎng yuán political party member, CL: 名[míng], 位[wèi], 个[gè]; 共产党 gòng chǎn dǎng Communist Party; 党委 dǎng wěi Party committee

1407 委 委 委 委 委 委 委

wěi to entrust, to cast aside, to shift (blame etc), to accumulate, roundabout, winding, dejected, listless, committee member, council, end, actually, certainly, surname; 委员 wěi yuán committee member, committee, council, CL: 个[gè]; 委员会 wěi yuán huì committee; 常委 cháng wěi member of standing committee

1408 任 任 任 任 任 任 任

rèn to assign, to appoint, to take up a post, office, responsibility, to let, to allow, to give free rein to, no matter (how, what etc), surname; 责任 zé rèn responsibility, blame, duty, CL: 个[gè]; 主任 zhǔ rèn director, head, CL: 个[gè]; 任务 rèn wu mission, assignment, task, duty, role, CL: 项[xiàng], 个[gè]

1409 强 强 强 强 强 强 强

qiáng strong, powerful, better, slightly more than, vigorous, violent, best in their category, surname; 加强 jiā qiáng to reinforce, to

strengthen, to increase; 强调 qiáng diào to emphasize (a statement), to stress; 增强 zēng qiáng to increase, to strengthen

1410 持 持 持 持 持 持 持

chí to hold, to grasp, to support, to maintain, to persevere, to manage, to run (i.e. administer), to control; 坚持 jiān chí to persevere with, to persist in, to insist on; 支持 zhī chí to be in favor of, to support, to back, support, backing, to stand by, CL:个[gè]; 持续 chí xù to continue, to persist, sustainable, preservation

1411 组 组 组 组 组 组 组

zǔ to form, to organize, group, team, (# for sets, series, groups of people, batteries), surname; 组织 zǔ zhī to organize, organization, organized system, nerve, tissue, CL:个[gè]; 党组 dǎng zǔ party leadership group; 组成 zǔ chéng to form, to make up, to constitute

1412 据 据 据 据 据 据 据

jù according to, to act in accordance with, to depend on, to seize, to occupy; 根据 gēn jù according to, based on, basis, foundation, CL:个[gè]; 数据 shù jù data, numbers, digital; 据悉 jù xī according to reports, it is reported (that)

1413 局 局 局 局 局 局 局

jú office, situation, (# for games: match, set, round etc), narrow; 局长 jú zhǎng bureau chief, CL:位[wèi], 个[gè]; 总局 zǒng jú head office, general office, central office; 局面 jú miàn aspect, phase, situation

1414 求 求 求 求 求 求 求

qiú to seek, to look for, to request, to demand, to beseech; 要求 yāo qiú to request, to require, to stake a claim, to ask, to demand, CL:点[diǎn]; 需求 xū qiú requirement, demand (economics); 追求 zhuī qiú to pursue (a goal etc) stubbornly, to seek after, to woo

1415 项 项 项 项 项 项 项

xiàng back of neck, item, thing, term (in a mathematical formula), sum (of money), classifier for principles, items, clauses, tasks, research projects etc, surname; 项目 xiàng mù item, project, sports event, CL:个[gè]; 专项 zhuān xiàng special, dedicated; 这项

1416 案 案 案 案 案 案 案

àn (legal) case, incident, record, file, table; 案件 àn jiàn law case, legal case, judicial case, CL:宗[zōng], 桩[zhuāng], 起[qǐ]; 方案 fāng àn plan, program (for action etc), proposal, proposed bill, CL:个[gè], 套[tào]; 草案 cǎo àn draft (legislation, proposal etc)

1417 责 责 责 责 责 责 责

zé duty, responsibility, to reproach, to blame; 负责 fù zé to be in charge of, to take responsibility for, to be to blame, conscientious; 责任 zé rèn responsibility, blame, duty, CL:个[gè]; 负责人 fù zé rén person in charge of sth

1418 施 施 施 施 施 施 施

shī to grant, to give, to bestow, to act, to carry out, surname; 实施 shí shī to implement, to carry out; 措施 cuò shī measure, step, CL:个[gè]; 设施 shè shī facilities, installation

1419 创 创 创 创 创 创 创

chuāng, chuāng a wound, cut, injury, trauma, to begin, to initiate, to inaugurate, to start, to create; 创新 chuàng xīn innovation, to bring forth new ideas, to blaze new trails; 创造 chuàng zào to create, to bring about, to produce, to set (a record); 创业 chuàng yè to begin an undertaking, to start a major task, to initiate, to venture, venture, entrepreneurship

1420 | 策 策 策 策 策 策 策

cè policy, plan, scheme, bamboo slip for writing (old), to whip (a horse), to encourage, riding crop with sharp spines (old), essay written for the imperial examinations (old), upward horizontal stroke in calligraphy, surname; 政策 zhèng cè policy, CL:个[gè]; 决策 jué cè strategic decision, decision-making, policy decision, to determine policy; 策略 cè lüè tactics, to be tactful

1421 | 支 支 支 支 支 支 支

zhī to support, to sustain, to erect, to raise, branch, division, to draw money, classifier for rods such as pens and guns, for army divisions and for songs or compositions; 支持 zhī chí to be in favor of, to support, to back, support, backing, to stand by, CL:个[gè]; 支付 zhī fù to pay (money); 支出 zhī chū to spend, to pay out, expense

1422 | 央 央 央 央 央 央 央

yāng beg, center; 中央 zhōng yāng central, middle, center, central authorities (of a state); 中共中央 zhōng gòng zhōng yāng Chinese Communist Party Central Committee; 党中央 dǎng zhōng yāng party central committee

1423 | 群 群 群 群 群 群 群

qún group, crowd, flock, herd, pack etc; 群众 qún zhòng mass, multitude, the masses; 群体 qún tǐ community, colony; 人群 rén qún crowd

1424 | 构 构 构 构 构 构 构

gòu to construct, to form, to make up, to compose, literary composition, paper mulberry (*Broussonetia papyrifera*); 机构 jī gòu mechanism, structure, organization, agency, institution, CL:所[suǒ]; 结构 jié gòu structure, composition, makeup, architecture, CL:座[zuò], 个[gè]; 构建 gòu jiàn to construct (sth abstract)

1425 | 监 监 监 监 监 监 监

jiān hard, strong, solid, firm, to supervise, to inspect, jail, prison, supervisor; 监督 jiān dū to control, to supervise, to inspect; 监管 jiān guǎn to oversee, to take charge of, to supervise, to administer, supervisory, supervision; 监察 jiān chá to supervise, to control

1426 | 布 布 布 布 布 布 布

bù cloth, to declare, to announce, to spread, to make known; 发布 fā bù to release, to issue, to announce, to distribute, also written 发布[fā bù]; 公布 gōng bù to announce, to make public, to publish; 宣布 xuān bù to declare, to announce, to proclaim

1427 | 效 效 效 效 效 效 效

xiào effect, efficacy, to imitate; 有效 yǒu xiào effective, in effect, valid; 效果 xiào guǒ result, effect, quality, CL:个[gè]; 效益 xiào yì benefit, effectiveness, efficiency

1428 | 协 协 协 协 协 协 协

xié to cooperate, to harmonize, to help, to assist, to join; 协调 xié tiáo to coordinate, to harmonize, negotiation; 政协 zhèng xié CPPCC (Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference), abbr. of 中国人民政治协商会议[zhōng guó rén mín zhèng zhì xié shāng huì yì]; 协会 xié huì an association, a society, CL:个[gè], 家[jiā]

1429 | 采 采 采 采 采 采 采

cǎi to pick, to pluck, to collect, to select, to choose, to gather, affairs; 采取 cǎi qǔ to adopt or carry out (measures, policies, course of

action), to take; 采访 cǎi fǎng to interview, to gather news, to hunt for and collect, to cover; 采用 cǎi yòng to adopt, to employ, to use

1430 争 争 争 争 争 争 争

zhēng to strive for, to vie for, to argue or debate, deficient or lacking (topolect), how or what (literary); 竞争 jìng zhēng to compete, competition; 战争 zhàn zhēng war, conflict, CL:场[cháng],次[cì]; 斗争 dòu zhēng a struggle, fight, battle

1431 势 势 势 势 势 势 势

shì power, influence, potential, momentum, tendency, trend, situation, conditions, outward appearance, sign, gesture, male genitals; 优势 yōu shì superiority, dominance, advantage; 形势 xíng shì circumstances, situation, terrain, CL:个[gè]; 趋势 qū shì trend, tendency

1432 何 何 何 何 何 何 何

hé what, how, why, which, carry, surname; 如何 rú hé how, what way, what; 任何 rèn hé any, whatever, whichever, whatsoever; 为何 wèi hé why

1433 副 副 副 副 副 副 副

fù secondary, auxiliary, deputy, assistant, vice-, classifier for pairs; 副主任 fù zhǔ rèn deputy director, assistant head; 副书记 fù shū jì deputy secretary; 副主席 fù zhǔ xí vice-chairperson

1434 型 型 型 型 型 型 型

xíng model, type (e.g. blood type); 大型 dà xíng large, large-scale; 新型 xīn xíng new type, new kind; 转型 zhuǎn xíng transformation, to transform

1435 率 率 率 率 率 率 率

lǜ, shuài rate, frequency, to lead, to command, rash, hasty, frank, straightforward, generally, usually; 效率 xiào lǜ efficiency; 利率 lì lǜ interest rates; 率先 shuài xiān to take the lead, to show initiative

1436 坚 坚 坚 坚 坚 坚 坚

jiān strong, solid, firm, unyielding, resolute; 坚持 jiān chí to persevere with, to persist in, to insist on; 坚决 jiān jué firm, resolute, determined; 坚定 jiān dìng firm, steady, staunch, resolute

1437 官 官 官 官 官 官 官

guān official, government, organ of body, surname; 官员 guān yuán official (in an organization or government), administrator; 官兵 guān bīng officers and men; 官方 guān fāng official, (by the) government

1438 审 审 审 审 审 审 审

shěn to examine, to investigate, carefully, to try (in court); 审计 shěn jì to audit, to examine finances; 审批 shěn pī to examine and approve, to endorse; 审议 shěn yì deliberation, pondering, due consideration

1439 类 类 类 类 类 类 类

lèi kind, type, class, category, similar, like, to resemble; 人类 rén lèi humanity, human race, mankind; 各类 gè lèi all categories; 类似 lèi sì similar, analogous

1440 批批批批批批批

pī to ascertain, to act on, to criticize, to pass on, classifier for batches, lots, military flights, tier (for the ranking of universities and colleges); 批准 pī zhǔn to approve, to ratify; 审批 shěn pī to examine and approve, to endorse; 批评 pī píng to criticize, criticism, CL:个[gè]

1441 依依依依依依

yī to depend on, to comply with or listen to sb, according to, in the light of; 依法 yī fǎ legal (proceedings), according to law; 依然 yī rán still, as before; 依据 yī jù according to, basis, foundation

1442 失失失失失失失

shī to lose, to miss, to fail; 损失 sǔn shī loss, damage, CL:个[gè], to lose, to damage; 失去 shī qù to lose; 失业 shī yè unemployment, to lose one's job

1443 限限限限限限限

xiàn limit, bound; 有限 yǒu xiàn limited, finite; 有限公司 yǒu xiàn gōng sī limited company, corporation; 限制 xiàn zhì to restrict, to limit, to confine, restriction, limit, CL:个[gè]

1444 执执执执执执执

zhí to execute (a plan), to grasp; 执行 zhí xíng to implement, to carry out, to execute, to run; 执法 zhí fǎ to enforce a law, law enforcement; 执政 zhí zhèng to hold power, in office

1445 奥奥奥奥奥奥奥

ào obscure, mysterious; 奥运 ào yùn abbr. for 奥林匹克运动会, Olympic Games, the Olympics; 奥运会 ào yùn huì abbr. for 奥林匹克运动会, Olympic Games, the Olympics; 北京奥运 běi jīng ào yùn the Beijing 2008 Olympic games

1446 障障障障障障障

zhàng to block, to hinder, to obstruct; 保障 bǎo zhàng to ensure, to guarantee, to safeguard; 社会保障 shè huì bǎo zhàng social security; 障碍 zhàng ài barrier, obstruction, hindrance, impediment, obstacle

1447 按按按按按按按

àn to press, to push, to leave aside or shelve, to control, to restrain, to keep one's hand on, to check or refer to, according to, in the light of, (of an editor or author) to make a comment; 按照 àn zhào according to, in accordance with, in the light of, on the basis of; 按规定 àn guī dìng according to regulation; 按揭 àn jiē a mortgage, to buy property on a mortgage

1448 域域域域域域域

yù field, region, area, domain (taxonomy); 领域 lǐng yù domain, sphere, field, territory, area; 区域 qū yù area, region, district; 流域 liú yù river basin, valley, drainage area

1449 评评评评评评评

píng to discuss, to comment, to criticize, to judge, to choose (by public appraisal); 评价 píng jià to evaluate, to assess; 批评 pī píng to criticize, criticism, CL:个[gè]; 评估 píng gū to evaluate, to assess, assessment, evaluation

1450 | 维 维 维 维 维 维 维

wéi to preserve, to maintain, to hold together, dimension, surname; 维护 wéi hù to defend, to safeguard, to protect, to uphold, to maintain; 维持 wéi chí to keep, to maintain, to preserve; 思维 sī wéi (line of) thought, thinking

1451 | 获 获 获 获 获 获 获

huò to catch, to obtain, to capture, to reap, to harvest; 获得 huò dé to obtain, to receive, to get; 获悉 huò xī to learn of sth, to find out, to get news; 获取 huò qǔ to gain, to get, to acquire

1452 | 控 控 控 控 控 控 控

kòng to accuse, to charge, to control, to sue; 控制 kòng zhì control, to exercise control over, to contain; 调控 tiáo kòng to regulate, to control; 宏观调控 hóng guān tiáo kòng macro-control

1453 | 居 居 居 居 居 居 居

jū to reside, to be (in a certain position), to store up, to be at a standstill, residence, house, restaurant, classifier for bedrooms, surname; 居民 jū mín resident, inhabitant; 居住 jū zhù to reside, to dwell, to live in a place, resident in; 居然 jū rán unexpectedly, to one's surprise, go so far as to

1454 | 致 致 致 致 致 致 致

zhì to send, to devote, to deliver, to cause, to convey, fine, delicate; 导致 dǎo zhì to lead to, to create, to cause, to bring about; 一致 yī zhì unanimous, identical (views or opinions); 致富 zhì fù to become rich

1455 | 配 配 配 配 配 配 配

pèi to join, to fit, to mate, to mix, to match, to deserve, to make up (a prescription); 分配 fēn pèi to distribute, to assign, to allocate, to partition (a hard drive); 配合 pèi hé matching, fitting in with, compatible with, to correspond, to fit, to conform to, rapport, to coordinate with, to act in concert with, to cooperate, to become man and wife, to combine parts of machine; 配套 pèi tào to form a complete set, coherent

1456 | 察 察 察 察 察 察 察

chá to examine, to inquire, to observe, to inspect, to look into, obvious, clearly evident; 检察 jiǎn chá to inspect, check up (on); 监察 jiān chá to supervise, to control; 考察 kǎo chá to inspect, to observe and study, on-the-spot investigation

1457 | 均 均 均 均 均 均 均

jūn equal, even, all, uniform; 平均 píng jūn average; 人均 rén jūn per capita; 均衡 jūn héng equal, balanced, harmony, equilibrium

1458 | 升 升 升 升 升 升 升

shēng to raise, to hoist, to promote, metric liter, measure for dry grain equal to one-tenth dou, ascend, peaceful; 提升 tí shēng to promote, to upgrade; 上升 shàng shēng to rise, to go up, to ascend; 升级 shēng jí to escalate (in intensity), to go up by one grade, to be promoted, to upgrade (computing)

1459 | 降 降 降 降 降 降 降

jiàng, xiáng to drop, to fall, to come down, to descend, to surrender, to capitulate, to subdue, to tame; 下降 xià jiàng to decline, to

drop, to fall, to go down, to decrease; 降低 jiàng dī to reduce, to lower, to bring down; 降价 jiàng jià price reduction

1460 富 富 富 富 富 富 富

fù rich, abundant, wealthy, surname; 丰富 fēng fù to enrich, rich, plentiful, abundant; 财富 cái fù wealth, riches; 富裕 fù yù Fuyu county in Qiqihar 齐齐哈尔[qí qí hā ěr], Heilongjiang

1461 灾 灾 灾 灾 灾 灾 灾

zāi disaster, calamity; 救灾 jiù zāi to relieve disaster, to help disaster victims; 灾区 zāi qū disaster area, stricken region; 灾害 zāi hài disastrous damage, scourge, CL:个[gè]

1462 警 警 警 警 警 警 警

jǐng to alert, to warn, police; 警方 jǐng fāng police; 民警 mín jǐng civil police, PRC police, abbr. for 人民警察; 警察 jǐng chá police, policeman, policewoman, CL:个[gè]

1463 席 席 席 席 席 席 席

xí banquet, woven mat, seat, place in a democratic assembly, surname; 主席 zhǔ xí chairperson, premier, chairman, CL:个[gè], 位[wèi]; 出席 chū xí to attend, to participate, present; 副主席 fù zhǔ xí vice-chairperson

1464 承 承 承 承 承 承 承

chéng to bear, to carry, to hold, to continue, to undertake, to take charge, owing to, due to, to receive, surname; 承担 chéng dān to undertake, to assume (responsibility etc); 承诺 chéng nuò to promise, to undertake to do something, commitment; 承认 chéng rèn to admit, to concede, to recognize, recognition (diplomatic, artistic etc), to acknowledge

1465 例 例 例 例 例 例 例

lì example, precedent, rule, case, instance; 比例 bǐ lì proportion, scale; 条例 tiáo lì regulations, rules, code of conduct, ordinances, statutes; 例如 lì rú for example, for instance, such as

1466 媒 媒 媒 媒 媒 媒 媒

méi medium, intermediary, matchmaker, go-between, media, esp. news media; 媒体 méi tǐ media, esp. news media; 传媒 chuán méi media; 媒介 méi jiè media, medium

1467 核 核 核 核 核 核 核

hé pit, stone, nucleus, nuclear, to examine, to check, to verify, to investigate; 核心 hé xīn core, nucleus; 考核 kǎo hé to examine, to check up on, to assess, to review, appraisal, review, evaluation; 审核 shěn hé to audit, to investigate thoroughly

1468 促 促 促 促 促 促 促

cù urgent, hurried, to urge, to promote, to urge haste, close, intimate; 促进 cù jìn to promote (an idea or cause), to advance, boost; 促销 cù xiāo to promote sales; 促使 cù shǐ to induce, to promote, to urge, to impel, to bring about, to provoke, to drive (sb to do sth), to catalyze, to actuate, to contribute to (some development)

1469 列 列 列 列 列 列 列

liè to arrange, to line up, row, file, series, column; 系列 xì liè series; 一系列 yī xì liè a series of, a string of; 列车 liè chē train (railway term)

1470 | 普 普 普 普 普 普 普

pǔ general, popular, everywhere, universal; 普通 pǔ tōng common, ordinary, general, average; 普遍 pǔ biàn universal, general, widespread, common; 普及 pǔ jí popular, to popularize, universal, ubiquitous, pervasive

1471 | 却 却 却 却 却 却 却

què but, yet, however, while, to go back, to decline, to retreat, nevertheless, even though; 却说 què shuō and the story continues thus: (literary auxiliary particle 发语辞); 冷却 lěng què to cool off, cooling; 却步 què bù to step back

1472 | 占 占 占 占 占 占 占

zhān, zhàn to observe, to divine to take possession of, to occupy, to take up; 占有 zhàn yǒu to have, to own, to hold, to possess; 占据 zhàn jù to occupy, to hold; 占用 zhàn yòng to occupy

1473 | 救 救 救 救 救 救 救

jiù to save, to assist, to rescue; 救灾 jiù zāi to relieve disaster, to help disaster victims; 救援 jiù yuán to save, to support, to help, to assist; 救助 jiù zhù aid, to help sb in trouble

1474 | 镇 镇 镇 镇 镇 镇 镇

zhèn composed, small town, to suppress, to press down, to guard, garrison, to cool or chill (food or drinks); 城镇 chéng zhèn town, cities and towns; 乡镇 xiāng zhèn village, township; 城镇化 chéng zhèn huà urbanization

1475 | 额 额 额 额 额 额 额

é forehead, horizontal tablet or inscribed board, specified number or amount; 金额 jīn é sum of money, monetary value; 总额 zǒng é total (amount or value); 份额 fèn é share, portion

1476 | 督 督 督 督 督 督 督

dū to supervise and direct, army title (archaic); 监督 jiān dū to control, to supervise, to inspect; 督促 dū cù to supervise and urge completion of a task, to urge on; 督察 dū chá to supervise, to superintend, inspector, censorship

1477 | 措 措 措 措 措 措 措

cuò to handle, to manage, to put in order, to arrange, to administer, to execute, to take action on, to plan; 措施 cuò shī measure, step, CL: 个[gè]; 举措 jǔ cuò to move, to act, action, decision, conduct, manner; 采取措施 cǎi qǔ cuò shī to adopt measures, to take steps

1478 | 征 征 征 征 征 征 征

zhēng to request, to impose (taxes), to levy (troops), to draft (for military service), phenomenon, symptom, characteristic sign (used as proof), evidence, journey, trip, expedition, to go on long campaign, to attack; 征收 zhēng shōu to levy (a fine), to impose (a tariff); 特征 tè zhēng characteristic, diagnostic property, distinctive feature, trait; 征求 zhēng qiú to solicit, to seek, to request (opinions, feedback etc), to petition

1479 | 届 届 届 届 届 届 届

jiè to arrive at (place or time), period, to become due, classifier for events, meetings, elections, sporting fixtures, years (of graduation); 本届 běn jiè current, this year; 届时 jiè shí when the time comes, at the scheduled time; 首届 shǒu jiè first session (of a conference etc)

1480 | 疗 疗 疗 疗 疗 疗 疗

liáo to treat, to cure, therapy; 医疗 yī liáo medical treatment; 治疗 zhì liáo to treat, to cure, medical treatment, cure; 医疗保险 yī liáo bǎo xiǎn medical insurance

1481 | 略 略 略 略 略 略 略

lǜè plan, strategy, outline, summary, slightly, rather, to rob, to plunder, to summarize; 战略 zhàn lǜè strategy; 策略 cè lǜè tactics, to be tactful; 侵略 qīn lǜè invasion, encroachment

1482 | 击 击 击 击 击 击 击

jī to hit, to strike, to break, Taiwan: ji2; 打击 dǎ jī to hit, to strike, to attack, to crack down on sth, a setback, a blow, percussion (music); 冲击 chōng jī an attack, under attack, a shock; 袭击 xí jī attack (esp. surprise attack), raid, to attack

1483 | 破 破 破 破 破 破 破

pò broken, damaged, worn out, to break, split or cleave, to get rid of, to destroy, to break with, to defeat, to capture (a city etc), to expose the truth of; 突破 tū pò to break through, to make a breakthrough, to surmount or break the back of (a task etc), (of ball sports) to break through a defense; 破坏 pò huài destruction, damage, to wreck, to break, to destroy; 打破 dǎ pò to break, to smash

1484 | 仍 仍 仍 仍 仍 仍 仍

réng still, yet, to remain; 仍然 réng rán still, yet; 仍旧 réng jiù still (remaining), to remain (the same), yet; 频仍 pín réng frequent

1485 | 挥 挥 挥 挥 挥 挥 挥

huī to wave, to brandish, to wipe away, to command, to conduct, to scatter, to disperse; 发挥 fā huī to display, to exhibit, to bring out implicit or innate qualities, to express (a thought or moral), to develop (an idea), to elaborate (on a theme); 指挥 zhǐ huī to conduct, to command, to direct, conductor (of an orchestra), CL:个[gè]; 指挥中心 zhǐ huī zhōng xīn command center

1486 | 藏 藏 藏 藏 藏 藏 藏

cáng to conceal, to hide away, to harbor, to store, to collect; 西藏 xī zàng Tibet, Xizang or Tibetan autonomous region 西藏自治区; 青藏 qīng zàng Qinghai and Tibet; 青藏铁路 qīng zàng tiě lù Qinghai-Tibet railway

1487 | 判 判 判 判 判 判 判

pàn to judge, to sentence, to discriminate, to discern, obviously (different); 谈判 tán pàn to negotiate, negotiation, talks, conference, CL:个[gè]; 判断 pàn duàn to decide, to determine, CL:个[gè]; 审判 shěn pàn a trial, to try sb

1488 | 招 招 招 招 招 招 招

zhāo to recruit, to provoke, to beckon, to incur, to infect, contagious, a move (chess), a maneuver, device, trick, to confess; 招生 zhāo shēng to enroll new students, recruitment; 招聘 zhāo pìn recruitment, to invite applications for a job; 招标 zhāo biāo to invite bids

1489 | 密 密 密 密 密 密 密

mì secret, confidential, close, thick, dense; 密切 mì qiè close, familiar, intimate, closely (related), to foster close ties, to pay close attention; 紧密 jǐn mì inseparably close; 秘密 mì mì secret, CL:个[gè]

1490 | 培 培 培 培 培 培 培

péi to cultivate, to earth up; 培训 péi xùn to cultivate, to train, to groom, training; 培养 péi yǎng to cultivate, to breed, to foster, to nurture, to educate, to groom (for a position), education, fostering, culture (biology); 培育 péi yù to train, to breed

1491 | 罪 罪 罪 罪 罪 罪 罪

zuì guilt, crime, fault, blame, sin; 犯罪 fàn zuì to commit a crime, crime, offense; 罪行 zuì xíng crime, offense; 罪案 zuì àn a criminal case

1492 | 令 令 令 令 令 令 令

lìng to order, to command, an order, warrant, writ, to cause, to make sth happen, virtuous, honorific title, season, government position (old); 令人 lìng rén to cause sb (to do), to make one (feel sth), (used in constructing words for feelings such as anger, surprise, sympathy etc); 司令 sī lìng commanding officer; 命令 mìng lìng order, command, CL:道[dào],个[gè]

1493 | 临 临 临 临 临 临 临

lín to face, to overlook, to arrive, to be (just) about to, just before; 面临 miàn lín to face sth, to be confronted with; 临时 lín shí at the instant sth happens, temporary, interim, ad hoc; 临床 lín chuáng clinical

1494 | 阶 阶 阶 阶 阶 阶 阶

jiē rank or step, stairs; 阶段 jiē duàn stage, section, phase, period, CL:个[gè]; 阶级 jiē jí (social) class, CL:个[gè]; 阶层 jiē céng hierarchy, stratum

1495 | 竞 竞 竞 竞 竞 竞 竞

jìng to compete, to contend, to struggle; 竞争 jìng zhēng to compete, competition; 竞争力 jìng zhēng lì competitive strength, competitiveness; 市场竞争 shì chǎng jìng zhēng market competition

1496 | 露 露 露 露 露 露 露

lù dew, syrup, nectar, outdoors (not under cover), to show, to reveal, to betray, to expose, surname; 透露 tòu lù to leak out, to divulge, to reveal; 披露 pī lù to reveal, to publish, to make public, to announce; 露出 lù chū to expose, to show, also pronounced [lòu chū]

1497 | 武 武 武 武 武 武 武

wǔ martial, military, surname; 武汉 wǔ hàn Wuhan city on Changjiang, subprovincial city and capital of Hubei province; 武器 wǔ qì weapon, arms, CL:种[zhǒng]; 武装 wǔ zhuāng arms, equipment, to arm, military, armed (forces)

1498 | 状 状 状 状 状 状 状

zhuàng accusation, suit, state, condition, strong, great, -shaped; 状况 zhuàng kuàng condition, state, situation, CL:个[gè]; 状态 zhuàng tài state of affairs, state, mode, situation, CL:个[gè]; 现状 xiàn zhuàng current situation

1499 | 扩 扩 扩 扩 扩 扩 扩

kuò enlarge; 扩大 kuò dà to expand, to enlarge, to broaden one's scope; 扩张 kuò zhāng expansion, dilation, to expand (e.g. one's power or influence), to broaden; 扩散 kuò sǎn to spread, to proliferate, to diffuse, spread, proliferation, diffusion

1500| 纳 纳 纳 纳 纳 纳 纳

nà to receive, to accept, to enjoy, to bring into, to pay (tax etc), nano- (one billionth), to reinforce sole of shoes or stockings by close sewing, surname; 纳入 nà rù to bring or channel into; 纳税 nà shuì to pay taxes; 缴纳 jiǎo nà to pay (taxes etc)

1501| 训 训 训 训 训 训 训

xùn example, pattern, to teach, to train, instruction; 培训 péi xùn to cultivate, to train, to groom, training; 训练 xùn liàn to train, to drill, training, CL: 个[gè]; 教训 jiào xun lesson, moral, to chide sb, to lecture sb

1502| 遇 遇 遇 遇 遇 遇 遇

yù to meet, to encounter, to treat, to receive, opportunity, chance, surname; 遇到 yù dào to meet, to run into, to come across; 机遇 jī yù opportunity, favorable circumstance, stroke of luck; 待遇 dài yù treatment, pay, wages, status, salary

1503| 予 予 予 予 予 予 予

yú I (used by emperor), me, surplus, to give; 给予 jǐ yǔ to accord, to give, to show (respect); 予以 yǔ yǐ to give, to impose, to apply; 赋予 fù yǔ to assign, to entrust (a task), to give, to bestow

1504| 犯 犯 犯 犯 犯 犯 犯

fàn to violate, to offend, to assault, criminal, crime, to make a mistake, recurrence (of mistake or sth bad); 犯罪 fàn zuì to commit a crime, crime, offense; 侵犯 qīn fàn to infringe on, to encroach on, to violate; 嫌犯 xián fàn criminal suspect

1505| 抗 抗 抗 抗 抗 抗 抗

kàng to resist, to fight, to defy, anti-; 抗震 kàng zhèn anti-seismic measures, seismic defenses, earthquake resistant; 抗日 kàng rì to resist Japan (esp. during WW2), anti-Japanese (esp. wartime activities); 抗旱 kàng hàn drought-resistant, to weather a drought

1506| 伤 伤 伤 伤 伤 伤 伤

shāng to injure, injury, wound; 受伤 shòu shāng to sustain injuries, wounded (in an accident etc), harmed; 伤害 shāng hài to injure, to harm; 伤亡 shāng wáng casualties, injuries and deaths

1507| 巨 巨 巨 巨 巨 巨 巨

jù very large, huge, tremendous, gigantic; 巨大 jù dà huge, immense, very large, tremendous, gigantic, enormous; 巨额 jù é large sum (of money), a huge amount; 巨头 jù tóu tycoon, magnate, big player (including company, country, school etc), big shot

1508| 震 震 震 震 震 震 震

zhèn to shake, to vibrate, to jolt, to quake, excited, shocked, one of the Eight Trigrams, symbolizing thunder; 地震 dì zhèn earthquake; 抗震 kàng zhèn anti-seismic measures, seismic defenses, earthquake resistant; 大地震 dà dì zhèn great earthquake

1509| 播 播 播 播 播 播 播

bō to sow, to scatter, to spread, to broadcast, Taiwan pr. bo4; 传播 chuán bō to disseminate, to propagate, to spread; 广播 guǎng bō broadcast, CL: 个[gè], broadcasting, to broadcast, (formal) to propagate, to publicize; 播出 bō chū to broadcast, to put out TV programs

1510 | 抓 抓 抓 抓 抓 抓 抓

zhuā to grab, to catch, to arrest, to snatch, to scratch; 抓住 zhuā zhù to grab, to capture; 抓紧 zhuā jǐn to grasp firmly, to pay special attention to, to rush in, to make the most of; 抓获 zhuā huò to arrest

1511 | 激 激 激 激 激 激 激

jī to arouse, to incite, to excite, to stimulate, sharp, fierce, violent; 刺激 cì jī to provoke, to irritate, to upset, to stimulate, to excite, irritant; 激励 jī lì to encourage, to urge, motivation, incentive; 激烈 jī liè intense, acute, fierce

1512 | 序 序 序 序 序 序 序

xù order, sequence, preface; 程序 chéng xù procedures, sequence, order, computer program; 秩序 zhì xù order (orderly), order (sequence), social order, the state (of society), CL:个[gè]; 有序 yǒu xù regular, orderly, successive, in order

1513 | 疑 疑 疑 疑 疑 疑 疑

yí to doubt, to misbelieve, to suspect; 无疑 wú yí no doubt, undoubtedly; 质疑 zhì yí to call into question, to question (truth or validity); 嫌疑 xián yí suspicion, (be) suspected (of)

1514 | 透 透 透 透 透 透 透

tòu to penetrate, to pass through, thoroughly, completely, transparent, to appear, to show; 透露 tòu lù to leak out, to divulge, to reveal; 透明 tòu míng transparent, open (non-secretive); 渗透 shèn tòu to permeate, to infiltrate, to pervade, osmosis

1515 | 绝 绝 绝 绝 绝 绝 绝

jué to cut short, extinct, to disappear, to vanish, absolutely, by no means; 拒绝 jù jué to refuse, to decline, to reject; 绝对 jué duì absolute, unconditional; 绝大 jué dà most of

1516 | 艺 艺 艺 艺 艺 艺 艺

yì skill, art; 艺术 yì shù art; 文艺 wén yì literature and art; 工艺 gōng yì arts and crafts, industrial arts

1517 | 独 独 独 独 独 独 独

dú alone, independent, single, sole, only; 独立 dú lì independent, independence, to stand alone; 独特 dú tè unique, distinct, having special characteristics; 单独 dān dú alone, by oneself, on one's own

1518 | 派 派 派 派 派 派 派

pài clique, school, group, faction, to dispatch, to send, to assign, to appoint, pi (Greek letter), the circular ratio pi, (loanword) pie; 派出 pài chū to send, to dispatch; 派出所 pài chū suǒ local police station; 党派 dǎng pài partisan, political party related

1519 | 角 角 角 角 角 角 角

jué, jiǎo role (theater), to compete, ancient three legged wine vessel, third note of pentatonic scale, angle, corner, horn, horn-shaped, unit of money equal to 0.1 yuan, surname; 角度 jiǎo dù angle, point of view; 角色 jiǎo sè persona, character in a novel; 三角 sān jiǎo triangle

1520| 败 败 败 败 败 败 败

bài be defeated, to defeat, loss; 腐败 fǔ bài corruption, to corrupt, to rot, rotten; 反腐败 fǎn fǔ bài to oppose corruption, anti-graft (measures, policy etc); 失败 shī bài to be defeated, to lose, to fail (e.g. experiments), failure, defeat, CL:次[ci]

1521| 泽 泽 泽 泽 泽 泽 泽

zé pool, pond, (of metals etc) lustre, favor or beneficence, damp, moist; 毛泽东 máo zé dōng Mao Zedong (1893-1976), Chinese communist leader; 江泽民 jiāng zé mín Jiang Zemin (1926-), politician, President of PRC 1993-2003; 毛泽东思想 máo zé dōng sī xiǎng Mao Zedong Thought, Maoism

1522| 损 损 损 损 损 损 损

sǔn to decrease, to lose, to damage, to harm, to speak sarcastically or deride (topolect), mean or shabby (topolect), one of the 64 trigrams of the Book of Changes (old); 损失 sǔn shī loss, damage, CL:个[gè], to lose, to damage; 损害 sǔn hài harm, to damage, to impair; 亏损 kuī sǔn deficit, (financial) loss

1523| 细 细 细 细 细 细 细

xì thin or slender, finely particulate, thin and soft, fine, delicate, trifling, (of a sound) quiet, frugal; 详细 xiáng xì detailed, in detail, minute; 细节 xì jié details, particulars; 仔细 zǐ xì careful, attentive, cautious

1524| 追 追 追 追 追 追 追

duī, zhuī to sculpt, to carve, to chase after, to seek, to do one's utmost to seek or procure sth, to recall; 追求 zhuī qiú to pursue (a goal etc) stubbornly, to seek after, to woo; 追究 zhuī jiū to investigate, to look into; 追问 zhuī wèn to question closely, to investigate in detail, to examine minutely, to get to the heart of the matter

1525| 索 索 索 索 索 索 索

suǒ to search, to demand, to ask, to exact, large rope, isolated; 探索 tàn suǒ to explore, to probe; 搜索 sōu suǒ to search, to look for sth, to scour (search meticulously), to look sth up, internet search, database search; 线索 xiàn suǒ trail, clues, thread (of a story)

1526| 编 编 编 编 编 编 编

biān to weave, to plait, to organize, to group, to arrange, to edit, to compile, to write, to compose, to fabricate; 编制 biān zhì to weave, to plait, to braid, to work out, to draw up, to prepare, to compile, authorized strength, establishment; 编辑 biān jí to edit, to compile, editor, compiler; 总编 zǒng biān chief editor (of newspaper), abbr. for 总编辑

1527| 宁 宁 宁 宁 宁 宁 宁

níng, nìng peaceful, rather, to prefer; 辽宁 liáo níng Liaoning province in northeast China, abbr. 辽, capital Shenyang 沈阳; 宁夏 níng xià Ningxia Hui Autonomous Region, abbr. 宁[níng], capital Yinchuan 银川[yín chuān]; 宁波 níng bō Ningbo subprovincial city in Zhejiang

1528| 析 析 析 析 析 析 析

xī to separate, to divide, to analyze; 分析 fēn xī to analyze, analysis, CL:个[gè]; 分析师 fēn xī shī analyst, commentator; 分析人士 fēn xī rén shì analyst, expert

1529| 召 召 召 召 召 召 召

zhào to call together, to summon, to convene, temple or monastery (used in place names in Inner Mongolia); 召开 zhào kāi to convene (a conference or meeting), to convoke, to call together; 号召 hào zhào to call, to appeal; 召回 zhào huí to recall (a product, an ambassador etc)

1530 荣 荣 荣 荣 荣 荣 荣

róng glory, honor, flourish, prosper, thriving

1531 荣 荣 荣 荣 荣 荣 荣

róng glory, honor, thriving, surname; 繁荣 fán róng prosperous, booming (economy); 荣誉 róng yù honor, credit, glory, (honorable) reputation; 光荣 guāng róng honor and glory, glorious

1532 彻 彻 彻 彻 彻 彻 彻

chè thorough, penetrating, to pervade, to pass through; 贯彻 guàn chè to implement, to put into practice, to carry out; 彻底 chè dǐ thorough, thoroughly, complete; 彻夜 chè yè the whole night

1533 粮 粮 粮 粮 粮 粮 粮

liáng grain, food, provisions, agricultural tax paid in grain; 粮食 liáng shí foodstuff, cereals, CL:种[zhǒng]; 五粮液 wǔ liáng yè Wuliangye liquor, Five Grain liquor; 粮农 liáng nóng food and agriculture, grain farmer

1534 谐 谐 谐 谐 谐 谐 谐

xié harmonious; 和谐 hé xié harmonious, harmony; 诙谐 huī xié humorous, jocular, zany; 谐音 xié yīn homonym, homophone, harmonic (component of sound)

1535 探 探 探 探 探 探 探

tàn to explore, to search out, to scout, to visit, to stretch forward; 探索 tàn suǒ to explore, to probe; 探讨 tàn tāo to investigate, to probe; 探测 tàn cè to probe, to take readings, to explore, exploration

1536 威 威 威 威 威 威 威

wēi power, might, prestige; 威胁 wēi xié to threaten, to menace; 权威 quán wēi authority, authoritative, power and prestige; 示威 shì wēi to demonstrate (as a protest), a demonstration, a military show of force

1537 综 综 综 综 综 综 综

zōng to sum up, to put together, Taiwan pr. [zong4]; 综合 zōng hé comprehensive, composite, synthesized, to sum up, to integrate, to synthesize; 综合性 zōng hé xìng synthesis; 综艺 zōng yì comprehensive arts and entertainment

1538 贯 贯 贯 贯 贯 贯 贯

guàn to pierce through, to pass through, to be strung together, string of 1000 cash; 贯彻 guàn chè to implement, to put into practice, to carry out; 一贯 yī guàn consistent, constant, from start to finish, all along, persistent; 贯穿 guàn chuān to run through, a connecting thread from beginning to end, to link

1539 践 践 践 践 践 践 践

jiàn fulfill (a promise), tread, walk; 实践 shí jiàn to practice, to put into practice, to fulfill; 践踏 jiàn tà to trample; 实践是检验真理的唯一标准 shí jiàn shì jiǎn yàn zhēn lǐ de wéi yī biāo zhǔn Actual practice is the sole criterion for judging truth (item from Deng

Xiaoping theory, from 1978)

1540 励 励 励 励 励 励 励
勵

lì to encourage, to urge, surname; 鼓励 gǔ lì to encourage; 激励 jī lì to encourage, to urge, motivation, incentive; 奖励 jiǎng lì to reward, reward (as encouragement)

1541 伊 伊 伊 伊 伊 伊 伊 伊

yī he, she, surname; 伊朗 yī lǎng Iran; 伊拉克 yī lā kè Iraq; 伊斯兰 yī sī lán Islam

1542 板 板 板 板 板 板 板 板

bǎn board, plank, plate, shutter, table tennis bat, clappers (music), accented beat in Chinese music, hard, stiff, to stop smiling or look serious; 老板 lǎo bǎn Robam (brand); 板块 bǎn kuài block, slab, tectonic plate, continental plate; 平板 píng bǎn tablet, flat

1543 尚 尚 尚 尚 尚 尚 尚 尚

shàng still, yet, to value, to esteem, surname; 尚未 shàng wèi not yet, still not; 时尚 shí shàng fashion, fad, fashionable; 高尚 gāo shàng noble, lofty, refined, exquisite

1544 丰 丰 丰 丰 丰 丰 丰 丰
豐

fēng buxom, good-looking, appearance and carriage of a person abundant, plentiful, great, surname; 丰富 fēng fù to enrich, rich, plentiful, abundant; 丰田 fēng tián Toyota or Toyoda (name), Toyota, Japanese car make; 丰收 fēng shōu bumper harvest

1545 映 映 映 映 映 映 映 映

yìng reflect, shine; 反映 fǎn yìng to mirror, to reflect, mirror image, reflection, fig. to report, to make known, to render, used erroneously for 反应, response or reaction; 上映 shàng yìng to show (a movie), to screen; 放映 fàng yìng to show (a movie), to screen

1546 偿 偿 偿 偿 偿 偿 偿 偿
償

cháng to repay, to compensate for, to recompense, to fulfill (hopes etc); 赔偿 péi cháng to compensate; 补偿 bǔ cháng to compensate, to make up; 有偿 yǒu cháng paying, paid (not free)

1547 冲 冲 冲 冲 冲 冲 冲 冲
衝 沖

chōng thoroughfare, to go straight ahead, to rush, to clash, (of water) to dash against, to mix with water, to infuse, to rinse, to flush, to develop (a film), to rise in the air, to clash, to collide with; 冲击 chōng jī an attack, under attack, a shock; 冲突 chōng tū conflict, to conflict, clash of opposing forces, collision (of interests), contention; 冲动 chōng dòng to have an urge, to be impetuous, impulse, urge

1548 署 署 署 署 署 署 署 署

shǔ office, bureau, to sign; 部署 bù shǔ to dispose, to deploy, deployment; 签署 qiān shǔ to sign (an agreement); 审计署 shěn jì shǔ audit office, public accounts committee

1549 韩 韩 韩 韩 韩 韩 韩 韩
韓

hán Han, one of the Seven Hero States of the Warring States, Korea from the fall of the Joseon dynasty in 1897, Korea, esp. South Korea, surname; 韩国 hán guó Han, one of the Seven Hero States of the Warring States 战国七雄[zhàn guó qī xióng], Korea from the fall of the Joseon dynasty in 1897, Korea, esp. Republic of Korea (South Korea) 大韩民国[dà hán mǐn guó]; 中韩 zhōng hán China-South

Korea; 韩美 hán měi South Korean-US

1550 延 延 延 延 延 延 延

yán to prolong, to extend, to delay, surname; 延续 yán xù to continue, to go on, to last; 延安 yán ān Yán'ān prefecture level city in Shǎnxī 陕西, communist headquarters during the war; 延长 yán cháng Yanchang county in Yan'an 延安[yán ān], Shaanxi

1551 盟 盟 盟 盟 盟 盟 盟

méng oath, pledge, union, to ally, league, a subdivision corresponding to prefecture in Inner Mongolia; 欧盟 ōu méng European Union, EU; 联盟 lián méng alliance, union, coalition; 东盟 dōng méng ASEAN (Association of Southeast Asian Nations)

1552 键 键 键 键 键 键 键

jiàn (door lock) key, key (on piano or keyboard); 关键 guān jiàn crucial point, crux, CL:个[gè], key, crucial, pivotal; 关键时刻 guān jiàn shí kè key moment, critical time; 关键词 guān jiàn cí keyword

1553 岗 岗 岗 岗 岗 岗 岗

gǎng mound, policeman's beat; 岗位 gǎng wèi a post, a job; 下岗 xià gǎng laid-off; 上岗 shàng gǎng to take up one's post, to be given a job

1554 锦 锦 锦 锦 锦 锦 锦

jǐn brocade, embroidered work, bright; 胡锦涛 hú jǐn tāo Hu Jintao (1942-), President of PRC from 2003; 世锦赛 shì jǐn sài world championship; 锦标 jǐn biāo prize, trophy, title

1555 陆 陆 陆 陆 陆 陆 陆

lù shore, land, continent, surname; 大陆 dà lù mainland China (reference to the PRC); 陆续 lù xù in turn, successively, one after the other, bit by bit; 登陆 dēng lù to land, to come ashore, to make landfall (of typhoon etc), to log in

1556 湾 湾 湾 湾 湾 湾 湾

wān bay, gulf; 台湾 tái wān variant of 台湾[tái wān]; 海湾 hǎi wān (Persian) Gulf; 北部湾 běi bù wān Gulf of Tonkin

1557 频 频 频 频 频 频 频

pín frequency, frequently, repetitious; 视频 shì pín video; 频道 pín dào frequency, (television) channel; 频繁 pín fán frequently, often

1558 刑 刑 刑 刑 刑 刑 刑

xíng punishment, penalty, sentence, torture, corporal punishment, surname; 刑事 xíng shì criminal, penal; 徒刑 tú xíng prison sentence; 有期徒刑 yǒu qī tú xíng limited term of imprisonment (i.e. anything less than life imprisonment)

1559 汇 汇 汇 汇 汇 汇 汇

huì remit, to converge (of rivers), to exchange, class, collection; 汇报 huì bào to report, to give an account of, to collect information and report back; 外汇 wài huì foreign (currency) exchange; 汇率 huì lǜ exchange rate

1560 启 启 启 启 启 启 启

qǐ to open, to start, to initiate, to enlighten or awaken, to state, to inform, Qi son of Yu the Great, reported founder of the Xia Dynasty (c. 2070-c. 1600 BC); 启动 qǐ dòng to start (a machine), to set in movement, to launch (an operation), to activate (a plan); 开启 kāi qǐ to open; 启示 qǐ shì enlightenment, revelation, apocalypse

1561 赵 赵 赵 赵 赵 赵 赵

zhào surname Zhao, one of the seven states during the Warring States Period (476-220 BC), the Former Zhao (304-329) and Later Zhao (319-350), states of the Sixteen Kingdoms, to surpass (old); 赵本山 zhào běn shān Zhao Benshan (1958-), universally known PRC TV comedian; 赵薇 zhào wēi Zhao Wei or Vicky Zhao (1976-), Chinese film star; 赵国 zhào guó Zhao, one of the seven states during the Warring States Period of Chinese history (475-220 BC)

1562 患 患 患 患 患 患 患

huàn to suffer (from illness), to contract (a disease), misfortune, trouble, danger, worry; 患者 huàn zhě patient, sufferer; 隐患 yǐn huàn a danger concealed within sth, hidden damage, misfortune not visible from the surface; 病患 bìng huàn sickness, disease, ill, sick, suffering (from a disease or poisoning), a patient

1563 固 固 固 固 固 固 固

gù hard, strong, solid, sure, assuredly, undoubtedly, of course, indeed, admittedly; 固定 gù dìng fixed, set, regular; 巩固 gǒng gù to consolidate, consolidation, to strengthen; 牢固 láo gù firm, secure

1564 援 援 援 援 援 援 援

yuán to help, to assist, to aid; 救援 jiù yuán to save, to support, to help, to assist; 援助 yuán zhù to help, to support, to aid, aid, assistance; 支援 zhī yuán to provide assistance, to support, to back

1565 惠 惠 惠 惠 惠 惠 惠

huì favor, benefit, to give sb property or advantage, honorific, surname; 优惠 yōu huì preferential, favorable; 实惠 shí huì tangible benefit, material advantages, advantageous (deal), substantial (discount); 惠民 huì mǐn Huimin county in Binzhou 滨州[bīn zhōu], Shandong

1566 禁 禁 禁 禁 禁 禁 禁

jīn, jìn to endure, to prohibit, to forbid; 禁止 jìn zhǐ to prohibit, to forbid, to ban; 严禁 yán jìn strictly prohibit; 禁区 jìn qū restricted area, forbidden region

1567 守 守 守 守 守 守 守

shǒu to guard, to defend, to keep watch, to abide by the law, to observe (rules or ritual), nearby, adjoining; 遵守 zūn shǒu to comply with, to abide by, to respect (an agreement); 保守 bǎo shǒu (politically) conservative, to guard, to keep; 防守 fáng shǒu to defend, to protect (against)

1568 遗 遗 遗 遗 遗 遗

yí to lose, to leave behind, to omit, to bequeath, sth lost, involuntary discharge (of urine etc); 遗产 yí chǎn heritage, legacy, inheritance, bequest, CL:笔[bǐ]; 遗憾 yí hàn regret, to regret, to be sorry that; 文化遗产 wén huà yí chǎn cultural heritage

1569 | 涛 涛 涛 涛 涛 涛 涛

tāo big wave; 胡锦涛 tāo hú jǐn tāo Hu Jintao (1942-), President of PRC from 2003; 波涛 bō tāo great waves, billows; 惊涛 jīng tāo raging waves, stormy waves

1570 | 筹 筹 筹 筹 筹 筹 筹

chóu chip (in gambling), token (for counting), ticket, to prepare, to plan, to raise (funds), resource, means; 统筹 tǒng chóu an overall plan, to plan an entire project as a whole; 筹备 chóu bèi preparations, to get ready for sth; 筹集 chóu jí collect money, raise funds

1571 | 库 库 库 库 库 库 库

kù warehouse, storehouse; 水库 shuǐ kù reservoir, CL:座[zuò]; 库存 kù cún property or cash held in reserve, stock; 金库 jīn kù treasury

1572 | 符 符 符 符 符 符 符

fú mark, sign, talisman, to seal, to correspond to, tally, symbol, written charm, to coincide, surname; 符合 fú hé in keeping with, in accordance with, tallying with, in line with, to agree with, to accord with, to conform to, to correspond with, to manage, to handle; 不符 bù fú inconsistent, not in agreement with, not agree or tally with, not conform to; 不符合 bù fú hé discrepant, falling short (of expectations), not matching up, not conforming, (figures) disagree, unbecoming

1573 | 避 避 避 避 避 避 避

bì to avoid, to shun, to flee, to escape, to keep away from, to leave, to hide from; 避免 bì miǎn to avert, to prevent, to avoid, to refrain from; 回避 huí bì variant of 回避[huí bì]; 规避 guī bì to evade, to dodge

1574 | 罚 罚 罚 罚 罚 罚 罚

fá to punish, to penalize; 处罚 chǔ fá to penalize, to punish; 罚款 fá kuǎn (impose a) fine, penalty, fine (monetary); 惩罚 chéng fá penalty, punishment, to punish

1575 | 误 误 误 误 误 误 误

wù mistake, error, to miss, to harm, to delay, to neglect, mistakenly; 错误 cuò wù error, mistake, CL:个[gè], mistaken, false, wrong; 失误 shī wù lapse, mistake, to make a mistake, fault, service fault (in volleyball, tennis etc); 误导 wù dǎo to mislead, to misguide, misleading, misguided

1576 | 怀 怀 怀 怀 怀 怀 怀

huái bosom, heart, mind, to think of, to harbor in one's mind, to conceive (a child), surname; 怀疑 huái yí to doubt, to suspect, doubt, suspicion, skeptical; 关怀 guān huái care, solicitude, to show care for, concerned about, attentive to; 彭德怀 péng dé huái Peng Dehuai (1898-1974), top communist general, subsequently politician and politburo member, disgraced after attacking Mao's failed policies in 1959, and died after extensive persecution during the Cultural Revolution

1577 | 秘 秘 秘 秘 秘 秘 秘

mì secret, secretary; 秘书 mì shū secretary; 秘书长 mì shū zhǎng secretary-general; 秘密 mì mì secret, CL:个[gè]

1578 | 异 异 异 异 异 异 异

yì different, other, hetero-, unusual, strange, surprising, to distinguish, to separate, to discriminate; 差异 chā yì difference,

discrepancy; 异常 yì cháng exceptional, abnormal, an anomaly; 异议 yì yì objection, dissent

1579 毒 毒 毒 毒 毒 毒 毒 毒

dú poison, narcotics, evil; 病毒 bìng dú virus; 毒品 dú pǐn drugs, narcotics, poison; 中毒 zhòng dú to be poisoned, poisoning

1580 贿 贿 贿 贿 贿 贿 贿 贿

huì bribe, bribery; 受贿 shòu huì to accept a bribe, bribery; 贿赂 huì lù to bribe, a bribe; 行贿 xíng huì to bribe, to give bribes

1581 亡 亡 亡 亡 亡 亡 亡 亡

wáng to die, to lose, to be gone, to flee, deceased; 死亡 sǐ wáng to die, death; 伤亡 shāng wáng casualties, injuries and deaths; 身亡 shēn wáng to die

1582 距 距 距 距 距 距 距 距

jù at a distance of, distance, to be apart; 差距 chā jù disparity, gap; 距离 jù lí distance, to be apart, CL:个[gè]; 贫富差距 pín fù chā jù disparity between rich and poor

1583 诺 诺 诺 诺 诺 诺 诺 诺

nuò promise, consent; 承诺 chéng nuò to promise, to undertake to do something, commitment; 诺基亚 nuò jī yà Nokia (company name); 诺贝尔 nuò bèi ěr Nobel (prize)

1584 含 含 含 含 含 含 含 含

hán to keep, to contain, to suck (keep in your mouth without chewing); 含量 hán liàng content, quantity contained; 含有 hán yǒu to contain, including; 包含 bāo hán to contain, to embody, to include

1585 幕 幕 幕 幕 幕 幕 幕 幕

mù curtain or screen, canopy or tent, headquarters of a general, act (of a play); 开幕 kāi mù to open (a conference), to inaugurate; 开幕式 kāi mù shì opening ceremony; 闭幕 bì mù the curtain falls, lower the curtain, to come to an end (of a meeting)

1586 尤 尤 尤 尤 尤 尤 尤 尤

yóu outstanding, particularly, especially, a fault, to express discontentment against, surname; 尤其 yóu qí especially, particularly; 尤其是 yóu qí shì especially, most of all, above all, in particular; 尤为 yóu wéi especially

1587 彩 彩 彩 彩 彩 彩 彩 彩

cǎi (bright) color, variety, applause, applaud, lottery prize; 精彩 jīng cǎi brilliant, splendid; 色彩 sè cǎi tint, coloring, coloration, character; 彩票 cǎi piào lottery ticket

1588 射 射 射 射 射 射 射 射

shè to shoot, to launch, to allude to, radio- (chemistry); 发射 fā shè to shoot (a projectile), to fire (a rocket), to launch, to emit (a particle), to discharge, emanation, emission; 辐射 fú shè radiation; 注射 zhù shè injection, to inject

1589 微 微 微 微 微 微 微 微

wēi tiny, miniature, profound, abtruse, to decline, one millionth part of, micro-, Taiwan pr. wei2, surname; 微软 wēi ruǎn Microsoft corporation; 微博 wēi bó micro-blogging, microblog; 微笑 wēi xiào smile, CL:个[gè],丝[sī], to smile

1590 轮 轮 轮 轮 轮 轮 轮

lún wheel, disk, ring, steamship, to take turns, to rotate, by turn, classifier for big round objects (disk), or recurring events (round, turn); 一轮 yī lún first round or stage (of a match, election, talks, planned policy etc); 轮椅 lún yǐ wheelchair; 轮流 lún liú to alternate, to take turns

1591 宏 宏 宏 宏 宏 宏 宏

hóng great, magnificent, macro-; 宏观 hóng guān macro-, macroscopic, holistic; 宏观调控 hóng guān tiáo kòng macro-control; 宏观经济 hóng guān jīng jì macro-economic

1592 遭 遭 遭 遭 遭 遭 遭

zāo to meet by chance (usually with misfortune), classifier for events (time, turn, incident); 遭遇 zāo yù to meet with, to encounter, (bitter) experience; 遭到 zāo dào to suffer, to meet with (sth unfortunate); 遭受 zāo shòu to suffer, to sustain (loss, misfortune)

1593 裁 裁 裁 裁 裁 裁 裁

cái to cut out (as a dress), to cut, to trim, to reduce, to diminish, to cut back (e.g. on staff), decision, judgment; 总裁 zǒng cái chairman, director-general (of a company etc); 仲裁 zhòng cái arbitration; 裁判 cái pàn judgment, to referee, umpire, judge, referee, CL:个[gè],位[wèi],名[míng]

1594 抢 抢 抢 抢 抢 抢 抢

qiǎng to fight over, to rush, to scramble, to grab, to rob, to snatch; 抢救 qiǎng jiù rescue; 抢险 qiǎng xiǎn emergency (measures), to react to an emergency; 抢劫 qiǎng jié to rob, looting

1595 操 操 操 操 操 操 操

cāo, cào to grasp, to hold, to operate, to manage, to control, to steer, to exercise, to drill (practice), to play, to speak (a language), to fuck (vulgar); 操作 cāo zuò to work, to operate, to manipulate; 体操 tǐ cāo gymnastic, gymnastics; 操纵 cāo zòng to operate, to control, to rig, to manipulate

1596 董 董 董 董 董 董 董

dǒng to supervise, to direct, director, surname; 董事 dǒng shì board member; 董事长 dǒng shì zhǎng chairman of the board, chairman; 董事会 dǒng shì huì board of directors

1597 坛 坛 坛 坛 坛 坛 坛

tán earthen jar, altar; 论坛 lùn tán forum (for discussion); 政坛 zhèng tán political circles; 讲坛 jiǎng tán a platform (to speak)

1598 润 润 润 润 润 润 润

rùn smooth, moist; 利润 lì rùn profits; 净利润 jìng lì rùn net profit; 利润率 lì rùn lǜ profit margin

1599 吨 吨 吨 吨 吨 吨 吨

dūn ton, Taiwan pr. [dun4]; 吨级 dūn jí tonnage, class in tons (of a passenger ship); 百万吨 bǎi wàn dūn megaton, million tons; 吨位 dūn wèi tonnage

1600 | 扬 扬 扬 扬 扬 扬 扬

yáng to raise, to hoist, the action of tossing or winnowing, scattering (in the wind), to flutter, to propagate; 弘扬 hóng yáng to enhance, to promote, to enrich; 发扬 fā yáng to develop, to make full use of; 上扬 shàng yáng to rise (i.e. number increases), a price rise, to raise

1601 | 岛 岛 岛 岛 岛 岛 岛

dǎo island, CL: 岛 [ge4], [zuo4]; 青岛 qīng dǎo Qingdao, subprovincial city in Shandong; 半岛 bàn dǎo peninsula, Al Jazeera (Arabic-language news network); 朝鲜半岛 cháo xiǎn bàn dǎo Korean Peninsula

1602 | 途 途 途 途 途 途 途

tú way, route, road; 途径 tú jìng way, channel; 途中 tú zhōng en route; 前途 qián tú prospects, future outlook, journey

1603 | 玉 玉 玉 玉 玉 玉 玉

yù jade; 玉米 yù mǐ corn, maize, CL: 粒 [li]; 玉树 yù shù Yushu Tibetan autonomous prefecture (Tibetan: yus hru'u bod rigs rang skyong khul) in Qinghai; 回良玉 huí liáng yù Hui Liangyu (1944-) PRC Hui national career politician from Guilin, background in economics, politburo member from 2002, deputy chair of State Council from 2003

1604 | 峰 峰 峰 峰 峰 峰 峰

fēng (of a mountain) high and tapered peak or summit, mountain-like in appearance, highest level, classifier for camels; 高峰 gāo fēng peak, summit, height; 峰会 fēng huì summit meeting; 高峰期 gāo fēng qī a high point, the peak period, the rush hour

1605 | 智 智 智 智 智 智 智

zhì wisdom, knowledge; 智慧 zhì huì wisdom, knowledge, intelligent, intelligence; 智能 zhì néng intelligent, able, smart (phone, system, bomb etc); 智能手机 zhì néng shǒu jī smartphone

1606 | 截 截 截 截 截 截 截

jié a section, to cut off (a length); 截至 jié zhì up to (a time), by (a time); 截止 jié zhǐ to close, to stop, to put a stop to sth, cut-off point, stopping point, deadline; 截然 jié rán completely, sharply (differing)

1607 | 吉 吉 吉 吉 吉 吉 吉

jí lucky, giga- (meaning billion or 10^9), surname; 吉林 jí lín Jilin province (Kirin) in northeast China, abbr. 吉, capital 长春, also Jilin prefecture level city, Jilin province; 吉林省 jí lín shěng Jilin province (Kirin) in northeast China, abbr. 吉, capital Changchun 长春; 吉祥 jí xiáng lucky, auspicious, propitious

1608 | 衡 衡 衡 衡 衡 衡 衡

héng to weigh, weight, measure; 平衡 píng héng balance, equilibrium; 均衡 jūn héng equal, balanced, harmony, equilibrium; 衡量 héng liang weight, measure

1609 | 迅 迅 迅 迅 迅 迅 迅

xùn rapid; 迅速 xùn sù rapid, speedy, fast; 鲁迅 lǔ xùn Lu Xun (1881-1936), one of the earliest and best-known modern Chinese writers; 迅猛 xùn měng quick and violent

1610 爆 爆 爆 爆 爆 爆 爆

bào to explode or burst, to quick fry or quick boil; 爆炸 bàozhà explosion, to explode, to blow up, to detonate; 爆发 bàofā to break out, to erupt, to explode, to burst out; 火爆 huǒbào a popular craze, explosive popularity

1611 勇 勇 勇 勇 勇 勇 勇

yǒng brave; 勇气 yǒngqì courage, valor; 勇于 yǒngyú to dare to, to be brave enough to; 勇敢 yǒnggǎn brave, courageous

1612 攻 攻 攻 攻 攻 攻 攻

gōng to attack, to accuse, to study; 攻击 gōngjī to attack, to accuse, to charge, an attack (terrorist or military); 进攻 jìngōng to attack, to assault, to go on the offensive, attack, assault, offense (sports); 攻关 gōngguān to storm a strategic pass, fig. to tackle a key problem

1613 宗 宗 宗 宗 宗 宗 宗

zōng school, sect, purpose, model, ancestor, clan, to take as one's model (in academic or artistic work), classifier for batches, items, cases (medical or legal), reservoirs, surname; 宗教 zōngjiào religion; 宗旨 zōngzhǐ objective, aim, goal; 大宗 dàzōng large amount, staple, influential family of long standing

1614 谋 谋 谋 谋 谋 谋 谋

móu to plan, seek, scheme; 参谋 cānmóu staff officer, to give advice; 谋取 móuqǔ to seek, to strive for, to obtain, see also 牟取 [móuqǔ]; 谋划 móuhuà to scheme, to plot, conspiracy

1615 趋 趋 趋 趋 趋 趋 趋

qū to hasten, to hurry, to walk fast, to approach, to tend towards, to converge; 趋势 qūshì trend, tendency; 日趋 rìqū (increasing) day by day, (more critical) with every passing day, gradually; 趋于 qūyú to tend towards

1616 讯 讯 讯 讯 讯 讯 讯

xùn to question, to ask, to interrogate, rapid, speedy, fast, news, information; 通讯 tōngxùn communications, news story, dispatch, CL: 个[gè]; 资讯 zīxùn information; 通讯社 tōngxùnshè a news service (e.g. Xinhua)

1617 询 询 询 询 询 询 询

xún to ask about, to inquire about; 咨询 zīxún to consult, to seek advice, consultation, (sales) inquiry (formal); 询问 xúnwèn to inquire; 查询 cháxún to inquire, inquiry

1618 迁 迁 迁 迁 迁 迁 迁

qiān to move, to shift, to change (a position or location etc), to promote; 拆迁 chāiqiān to demolish a building and relocate the inhabitants; 搬迁 bānqiān to move, to relocate, removal; 变迁 biànqiān changes, vicissitudes

1619 盛 盛 盛 盛 盛 盛 盛

shèng, chéng flourishing, vigorous, magnificent, extensively, surname, to hold, to contain, to ladle, to pick up with a utensil; 华盛顿 huáshèngdùn Washington (name), George Washington (1732-1799), first US president, Washington, US State, Washington, D.C. (US federal capital); 旺盛 wàngshèng vigorous, exuberant; 盛大 shèngdà grand, majestic, magnificent, Shanda Entertainment (PRC computer game company)

1620| 乘 乘 乘 乘 乘 乘 乘

chéng, shèng to ride, to mount, to make use of, to avail oneself of, to take advantage of, to multiply (mathematics), Buddhist sect or creed, surname, four horse military chariot (archaic), four (archaic), generic term for history books; 乘客 chéng kè passenger; 乘坐 chéng zuò to ride (in a vehicle); 乘车 chéng chē to ride (in a car or carriage), to drive, to motor

1621| 灵 灵 灵 灵 灵 灵 灵

líng quick, alert, efficacious, effective, spirit, departed soul, coffin; 灵活 líng huó flexible, nimble, agile; 心灵 xīn líng bright, smart, quick-witted, heart, thoughts, spirit; 灵魂 líng hún soul, spirit

1622| 恶 恶 恶 恶 恶 恶 恶

è, wù evil, fierce, vicious, ugly, coarse, to harm, to hate, to loathe, ashamed, to fear, to slander; 恶劣 è liè vile, nasty, of very poor quality; 恶化 è huà to worsen; 恶性 è xìng malignant, wicked, vicious (circle), producing evil, rapid (decline), runaway (inflation)

1623| 晓 晓 晓 晓 晓 晓 晓

xiǎo dawn, daybreak, to know, to let sb know, to make explicit; 揭晓 jiē xiǎo to announce publicly, to publish, to make known, to disclose; 知晓 zhī xiǎo to know, to understand; 赫鲁晓夫 hè lǔ xiǎo fū Nikita Khrushchev (1894-1971), secretary-general of Soviet communist party 1953-1964

1624| 储 储 储 储 储 储 储

chǔ to store, to save, to have in reserve, heir, Taiwan pr. chu2, surname; 储备 chǔ bèi reserves, to store up; 储蓄 chǔ xù to deposit money, to save, savings; 储量 chǔ liàng remaining quantity, reserves (of natural resources, oil etc)

1625| 侵 侵 侵 侵 侵 侵 侵

qīn to invade, to encroach, to infringe, to approach; 侵权 qīn quán to infringe the rights of, to violate, infringement; 侵犯 qīn fàn to infringe on, to encroach on, to violate; 侵害 qīn hài to encroach on, to infringe on

1626| 泛 泛 泛 泛 泛 泛 泛

fàn to float, to be suffused with, general, extensive, non-specific, flood, pan- (prefix); 广泛 guǎng fàn extensive, wide range; 泛滥 fàn làn to be in flood, to overflow (the banks), to inundate, to spread unchecked; 宽泛 kuān fàn wide meaning, broad

1627| 谓 谓 谓 谓 谓 谓 谓

wèi to speak, to say, to name, to designate, meaning, sense, surname; 所谓 suǒ wèi so-called, what is called; 可谓 kě wèi it could even be said; 无所谓 wú suǒ wèi to be indifferent, not to matter

1628| 驻 驻 驻 驻 驻 驻 驻

zhù to halt, to stay, to be stationed (of troops, diplomats etc); 驻京 zhù jīng (abbr.) stationed in Beijing; 驻华 zhù huá stationed in China, located in China; 驻地 zhù dì station, encampment

1629| 洁 洁 洁 洁 洁 洁 洁

jié clean; 廉洁 lián jié honest, not coercive, honesty, integrity, incorruptible; 清洁 qīng jié clean, purity; 整洁 zhěng jié neatly, tidy

挑挑挑挑挑挑挑挑

tiāo, tiǎo to carry on a shoulder pole, to choose, to pick, to nitpick, to raise, to dig up, to poke, to prick, to incite, to stir up; 挑战 tiǎo zhàn to challenge, challenge; 挑选 tiāo xuǎn to choose, to select; 挑衅 tiǎo xìn to provoke, provocation

缓缓缓缓缓缓缓缓缓缓

huǎn slow, unhurried, sluggish, gradual, not tense, relaxed, to postpone, to defer, to stall, to stave off, to revive, to recuperate; 缓解 huǎn jiě to blunt, to dull, to ease, to help relieve (a crisis), to alleviate (pain); 缓慢 huǎn màn slow, slow-moving; 放缓 fàng huǎn to slow, to slow down (the pace of)

债债债债债债债债

zhài debt; 债务 zhài wù debt, liability, amount due, indebtedness; 债券 zhài quàn bond, debenture; 国债 guó zhài national debt, government debt

缴缴缴缴缴缴缴缴

jiǎo to hand in, to hand over, to seize; 缴纳 jiǎo nà to pay (taxes etc); 缴费 jiǎo fèi to pay a fee; 上缴 shàng jiǎo to transfer (income, profits etc) to higher authorities

弱弱弱弱弱弱弱弱

ruò weak, feeble, young, inferior, (following a decimal or fraction) slightly less than; 薄弱 bó ruò weak, frail; 弱勢 ruò shì vulnerable, weak; 脆弱 cuì ruò weak, frail

迫迫迫迫迫迫迫迫

pò to force, to compel, to approach or go towards, urgent, pressing; 迫切 pò qiè urgent, pressing; 紧迫 jǐn pò pressing, urgent; 被迫 bèi pò be compelled, be forced

兼兼兼兼兼兼兼兼

jiān double, twice, simultaneous, holding two or more (official) posts at the same time; 兼顾 jiān gù to attend simultaneously to two or more things, to balance (career and family, family and education etc); 兼任 jiān rèn to hold several jobs at once, concurrent post, working part-time; 兼职 jiān zhí to hold concurrent posts, concurrent job, moonlighting

惊惊惊惊惊惊惊惊

jīng to start, to be frightened, to be scared, alarm; 惊人 jīng rén astonishing; 震惊 zhèn jīng to shock, to astonish; 惊讶 jīng yà amazed, astonished, to surprise, amazing, astonishment, awe

朱朱朱朱朱朱朱朱

zhū cinnabar, vermilion, surname; 朱德 zhū dé Zhu De (1886-1976), communist leader and founder of the People's Liberation Army; 朱广沪 zhū guǎng hù Zhu Guanghu (1949-), PRC soccer coach; 朱元璋 zhū yuán zhāng Zhu Yuanzhang, personal name of first Ming dynasty emperor Hongwu 洪武[hóng wǔ]

雷雷雷雷雷雷雷雷

léi thunder, (internet slang) terrifying, terrific, surname; 雷锋 léi fēng Lei Feng (1940-1962), made into a model of altruism and dedication to the Party by propaganda from 1963 onwards; 雷达 léi dá radar (loanword); 雷曼 léi màn Lehman or Leymann (name)

1640 | 耗 耗 耗 耗 耗 耗 耗

hào to waste, to spend, to consume, to squander, news; 消耗 xiāo hào to use up, to consume; 耗能 hào néng to consume energy, energy consumption; 油耗 yóu hào fuel consumption

1641 | 祖 祖 祖 祖 祖 祖 祖

zǔ ancestor, forefather, grandparents, surname; 祖国 zǔ guó ancestral land CL:个[gè], homeland, used for PRC; 祖父 zǔ fù father's father, paternal grandfather; 祖先 zǔ xiān ancestor, forebears

1642 | 潜 潜 潜 潜 潜 潜 潜

qián hidden, secret, latent, to hide, to conceal, to submerge, to dive; 潜力 qián lì potential, capacity; 潜在 qián zài hidden, potential, latent; 潜规则 qián guī zé unwritten rules

1643 | 燃 燃 燃 燃 燃 燃 燃

rán to burn, to ignite, to light, fig. to spark off (hopes), to start (debate), to raise (hopes); 燃油 rán yóu fuel oil; 燃料 rán liào fuel; 燃烧 rán shāo to ignite, to combust, to burn, combustion, flaming

1644 | 龄 龄 龄 龄 龄 龄 龄

líng age; 年龄 nián líng (a person's) age, CL:把[bǎ],个[gè]; 老龄 lǎo líng old age, aging, aged, geriatric, the aged; 老龄化 lǎo líng huà ageing (population)

1645 | 拔 拔 拔 拔 拔 拔 拔

bá to pull up, to pull out, to draw out by suction, to select, to pick, to stand out (above level), to surpass, to seize; 选拔 xuǎn bá to select the best; 提拔 tí bá to promote to a higher job, to select for promotion; 海拔 hǎi bá height above sea level, elevation

1646 | 岸 岸 岸 岸 岸 岸 岸

àn bank, shore, beach, coast, CL:岸[àn]; 两岸 liǎng àn bilateral, both shores, both sides, both coasts, Taiwan and mainland; 口岸 kǒu àn a port for external trade, a trading or transit post on border between countries; 海岸 hǎi àn coastal, seacoast

1647 | 仪 仪 仪 仪 仪 仪 仪

yí apparatus, rites, appearance, present, ceremony; 仪式 yí shì ceremony; 仪器 yí qì instrument, apparatus, CL:台[tái]; 吴仪 wú yí Wu Yi (vice-premiers of the PRC State Council)

1648 | 齐 齐 齐 齐 齐 齐 齐

qí neat, even, level with, identical, simultaneous, all together, to even sth out, surname; 乌鲁木齐 wū lǔ mù qí Ürümqi or Urumqi prefecture level city and capital of Xinjiang Uighur autonomous region 新疆维吾尔自治区 in west China; 齐全 qí quán complete; 萨科齐 sà kē qí Nicolas Sarkozy (1955-), French UMP politician, president from 2007

1649 | 券 券 券 券 券 券 券

quàn bond (esp. document split in two, with each party holding one half), contract, deed (i.e. title deeds), ticket, voucher, certificate; 证券 zhèng quàn negotiable security (financial), certificate, stocks and bonds; 债券 zhài quàn bond, debenture; 券商 quàn shāng securities dealer, share broker

1650 | 概 概 概 概 概 概 概

gài general, approximate; 概念 gài niàn concept, idea, CL:个[gè]; 大概 dà gài roughly, probably, rough, approximate, about; 概括 gài kuò to summarize, to generalize, briefly, CL:个[gè]

1651 | 洪 洪 洪 洪 洪 洪 洪

hóng flood, big, great, surname; 洪水 hóng shuǐ deluge, flood; 防洪 fáng hóng flood control, flood prevention; 抗洪 kàng hóng to fight a flood

1652 | 诚 诚 诚 诚 诚 诚 诚

chéng honest, sincere, true; 诚信 chéng xìn genuine, honest, in good faith, honesty, integrity; 真诚 zhēn chéng true, sincere, genuine; 忠诚 zhōng chéng devoted, fidelity, loyal, loyalty

1653 | 邓 邓 邓 邓 邓 邓 邓

dèng surname Deng; 邓小平 dèng xiǎo píng Deng Xiaoping (1904-1997), Chinese communist leader, de facto leader of PRC 1978-1990 and creator of "socialism with Chinese characteristics"; 邓小平理论 dèng xiǎo píng lǐ lùn Deng Xiaoping Theory, Dengism, the foundation of PRC economic development after the cultural revolution, building the capitalist economy within Chinese communist party control; 邓颖超 dèng yǐng chāo Deng Yingchao (1904-1992), Chinese communist leader, wife of Zhou Enlai 周恩来

1654 | 艰 艰 艰 艰 艰 艰 艰

jiān difficult, hard, hardship; 艰苦 jiān kǔ difficult, hard, arduous; 艰难 jiān nán difficult, hard, challenging; 艰巨 jiān jù arduous, terrible (task), very difficult, formidable

1655 | 若 若 若 若 若 若 若

ruò to seem, like, as, if; 若干 ruò gān a certain number or amount, how many?, how much?; 倘若 tǎng ruò provided that, supposing that, if; 郭沫若 guō mò ruò Guo Moruo (1892~1978), writer, communist party intellectual and cultural apparatchik

1656 | 雄 雄 雄 雄 雄 雄 雄

xióng male, staminate, grand, imposing, powerful, mighty, person or state having great power and influence; 英雄 yīng xióng hero, CL:个[gè]; 雄厚 xióng hòu robust, strong and solid; 高雄 gāo xióng Gaoxiong or Kaohsiung city and county in south Taiwan

1657 | 疾 疾 疾 疾 疾 疾 疾

jí sickness, disease, hate, envy, swift; 疾病 jí bìng disease, sickness, ailment; 残疾 cán jí disabled, handicapped, deformity on a person or animal; 残疾人 cán jí rén disabled person

1658 | 寻 寻 寻 寻 寻 寻 寻

xún to search, to look for, to seek; 寻找 xún zhǎo to seek, to look for; 寻求 xún qiú to seek, to look for; 寻常 xún cháng usual, common, ordinary

1659 | 拆 拆 拆 拆 拆 拆 拆

chāi to tear open, to tear down, to tear apart, to open; 拆迁 chāi qiān to demolish a building and relocate the inhabitants; 拆除 chāi chú to tear down, to demolish, to dismantle, to remove; 分拆 fēn chāi to separate off, to hive off, a demerger

1660 | 殊 殊 殊 殊 殊 殊 殊

shū different, unique, special, very, (classical) to behead, to die, to cut off, to separate, to surpass; 特殊 tè shū special, particular, unusual, extraordinary; 悬殊 xuán shū a wide gap, big contrast, large disparity, a mismatch; 殊荣 shū róng special glory, distinction, rare honor, one's laurels, it's a privilege (to meet you)

1661 | 刊 刊 刊 刊 刊 刊 刊

kān to print, to publish, publication, periodical; 周刊 zhōu kān weekly publication, weekly; 报刊 bào kān newspapers and periodicals, the press; 刊登 kān dēng to carry a story, to publish (in a newspaper or magazine)

1662 | 疫 疫 疫 疫 疫 疫 疫

yì epidemic, plague; 疫情 yì qíng epidemic situation; 疫苗 yì miáo vaccine; 免疫 miǎn yì immunity (to disease)

1663 | 坦 坦 坦 坦 坦 坦 坦

tǎn flat, open-hearted, level, smooth; 巴基斯坦 bā jī sī tǎn Pakistan; 巴勒斯坦 bā lè sī tǎn Palestine; 坦克 tǎn kè tank (military vehicle) (loanword)

1664 | 偏 偏 偏 偏 偏 偏 偏

piān one-sided, to lean, to slant, prejudiced, inclined to one side, the left-hand side of split Chinese character, often the key or radical, to insist on; 偏低 piān dī to be on the low side, to be inadequate (e.g. of a salary); 偏高 piān gāo to be on the high side, to be unusually high; 偏远 piān yuǎn remote, far from civilization

1665 | 纠 纠 纠 纠 纠 纠 纠

jiū to gather together, to investigate, to entangle, to correct; 纠纷 jiū fēn a dispute, entanglement (law); 纠正 jiū zhèng to correct, to make right; 纠缠 jiū chán to be in a tangle, to nag

1666 | 恢 恢 恢 恢 恢 恢 恢

huī to restore, to recover, great; 恢复 huī fù to reinstate, to resume, to restore, to recover, to regain, to rehabilitate; 恢宏 huī hóng vast, broad, to develop; 恢复名誉 huī fù míng yù to rehabilitate, to regain one's good name

1667 | 萨 萨 萨 萨 萨 萨 萨

sà Bodhisattva, surname Sa; 拉萨 lā sà Lhasa, capital city of Tibet autonomous region 西藏自治区; 萨达姆 sà dá mǔ Saddam; 萨克 sà kè sax, saxophone, (used as phonetic for za-ke or sack, e.g. in Saxon, Isaac)

1668 | 掉 掉 掉 掉 掉 掉 掉

diào to fall, to drop, to lag behind, to lose, to go missing, to reduce, fall (in prices), to lose (value, weight etc), to wag, to swing, to turn, to change, to exchange, to swap, to show off, to shed (hair); 卖掉 mài diào to sell off, to get rid of in a sale; 丢掉 diū diào to lose, to throw away, to discard, to cast away; 掉下 diào xià to drop down, to fall

1669 | 缩 缩 缩 缩 缩 缩 缩

suō to withdraw, to pull back, to contract, to shrink, to reduce, abbreviation; 缩小 suō xiǎo to reduce, to decrease; 缩短 suō duǎn to curtail, to cut down; 萎缩 wěi suō to wither, to dry up (of a plant), to atrophy (of muscle, social custom etc)

1670 | 径 徑 径 径 径 径 径

jìng footpath, track, diameter, straight, directly; 途径 tú jìng way, channel; 路径 lù jìng path, route, method, ways and means; 田径 tián jìng track and field (athletics)

1671 | 脱 脫 脱 脱 脱 脱 脱

tuō to shed, to take off, to escape, to get away from; 脱离 tuō lí to separate oneself from, to break away from, diastasis (medicine), abscission, abjunction (botany); 摆脱 bǎi tuō to break away from, to cast off (old ideas etc), to get rid of, to break away (from), to break out (of), to free oneself from, to extricate oneself; 脱贫 tuō pín to lift oneself out of poverty

1672 | 扣 扣 扣 扣 扣 扣 扣

kòu to fasten, to button, button, buckle, knot, to arrest, to confiscate, to deduct (money), discount, to knock, to smash or spike (a ball), to cover (with a bowl etc), fig. to tag a label on sb, button; 扣除 kòu chú to deduct; 折扣 zhé kòu discount; 回扣 huí kòu brokerage, a commission paid to a middleman, euphemism for a bribe, a kickback

1673 | 夺 奪 夺 夺 夺 夺 夺

duó to seize, to take away forcibly, to wrest control of, to compete or strive for, to force one's way through, to leave out, to lose; 争夺 zhēng duó to fight over, to contest, to vie over; 夺取 duó qǔ to seize, to capture, to wrest control of; 夺得 duó dé to force one's way, to achieve by force, to seize (power)

1674 | 杰 傑 杰 杰 杰 杰 杰

jié hero, heroic, outstanding person, prominent, distinguished; 杰出 jié chū outstanding, distinguished, remarkable, prominent, illustrious; 杰夫 jié fū Jeff or Geoff (name); 梅德韦杰夫 méi dé wéi jié fū Medvedyev (name), Dmitry Anatolyevich Medvedev (1965-), Russian lawyer and politician, President of Russian Federation from 2008

1675 | 暂 暫 暂 暂 暂 暂 暂

zàn temporary, Taiwan pr. [zhan4]; 暂时 zàn shí temporary, provisional, for the time being; 暂行 zàn xíng provisional; 暂停 zàn tíng to suspend, time-out (e.g. in sports), stoppage, pause (media player)

1676 | 残 殘 残 残 残 残 残

cán to destroy, to spoil, to ruin, to injure, cruel, oppressive, savage, brutal, incomplete, disabled, to remain, to survive, remnant, surplus; 残疾 cán jí disabled, handicapped, deformity on a person or animal; 残疾人 cán jí rén disabled person; 残奥 cán ào Paralympics, same as Paralympic games 残奥会[cán ào huì]

1677 | 沟 溝 沟 沟 沟 沟 沟

gōu ditch, gutter, groove, gully, ravine, CL:?[dao4]; 沟通 gōu tōng to join, to connect, to link up, to communicate; 水沟 shuǐ gōu gutter, sewer; 门头沟 mén tóu gōu Mentougou district of Beijing municipality

1678 | 旦 旦 旦 旦 旦 旦 旦

dàn dawn, morning, day-break, day; 一旦 yī dàn in case (sth happens), if, once (sth happens, then...), when, in a short time, in one day; 复旦 fù dàn Fudan University, Shanghai, abbr. for 复旦大学[fù dàn dà xué]; 元旦 yuán dàn New Year's Day

1679 | 鉴 鑑 鉴 鉴 鉴 鉴 鉴

jiàn example, mirror, to view, reflection, to reflect, to inspect, to warn, (ancient bronze mirror); 鉴定 jiàn dìng to appraise, to identify, to evaluate; 借鉴 jiè jiàn to use other people's experience, to borrow from a source, to use as reference; 鉴于 jiàn yú in view of, seeing that, considering, whereas

1680 废 废 废 废 废 废 废
废 廢

fèi to abolish, to abandon, to abrogate, to discard, to depose, to oust, crippled, abandoned, waste; 废墟 fèi xū ruins; 废弃 fèi qì to discard, to abandon (old ways), to invalidate; 废除 fèi chú to abolish, to abrogate, to repeal

1681 绕 绕 绕 绕 绕 绕 绕
绕 繞

rào to wind, to coil (thread), to rotate around, to spiral, to move around, to go round (an obstacle), to by-pass, to make a detour, to confuse, to perplex; 围绕 wéi rào to revolve around, to center on (an issue); 环绕 huán rào to surround, to circle, to revolve around; 绕行 rào xíng detour, long way around

1682 顶 顶 顶 顶 顶 顶 顶
顶 頂

dǐng apex, crown of the head, top, roof, to carry on the head, to push to the top, to go against, most, to replace, to substitute, classifier for headwear, hats, veils etc, to "bump" a forum thread to raise its profile (internet slang); 顶级 dǐng jí top-notch, first-rate; 屋顶 wū dǐng roof, CL:个[gè]; 顶上 dǐng shàng on top of, at the summit

1683 豪 豪 豪 豪 豪 豪 豪
豪

háo grand, heroic; 豪华 háo huá luxurious; 富豪 fù háo rich and powerful person; 自豪 zì háo (feel a sense of) pride, to be proud of sth (in a good way)

1684 厚 厚 厚 厚 厚 厚 厚
厚

hòu thick, deep or profound, kind, generous, rich or strong in flavor, to favor, to stress; 深厚 shēn hòu deep, profound; 浓厚 nóng hòu dense, thick (fog, clouds etc), to have a strong interest in, deep, fully saturated (color); 丰厚 fēng hòu generous, ample

1685 扶 扶 扶 扶 扶 扶 扶
扶

fū to support with the hand, to help sb up, to support oneself by holding onto something, to help; 扶持 fú chí to help, to assist; 扶贫 fú pín assistance to the poor, poverty alleviation; 扶助 fú zhù to assist

1686 档 档 档 档 档 档 档
档 檔

dàng official records, grade (of goods), file, records, shelves, cross-piece, classifier for cross-pieces, Taiwan pr. [dang3]; 档案 dàng àn file, record, archive; 高档 gāo dàng superior quality, high grade, top grade; 档次 dàng cì grade, class, quality, level

1687 拓 拓 拓 拓 拓 拓 拓
拓

tuò, tà to expand, to push sth with the hand, to develop, to open up, surname, to make a rubbing (e.g. of inscription); 开拓 kāi tuò to break new ground (for agriculture), to open up (a new seam), to develop (border regions), fig. to open up (new horizons); 拓展 tuò zhǎn to expand; 力拓 lì tuò Rio Tinto (UK-Australian mining corporation)

1688 倡 倡 倡 倡 倡 倡 倡
倡

chàng to initiate, to instigate, to introduce, to lead; 倡导 chàng dǎo to advocate, to initiate, to propose, to be a proponent of (an idea or school of thought); 提倡 tí chàng to promote, to advocate; 倡议 chàng yì to suggest, to initiate, proposal, initiative

1689 闭 闭 闭 闭 闭 闭 闭

bì to close, stop up, shut, obstruct; 关闭 guān bì to close, to shut; 闭幕 bì mù the curtain falls, lower the curtain, to come to an end (of a meeting); 封闭 fēng bì to seal, to close, to confine, to seal off, to close down, sealed, confined, closed, unreceptive

1690 驾 驾 驾 驾 驾 驾 驾

jià to harness, to draw (a cart etc), to drive, to pilot, to sail, to ride, your good self, prefixed word denoting respect, surname; 驾驶 jià shǐ to pilot (ship, airplane etc), to drive; 驾车 jià chē to drive a vehicle; 驾驶员 jià shǐ yuán pilot, driver

1691 伴 伴 伴 伴 伴 伴 伴

bàn partner, companion, comrade, associate, to accompany; 伙伴 huǒ bàn partner, companion, comrade; 伴随 bàn suí to accompany, to follow, to occur together with, concomitant; 合作伙伴 hé zuō huǒ bàn cooperative partner

1692 渠 渠 渠 渠 渠 渠 渠

qú, jù big, stream or canal, drain, ditch, CL:??[tiao2], him (toplect), outer rim of a carriage wheel (old), surname, how can it be that?; 渠道 qú dào irrigation ditch, medium or channel of communication; 渠县 qú xiàn Qu county in Dazhou 达州[dá zhōu], Sichuan; 沟渠 gōu qú channel, moat, irrigation canal

1693 弃 弃 弃 弃 弃 弃 弃

qì to abandon, to relinquish, to discard, to throw away; 放弃 fàng qì to renounce, to abandon, to give up; 废弃 fèi qì to discard, to abandon (old ways), to invalidate; 抛弃 pāo qì to abandon, to discard, to renounce, to dump (sb)

1694 履 履 履 履 履 履 履

lǚ shoe, to tread on; 履行 lǚ xíng to fulfill (one's obligations), to carry out (a task), to implement (an agreement), to perform; 步履 bù lǚ gait, walk; 履历 lǚ lì curriculum vitae, career information, career

1695 振 振 振 振 振 振 振

zhèn to shake, to flap, to vibrate, to resonate, to rise up with spirit, to rouse oneself; 振兴 zhèn xīng Zhengxing district of Dandong city 丹东市[dān dōng shì], Liaoning; 振奋 zhèn fèn to stir oneself up, to raise one's spirits, to inspire; 杨振宁 yáng zhèn níng Chen Ning Yang

1696 佳 佳 佳 佳 佳 佳 佳

jiā beautiful, fine, good; 最佳 zuì jiā optimum, optimal, peak, best (athlete, movie etc); 不佳 bù jiā not good; 佳节 jiā jié festive day, holiday

1697 触 触 触 触 触 触 触

chù to touch, to make contact with sth, to stir up sb's emotions; 接触 jiē chù to touch, to contact, access, in touch with; 感触 gǎn chù one's thoughts and feelings, emotional stirring, moved, touched; 触及 chù jí to touch (one's feelings)

1698 昌 昌 昌 昌 昌 昌 昌

chāng prosperous, flourishing, surname; 南昌 nán chāng Nanchang prefecture level city and capital of Jiangxi province 江西省 in southeast China, also Nanchang county; 昌平 chāng píng Changping district of Beijing, formerly Changping county; 武昌 wǔ chāng Wuchang district of Wuhan city 武汉市[wú hàn shì], Hubei

1699 | 捐 捐 捐 捐 捐 捐 捐

juān to contribute, to donate, contribution, tax, to abandon; 捐赠 juān zèng to contribute (as a gift), to donate, benefaction; 捐款 juān kuǎn to donate money, to contribute funds, donation, contribution (of money); 捐助 juān zhù offer, contribution, donation

1700 | 裕 裕 裕 裕 裕 裕 裕

yù abundant; 富裕 fù yù Fuyu county in Qiqihar 齐齐哈尔[qí qí hā ěr], Heilongjiang; 黄光裕 huáng guāng yù Huang Guang'yu (1969-), PRC entrepreneur and millionaire, founder of Guo mei or Gome electronics 国美电器[guó měi diàn qì]; 粟裕 sù yù Su Yu (1907-1984), PLA commander

1701 | 覆 覆 覆 覆 覆 覆 覆

fù to cover, to overflow, to reply to a letter, to overturn, to capsized; 覆盖 fù gài to cover; 覆盖面 fù gài miàn coverage; 覆盖率 fù gài lǜ coverage

1702 | 瓦 瓦 瓦 瓦 瓦 瓦 瓦

wǎ roof tile, abbr. for ??[wa3 te4], watt (loan); 千瓦 qiān wǎ kilowatt (unit of electric power); 瓦斯 wǎ sī gas; 日内瓦 rì nèi wǎ Geneva, Switzerland

1703 | 丹 丹 丹 丹 丹 丹 丹

dān red, pellet, powder, cinnabar; 苏丹 sū dān Sudan, sultan (ruler of some Muslim states, esp. Ottoman Emperor); 丹麦 dān mài Denmark; 牡丹 mǔ dan Mudan district of Heze city 菏泽市[hé zé shì], Shandong, Mutan township in Pingtung county 屏东县[píng dōng xiàn], Taiwan

1704 | 宅 宅 宅 宅 宅 宅 宅

zhái residence; 住宅 zhù zhái residence, tenement; 豪宅 háo zhái grand residence, mansion; 住宅楼 zhù zhái lóu residential building, CL:幢[zhuàng],座[zuò],栋[dòng]

1705 | 森 森 森 森 森 森 森

sēn forest; 森林 sēn lín forest, CL:片[piàn]; 钱学森 qián xué sēn Qian Xuesen (1911-2009), Chinese scientist and aeronautical engineer; 保尔森 bǎo ěr sēn Paulson or Powellson (name), Henry (Hank) Paulson (1946-), US banker, US Treasury Secretary from 2006

1706 | 籍 籍 籍 籍 籍 籍 籍

jí book or record, registry, roll, place of one's family or ancestral records, membership, surname; 户籍 hù jí census register, household register; 书籍 shū jí books, works; 国籍 guó jí nationality

1707 | 贪 贪 贪 贪 贪 贪 贪

tān to have a voracious desire for, to covet, greedy, corrupt; 贪污 tān wū corruption; 贪官 tān guān corrupt official, grasping functionary, greedy mandarin; 反贪 fǎn tān anti-corruption (policy)

1708 | 邦 邦 邦 邦 邦 邦 邦

bāng a state, country or nation; 联邦 lián bāng federal, federation, commonwealth, federal union, federal state, union; 邦国 bāng guó country, state; 吴邦国 wú bāng guó Wu Bangguo (1941-), PRC electrical engineer and politician, polituro member from 2002

1709 | 倾 倾 倾 倾 倾 倾 倾

qīng to overturn, to collapse, to lean, to tend, to incline, to pour out; 倾向 qīng xiàng trend, tendency, orientation; 倾斜 qīng xié to incline, to lean, to slant, to slope, to tilt; 倾销 qīng xiāo to dump (goods, products)

1710 | 邀 邀 邀 邀 邀 邀 邀

yāo to invite, to request, to intercept, to solicit or seek; 邀请 yāo qǐng to invite, invitation, CL:个[gè]; 应邀 yìng yāo at sb's invitation, on invitation; 特邀 tè yāo special invitation

1711 | 忠 忠 忠 忠 忠 忠 忠

zhōng loyal, devoted, honest; 忠诚 zhōng chéng devoted, fidelity, loyal, loyalty; 忠实 zhōng shí faithful; 忠于 zhōng yú to be loyal to

1712 | 垄 垄 垄 垄 垄 垄 垄

lǒng ridge between fields, row of crops, grave mound; 垄断 lǒng duàn to enjoy market dominance, to monopolize; 反垄断 fǎn lǒng duàn anti-trust legislation, anti-monopoly; 反垄断法 fǎn lǒng duàn fǎ anti-trust law, legislation against monopolies

1713 | 瑞 瑞 瑞 瑞 瑞 瑞 瑞

rùi lucky, auspicious, propitious, rayl (acoustical unit); 瑞士 rùi shì Switzerland; 瑞典 rùi diǎn Sweden; 奇瑞 qí rùi Chery (car manufacturer)

1714 | 伙 伙 伙 伙 伙 伙 伙

huǒ companion, partner, group, classifier for groups of people, to combine, together, meals; 伙伴 huǒ bàn partner, companion, comrade; 合作伙伴 hé zuō huǒ bàn cooperative partner; 团伙 tuán huǒ (criminal) gang, gang member, accomplice, crony

1715 | 郭 郭 郭 郭 郭 郭 郭

guō outer city wall, surname; 郭晶晶 guō jīng jīng Guo Jingjing (1981-), Chinese female diver and Olympic gold medalist; 郭沫若 guō mò ruò Guo Moruo (1892~1978), writer, communist party intellectual and cultural apparatchik; 锡林郭勒 xī lín guō lè Xilin Gol league, a prefecture level subdivision of Inner Mongolia

1716 | 焦 焦 焦 焦 焦 焦 焦

jiāo burnt, scorched, charred, worried, anxious, coke, surname; 焦点 jiāo diǎn focus, focal point; 焦虑 jiāo lù anxious, worried, apprehensive; 聚焦 jù jiāo to focus

1717 | 撤 撤 撤 撤 撤 撤 撤

chè to remove, to take away, to withdraw; 撤销 chè xiāo to repeal, to revoke, to undo (computing); 撤离 chè lí to withdraw from, to evacuate; 撤出 chè chū to withdraw, to leave, to retreat, to pull out

1718 | 循 循 循 循 循 循 循

xún to follow, to adhere to, to abide by; 循环 xún huán to cycle, to circulate, circle, loop; 遵循 zūn xún to follow, to abide by, to comply with, compliance; 循序渐进 xún xù jiàn jìn in sequence, step by step (idiom); to make steady progress incrementally

1719 | 沈 沈 沈 沈 沈 沈 沈

shěn surname Shen, place name; 沈阳 shěn yáng Shenyang subprovincial city and capital of Liaoning province 辽宁省 in northeast China, old names include Fengtian 奉天, Shengjing 盛京 and Mukden; 沈阳市 shěn yáng shì Shenyang prefecture level city and capital of Liaoning province 辽宁省 in northeast China, old names include Fengtian 奉天, Shengjing 盛京 and Mukden; 沈从文 shěn cóng wén Shen Congwen (1902-1988), novelist

1720 | 毫 毫 毫 毫 毫 毫 毫

háo hair, drawing brush, (in the) least, one thousandth, currency unit, 0.1 yuan; 毫无 háo wú not in the least, to completely lack; 毫不 háo bù hardly, not in the least, not at all; 丝毫 sī háo the slightest amount or degree, a bit

1721 | 梁 梁 梁 梁 梁 梁 梁

liáng name of Kingdoms and Dynasties at different periods, surname, beam of roof, bridge; 桥梁 qiáo liáng bridge, fig. connection between two areas; 梁朝 liáng cháo Liang Dynasty (502-557); 吕梁 lǚ liáng Lüliang prefecture level city in Shanxi 山西

1722 | 诊 诊 诊 诊 诊 诊 诊

zhěn examine or treat medically; 门诊 mén zhěn outpatient service; 诊断 zhěn duàn diagnosis, to diagnose; 诊疗 zhěn liáo diagnosis and treatment

1723 | 册 册 册 册 册 册 册

cè book, booklet, classifier for books; 注册 zhù cè to register, to enroll; 手册 shǒu cè manual, handbook; 史册 shǐ cè annals

1724 | 驶 驶 驶 驶 驶 驶 驶

shǐ to gallop, speedily, to proceed to, to pilot (ship, plane etc), to sail; 驾驶 jià shǐ to pilot (ship, airplane etc), to drive; 行驶 xíng shǐ to travel along a route (of vehicles etc); 驾驶员 jià shǐ yuán pilot, driver

1725 | 聘 聘 聘 聘 聘 聘 聘

pìn to engage (teacher), to hire, employment, hiring, to betroth, betrothed, to get married (of woman); 招聘 zhāo pìn recruitment, to invite applications for a job; 聘请 pìn qǐng to engage, to hire (a lawyer etc); 聘用 pìn yòng to employ, to hire

1726 | 菲 菲 菲 菲 菲 菲 菲

fēi, fěi luxuriant (plant growth), rich with fragrance, phenanthrene C14H10, poor, humble, unworthy, radish (old); 菲律宾 fēi lǜ bīn the Philippines; 王菲 wáng fēi Faye Wong (1969-), Hong Kong pop star and actress; 不菲 bù fěi considerable (cost etc), bountiful (crop etc), high (social status etc)

1727 | 骨 骨 骨 骨 骨 骨 骨

gǔ bone, Taiwan pr. gu1; 骨干 gǔ gàn diaphysis (long segment of a bone), fig. backbone; 骨折 gǔ zhé broken bones, fracture; 骨灰 gǔ huī bone ash, ashes of the dead

1728 | 跃 跃 跃 跃 跃 跃 跃

yuè to jump, to leap; 活跃 huó yuè active, vigorous; 踊跃 yǒng yuè to leap, to jump, eager, enthusiastically; 跃进 yuè jìn make a leap, leap forward

1729 | 赴 赴 赴 赴 赴 赴 赴

fù to go, to visit (e.g. another country), to attend (a banquet etc); 赶赴 gǎn fù to hurry, to rush; 全力以赴 quán lì yǐ fù to do at all costs, to make an all-out effort; 奔赴 bēn fù to rush to, to hurry to

1730 | 誉 誉 誉 誉 誉 誉 誉

yù reputation; 荣誉 róng yù honor, credit, glory, (honorable) reputation; 名誉 míng yù fame, reputation, honor, honorary, emeritus (of retired professor); 誉为 yù wéi to regard as

1731 | 拟 拟 拟 拟 拟 拟 拟

nǐ to plan to, to draft (a plan), to imitate, to assess, to compare, pseudo-; 模拟 mó nǐ imitation, to simulate, to imitate, analog (device, as opposed to digital); 虚拟 xū nǐ fictitious, theoretical, virtual; 拟定 nǐ dìng to draw up, to draft, to formulate

1732 | 勤 勤 勤 勤 勤 勤 勤

qín diligent, industrious, hardworking, frequent, regular, constant; 后勤 hòu qín logistics; 勤奋 qín fèn hardworking, diligent; 勤劳 qín láo hardworking, industrious, diligent

1733 | 纲 纲 纲 纲 纲 纲 纲

gāng head rope of a fishing net, guiding principle, key link, class (taxonomy), outline, program; 纲要 gāng yào outline, essential points; 纲领 gāng lǐng program, guiding principle; 大纲 dà gāng main point, leading principles, synopsis, syllabus

1734 | 轨 轨 轨 轨 轨 轨 轨

guǐ course, path, track, rail; 轨道 guǐ dào orbit, railway or tram line, fig. conventional way of thinking; 接轨 jiē guǐ railtrack connection, to integrate into sth, to dock, to connect, to be in step with, to bring into line with, to align; 轨道交通 guǐ dào jiāo tōng metro, rapid transit, subway

1735 | 诸 诸 诸 诸 诸 诸 诸

zhū all, various, surname; 诸多 zhū duō (used for abstract things) a good deal, a lot of; 诸如 zhū rú (various things) such as, such as (the following); 付诸 fù zhū to present to, to put into effect

1736 | 炸 炸 炸 炸 炸 炸 炸

zhá, zhà to deep fry, to explode; 爆炸 bào zhà explosion, to explode, to blow up, to detonate; 炸弹 zhà dàn bomb, CL:枚[méi],颗[kē]; 轰炸 hōng zhà to bomb, to bombard, CL:阵[zhèn]

1737 | 赖 赖 赖 赖 赖 赖 赖

lài to depend on, to hang on in a place, bad, to renege (on promise), to disclaim, to rat (on debts), rascally, to blame, to put the blame on, surname; 依赖 yī lài to depend on, to be dependent on; 达赖 dá lài the Dalai Lama, also written 达赖喇嘛; 信赖 xìn lài to trust, to have confidence in, to have faith in, to rely on

1738 | 亩 亩 亩 亩 亩 亩 亩

mǔ classifier for fields, unit of area equal to one fifteenth of a hectare; 英亩 yīng mǔ acre; 田亩 tián mǔ field; 地亩 dì mǔ area of farmland

1739 | 唯 唯 唯 唯 唯 唯 唯

wéi, wěi -ism, only, alone, yes; 唯一 wéi yī only, sole; 唯有 wéi yǒu only; 唯物主义 wéi wù zhǔ yì materialism, philosophical doctrine that physical matter is the whole of reality

1740 | 炭 炭 炭 炭 炭 炭 炭

tàn wood charcoal, coal, carbon; 煤炭 méi tàn coal; 焦炭 jiāo tàn coke (processed coal used in blast furnace); 雪中送炭 xuě zhōng sòng tàn lit. to send coal during snow (idiom); fig. timely help, to provide help when one most needs it

1741 | 替 替 替 替 替 替 替

tì to substitute for, to take the place of, to replace, for, on behalf of, to stand in for; 替代 tì dài to substitute for, to replace, to supersede; 代替 dài tì instead, to replace, to substitute (X for Y, or a number in an algebraic expression); 接替 jiē tì to replace, to take over (a position or post)

1742 | 刺 刺 刺 刺 刺 刺 刺

cī, cì whoosh (onomatopoeia), thorn, sting, thrust, to prick, to pierce, to stab, to assassinate, to murder; 刺激 cì jī to provoke, to irritate, to upset, to stimulate, to excite, irritant; 讽刺 fěng cì to satirize, to mock, irony, satire, sarcasm; 冲刺 chōng cì to sprint, to spurt, to dash, big effort

1743 | 祥 祥 祥 祥 祥 祥 祥

xiáng auspicious, propitious; 吉祥 jí xiáng lucky, auspicious, propitious; 吉祥物 jí xiáng wù mascot; 祥云 xiáng yún Xiangyun county in Dali Bai autonomous prefecture 大理白族自治州[dà lǐ bái zú zì zhì zhōu], Yunnan

1744 | 抽 抽 抽 抽 抽 抽 抽

chōu to draw out, to pull out from inbetween sth, to remove part of the whole, (of certain plants) to sprout or bud, to whip or thrash; 抽查 chōu chá random inspection, to do a spot check; 抽样 chōu yàng sample, sampling; 抽调 chōu diào to transfer (personnel or material)

1745 | 辉 辉 辉 辉 辉 辉 辉

huī splendor, to shine upon; 辉煌 huī huáng splendid, glorious; 光辉 guāng huī radiance, glory, brilliant, magnificent; 李登辉 lǐ dēng huī Lee Teng-hui (1923-), Taiwanese politician, President of ROC 1988-2000

1746 | 液 液 液 液 液 液 液

yè liquid, fluid, Taiwan pr. [yi4]; 液晶 yè jīng liquid crystal; 血液 xuè yè blood; 五粮液 wǔ liáng yè Wuliangye liquor, Five Grain liquor

1747 | 莫 莫 莫 莫 莫 莫 莫

mò do not, there is none who, surname; 莫斯科 mò sī kē Moscow, capital of Russia; 莫名 mò míng indescribable, ineffable; 莫过于 mò guò yú nothing can surpass

1748 | 雅 雅 雅 雅 雅 雅 雅

yǎ elegant; 雅典 yǎ diǎn Athens, capital of Greece; 雅虎 yǎ hǔ Yahoo, internet portal; 优雅 yōu yǎ grace, graceful

1749 | 阻 阻 阻 阻 阻 阻 阻

zǔ to hinder, to block, to obstruct; 阻止 zǔ zhǐ to prevent, to block; 阻碍 zǔ ài to obstruct, to hinder, to block; 阻力 zǔ lì obstacle, hindrance, resistance, obstruction

1750 | 忧 忧 忧 忧 忧 忧 忧
忧 忧

yōu to worry, to concern oneself with, worried, anxiety, sorrow, a parent's funeral, inconvenienced by being orphaned; 担忧 dān yōu to worry, to be concerned; 忧虑 yōu lǜ to worry, anxiety (about); 忧患 yōu huàn suffering, misery, hardship

1751 | 陷 陷 陷 陷 陷 陷 陷

xiàn pitfall, trap, to get stuck, to sink, to cave in, to frame (false charge), to capture (a city in battle), to fall (to the enemy), defect; 陷入 xiàn rù to sink into, to get caught up in, to land in (a predicament); 缺陷 quē xiàn defect, flaw, physical defect; 陷阱 xiàn jǐng lit. a pit for trapping animals, a trap, a snare, a booby-trap

1752 | 锋 锋 锋 锋 锋 锋 锋
锋 锋

fēng point of a spear, edge of a tool, vanguard, forward (in sports team); 先锋 xiān fēng herald, pioneer; 雷锋 léi fēng Lei Feng (1940-1962), made into a model of altruism and dedication to the Party by propaganda from 1963 onwards; 前锋 qián fēng vanguard, front line, a forward (sports)

1753 | 迪 迪 迪 迪 迪 迪 迪

dí direct, to enlighten, to follow; 迪拜 dí bài Dubai (also 杜拜[dù bài]); 奥迪 ào dí Audi; 迪士尼 dí shì ní Disney (name)

1754 | 陕 陕 陕 陕 陕 陕 陕
陕 陕

shǎn abbr. for Shaanxi 陕西省 province; 陕西 shǎn xī Shaanxi province (Shensi) in northwest China, abbr. 陕, capital Xi'an 西安市[xī ān shì]; 陕西省 shǎn xī shěng Shaanxi province (Shensi) in northwest China, abbr. 陕, capital Xi'an 西安[xī ān]; 陕北 shǎn běi Shanbei, northern Shaanxi province, including Yulin 榆林 and Yanan 延安, a Holy Land of Mao's revolution 革命圣地

1755 | 稿 稿 稿 稿 稿 稿 稿

gǎo manuscript, draft, stalk of grain; 稿件 gǎo jiàn rough draft, material contributing to a final document; 发稿时 fā gǎo shí time of publication, at the time of going to press; 稿子 gǎo zi draft of a document, script, manuscript, mental plan, precedent

1756 | 伯 伯 伯 伯 伯 伯 伯

bó, bǎi father's elder brother, senior, paternal elder uncle, eldest of brothers, respectful form of address, Count, third of five orders of nobility, one hundred (old); 阿拉伯 ā lā bó Arabian, Arabic, Arab; 西伯利亚 xī bó lì yà Siberia; 罗伯特 luó bó tè Robert (name)

1757 | 呈 呈 呈 呈 呈 呈 呈

chéng to assume (a form), to submit, to petition, to show, to present, to offer; 呈现 chéng xiàn to appear, to emerge, to present (a certain appearance), to demonstrate; 纷呈 fēn chéng brilliant and varied, (often in the combination 精彩纷呈); 呈阳性 chéng yáng xìng to test positive

1758 | 症 症 症 症 症 症 症
症 癥

zhèng, zhēng disease, illness, abdominal tumor; 症状 zhèng zhuàng symptom (of an illness); 癌症 ái zhèng cancer; 重症 zhòng zhèng acute (of medical condition), grave

1759 甲 甲 甲 甲 甲 甲 甲 甲

jiǎ first of the ten heavenly stems [shì2 tiān1 gān1], (used for an unspecified person or thing), first (in a list, as a party to a contract etc), armor plating, shell or carapace, (of the fingers or toes) nail, bladed leather or metal armor (old), ranking system used in the Imperial examinations (old), civil administration unit (old); 甲型 jiǎ xíng type A, type I, alpha-; 装甲 zhuāng jiǎ vehicle armor; 甲级 jiǎ jí first rate, top class, excellent

1760 谷 谷 谷 谷 谷 谷 谷 谷

gǔ, yù grain, corn, valley, surname; 谷歌 gǔ gē variant of 谷歌, Google internet company and search engine; 河谷 hé gǔ river valley; 低谷 dī gǔ valley, trough (as opposed to peaks), fig. low point, lowest ebb, nadir of one's fortunes

1761 壮 壮 壮 壮 壮 壮 壮 壮

zhuàng to strengthen, strong, robust; 壮大 zhuàng dà to expand, to strengthen; 壮族 zhuàng zú Zhuang ethnic group of Guangxi, the PRC's second most numerous ethnic group, Zhuang: Bouxcuengh; 广西壮族自治区 guǎng xī zhuàng zú zì zhì qū Guangxi Zhuang autonomous region (Zhuang: Gvangsìh Bouxcuengh Swcìgh) in southwest China on the border with Vietnam, abbr. 桂, capital Nanning 南宁, until 1959, Guangxi province

1762 剂 剂 剂 剂 剂 剂 剂 剂

jì dose; 添加剂 tiān jiā jì additive, food additive; 调剂 tiáo jì to adjust, to balance, to make up a medical prescription; 兴奋剂 xīng fèn jì stimulant, doping (in athletics)

1763 拒 拒 拒 拒 拒 拒 拒 拒

jù to resist, to repel, to refuse; 拒绝 jù jué to refuse, to decline, to reject; 抗拒 kàng jù to resist, to defy, to oppose; 婉拒 wǎn jù to tactfully decline, to turn down gracefully

1764 辞 辞 辞 辞 辞 辞 辞 辞

cí refined language, wording, poetic genre (so far, interchangeable with 词?), to take leave, to resign, to dismiss, to decline; 辞职 cí zhí to resign; 辞去 cí qù to resign, to quit; 致辞 zhì cí to express in words or writing, to make a speech (esp. short introduction, vote of thanks, afterword, funeral homily etc), to address (an audience), same as 致词

1765 塞 塞 塞 塞 塞 塞 塞 塞

sāi, sài, sè to stop up, to squeeze in, to stuff, cork, stopper, strategic pass, tactical border position; 堵塞 dǔ sè to block, to stop, blockage; 塞尔维亚 sāi ěr wéi yà Serbia; 布鲁塞尔 bù lǔ sài ěr Brussels, capital of Belgium

1766 徽 徽 徽 徽 徽 徽 徽 徽

huī badge, emblem, insignia, crest, logo, coat of arms; 安徽 ān huī Anhui province (Anhui) in south central China, abbr. 皖, capital Hefei 合肥; 安徽省 ān huī shěng Anhui province (Anhui) in south central China, abbr. 皖, capital Hefei 合肥; 国徽 guó huī national emblem, coat of arms

1767 杜 杜 杜 杜 杜 杜 杜 杜

dù birchleaf pear (tree), to stop, to prevent, to restrict, surname; 杜绝 dù jué to put an end to; 杜鹃 dù juān cuckoo (Cercococcyx spp., also written 杜鹃鸟), Indian azalea (Rhododendron simsii Planch, also written 杜鹃花); 杜邦 dù bāng DuPont

1768 | 搜 搜 搜 搜 搜 搜 搜 搜

sōu to search; 搜索 sōu suǒ to search, to look for sth, to scour (search meticulously), to look sth up, internet search, database search; 搜救 sōu jiù search and rescue; 搜集 sōu jí to gather, to collect

1769 | 沃 沃 沃 沃 沃 沃 沃 沃

wò fertile, rich, to irrigate, to wash (of river); 沃尔玛 wò ěr mǎ Wal-Mart, Walmart (retailer); 沃尔沃 wò ěr wò Volvo (Swedish car company); 达沃斯 dá wò sī Davos (Swiss ski resort), Davos world economic forum (WEF)

1770 | 洛 洛 洛 洛 洛 洛 洛 洛

luò surname Luo, old name of several rivers (in Henan, Shaanxi, Sichuan and Anhui); 洛杉矶 luò shān jī Los Angeles, California; 洛阳 luò yáng Luoyang prefecture level city in Henan, an old capital from pre-Han times; 洛阳市 luò yáng shì Luoyang prefecture level city in Henan, an old capital from pre-Han times

1771 | 戴 戴 戴 戴 戴 戴 戴 戴

dài to put on or wear (glasses, hat, gloves etc), to respect, to bear, to support, surname; 戴上 dài shàng to put on (hat etc); 戴尔 dài ěr Dell; 爱戴 ài dài to love and respect, love and respect

1772 | 惩 惩 惩 惩 惩 惩 惩 惩

chéng to punish, to reprimand, to warn; 惩治 chéng zhì to punish; 惩罚 chéng fá penalty, punishment, to punish; 惩处 chéng chǔ to punish, to administer justice

1773 | 榜 榜 榜 榜 榜 榜 榜 榜

bǎng notice or announcement, list of names, public roll of successful examinees; 排行榜 pái háng bǎng the charts (of best-sellers), table of ranking; 榜样 bǎng yàng example, model, CL:个[gè]; 榜首 bǎng shǒu a champion, to be number one (best or worst)

1774 | 蒋 蒋 蒋 蒋 蒋 蒋 蒋 蒋

jiǎng surname Jiang, refers to Chiang Kai-shek ???|???; 蒋介石 jiǎng jiè shí Chiang Kai-shek (1887-1975), former Guomindang leader; 蒋经国 jiǎng jīng guó Chiang Ching-kuo (1910-1988), son of Chiang Kai-shek 蒋介石, Guomindang politician, president of ROC 1978-1988; 蒋雯丽 jiǎng wén lì Jiang Wenli (1969-), award-winning PRC film actress

1775 | 袭 袭 袭 袭 袭 袭 袭 袭

xí to attack, to inherit, classifier for suits (esp. of funeral robes); 袭击 xí jī attack (esp. surprise attack), raid, to attack; 恐怖袭击 kǒng bù xí jī terrorist attack; 抄袭 chāo xí to plagiarize, to copy, to attack the flank or rear of an enemy

1776 | 勒 勒 勒 勒 勒 勒 勒 勒

lēi to choke, to throttle, to strangle, rein in; 巴勒斯坦 bā lè sī tǎn Palestine; 希特勒 xī tè lè Adolf Hitler (1889-1945); 勒索 lè suǒ to blackmail, to extort

1777 | 宇 宇 宇 宇 宇 宇 宇 宇

yǔ room, universe; 宇航 yǔ háng space flight; 宇宙 yǔ zhòu universe, cosmos; 宇航员 yǔ háng yuán astronaut

1778 | 珍 珍 珍 珍 珍 珍 珍

zhēn precious thing, treasure, culinary delicacy, rare, valuable, to value highly; 珍贵 zhēn guì precious; 珍惜 zhēn xī to treasure, to value, to cherish; 珍藏 zhēn cáng collection, collect (valuables)

1779 | 逃 逃 逃 逃 逃 逃 逃

táo to escape, to run away, to flee; 逃避 táo bì to escape, to evade, to avoid, to shirk; 逃生 táo shēng to flee for one's life; 逃离 táo lí to run out, to escape

1780 | 耕 耕 耕 耕 耕 耕 耕

gēng to plow, to till; 耕地 gēng dì arable land, to plow land; 退耕还林 tuì gēng huán lín restoring agricultural land to forest; 春耕 chūn gēng to plow a field in the spring

1781 | 忆 忆 忆 忆 忆 忆 忆

yì to recollect, to remember, memory; 回忆 huí yì to recall, recollection, CL:个[gè]; 记忆 jì yì to remember, to recall, memory, CL:个[gè]; 回忆录 huí yì lù memoir

1782 | 牢 牢 牢 牢 牢 牢 牢

láo firm, sturdy, fold (for animals), sacrifice, prison; 牢固 láo gù firm, secure; 牢牢 láo láo firmly, safely; 牢记 láo jì to keep in mind, to remember

1783 | 稀 稀 稀 稀 稀 稀 稀

xī rare, uncommon, watery, sparse; 稀土 xī tǔ rare earth (chemistry); 稀有 xī yǒu uncommon; 珍稀 zhēn xī rare, precious and uncommon

1784 | 圣 圣 圣 圣 圣 圣 圣

shèng holy, sacred, saint, sage; 圣火 shèng huǒ sacred fire, Olympic flame; 神圣 shén shèng divine, hallow, holy, sacred; 圣诞 shèng dàn Christmas, birthday of reigning Emperor, Confucius' birthday

1785 | 舆 舆 舆 舆 舆 舆 舆

yú carriage, sedan chair, world; 舆论 yú lùn public opinion; 舆论界 yú lùn jiè media, commentators; 造舆论 zào yú lùn to build up public opinion, to create a fuss

1786 | 拨 拨 拨 拨 拨 拨 拨

bō to push aside, to appropriate (money), to move, to set aside, to poke, to stir, group (of people), batch, to dial; 拨打 bō dǎ to call, to dial; 拨款 bō kuǎn allocate funds, appropriation; 拨付 bō fù appropriate sum of money

1787 | 旱 旱 旱 旱 旱 旱 旱

hàn drought; 抗旱 kàng hàn drought-resistant, to weather a drought; 干旱 gān hàn drought, arid, dry; 旱情 hàn qíng drought conditions

1788 | 辑 辑 辑 辑 辑 辑 辑

jí gather up, collect, edit, compile; 编辑 biān jí to edit, to compile, editor, compiler; 逻辑 luó jí logic (loanword); 专辑 zhuān jí album, record (music), special collection of printed or broadcast material

1789 | 凯 凯 凯 凯 凯 凯 凯

kǎi triumphant, victorious, chí (Greek letter), surname; 凯歌 kǎi gē triumphal hymn, victory song, paean; 陈凯歌 chén kǎi gē Chen Kaige, Fifth Generation movie director; 麦凯恩 mài kǎi ēn McCain (name), John McCain (1936-), US Republican politician, Senator for Arizona from 1987

1790 | 漫 漫 漫 漫 漫 漫 漫

màn free, unrestrained, inundate; 漫游 màn yóu to travel around, to roam; 漫长 màn cháng very long, endless; 漫画 màn huà caricature, cartoon, Japanese manga

1791 | 递 递 递 递 递 递 递

dì to hand over, to pass on sth, to gradually increase or decrease, progressively; 传递 chuán dì to transmit, to pass on to sb else; 递交 dì jiāo to present, to give, to hand over, to hand in, to lay before; 快递 kuài dì express delivery

1792 | 隆 隆 隆 隆 隆 隆 隆

lóng, lōng grand, intense, prosperous, to swell, to bulge, surname, sound of drums; 隆重 lóng zhòng grand, prosperous, ceremonious, solemn; 克隆 kè lóng clone; 乾隆 qián lóng Qianlong or Ch'ien-lung, emperor of the Qing dynasty, reigned sixty years (1735-1796)

1793 | 佛 佛 佛 佛 佛 佛 佛

fú, fō seemingly, Buddha, Buddhism; 佛教 fó jiào Buddhism; 佛山 fó shān Foshan prefecture level city in Guangdong; 仿佛 fǎng fú variant of 仿佛[fǎng fú]

1794 | 捕 捕 捕 捕 捕 捕 捕

bǔ to catch, to seize, to capture; 逮捕 dài bǔ to arrest, to apprehend, an arrest; 被捕 bèi bǔ to be arrested, under arrest; 抓捕 zhuā bǔ to seize, to capture

1795 | 遵 遵 遵 遵 遵 遵 遵

zūn to observe, to obey, to follow, to comply with; 遵守 zūn shǒu to comply with, to abide by, to respect (an agreement); 遵循 zūn xún to follow, to abide by, to comply with, compliance; 遵义 zūn yì Zun'yi prefecture level city in Guizhou 贵州[guì zhōu]

1796 | 巡 巡 巡 巡 巡 巡 巡

xún to patrol, to make one's rounds; 巡视 xún shì go on an inspection tour; 巡逻 xún luó to patrol (police, army or navy); 巡查 xún chá to patrol

1797 | 搭 搭 搭 搭 搭 搭 搭

dā to put up, to build (scaffolding), to hang (clothes on a pole), to connect, to join, to arrange in pairs, to match, to add, to throw in (resources), to take (boat, train); 搭建 dā jiàn to build (esp. with simple materials), to knock together (a temporary shed), to rig up; 搭配 dā pèi to pair up, to match, to arrange in pairs, to add sth into a group; 搭档 dā dàng to cooperate, partner

1798 | 嘉 嘉 嘉 嘉 嘉 嘉 嘉

jiā excellent, auspicious, surname; 嘉宾 jiā bīn esteemed guest, honored guest, guest (on a show); 嘉兴 jiā xīng Jiaxing prefecture level city in Zhejiang; 李嘉诚 lǐ jiā chéng Sir Li Ka-shing (1928-), Hong Kong businessman

1799 | 艾 艾 艾 艾 艾 艾 艾

ài, yì Chinese mugwort or wormwood, to stop or cut short, phonetic "ai" or "i", abbr. for ???[ai4 zi1 bing4], AIDS, surname, to mow, to cut, to reap, to redress; 艾滋 ài zī AIDS (loanword), see also 爱滋病[ài zī bing]; 艾滋病 ài zī bing AIDS (loanword); 艾滋病毒 ài zī bing bing dú HIV, see also 爱滋病毒[ài zī bing dú]

1800 | 峡 峡 峡 峡 峡 峡 峡

xiá gorge; 三峡 sān xiá Three Gorges on the Changjiang or Yangtze, namely: Qutang Gorge 瞿塘峡[qū táng xiá], Wuxia Gorge 巫峡[wū xiá] and Xiling Gorge 西陵峡[xī líng xiá]; 海峡 hǎi xiá channel, strait; 三门峡 sān mén xiá Sanmenxia prefecture level city in Henan

1801 | 侧 侧 侧 侧 侧 侧 侧

cè, zhāi the side, to incline towards, to lean, inclined, lateral, side, lean on one side; 两侧 liǎng cè two sides, both sides; 侧面 cè miàn lateral side, side, aspect, profile; 侧重 cè zhòng to place particular emphasis on

1802 | 役 役 役 役 役 役 役

yì forced labor, corvée, obligatory task, military service, to use as servant, to enserf, servant (old), war, campaign, battle; 战役 zhàn yì military campaign; 退役 tuì yì to retire from the military, to demobilize, to decommission, retired from use; 服役 fú yì to serve in the army, in active service

1803 | 禽 禽 禽 禽 禽 禽 禽

qín generic term for birds and animals, birds, to capture (old); 禽流感 qín liú gǎn bird flu, avian influenza; 家禽 jiā qín poultry, domestic fowl; 禽类 qín lèi bird species, birds

1804 | 忽 忽 忽 忽 忽 忽 忽

hū to neglect, to overlook, to ignore, suddenly, surname; 忽视 hū shì to neglect, to ignore; 忽略 hū lüè to neglect, to overlook, to ignore; 忽然 hū rán suddenly, all of a sudden

1805 | 撑 撑 撑 撑 撑 撑 撑

chēng to support, to prop-up, to push or move with a pole, to maintain, to open or unfurl, to fill to bursting point, brace, stay, support; 支撑 zhī chēng to prop up, to support, strut, brace; 撑腰 chēng yāo to support, to brace; 俯卧撑 fǔ wò chēng press-up (physical exercise), push-up

1806 | 渡 渡 渡 渡 渡 渡 渡

dù to cross, to pass through, to ferry; 过渡 guò dù to cross over (by ferry), transition, interim, caretaker (administration); 渡过 dù guò to cross over, to pass through; 渡河 dù hé to cross a river

1807 | 舰 舰 舰 舰 舰 舰 舰

jiàn warship; 舰队 jiàn duì fleet, CL:支[zhī]; 军舰 jūn jiàn warship, military naval vessel, CL:艘[sōu]; 舰艇 jiàn tǐng warship,

naval vessel

1808 菜 菜 菜 菜 菜 菜 菜

lái name of weed plant (fat hen, goosefoot, pigweed etc), Chenopodium album; 好莱坞 hǎo lái wù Hollywood; 克莱 kè lái Clay (name); 布莱尔 bù lái ěr Blair (name), Braille (name), Louis Braille (1809-1852), the inventor of the Braille alphabet for the blind

1809 奉 奉 奉 奉 奉 奉 奉

fèng to offer (tribute), to present respectfully (to superior, ancestor, deity etc), to esteem, to revere, to believe in (a religion), to wait upon, to accept orders (from superior); 奉献 fèng xiàn to consecrate, to dedicate, to devote; 奉行 fèng xíng to pursue (a course, a policy); 奉命 fèng mìng to receive orders, to follow orders, to act under orders

1810 盗 盗 盗 盗 盗 盗 盗

dào to steal, to rob, to plunder, thief, bandit, robber; 盗版 dào bǎn pirated, illegal, see also 正版[zhèng bǎn]; 海盗 hǎi dào pirate; 盗窃 dào qiè to steal

1811 浮 浮 浮 浮 浮 浮 浮

fú to float, superficial, floating, unstable, movable, provisional, temporary, transient, impetuous, hollow, inflated, to exceed, superfluous, excessive, surplus; 浮动 fú dòng to float and drift, unstable; 悬浮 xuán fú to float (in the air etc), suspension; 磁悬浮 cí xuán fú magnetic levitation (train), maglev

1812 毅 毅 毅 毅 毅 毅 毅

yì firm and resolute, staunch; 陈毅 chén yì Chen Yi (1901-1972), communist general and politician, Marshal of PLA from 1955, Mayor of Shanghai in 1950s, PRC foreign minister 1958-1972; 毅然 yì rán firmly, resolutely, without hesitation; 毅力 yì lì perseverance, willpower

1813 胁 胁 胁 胁 胁 胁 胁

xié flank (the side of one's torso), to coerce, to threaten; 威胁 wēi xié to threaten, to menace; 胁迫 xié pò coerce, compel; 军事威胁 jūn shì wēi xié military threat

1814 胞 胞 胞 胞 胞 胞 胞

bāo placenta, womb, born of the same parents; 同胞 tóng bāo born of the same parents, sibling, fellow citizen, compatriot; 细胞 xì bāo cell (biology); 侨胞 qiáo bāo countryman living abroad

1815 敦 敦 敦 敦 敦 敦 敦

dūn kind-hearted, place name; 伦敦 lún dūn London, capital of United Kingdom; 敦煌 dūn huáng Dunhuang county level city in Jiuquan 酒泉, Gansu; 敦促 dūn cù to press, to urge, to hasten

1816 灭 灭 灭 灭 灭 灭 灭

miè to extinguish or put out, to go out (of a fire etc), to exterminate or wipe out, to drown; 消灭 xiāo miè to put an end to, to annihilate, to cause to perish, to perish, annihilation (in quantum field theory); 灭火 miè huǒ to extinguish a fire, firefighting; 毁灭 huǐ miè to perish, to ruin, to destroy

1817 拖 拖 拖 拖 拖 拖 拖

tuō to drag, to pull, to trail, to delay, to drag on; 拖欠 tuō qiàn in arrears, behind in payments, to default on one's debts; 拖延 tuō yán to adjourn, to delay, to defer, adjournment, procrastination; 拖拉 tuō lā dilatory, slow, sluggish

1818 秩 秩 秩 秩 秩 秩 秩 秩

zhì order, orderliness; 秩序 zhì xù order (orderly), order (sequence), social order, the state (of society), CL:个[gè]; 秩序井然 zhì xù jǐng rán in perfect order; 公共秩序 gōng gòng zhì xù public order

1819 仁 仁 仁 仁 仁 仁 仁 仁

rén humane, kernel; 同仁 tóng rén Tongren county in Huangnan Tibetan autonomous prefecture 黄南藏族自治州[huáng nán zàng zú zì zhì zhōu], Qinghai; 荣毅仁 róng yì rén Rong Yiren; 一视同仁 yī shì tóng rén to treat everyone equally favorably (idiom); not to discriminate between people

1820 屏 屏 屏 屏 屏 屏 屏 屏

bǐng, píng to get rid of, to put aside, to reject, to keep control, to hold (one's breath), (standing) screen; 屏幕 píng mù screen (TV, computer or movie); 屏障 píng zhàng protective screen; 荧屏 yíng píng fluorescent screen, TV screen

1821 殖 殖 殖 殖 殖 殖 殖 殖

zhí to grow, to reproduce; 养殖 yǎng zhí to cultivate, cultivation, to further, to encourage; 殖民 zhí mín colony, colonial; 生殖 shēng zhí to reproduce, to flourish

1822 闲 闲 闲 闲 闲 闲 闲 闲
閒 閒

xián to stay idle, to be unoccupied, not busy, leisure, enclosure, idle, unoccupied, leisure, free time; 休闲 xiū xián variant of 休闲 leisure, relaxation, not working, idle; 闲置 xián zhì to leave sth forgotten, to set aside, lying idle; 闲暇 xián xiá leisure, free time, unoccupied, not in use

1823 滋 滋 滋 滋 滋 滋 滋 滋

zī to grow, to nourish, to increase, to suscite, juice, taste; 艾滋 ài zī AIDS (loanword), see also 爱滋病[ài zī bìng]; 艾滋病 ài zī bìng AIDS (loanword); 滋生 zī shēng to breed, to flourish, to cause, to provoke, to create

1824 栏 栏 栏 栏 栏 栏 栏 栏
欄

lán fence, railing, hurdle, column or box (of text or other data); 栏目 lán mù regular column or segment (in a publication or broadcast program), program (TV or radio); 专栏 zhuān lán special column; 栏杆 lán gān railing, banister

1825 黎 黎 黎 黎 黎 黎 黎 黎

lí Li ethnic group of Hainan Province, surname Li, abbr. for Lebanon, black; 巴黎 bā lí Paris, capital of France; 黎巴嫩 lí bā nèn Lebanon; 黎明 lí míng dawn, daybreak

1826 侦 侦 侦 侦 侦 侦 侦 侦
偵

zhēn to scout, to spy, to detect; 侦查 zhēn chá to detect, to investigate; 侦察 zhēn chá to investigate a crime, to scout, to reconnoiter, reconnaissance, detection, a scout; 侦破 zhēn pò to investigate (as detective), to solve (crime), to uncover (a plot), to sniff out, to break in and analyze, detective work, to scout

1827 详 详 详 详 详 详 详 详
詳

xiáng detailed, comprehensive; 详细 xiáng xì detailed, in detail, minute; 详尽 xiáng jìn thorough and detailed, exhaustive, the tedious details in full; 详情 xiáng qíng details, particulars

1828 摇 摇 摇 摇 摇 摇 摇

yáo shake, to rock; 动摇 dòng yáo to sway, to waver, to rock, to rattle, to destabilize, to pose a challenge to; 不动摇 bù dòng yáo unmoved; 摇头 yáo tóu to shake one's head

1829 赂 赂 赂 赂 赂 赂 赂

lù bribe, bribery; 贿赂 huì lù to bribe, a bribe

1830 裂 裂 裂 裂 裂 裂 裂

liè to split, to crack, to break open, to rend; 分裂 fēn liè to split up, to divide, to break up, fission, schism; 断裂 duàn liè fracture, rupture; 破裂 pò liè to rupture, to fracture, to break down, (linguistics) plosion

1831 揭 揭 揭 揭 揭 揭 揭

jiē to take the lid off, to expose, to unmask; 按揭 àn jiē a mortgage, to buy property on a mortgage; 揭露 jiē lù to expose, to unmask, to ferret out, to disclose, disclosure; 揭开 jiē kāi to uncover, to open

1832 欣 欣 欣 欣 欣 欣 欣

xīn happy; 欣赏 xīn shǎng to appreciate, to enjoy, to admire; 欣慰 xīn wèi to be gratified; 欣喜 xīn xǐ happy

1833 链 链 链 链 链 链 链

liàn chain, lead or tin ore; 产业链 chǎn yè liàn supply chain; 链条 liàn tiáo chain, CL:根[gēn],条[tiáo]; 链接 liàn jiē link (on a website)

1834 亏 亏 亏 亏 亏 亏 亏

kuī deficiency, deficit, luckily; 亏损 kuī sǔn deficit, (financial) loss; 吃亏 chī kuī to suffer losses, to come to grief, to lose out, to get the worst of it, to be at a disadvantage, unfortunately; 盈亏 yíng kuī profit and loss, waxing and waning

1835 携 携 携 携 携 携 携

xié to carry, to take along, to bring along, to hold (hands), also pr. [xi1]; 携带 xié dài to carry (on one's person), to support (old), Taiwan pr. [xī dài]; 携手 xié shǒu hand in hand, to join hands, to collaborate; 携带者 xié dài zhě carrier

1836 隔 隔 隔 隔 隔 隔 隔

gé to separate, to partition, to stand or lie between, at a distance from, after or at an interval of; 隔离 gé lí to separate, to isolate; 时隔 shí gé separated in time (usu. followed by a quantity of time); 间隔 jiàn gé compartment, gap, interval, to divide

1837 咨 咨 咨 咨 咨 咨 咨

zī consult; 咨询 zī xún to consult, to seek advice, consultation, (sales) inquiry (formal); 咨文 zī wén official communication (between gov. offices of equal rank), report delivered by the head of gov. on affairs of state; 咨客 zī kè hostess

1838 | 妥 妥 妥 妥 妥 妥 妥

tuǒ suitable, adequate, ready, settled; 妥善 tuǒ shàn appropriate, proper; 稳妥 wěn tuǒ dependable; 妥协 tuǒ xié to compromise, to reach terms, a compromise

1839 | 碍 碍 碍 碍 碍 碍 碍

ài to hinder, to obstruct, to block; 障碍 zhàng ài barrier, obstruction, hindrance, impediment, obstacle; 阻碍 zǔ ài to obstruct, to hinder, to block; 妨碍 fāng ài to hinder, to obstruct

1840 | 宪 宪 宪 宪 宪 宪 宪

xiàn statute, constitution; 宪法 xiàn fǎ constitution (of a country), CL:部[bù]; 宪章 xiàn zhāng charter; 宪政 xiàn zhèng constitutional government

1841 | 允 允 允 允 允 允 允

yǔn just, fair, to permit, to allow; 允许 yǔn xǔ to permit, to allow; 公允 gōng yǔn equitable, fair; 允诺 yǔn nuò to promise, to consent (to do sth)

1842 | 泥 泥 泥 泥 泥 泥 泥

ní, ní restrained, mud, clay, paste, pulp; 水泥 shuǐ ní cement, CL:袋[dài]; 泥石流 ní shí liú landslide, torrent of mud and stones, mudslide; 泥土 ní tǔ earth, soil, mud, clay

1843 | 讼 讼 讼 讼 讼 讼 讼

sòng litigation; 诉讼 sù sòng lawsuit; 诉讼法 sù sòng fǎ procedural law; 民事诉讼 mín shì sù sòng common plea, civil appeal (as opposed to criminal case)

1844 | 纵 纵 纵 纵 纵 纵 纵

zòng warp (the vertical threads in weaving), vertical, longitudinal, north-south (lines of longitude), lengthwise, to release, to indulge, even if; 操纵 cāo zòng to operate, to control, to rig, to manipulate; 纵队 zòng duì column, file; 纵横 zòng héng lit. warp and weft in weaving; vertically and horizontal, length and breadth, criss-crossed, able to move unhindered, abbr. for 合纵连横[hé zòng lián héng], School of Diplomacy during the Warring States Period (475-221 BC)

1845 | 扰 扰 扰 扰 扰 扰 扰

rǎo to disturb; 干扰 gān rǎo to interfere, obstruction; 困扰 kùn rǎo to perplex, to disturb, to cause complications; 骚扰 sāo rǎo to disturb, to cause a commotion, to harass

1846 | 挖 挖 挖 挖 挖 挖 挖

wā to dig, to excavate, to scoop out; 挖掘 wā jué to excavate, to dig, to unearth; 深挖 shēn wā to dredge; 开挖 kāi wā to dig out, to excavate, to scoop out

1847 | 骗 骗 骗 骗 骗 骗 骗

piàn to cheat, to swindle, to deceive, to fool, to hoodwink, to trick; 诈骗 zhà piàn to defraud, to swindle, to blackmail; 欺骗 qī piàn to deceive, to cheat; 骗取 piàn qǔ to gain by cheating

1848 | 畅 畅 畅 畅 畅 畅

chàng free, unimpeded, smooth, at ease, free from worry, fluent; 畅通 chàng tōng unimpeded, free-flowing, straight path, unclogged, move without obstruction; 畅销 chàng xiāo to sell well, best seller, chart-topping; 顺畅 shùn chàng smooth and unhindered, fluent

1849 | 冯 冯 冯 冯 冯 冯

píng, féng to gallop, to assist, to attack, to wade, great, surname; 冯玉祥 féng yù xiáng Feng Yuxiang (1882-1948), warlord during Republic of China, strongly critical of Chiang Kai-shek; 冯骥才 féng jì cái Feng Jikai (1942-), novelist from Tianjin, author of Extraordinary people in our ordinary world 俗世奇人; 冯武 féng wǔ Feng Doubo or Feng Wu (1672-), calligrapher of the Ming-Qing transition, also called 冯谔伯[féng è bó]

1850 | 辽 辽 辽 辽 辽 辽

liáo abbr. for Liaoning, province in northeast China, Liao or Khitan dynasty (907-1125); 辽宁 liáo níng Liaoning province in northeast China, abbr. 辽, capital Shenyang 沈阳; 辽宁省 liáo níng shěng Liaoning province in northeast China, abbr. 辽, capital Shenyang 沈阳; 辽阔 liáo kuò vast, extensive

1851 | 崇 崇 崇 崇 崇 崇

chóng high, sublime, lofty, to esteem, to worship, surname; 崇高 chóng gāo majestic, sublime; 崇拜 chóng bài to worship, adoration; 崇尚 chóng shàng to hold up (as an model), to hold in esteem, to revere, to advocate

1852 | 洞 洞 洞 洞 洞 洞

dòng cave, hole, zero (unambiguous spoken form when spelling out numbers); 漏洞 lòu dòng leak, hole, gap, loophole; 黑洞 hēi dòng (astronomy) black hole; 空洞 kōng dòng cavity, empty, vacuous

1853 | 牵 牵 牵 牵 牵 牵

qiān to pull (an animal on a tether), to lead along, to hold hands; 牵头 qiān tóu to lead (an animal by the head), to take the lead, to coordinate (a combined operation), to mediate, a go-between (e.g. marriage broker); 牵动 qiān dòng to affect, to produce a change in sth; 牵涉 qiān shè to involve, implicated

1854 | 俊 俊 俊 俊 俊 俊

jùn, zùn smart, eminent, handsome, talented, cool, neat; 李俊 lǐ jùn Li Jun, fictional character from 水浒传[shuǐ hǔ zhuàn]; 俊杰 jùn jié elite, outstanding talent, genius; 英俊 yīng jùn handsome

1855 | 芳 芳 芳 芳 芳 芳

fāng fragrant; 梅兰芳 méi lán fāng Mei Lanfang (1894-1961), famous master of Beijing opera, specialist in female roles; 雅芳 yǎ fāng Avon (cosmetics company); 芳香 fāng xiāng balmy, fragrant, aromatic (chemistry)

1856 | 苗 苗 苗 苗 苗 苗

miáo sprout, Hmong or Miao ethnic group of southwest China, surname Miao; 疫苗 yì miáo vaccine; 苗头 miáo tóu first signs, development (of a situation); 流感疫苗 liú gǎn yì miáo flu shot, influenza vaccination

1857 | 颁 颁 颁 颁 颁 颁

bān promulgate, send out, issue, to grant or confer; 颁布 bān bù to issue, to proclaim, to enact (laws, decrees etc); 颁发 bān fā to

issue, to promulgate, to award; 颁奖 bān jiǎng to award (a medal)

1858 凝 凝 凝 凝 凝 凝 凝 凝

níng to congeal, to concentrate attention, to stare; 凝聚 níng jù to condense, to coagulate, coacervation (i.e. form tiny droplets), aggregation, coherent; 凝聚力 níng jù lì cohesion, cohesiveness, cohesive; 混凝土 hùn níng tǔ concrete

1859 伐 伐 伐 伐 伐 伐 伐 伐

fá to cut down, to fell, to dispatch an expedition against, to attack, to boast; 步伐 bù fá pace, (measured) step, march; 北伐 běi fá the Northern Expedition, the Nationalists' campaign of 1926-1927 under Chiang Kaishek against the Northern Warlords; 斯洛伐克 sī luò fá kè Slovak, Slovak republic (from 1992), Slovakia

1860 晶 晶 晶 晶 晶 晶 晶 晶

jīng crystal; 液晶 yè jīng liquid crystal; 晶晶 jīng jīng the full moon; 郭晶晶 guō jīng jīng Guo Jingjing (1981-), Chinese female diver and Olympic gold medalist

1861 锁 锁 锁 锁 锁 锁 锁 锁

suǒ to lock up, to lock; 连锁 lián suǒ to interlock, to be linked, chain (store etc); 封锁 fēng suǒ to blockade, to seal off; 锁定 suǒ dìng to lock (a door), to close with a latch, to lock into place, a lock, a latch, to lock a computer file (to prevent it being overwritten), to lock (denying access to a computer system or device or files, e.g. by password-protection), to focus attention on, to target

1862 卢 卢 卢 卢 卢 卢 卢 卢

lú surname Lu, abbr. for Luxembourg; 卢武铉 lú wǔ xuàn Roh Moo-hyun (1946-2009), South Korean lawyer and politician, president 2003-2008; 卢布 lú bù rouble, Russian currency, also spelt ruble; 贝卢斯科尼 bèi lú sī kē ní Silvio Berlusconi (1936-), Italian media magnate and right-wing politician, president of Italy in 1994-1995, 2001-2006 and from 2008

1863 漏 漏 漏 漏 漏 漏 漏 漏

lòu to leak, to divulge, to leave out by mistake, waterclock or hourglass (old); 漏洞 lòu dòng leak, hole, gap, loophole; 泄漏 xiè lòu sth leaks, variant of 泄露[xiè lù], to divulge (a secret), to leak; 漏税 lòu shuì tax evasion

1864 箭 箭 箭 箭 箭 箭 箭 箭

jiàn arrow; 火箭 huǒ jiàn rocket, CL:枚[méi]; 运载火箭 yùn zài huǒ jiàn carrier rocket; 火箭弹 huǒ jiàn dàn rocket (artillery)

1865 浓 浓 浓 浓 浓 浓 浓 浓

nóng concentrated, dense; 浓厚 nóng hòu dense, thick (fog, clouds etc), to have a strong interest in, deep, fully saturated (color); 浓度 nóng dù concentration (percentage of dissolved material in a solution), consistency, thickness, density, viscosity; 浓缩 nóng suō to concentrate (a liquid), concentration, espresso coffee, abbr. for 意式浓缩咖啡

1866 赠 赠 赠 赠 赠 赠 赠 赠

zèng to give as a present, to repel, to bestow an honorary title after death (old); 捐赠 juān zèng to contribute (as a gift), to donate, benefaction; 赠送 zèng sòng to present as a gift; 赠与 zèng yú to favor, to gift, to grant, to bequeath, to bestow

1867 慈 慈 慈 慈 慈 慈 慈 慈

cí compassionate, gentle, merciful, kind, humane; 慈善 cí shàn benevolent, charitable; 慈善家 cí shàn jiā philanthropist,

humanitarian, charity donor; 慈善机构 cí shàn jī gòu charity

1868 劲 劲 劲 劲 劲 劲 劲 劲

jìng, jìn strength, energy, enthusiasm, stalwart, sturdy, strong, powerful; 强劲 qiáng jìng powerful, with force; 干劲 gàn jìn enthusiasm for doing sth; 劲儿 jìn^r erhua variant of 劲[jìn]

1869 慧 慧 慧 慧 慧 慧 慧 慧

huì intelligent; 智慧 zhì huì wisdom, knowledge, intelligent, intelligence; 杨开慧 yáng kāi huì Yang Kaihui (1901-1930), Mao Zedong's second wife; 大智慧 dà zhì huì great wisdom and knowledge (Buddhism)

1870 贾 贾 贾 贾 贾 贾 贾 贾

gǔ, jiǎ merchant, to buy, surname; 贾庆林 jiǎ qìng lín Jia Qinglin (member of PRC Poliburo); 内贾德 nèi jiǎ dé Mahmoud Ahmadinejad (1956-), Iranian fundamentalist politician, President of Iran from 2005, famous for provocative speeches, abbr. for 艾哈迈迪内贾德; 贾平凹 jiǎ píng wā Jia Pingwa (1952-), Chinese novelist

1871 绪 绪 绪 绪 绪 绪 绪 绪

xù beginnings, clues, mental state, thread; 情绪 qíng xù mood, state of mind, moodiness, CL:种[zhǒng]; 就绪 jiù xù to be ready, to be in order; 光绪 guāng xù reign name of penultimate Qing emperor Guangxu or Guang-hsu (1875-1908)

1872 缘 缘 缘 缘 缘 缘 缘 缘

yuán cause, reason, karma, fate, predestined affinity, margin, hem, edge, along; 边缘 biān yuán edge, fringe, verge, brink, periphery, marginal, borderline; 无缘 wú yuán to have no opportunity, no way (of doing sth), no chance, no connection, not placed (in a competition), (in pop lyrics) no chance of love, no place to be together etc; 地缘 dì yuán regional

1873 俱 俱 俱 俱 俱 俱 俱 俱

jù entirely, without exception; 俱乐部 jù lè bù club (i.e. a group or organization) (loanword), CL:个[gè]; 与时俱进 yǔ shí jù jìn abreast of modern developments, to keep up with the times, progressive, timely; 俱全 jù quán every kind, every variety under the sun, a complete gamut

1874 堵 堵 堵 堵 堵 堵 堵 堵

dǔ to stop up, (to feel) stifled or suffocated, wall, classifier for walls; 堵塞 dǔ sè to block, to stop, blockage; 堵住 dǔ zhù to block up; 堵车 dǔ chē traffic jam, choking

1875 迈 迈 迈 迈 迈 迈 迈 迈

mài take a step; 迈出 mài chū to step out, to take a (first) step; 迈克尔 mài kè ěr Michael (name); 年迈 nián mài old, aged

1876 毁 毁 毁 毁 毁 毁 毁 毁

huǐ to destroy, to damage, to ruin, to destroy by fire, a blaze, defame, to slander; 销毁 xiāo huǐ to destroy (by melting or burning), to obliterate; 摧毁 cuī huǐ to destroy, to wreck; 毁灭 huǐ miè to perish, to ruin, to destroy

1877 盈 盈 盈 盈 盈 盈 盈 盈

yíng full, filled, surplus; 盈利 yíng lì profit, gain; 市盈率 shì yíng lǜ PE ratio; 盈亏 yíng kuī profit and loss, waxing and waning

1878 | 械 械 械 械 械 械 械

xiè appliance, tool, weapon, shackles, also pr. [jie4]; 机械 jī xiè machine, machinery, mechanical; 器械 qì xiè special or precision equipment, apparatus; 医疗器械 yī liáo qì xiè medical equipment

1879 | 胀 胀 胀 胀 胀 胀 胀

zhàng dropsical, swollen, to swell, to be bloated; 膨胀 péng zhàng to expand, to inflate, to swell; 通胀 tōng zhàng inflation; 通货膨胀 tōng huò péng zhàng inflation

1880 | 凌 凌 凌 凌 凌 凌 凌

líng to approach, to rise high, thick ice, to insult or maltreat, surname; 凌晨 líng chén very early in the morning, in the wee hours; 凌驾 líng jià to be above, to place above; 凌空 líng kōng be high up in the sky

1881 | 邻 邻 邻 邻 邻 邻 邻

lín neighbor, adjacent, close to; 邻居 lín jū neighbor, next door, CL:个[gè]; 邻国 lín guó bordering country, neighbor country, neighboring countries, surrounding countries; 相邻 xiāng lín neighbor, adjacent

1882 | 曹 曹 曹 曹 曹 曹 曹

cáo class or grade, generation, plaintiff and defendant (old), government department (old), surname; 曹操 cáo cāo Cao Cao (155-220), famous statesman and general at the end of Han, noted poet and calligrapher, later warlord, founder and first king of Cao Wei 曹魏, father of Emperor Cao Pi 曹丕, the main villain of novel the Romance of Three Kingdoms 三国演义; 曹禺 cáo yú Cao Yu (1910-1997), PRC dramatist; 曹雪芹 cáo xuě qín Cao Xueqin (c. 1715-c. 1764), accepted author of Dream of Red Mansions 红楼梦

1883 | 悲 悲 悲 悲 悲 悲 悲

bēi sad, sadness, sorrow, grief; 悲剧 bēi jù tragedy, CL:出[chū]; 悲痛 bēi tòng grieved, sorrowful; 悲观 bēi guān pessimistic

1884 | 彭 彭 彭 彭 彭 彭 彭

péng surname Peng; 彭德怀 péng dé huái Peng Dehuai (1898-1974), top communist general, subsequently politician and politburo member, disgraced after attacking Mao's failed policies in 1959, and died after extensive persecution during the Cultural Revolution; 彭真 péng zhēn Peng Zhen (1902-1997), Chinese communist leader; 彭州 péng zhōu Pengzhou county level city in Chengdu 成都 [chéng dū], Sichuan

1885 | 晋 晋 晋 晋 晋 晋 晋

jìn to move forward, to promote, to advance, surname; 晋升 jìn shēng to promote to a higher position; 晋级 jìn jí to advance in rank, promotion, advancement; 晋中 jìn zhōng Jinzhong prefecture level city in Shanxi 山西

1886 | 慰 慰 慰 慰 慰 慰 慰

wèi to comfort, to console, to reassure; 慰问 wèi wèn to express sympathy, greetings, consolation etc; 欣慰 xīn wèi to be gratified; 安慰 ān wèi to comfort, to console, CL:个[gè]

1887 | 镜 镜 镜 镜 镜 镜 镜

jìng mirror; 镜头 jìng tóu camera lens, camera shot (in a movie etc), scene; 眼镜 yǎn jìng spectacles, eyeglasses, CL:副[fù]; 镜子 jìng zi mirror, CL:面[miàn], 个[gè]

1888 | 曼 曼 曼 曼 曼 曼 曼 曼

màn handsome, large, long; 雷曼 léi màn Lehman or Leymann (name); 曼谷 màn gǔ Bangkok, capital of Thailand; 曼联 màn lián Manchester United Football Club

1889 | 剑 剑 剑 剑 剑 剑 剑 剑

jiàn double-edged sword, classifier for blows of a sword; 剑桥 jiàn qiáo Cambridge, university city in England; 利剑 lì jiàn sharp sword; 剑桥大学 jiàn qiáo dà xué University of Cambridge

1890 | 饰 饰 饰 饰 饰 饰 饰 饰

shì decoration, ornament, to decorate, to adorn, to hide, to conceal (a fault), excuse (to hide a fault), to play a role (in opera), to impersonate; 装饰 zhuāng shì to decorate, decoration, decorative, ornamental; 饰演 shì yǎn to act, to play a part; 服饰 fú shì apparel, clothing and personal adornment

1891 | 孟 孟 孟 孟 孟 孟 孟 孟

mèng first month of a season, eldest amongst brothers, surname; 孟买 mèng mǎi Mumbai (formerly Bombay); 孟加拉 mèng jiā lā Bengal, Bangladesh; 孟加拉国 mèng jiā lā guó Bangladesh (formerly East Pakistan)

1892 | 奔 奔 奔 奔 奔 奔 奔 奔

bēn, bèn to hurry or rush, to run quickly, to elope, go to, towards; 奔赴 bēn fù to rush to, to hurry to; 奔驰 bēn chí Benz (name), Mercedes-Benz, German car make; 奔波 bēn bō to rush about, to be constantly on the move

1893 | 尾 尾 尾 尾 尾 尾 尾 尾

wěi, yǐ tail, remainder, remnant, extremity, sixth of the 28 constellations, classifier for fish, horse's tail, pointed posterior section of a locust etc; 尾声 wěi shēng coda, epilogue, end; 尾巴 wěi ba tail; 结尾 jié wěi ending, coda, to wind up

1894 | 耀 耀 耀 耀 耀 耀 耀 耀

yào brilliant, glorious; 胡耀邦 hú yào bāng Hu Yaobang (1915-1989), Chinese politician; 耀眼 yào yǎn to dazzle, dazzling; 炫耀 xuàn yào to show off, to flaunt

1895 | 蓄 蓄 蓄 蓄 蓄 蓄 蓄 蓄

xù to store up, to grow (eg a beard), to entertain (ideas); 储蓄 chǔ xù to deposit money, to save, savings; 蓄水 xù shuǐ water storage; 积蓄 jī xù to save, to put aside, savings

1896 | 辩 辩 辩 辩 辩 辩 辩 辩

biàn to dispute, to debate, to argue, to discuss; 辩护 biàn hù to speak in defense of, to argue in favor of, to defend, to plead; 辩证 biàn zhèng to investigate, dialectical; 辩论 biàn lùn debate, argument, to argue over, CL:场[chǎng],次[cì]

1897 | 貌 貌 貌 貌 貌 貌 貌 貌

mào appearance; 面貌 miàn mào appearance, face, features, CL:个[gè]; 风貌 fēng mào style, manner, ethos; 礼貌 lǐ mào courtesy, manners

1998 | 披 披 披 披 披 披 披 披

pī to drape over one's shoulders, to open, to unroll, to split open, to spread out; 披露 pī lù to reveal, to publish, to make public, to announce; 披靡 pī mǐ to be swept by the wind, to be blown about by the wind, to be routed (in battle etc); 披肩 pī jiān cape, shawl, (of long hair) to trail over one's shoulders

1899 | 劣 劣 劣 劣 劣 劣 劣 劣

liè inferior; 恶劣 è liè vile, nasty, of very poor quality; 伪劣 wěi liè inferior, false; 劣势 liè shì inferior, disadvantaged

1900 | 荒 荒 荒 荒 荒 荒 荒 荒

huāng desolate, shortage, scarce, out of practice, absurd, uncultivated, to neglect; 荒漠 huāng mò barren; 荒唐 huāng táng beyond belief, preposterous, absurd, intemperate, dissipated; 荒地 huāng dì wasteland, uncultivated land

1901 | 荡 荡 荡 荡 荡 荡 荡 荡

dàng, tàng to wash, to squander, to sweep away, to move, to shake, dissolute, pond; 震荡 zhèn dòng to shake unsteadily, also written 震荡; 动荡 dòng dòng variant of 动荡[dòng dòng]; 扫荡 sǎo dàng to root out, to wipe out

1902 | 穷 穷 穷 穷 穷 穷 穷 穷

qióng exhausted, poor; 穷人 qióng rén poor people, the poor; 贫穷 pín qióng poor, impoverished; 不穷 bù qióng endless, boundless, inexhaustible

1903 | 惜 惜 惜 惜 惜 惜 惜 惜

xī pity, regret, to rue, to begrudge, Taiwan pr. [xi2]; 珍惜 zhēn xī to treasure, to value, to cherish; 不惜 bù xī not stint, not spare, not hesitate (to do sth), not scruple (to do sth); 可惜 kě xī it is a pity, what a pity, unfortunately

1904 | 碳 碳 碳 碳 碳 碳 碳 碳

tàn carbon (chemistry); 二氧化碳 èr yǎng huà tàn carbon dioxide CO2; 碳酸 tàn suān carbonic acid, carbonate; 一氧化碳 yī yǎng huà tàn carbon monoxide CO

1905 | 巩 巩 巩 巩 巩 巩 巩 巩

gǒng secure, solid; 巩固 gǒng gù to consolidate, consolidation, to strengthen; 巩俐 gǒng lì Gong Li, female film star; 巩义 gǒng yì Gongyi county level city in Zhengzhou 郑州[zhēng zhōu], Henan

1906 | 牧 牧 牧 牧 牧 牧 牧 牧

mù to herd, to breed livestock, to govern (old), government official (old), surname; 牧民 mù mín herdsman; 畜牧 xù mù to raise animals; 牧业 mù yè livestock husbandry, animal product industry

1907 | 幼 幼 幼 幼 幼 幼 幼 幼

yòu young; 幼儿 yòu ér child; 幼儿园 yòu ér yuán kindergarten, nursery school; 婴幼儿 yīng yòu ér baby

1908 | 埃 埃 埃 埃 埃 埃 埃 埃

āi dust, dirt, Angstrom or Ångström, unit of length equal to 10⁻¹⁰ meters, phonetic ai or e, abbr. for Egypt 埃及 [āi jí]; 埃及 āi jí Egypt; 苏维埃 sū wéi āi Soviet (council); 尘埃 chén āi dust

1909 翔 翔 翔 翔 翔 翔 翔

xiáng to soar, to glide, also used in place of 翔 [xiang2] detailed; 刘翔 liú xiáng Liu Xiang (1983-), Chinese gold-medal hurdler of the 2004 Olympic Games; 翔实 xiáng shí complete and accurate; 飞翔 fēi xiáng to fly

1910 颇 颇 颇 颇 颇 颇 颇

pō rather, quite, considerably (Taiwan pr. [po3]), oblique, inclined, slanting, surname; 颇为 pō wéi rather, quite; 颇具 pō jù rather, quite, to have much; 偏颇 piān pō biased, partial

1911 旨 旨 旨 旨 旨 旨 旨

zhǐ imperial decree, purport, aim, purpose; 宗旨 zōng zhǐ objective, aim, goal; 旨在 zhǐ zài with the purpose of; 主旨 zhǐ zhǐ gist, main idea, general tenor, one's judgment

1912 添 添 添 添 添 添 添

tiān to add, to increase, to replenish; 添加 tiān jiā to add, to increase; 添加剂 tiān jiā jì additive, food additive; 增添 zēng tiān to add, to increase

1913 滞 滞 滞 滞 滞 滞 滞

zhì sluggish; 滞后 zhì hòu to lag behind; 滞留 zhì liú to detain, retention; 停滞 tíng zhì stagnation, at a standstill, bogged down

1914 愈 愈 愈 愈 愈 愈 愈

yù the more...(the more...), to recover, to heal, better, heal; 愈演愈烈 yù yǎn yù liè ever more critical, problems get more and more intense; 治愈 zhì yù to cure; 愈来愈 yù lái yù more and more

1915 旬 旬 旬 旬 旬 旬 旬

xún ten days, ten years, full period; 中旬 zhōng xún middle third of a month; 下旬 xià xún last third of the month; 上旬 shàng xún first third of a month

1916 袁 袁 袁 袁 袁 袁 袁

yuán long robe (old), surname; 袁世凯 yuán shì kǎi Yuan Shikai (1859-1916), senior general of late Qing, subsequently warlord and self-proclaimed emperor of China; 袁绍 yuán shào Yuan Shao (153-202), general during late Han, subsequently warlord; 袁咏仪 yuán yǒng yí Anita Yuen (1971-), Hong Kong actress

1917 填 填 填 填 填 填 填

tián to fill or stuff, (of a form etc) to fill in; 填写 tián xiě to fill in a form, to write data in a box (on a questionnaire or web form); 填补 tián bǔ to fill a gap, to fill in a blank (on a form), to overcome a deficiency; 填充 tián chōng pad, padding

1918 侨 侨 侨 侨 侨 侨 侨

qiáo emigrant, reside abroad; 华侨 huá qiáo overseas Chinese, (in a restricted sense) Chinese emigrant who still retains Chinese nationality, CL: 个[gè], 位[wèi], 名[míng]; 侨胞 qiáo bāo countryman living abroad; 外侨 wài qiáo foreigner

1919 慎 慎 慎 慎 慎 慎 慎

shèn careful, cautious; 谨慎 jǐn shèn cautious, prudent; 慎重 shèn zhòng cautious, careful, prudent; 审慎 shěn shèn prudent, cautious

1920 乃 乃 乃 乃 乃 乃 乃

nǎi to be, thus, so, therefore, then, only, thereupon; 乃至 nǎi zhì and even, to go so far as to; 乃是 nǎi shì to be; 乃堆拉 nǎi duī lā Nathu La (Himalayan pass on Silk Road between Tibet and Indian Sikkim)

1921 冻 冻 冻 冻 冻 冻 冻

dòng to freeze, to feel very cold, aspic or jelly; 冻结 dòng jié to freeze (loan, wage, price etc); 冰冻 bīng dòng to freeze; 冻土 dòng tǔ frozen earth, permafrost, tundra

1922 曝 曝 曝 曝 曝 曝 曝

pù to air, to sun; 曝光 pù guāng exposure (e.g. of photosensitive material), to expose (a scandal to the public); 曝晒 pù shài to expose to strong sunlight; 曝露 pù lù to expose (to the air, light etc), to leave uncovered, exposure

1923 踪 踪 踪 踪 踪 踪 踪

zōng footprint, trace, tracks; 跟踪 gēn zōng to follow sb's tracks, to tail, to shadow; 失踪 shī zōng to be missing, to disappear, unaccounted for; 追踪 zhuī zōng to follow a trail, to trace, to pursue

1924 帖 帖 帖 帖 帖 帖 帖

tiē, tiè, tiè fitting snugly, appropriate, suitable, to paste, to obey, invitation card, notice, rubbing from incised inscription; 帖子 tiē zi card, invitation, message, (forum) post; 发帖 fā tiē to post (an item on a forum); 请帖 qǐng tiē invitation card, written invitation

1925 猛 猛 猛 猛 猛 猛 猛

měng ferocious, suddenly, fierce, violent, abrupt; 迅猛 xùn měng quick and violent; 猛烈 měng liè fierce, violent (criticism etc); 猛增 měng zēng sharp increase, rapid growth

1926 怖 怖 怖 怖 怖 怖 怖

bù terror, terrified, afraid, frightened; 恐怖 kǒng bù terrible, frightful, frightening, terror, terrorist; 恐怖主义 kǒng bù zhǔ yì terrorism; 恐怖袭击 kǒng bù xí jī terrorist attack

1927 壁 壁 壁 壁 壁 壁 壁

bì wall, rampart; 壁垒 bì lěi rampart, barrier; 墙壁 qiáng bì wall; 壁画 bì huà mural (painting), fresco

1928 抑 抑 抑 抑 抑 抑 抑

yì to restrain, to restrict, to keep down, or; 抑制 yì zhì to inhibit, to keep down, to suppress; 抑郁 yì yù depressed, despondent, gloomy, depression; 压抑 yā yì to constrain or repress emotions, oppressive, stifling, depressing, repression

1929 癌 癌 癌 癌 癌 癌 癌

ái cancer, carcinoma, also pr. [yan2]; 癌症 ái zhèng cancer; 致癌 zhì ái carcinogenic, to cause cancer; 腺癌 xiàn ái Adenocarcinoma

1930 狂 狂 狂 狂 狂 狂 狂

kuáng mad, wild, violent; 疯狂 fēng kuáng madness, extreme popularity; 狂欢 kuáng huān party, carousal, hilarity, merriment, whoopee, to carouse; 狂热 kuáng rè craze

1931 辈 辈 辈 辈 辈 辈 辈

bèi contemporaries, generation, lifetime; 辈子 bèi zi all one's life, lifetime; 一辈子 yī bèi zi (for) a lifetime; 老一辈 lǎo yī bèi previous generation, older generation

1932 赌 赌 赌 赌 赌 赌 赌

dǔ to bet, to gamble; 赌博 dǔ bó to gamble; 赌场 dǔ chǎng casino; 赌注 dǔ zhù stake (in a gamble), (what is at) stake

1933 姻 姻 姻 姻 姻 姻 姻

yīn marriage connections; 婚姻 hūn yīn matrimony, wedding, marriage, CL:次[cì]; 联姻 lián yīn related by marriage, to connect by marriage (families, work units); 婚姻法 hūn yīn fǎ marriage law

1934 胆 胆 胆 胆 胆 胆 胆

dǎn the gall, the nerve, courage, guts, gall bladder; 大胆 dà dǎn brazen, audacious, outrageous, bold, daring, fearless; 胆子 dǎn zi courage, nerve, guts; 胆固醇 dǎn gù chún cholesterol

1935 桂 桂 桂 桂 桂 桂 桂

guì cassia, laurel, surname; 桂林 guì lín Guilin prefecture level city in Guangxi, Zhuang: Gveilinz; 桂冠 guì guān laurel, victory garland (in Greek and western culture); 桂花 guì huā osmanthus flowers, Osmanthus fragrans

1936 潘 潘 潘 潘 潘 潘 潘

pān surname Pan, Pan, faun in Greek mythology, son of Hermes; 潘基文 pān jī wén Ban Ki Moon (1944-), Korean diplomat, UN secretary general from 2006; 德维尔潘 dé wéi ěr pān (Dominique) de Villepin (French name); 潘金莲 pān jīn lián Pan Jinlian (name lit. Golden Lotus), heroine of Ming dynasty vernacular novel Jinpingmei or the Golden Lotus 金瓶梅

1937 陵 陵 陵 陵 陵 陵 陵

líng mound, tomb, hill, mountain; 陵园 líng yuán a mausoleum park; 烈士陵园 liè shì líng memorial mound, heroes' memorial; 陵墓 líng mù tomb, mausoleum

1938 君 君 君 君 君 君 君

jūn monarch, lord, gentleman, ruler; 君子 jūn zǐ nobleman, person of noble character; 君主 jūn zhǔ monarch, sovereign; 邓丽君 dèng lì jūn Teresa Teng (1953-1995), Taiwanese pop idol

1939 偷 偷 偷 偷 偷 偷 偷

tōu to steal, to pilfer, to snatch, thief, stealthily; 偷偷 tōu tōu stealthily, secretly, covertly, furtively, on the sly; 小偷 xiǎo tōu thief; 偷税 tōu shuì tax evasion

1940| 阔 阔 阔 阔 阔 阔 阔

kuò rich, wide, broad; 广阔 guǎng kuò wide, vast; 开阔 kāi kuò wide, open (spaces), to open up; 宽阔 kuān kuò expansive, wide, width, thickness

1941| 铜 铜 铜 铜 铜 铜 铜

tóng copper (chemistry); 铜牌 tóng pái bronze medal, CL:枚[méi]; 青铜 qīng tóng bronze (alloy of copper 铜 and tin 锡[xī]); 铜像 tóng xiàng bronze statue, CL:座[zuò]

1942| 沪 沪 沪 沪 沪 沪 沪

hù short name for Shanghai; 京沪 jīng hù Beijing and Shanghai; 京沪高铁 jīng hù gāo tiě Beijing and Shanghai express rail link (projected), abbr. for 京沪高速铁路; 沪宁 hù níng Shanghai and Nanjing

1943| 泡 泡 泡 泡 泡 泡 泡

pāo, pào puffed, swollen, spongy, small lake (esp. in place names), classifier for urine or feces, bubble, foam, blister (i.e. skin bubble), to soak, to steep, to infuse, to dawdle, to shilly-shally, to hang about, to pick up (a girl), to get off with (a sexual partner); 泡沫 pào mò foam, (soap) bubble, (economic) bubble; 浸泡 jìn pào to steep, to soak, to immerse; 灯泡 dēng pào light bulb, see also 电灯泡[diàn dēng pào], third-wheel or unwanted third party spoiling a couple's date (slang), CL:个[gè]

1944| 娘 娘 娘 娘 娘 娘 娘

niáng mother, young lady; 姑娘 gū niang girl, young woman, young lady, daughter, paternal aunt (old), CL:个[gè]; 新娘 xīn niáng bride; 娘家 niáng jia married woman's parent's home

1945| 捷 捷 捷 捷 捷 捷 捷

jié victory, triumph, quick, nimble, prompt; 便捷 biàn jié convenient and fast; 快捷 kuài jié quick, fast, nimble, agile, (computer) shortcut; 捷克 jié kè Czech, Czech Republic (from 1993), Czechia

1946| 氧 氧 氧 氧 氧 氧 氧

yǎng oxygen (chemistry); 氧化 yǎng huà to oxidize; 二氧化碳 èr yǎng huà tàn carbon dioxide CO₂; 二氧化硫 èr yǎng huà liú sulfur dioxide SO₂

1947| 泪 泪 泪 泪 泪 泪 泪

lèi tears; 眼泪 yǎn lèi tears, crying, CL:滴[dī]; 泪水 lèi shuǐ teardrop, tears; 流泪 liú lèi to shed tears

1948| 芝 芝 芝 芝 芝 芝 芝

zhī Zoysia pungens; 张柏芝 zhāng bó zhī Cecilia Cheung (1980-), Hong Kong actress and pop singer; 芝加哥 zhī jiā gē Chicago, USA; 东芝 dōng zhī Toshiba, Japanese electronics company

1949| 摸 摸 摸 摸 摸 摸 摸

mō, mó to feel with the hand, to touch, to stroke, to grope, to feel (one's pulse); 摸索 mō suo to feel about, to grope about, to fumble, to do things slowly; 触摸 chù mō touch; 触摸屏 chù mō píng touchscreen

1950 | 弄 弄 弄 弄 弄 弄 弄

nòng, lòng to do, to manage, to handle, to play with, to fool with, to mess with, to fix, to toy with, lane, alley; 弄虚作假 nòng xū zuò jiǎ to practice fraud (idiom); by trickery; 弄清 nòng qīng to clarify, to fully understand; 玩弄 wán nòng to play with, to toy with, to dally with, to engage in, to resort to

1951 | 赏 赏 赏 赏 赏 赏 赏

shǎng to bestow (a reward), to give (to an inferior), to hand down, a reward (bestowed by a superior), to appreciate (beauty); 欣赏 xīn shǎng to appreciate, to enjoy, to admire; 赞赏 zàn shǎng to admire, to praise, to appreciate; 观赏 guān shǎng to see and enjoy, to admire the view

1952 | 陶 陶 陶 陶 陶 陶 陶

táo pottery, pleased, surname; 陶瓷 táo cí pottery and porcelain, ceramics; 熏陶 xūn táo to seep in, to influence, to nurture, influence, training; 立陶宛 lì táo wǎn Lithuania, the Lithuanian republic, former Baltic Soviet republic

1953 | 寨 寨 寨 寨 寨 寨 寨

zhài stronghold, stockade, camp, village; 山寨 shān zhài fortified hill village, mountain stronghold (esp. of bandits), fig. outside government supervision, evading tax or copyright law, knockoff (goods), imitation, parody; 柬埔寨 jiǎn pǔ zhài Cambodia; 山寨机 shān zhài jī black market product, fake, imitation or counterfeit of branded product

1954 | 蔬 蔬 蔬 蔬 蔬 蔬 蔬

shū vegetables; 蔬菜 shū cài vegetables, produce, CL:种[zhǒng]; 果蔬 guǒ shū fruit and vegetables; 时蔬 shí shū seasonal vegetables

1955 | 乳 乳 乳 乳 乳 乳 乳

rǔ breast, milk; 乳腺 rǔ xiàn mammary gland; 乳制品 rǔ zhì pǐn dairy products; 乳房 rǔ fáng breast, udder

1956 | 歧 歧 歧 歧 歧 歧 歧

qí divergent, side road; 歧视 qí shì to discriminate against, discrimination; 分歧 fēn qí difference (of opinion, position), bifurcation; 性别歧视 xìng bié qí shì sex discrimination, sexism

1957 | 埋 埋 埋 埋 埋 埋 埋

mái, mán to bury, to blame; 埋头 mái tóu to immerse oneself in, engrossed in sth, to lower the head (e.g. to avoid rain), countersunk (of screws, rivets etc); 埋单 mái dān to pay the bill in a restaurant; 掩埋 yǎn mái to bury

1958 | 煌 煌 煌 煌 煌 煌 煌

huáng brilliant; 辉煌 huī huáng splendid, glorious; 敦煌 dūn huáng Dunhuang county level city in Jiuquan 酒泉, Gansu; 金碧辉煌 jīn bì huī huáng gold and jade in glorious splendor (idiom), fig. a dazzling sight (e.g. royal palace)

1959 | 桶 桶 桶 桶 桶 桶 桶

tǒng bucket, (trash) can, barrel (of oil etc); 马桶 mǎ tǒng chamber pot, wooden pan used as toilet, toilet bowl; 垃圾桶 lā jī tǒng rubbish bin, Taiwan pr. [lè sè tǒng]; 水桶 shuǐ tǒng bucket

1960 | 鹏 鹏 鹏 鹏 鹏 鹏 鹏

péng Peng, large fabulous bird, roc; 李亚鹏 lǐ yà péng Li Yapeng (1971-), PRC actor; 李鹏 lǐ péng Li Peng (1928-), leading PRC politician, prime minister 1987-1998, reportedly leader of the conservative faction advocating the June 1989 Tian'anmen clampdown; 大鹏 dà péng roc (mythical bird of prey)

1961 | 赋 赋 赋 赋 赋 赋 赋

fù poetic essay, taxation, bestow on, endow with; 赋予 fù yǔ to assign, to entrust (a task), to give, to bestow; 天赋 tiān fù gift, innate skill; 禀赋 bǐng fù natural endowment, gift

1962 | 吁 吁 吁 吁 吁 吁 吁

xū, yù sh, hush, implore; 呼吁 hū yù to call on (sb to do sth), to appeal (to), an appeal; 吁吁 xū xū to pant, to gasp for breath; 喘吁吁 chuǎn xū xū to puff and blow

1963 | 浩 浩 浩 浩 浩 浩 浩

hào grand, vast (water); 浩特 hào tè nomadic camp, town or village (Mongolian: khot); 呼和浩特 hū hé hào tè Hohhot prefecture level city, capital of Inner Mongolia autonomous region 内蒙古自治区; 浩大 hào dà vast, great, large amount

1964 | 腾 腾 腾 腾 腾 腾 腾

téng to soar, to gallop, to rise, to prance, to hover, to move out; 折腾 zhē teng to toss from side to side (e.g. sleeplessly), to repeat sth over and over again, to torment sb, to play crazy; 腾讯 téng xùn see 腾讯控股有限公司 [téng xùn kòng gǔ yǒu xiàn gōng sī]; 腾飞 téng fēi lit. to fly upwards swiftly, fig. rapid advance, rapidly developing (situation)

1965 | 衔 衔 衔 衔 衔 衔 衔

xián bit (of a bridle), to hold in the mouth, to harbor (feelings), to link, to accept, rank, title; 衔接 xián jiē to join together, to combine; 军衔 jūn xián army rank, military rank; 头衔 tóu xián title, rank, appellation

1966 | 涌 涌 涌 涌 涌 涌 涌

yǒng to bubble up, to rush forth; 涌现 yǒng xiàn variant of 涌现, to emerge in large numbers, to spring up, to emerge prominently; 汹涌 xiōng yǒng to surge up violently (of ocean, river, lake etc), turbulent; 潮涌 cháo yǒng (a new development) bubbles up

1967 | 纺 纺 纺 纺 纺 纺 纺

fǎng to spin (cotton or hemp etc), fine woven silk fabric; 纺织 fǎng zhī spinning and weaving; 纺织品 fǎng zhī pǐn textile, fabrics; 纺织工业 fǎng zhī gōng yè textile industry

1968 | 辅 辅 辅 辅 辅 辅 辅

fǔ to assist, to complement, auxiliary; 辅导 fǔ dǎo to coach, to tutor, to give advice (in study); 辅助 fǔ zhù to assist, to aid, supplementary, auxiliary, subsidiary; 辅导员 fǔ dǎo yuán a coach (teacher or trainer)

1969 | 撞 撞 撞 撞 撞 撞 撞

zhuàng to hit, to strike, to meet by accident, to run into, to bump against, to bump into; 碰撞 pèng zhuàng to collide, collision; 撞击 zhuàng jī to strike, to hit, to ram; 相撞 xiāng zhuàng collision, crash, to crash together, to collide with, to bump into

1970 | 峻 峻 峻 峻 峻 峻 峻

jùn (of mountains) high, harsh or severe; 严峻 yán jùn grim, severe, rigorous; 形势严峻 xíng shì yán jùn in grave difficulties, the situation is grim; 峻岭 jùn lǐng lofty mountain range

1971 | 柱 柱 柱 柱 柱 柱 柱

zhù pillar; 支柱 zhī zhù mainstay, pillar, prop, backbone; 支柱产业 zhī zhù chǎn yè mainstay industry; 门柱 mén zhù doorpost

1972 | 掘 掘 掘 掘 掘 掘 掘

jué dig; 挖掘 wā jué to excavate, to dig, to unearth; 发掘 fā jué to excavate, to explore; 掘出 jué chū to exhume, to unearth, to dig out

1973 | 湘 湘 湘 湘 湘 湘 湘

xiāng abbr. for Hunan ?? province in south central China, abbr. for Xiangjiang river in Hunan province; 湘潭 xiāng tán Xiangtan prefecture level city in Hunan; 湘江 xiāng jiāng the Xiangjiang river in Hunan province; 湘西 xiāng xī Xiangxi Tujia and Miao Autonomous Prefecture 湘西土家族苗族自治州[xiāng xī tǔ jiā zú miáo zú zì zhì zhōu], western Hunan

1974 | 疏 疏 疏 疏 疏 疏 疏

shū to dredge, to clear away obstruction, thin, sparse, scanty, distant (relation), not close, to neglect, negligent, to present a memorial to the Emperor, commentary, annotation, surname; 疏导 shū dǎo to dredge, to open up a path for, to remove obstructions, to clear the way, to enlighten, persuasion; 疏散 shū sǎn to scatter, to disperse, to evacuate, scattered, to relax; 疏忽 shū hu to neglect, to overlook, negligence, carelessness

1975 | 柴 柴 柴 柴 柴 柴 柴

chái firewood, lean (of meat), thin (of a person), surname; 柴油 chái yóu diesel fuel; 生物柴油 shēng wù chái yóu biodiesel; 火柴 huǒ chái match (for lighting fire), CL:根[gēn],盒[hé]

1976 | 琳 琳 琳 琳 琳 琳 琳

lín gem; 琳琅 lín láng glittering jewels; 琳琅满目 lín láng mǎn mù glittering jewels to delight the eye (idiom), fig. a dazzling line-up; 罗琳 luó lín Rowling (name), Joanne Kathleen Rowling (1965-), author of the Harry Potter series of novels

1977 | 旺 旺 旺 旺 旺 旺 旺

wàng prosperous, flourishing, (of flowers) blooming, (of fire) roaring; 旺盛 wàng shèng vigorous, exuberant; 旺季 wàng jì busy season, peak period, see also 淡季[dàn jì]; 兴旺 xīng wàng prosperous, thriving, to prosper, to flourish

1978 | 悬 悬 悬 悬 悬 悬 悬

xuán to hang or suspend, to worry, public announcement, unresolved, baseless, without foundation; 悬浮 xuán fú to float (in the air etc), suspension; 磁悬浮 cí xuán fú magnetic levitation (train), maglev; 悬挂 xuán guà to suspend, to hang, suspension (cable car)

1979 | 驱 驱 驱 驱 驱 驱 驱

qū to expel, to urge on, to drive, to run quickly; 驱动 qū dòng to drive, to propel, drive (vehicle wheel), drive mechanism (tape or disk), device driver (computing software); 驱逐 qū zhú to expel, to deport, banishment; 先驱 xiān qū pioneer

1980 | 滥 滥 滥 滥 滥 滥 滥

làn overflowing, excessive, indiscriminate; 滥用 làn yòng to misuse, to abuse; 泛滥 fàn làn to be in flood, to overflow (the banks), to inundate, to spread unchecked; 滥用职权 làn yòng zhí quán abuse of power

1981 | 燕 燕 燕 燕 燕 燕 燕

yān, yàn Yan, a vassal state of Zhou in modern Hebei and Liaoning, north Hebei, the four Yan kingdoms of the Sixteen Kingdoms, namely: Former Yan (337-370), Later Yan (384-409), Southern Yan (398-410), Northern Yan (409-436), surname, swallow; 燕子 yàn zi swallow; 燕京 yān jīng Yanjing, an old name for Beijing, capital of Yan at different periods; 燕山 yān shān Yan mountain range across north Hebei

1982 | 磨 磨 磨 磨 磨 磨 磨

mó, mò to rub, to grind, to polish, to sharpen, to wear down, to die out, to waste time, to pester, to insist grindstone, to grind, to turn round; 折磨 zhé mó to persecute, to torment; 琢磨 zhuó mó to carve and polish (jade), to polish and refine a literary work; 磨合 mó hé to break in, to wear in

1983 | 忍 忍 忍 忍 忍 忍 忍

rěn to bear, to endure, to tolerate, to restrain oneself; 容忍 róng rěn to put up with, to tolerate; 忍受 rěn shòu to bear, to endure; 忍不住 rěn bu zhù cannot help, unable to bear

1984 | 稻 稻 稻 稻 稻 稻 稻

dào paddy, rice (Oryza sativa); 水稻 shuǐ dào rice, paddy, CL:株[zhū]; 稻谷 dào gǔ rice crops; 稻田 dào tián paddy field, rice paddy

1985 | 佩 佩 佩 佩 佩 佩 佩

pèi to respect, to wear (belt etc), girdle ornaments; 欧佩克 ōu pèi kè OPEC, Organization of the Petroleum Exporting Countries; 佩服 pèi fú to admire; 敬佩 jìng pèi to esteem, to admire

1986 | 岭 岭 岭 岭 岭 岭 岭

lǐng mountain range, mountain ridge; 八达岭 bā dá lǐng Badaling, a particular section of the Great Wall that is a favorite tourist destination; 铁岭 tiě lǐng Tieling prefecture level city in Liaoning province 辽宁省 in northeast China, also Tieling county; 秦岭 qín lǐng Qinling mountain range in Shaanxi forming natural barrier between Guanzhong plain 关中平原[guān zhōng píng yuán] and Han River 汉水[hàn shuǐ] valley

1987 | 粗 粗 粗 粗 粗 粗 粗

cū coarse, rough, thick (for cylindrical objects), unfinished, vulgar, rude, crude; 粗放 cū fàng extensive, expansive, large-scale; 粗暴 cū bào rough, cruel; 粗略 cū lüè rough (not precise or accurate), cursory

1988 | 胸 胸 胸 胸 胸 胸 胸

xiōng chest, bosom, heart, mind, thorax; 胸怀 xiōng huái one's bosom (the seat of emotions), breast, broad-minded and open, to think about, to cherish; 胸部 xiōng bù chest, bosom; 胸襟 xiōng jīn lapel of jacket, heart, aspiration, vision

1989 | 巧 巧 巧 巧 巧 巧 巧

qiǎo opportunely, coincidentally, as it happens, skillful, timely; 技巧 jì qiǎo skill, technique; 巧妙 qiǎo miào ingenious, clever, ingenuity, artifice; 巧合 qiǎo hé coincidence, coincidental, to coincide

1990 牲 牲 牲 牲 牲 牲 牲 牲

shēng domestic animal; 牺牲 xī shēng to sacrifice oneself, to lay down one's life, to do sth at the expense of, beast slaughtered for sacrifice, sacrifice, CL:个[gè]; 牲畜 shēng chù domesticated animals, livestock; 牺牲品 xī shēng pǐn victim, prey, loss leader (pricing)

1991 玛 玛 玛 玛 玛 玛 玛 玛

mǎ agate, cornelian; 沃尔玛 wò ěr mǎ Wal-Mart, Walmart (retailer); 玛丽 mǎ lì Mary or Marie (name), Mali; 珠穆朗玛 zhū mù lǎng mǎ Mt Chomolungma or Qomolangma (Tibetan), Mt Everest, Nepalese: Sagarmatha

1992 诞 诞 诞 诞 诞 诞 诞 诞

dàn birth, birthday, brag, boast, to increase; 诞生 dàn shēng to be born; 圣诞 shèng dàn Christmas, birthday of reigning Emperor, Confucius' birthday; 诞辰 dàn chén birthday

1993 侯 侯 侯 侯 侯 侯 侯 侯

hóu marquis, second of the five orders of ancient Chinese nobility [wú3 deng3 jue2 wei4], nobleman or high official, surname; 诸侯 zhū hóu feudal vassal, feudal princes, esp. the monarchs (dukes or princes) of the several vassal states 诸侯国 of Zhou during Western Zhou and Spring and Autumn periods 11th-5th century BC, subordinate warlord, local official; 武侯 wǔ hóu Wuhou district of Chengdu city 成都市[chéng dū shì], Sichuan; 侯赛因 hóu sài yīn Husain or Hussein (name), Hussein (c. 626-680), Muslim leader whose martyrdom is commemorated at Ashura, Saddam Hussein al Tikriti (1937-2006), dictator of Iraq 1979-2003

1994 框 框 框 框 框 框 框 框

kuàng frame (e.g. door frame), casing, fig. framework, template, to circle (i.e. draw a circle around sth), to frame, to restrict, Taiwan pr. [kuang1]; 框架 kuàng jià frame, framework, fig. pattern, outline, organizing plan; 框框 kuàng kuàng to frame, to circle, pattern, convention, restriction; 边框 biān kuàng frame, rim

1995 竹 竹 竹 竹 竹 竹 竹 竹

zhú bamboo; 爆竹 bào zhú firecracker; 绵竹 mián zhú Mianzhu county level city in Deyang 德阳[dé yáng], Sichuan; 竹子 zhú zi bamboo, CL:棵[kē],支[zhī],根[gēn]

1996 契 契 契 契 契 契 契 契

qì to carve, carved words, to agree, a contract, a deed; 契机 qì jī opportunity, turning point, juncture; 默契 mò qì to understand tacitly, secret agreement, implicit recognition; 契约 qì yuē agreement, contract

1997 淘 淘 淘 淘 淘 淘 淘 淘

táo to wash, to clean out, to cleanse, to eliminate, to dredge; 淘汰 táo tài to wash out, elimination (by selection), natural selection, to knock out (in a competition), to die out, to phase out; 淘宝网 táo bǎo wǎng Taobao, a PRC internet portal; 淘金 táo jīn panning (for precious metals)

1998 堆 堆 堆 堆 堆 堆 堆 堆

duī to pile up, to heap up, a mass, pile, heap, stack, large amount; 一堆 yī duī pile; 反应堆 fǎn yìng duī reactor; 堆积 duī jī to pile up, to heap, accumulation

1999| 戒 戒 戒 戒 戒 戒 戒

jiè to guard against, to exhort, to admonish or warn, to give up or stop doing sth, Buddhist monastic discipline, ring (for a finger); 警戒 jǐng jiè to warn, to be alert for; 惩戒 chéng jiè to discipline, reprimand; 戒指 jiè zhi (finger) ring

2000| 艇 艇 艇 艇 艇 艇 艇

tǐng vessel, small ship; 潜艇 qián tǐng submarine; 舰艇 jiàn tǐng warship, naval vessel; 游艇 yóu tǐng barge, yacht, CL:只[zhi]

2001| 孤 孤 孤 孤 孤 孤 孤

gū lone, lonely; 孤儿 gū ér orphan; 孤立 gū lì isolate, isolated; 孤独 gū dú lonely, solitary

2002| 盲 盲 盲 盲 盲 盲 盲

máng blind; 盲目 máng mù blind, blindly, ignorant, lacking understanding; 文盲 wén máng illiterate; 盲人 máng rén blind person

2003| 郊 郊 郊 郊 郊 郊 郊

jiāo suburbs, outskirts, surname; 郊区 jiāo qū suburban district, outskirts, suburbs, CL:个[gè]; 市郊 shì jiāo outer city, suburb; 城郊 chéng jiāo suburbs, outskirts of a city

2004| 孕 孕 孕 孕 孕 孕 孕

yùn pregnant; 怀孕 huái yùn pregnant, to have conceived, gestation, pregnancy; 孕妇 yùn fù pregnant woman; 孕育 yùn yù to be pregnant, to produce offspring, to nurture (a development, school of thought, artwork etc), fig. replete with (culture etc)

2005| 尖 尖 尖 尖 尖 尖 尖

jiān point (of needle), sharp, shrewd, pointed; 尖锐 jiān ruì sharp, intense, penetrating, pointed, acute (illness); 顶尖 dǐng jiān peak, apex, world best, number one, finest (competitors), top (figures in a certain field); 尖端 jiān duān sharp pointed end, the tip, the cusp, tip-top, most advanced and sophisticated, highest peak, the best

2006| 仿 仿 仿 仿 仿 仿 仿

fǎng to imitate, to copy, seemingly; 仿佛 fǎng fú variant of 仿佛[fǎng fú]; 模仿 mó fǎng to imitate, to copy, to emulate, to mimic, model; 仿真 fǎng zhēn to emulate, to simulate, emulation, simulation

2007| 伏 伏 伏 伏 伏 伏 伏

fú to lean over, to fall (go down), to hide (in ambush), to conceal oneself, to lie low, hottest days of summer, to submit, to concede defeat, to overcome, to subdue, volt, surname; 光伏 guāng fú photovoltaic (e.g. cell); 潜伏 qián fú to hide, to cover up, to conceal; 起伏 qǐ fú to move up and down, to undulate, ups and downs

2008| 娜 娜 娜 娜 娜 娜 娜

nà, nuó (phonetic na), used esp. in girl's names such as Anna or Diana, elegant, graceful; 安娜 ān nà Anna (person's name); 李娜 lǐ nà Li Na (1982-), Chinese tennis player, first Asian player to win a Grand Slam singles title (2011 French Open women's singles); 戴安娜 dài ān nà Diana (name)

2009 | 描 描 描 描 描 描 描

miáo depict, to trace (a drawing), to copy, to touch up; 描述 miáo shù to describe, description; 描绘 miáo huì to describe, to portray; 描写 miáo xiě to describe, to depict, to portray, description

2010 | 赫 赫 赫 赫 赫 赫 赫

hè awe-inspiring, hertz, abbr. for Herz hz (cycles per second), surname; 赫鲁晓夫 hè lǚ xiǎo fu Nikita Khrushchev (1894-1971), secretary-general of Soviet communist party 1953-1964; 赫然 hè rán awesomely, impressively, grand, furious rage; 赫尔 hè ěr Hull (name), Kingston upon Hull

2011 | 岩 岩 岩 岩 岩 岩 岩

yán cliff, rock; 岩石 yán shí rock; 龙岩 lóng yán Longyan prefecture level city in Fujian; 攀岩 pān yán rock climbing

2012 | 踏 踏 踏 踏 踏 踏 踏

tà to tread, to stamp, to step on, to press a pedal, to investigate on the spot; 踏实 tā shí practical, down-to-earth, realistic, firmly based, steadfast, to have peace of mind, free from anxiety; 踏上 tà shàng to set foot on, to step on or into; 脚踏 jiǎo tà pedal

2013 | 鸣 鸣 鸣 鸣 鸣 鸣 鸣

míng to cry (of birds); 共鸣 gòng míng resonance (physics), sympathetic response to sth; 轰鸣 hōng míng boom (sound of explosion), rumble; 争鸣 zhēng míng to contend

2014 | 娃 娃 娃 娃 娃 娃 娃

wá baby, doll; 娃娃 wá wa baby, small child, doll; 福娃 fú wá Fuwa (official 2008 Olympic mascots); 娃娃 wá ér children (colloquial)

2015 | 汪 汪 汪 汪 汪 汪 汪

wāng expanse of water, ooze, surname; 汪洋 wāng yáng vast body of water, CL:片[piàn]; 汪精卫 wāng jīng wèi Wang Ching-wei (1883-1944), left wing Guomindang politician, subsequently Japanese collaborator; 汪啸风 wāng xiào fēng Wang Xiaofeng (1944-), fourth governor of Hainan

2016 | 仲 仲 仲 仲 仲 仲 仲

zhòng second month of a season, middle, intermediate, second amongst brothers, surname; 仲裁 zhòng cái arbitration; 范仲淹 fàn zhòng yān Fan Zhongyan (989-1052), minister of Northern Song, led failed reform of 1043, also writer and author of On Yueyang Tower 岳阳楼记; 仲夏 zhòng xià midsummer, second month of summer

2017 | 逼 逼 逼 逼 逼 逼 逼

bī to force (sb to do sth), to compel, to press for, to extort, to press on towards, to press up to, to close in on, used in the place of ?[bi1], cunt; 逼近 bī jìn to press on towards, to close in on, to approach, to draw near; 逼迫 bī pò to force, to compel, to coerce; 逼供 bī gòng to extort a confession

2018 | 锡 锡 锡 锡 锡 锡 锡

xī tin (chemistry), to bestow, to confer, to grant, Taiwan pr. [xi2]; 无锡 wú xī Wuxi prefecture level city in Jiangsu; 无锡市 wú xī shì Wuxi prefecture level city in Jiangsu; 锡山 xī shān Xishan district of Wuxi city 无锡市[wú xī shì], Jiangsu

2019| 耐 耐 耐 耐 耐 耐 耐

nài capable of enduring, able to tolerate, patient, durable, hardy, resistant; 耐心 nài xīn to be patient, patience; 耐人寻味 nài rén xún wèi thought-provoking, worth thinking over, to provide food for thought; 耐用 nài yòng durable

2020| 堡 堡 堡 堡 堡 堡 堡

bǎo an earthwork, castle, position of defense, stronghold, used in place names, often as phonetic bao for burg or bad; 堡垒 bǎo lěi fort; 汉堡 hàn bǎo hamburger (loanword), Hamburg (German city); 彼得堡 bǐ dé bǎo Petersburg (place name), Saint Petersburg, Russia

2021| 锐 锐 锐 锐 锐 锐 锐

ruì acute; 尖锐 jiān ruì sharp, intense, penetrating, pointed, acute (illness); 敏锐 mǐn ruì keen, sharp, acute; 锐意 ruì yì acute determination, dauntless

2022| 丧 丧 丧 丧 丧 丧 丧

sàng, sāng to lose, to flee, to be defeated, to die, to make funeral arrangements, to be in mourning, corpse (old); 丧失 sàng shī to lose, to forfeit; 丧生 sàng shēng to die, lose one's life; 沮丧 jǔ sàng dispirited, dejected, dismayed

2023| 屡 屡 屡 屡 屡 屡 屡

lǚ time and again, repeatedly, frequently; 屡屡 lǚ lǚ again and again, repeatedly; 屡禁不止 lǚ jìn bù zhǐ to continue despite repeated prohibition (idiom); 屡见不鲜 lǚ jiàn bù xiān a common occurrence (idiom)

2024| 帆 帆 帆 帆 帆 帆 帆

fān sail, Taiwan pr. [fan2], except ??[fan1 bu4] canvas; 帆船 fān chuán sailboat; 一帆风顺 yī fān fēng shùn propitious wind throughout the journey (idiom), plain sailing, to go smoothly, have a nice trip!; 风帆 fēng fān sail, sailing boat

2025| 腿 腿 腿 腿 腿 腿 腿

tuǐ leg; 大腿 dà tuǐ thigh; 双腿 shuāng tuǐ legs, both legs, two legs; 小腿 xiǎo tuǐ calf (of the leg)

2026| 乔 乔 乔 乔 乔 乔 乔

qiáo tall, surname; 乔治 qiáo zhì George (name); 乔布斯 qiáo bù sī Jobs (name), see also 史蒂夫·史蒂夫·乔布斯[shǐ dì fū qiáo bù sī], Steve Jobs; 乔木 qiáo mù tree, esp. with recognizable trunk (as opposed to 灌木[guàn mù], bush or shrub)

2027| 脏 脏 脏 脏 脏 脏 脏

zàng, zāng viscera, (anatomy) organ, dirty, filthy; 心脏 xīn zàng heart, CL:颗[kē],个[gè]; 脏病 zāng bìng dirty illness, venereal disease, the pox; 心脏病 xīn zàng bìng heart disease

2028| 轰 轰 轰 轰 轰 轰 轰

hōng explosion, bang, boom, rumble, to attack, to shoo away, to expel; 轰炸 hōng zhà to bomb, to bombard, CL:阵[zhèn]; 轰动 hōng dòng sensation, stir; 轰轰 hōng hōng booming, roaring

2029 | 乙 乙 乙 乙 乙 乙 乙 乙

yǐ, zhé second of 10 heavenly stems, second in order, letter "B" or roman "II" in list "A, B, C", or "I, II, III" etc, second party (in legal contract, usually, as opposed to), ethyl, bent, winding, radical in Chinese characters (Kangxi radical 5), turning stroke (in Chinese characters); 乙肝 yǐ gān hepatitis B; 乙醇 yǐ chún ethanol C2H5OH, same as alcohol 酒精; 乙烯 yǐ xī ethylene, vinyl

2030 | 庞 庞 庞 庞 庞 庞 庞 庞

páng huge, enormous, tremendous, surname; 庞大 páng dà huge, enormous, tremendous; 脸庞 liǎn páng face; 庞然大物 páng rán dà wù huge monster, colossus

2031 | 塌 塌 塌 塌 塌 塌 塌 塌

tā collapse; 倒塌 dǎo tā to collapse (of building), to topple over; 坍塌 tān tā collapse; 塌陷 tā xiàn to subside, to sink, to cave in

2032 | 荷 荷 荷 荷 荷 荷 荷 荷

hè, hé to carry on one's shoulder or back, burden, responsibility, lotus, Holland; 荷兰 hé lán Holland, the Netherlands; 负荷 fù hè load, burden, charge; 超负荷 chāo fù hè excess load, an overload, overloaded

2033 | 伪 伪 伪 伪 伪 伪 伪 伪

wěi false, fake, forged, bogus, Taiwan pr. wei4, false, fake, forged, bogus; 伪造 wěi zào to forge, to fake, to counterfeit; 伪劣 wěi liè inferior, false; 真伪 zhēn wěi true or bogus

2034 | 遏 遏 遏 遏 遏 遏 遏 遏

è to stop, check; 遏制 è zhì to check, to contain, to hold back, to keep within limits, to constrain, to restrain; 遏止 è zhǐ to hold back, to check (i.e. to stop sb's advance), to resist, esp. with negative, irresistible, unstoppable etc; 怒不可遏 nù bù kě è unable to restrain one's anger (idiom); in a towering rage

2035 | 贩 贩 贩 贩 贩 贩 贩 贩

fàn to deal in, to buy and sell, to trade in, to retail, to peddle; 贩子 fàn zǐ child trafficking; 商贩 shāng fàn trader, peddler; 贩卖 fàn mài to sell, to peddle, to traffic

2036 | 惑 惑 惑 惑 惑 惑 惑 惑

huò confuse; 诱惑 yòu huò to entice, to lure, to induce, to attract; 困惑 kùn huò bewildered, perplexed, confused, difficult problem, perplexity; 疑惑 yí huò to doubt, to distrust, unconvincing, to puzzle over, misgivings, suspicions

2037 | 挪 挪 挪 挪 挪 挪 挪 挪

nuó to shift, to move; 挪用 nuó yòng to embezzle, to divert funds; 挪威 nuó wēi Norway; 挪动 nuó dòng to move, to shift

2038 | 勃 勃 勃 勃 勃 勃 勃 勃

bó flourishing, prosperous, suddenly, abruptly; 蓬勃 péng bó vigorous, flourishing, full of vitality; 勃勃 bó bó thriving, vigorous, exuberant; 勃发 bó fā thrive, prosper, break out

2039| 彼 彼 彼 彼 彼 彼 彼

bǐ that, those, (one) another; 彼此 bǐ cǐ each other, one another; 彼得 bǐ dé Peter (name); 彼得堡 bǐ dé bǎo Petersburg (place name), Saint Petersburg, Russia

2040| 枚 枚 枚 枚 枚 枚 枚

méi classifier for coins, rings, badges, pearls, sporting medals, rockets, satellites etc, tree trunk, whip, wooden peg, used as a gag for marching soldiers(old); 枚举 méi jǔ to enumerate; 不胜枚举 bù shèng méi jǔ too numerous to mention individually or one by one; 袁枚 yuán méi Yuan Mei (1716-1798), famous Qing poet and critic, one of Three great poets of the Qianlong era 乾嘉三大家

2041| 赤 赤 赤 赤 赤 赤 赤

chì red, scarlet, bare, naked; 赤字 chì zì (financial) deficit, red letter; 赤裸 chì luǒ naked, bare; 赤壁 chì bì Chibi county level city in Xianning 咸宁市, Hubei, Chibi or Red Cliff in Huangzhou district 黄州区 of Huanggang city 黄冈, Hubei, scene of the famous battle of Red Cliff of 208

2042| 拘 拘 拘 拘 拘 拘 拘

jū adhere, capture, restrain; 拘留 jū liú to detain (a prisoner), to keep sb in custody; 刑事拘留 xíng shì jū liú to detain as criminal; 不拘 bù jū not stick to, not confine oneself to, whatever

2043| 秒 秒 秒 秒 秒 秒 秒

miǎo second (of time), unit of angle or arc equivalent to one sixtieth of a degree; 秒钟 miǎo zhōng (time) second; 争分夺秒 zhēng fēn duó miǎo lit. fight minutes, snatch seconds (idiom); a race against time, making every second count; 毫秒 háo miǎo millisecond, ms

2044| 穆 穆 穆 穆 穆 穆 穆

mù solemn, reverent, calm, burial position in an ancestral tomb (old), old variant of, surname; 穆斯林 mù sī lín Muslim; 穆沙拉夫 mù shā lā fū Pervez Musharraf (1943-), Pakistani general and politician, president 2001-2008; 穆罕默德 mù hǎn mò dé Mohammed (c. 570-632), central figure of Islam and prophet of God

2045| 诱 诱 诱 诱 诱 诱 诱

yòu to entice, to tempt; 诱惑 yòu huò to entice, to lure, to induce, to attract; 诱发 yòu fā to cause, to bring about, to induce, to incite, cause; 诱人 yòu rén attractive, alluring, captivating, to attract, to captivate

2046| 牺 牺 牺 牺 牺 牺 牺

xī sacrifice; 牺牲 xī shēng to sacrifice oneself, to lay down one's life, to do sth at the expense of, beast slaughtered for sacrifice, sacrifice, CL: 个[gè]; 牺牲品 xī shēng pǐn victim, prey, loss leader (pricing); 英勇牺牲 yīng yǒng xī shēng to heroically sacrifice one's life

2047| 怒 怒 怒 怒 怒 怒 怒

nù anger, fury, flourishing, vigorous; 愤怒 fèn nù angry, indignant, wrath, ire; 怒江 nù jiāng Nujiang river of south Tibet and northwest Yunnan, the upper reaches of Salween river 萨尔温江, forming border of Myanmar and Thailand; 激怒 jī nù to infuriate, to enrage, to exasperate

2048 | 桑 桑 桑 桑 桑 桑 桑

sāng mulberry tree; 沧桑 cāng sāng great changes, abbr. of 沧海桑田[cāng hǎi sāng tián]; 桑拿 sāng ná sauna; 坦桑尼亚 tǎn sāng ní yà Tanzania

2049 | 妙 妙 妙 妙 妙 妙 妙

miào clever, wonderful; 巧妙 qiǎo miào ingenious, clever, ingenuity, artifice; 微妙 wēi miào subtle; 莫名其妙 mò míng qí miào unfathomable mystery (idiom); subtle and ineffable, unable to make head or tail of it, boring (e.g. movie)

2050 | 抚 抚 抚 抚 抚 抚 抚

fǔ to comfort, to console, to stroke, to caress, an old term for province or provincial governor; 抚养 fǔ yǎng to foster, to bring up, to raise; 安抚 ān fǔ to placate, to pacify, to appease; 抚顺 fǔ shùn Fushun prefecture level city in Liaoning province 辽宁省 in northeast China, also Fushun county

2051 | 钻 钻 钻 钻 钻 钻 钻

zuān, zuàn to drill, to bore, to get into, to make one's way into, to enter (a hole), to thread one's way through, to study intensively, to dig into, to curry favor for personal gain, an auger, diamond; 钻石 zuàn shí diamond, CL:颗[kē]; 钻研 zuān yán to study meticulously, to delve into; 钻井 zuàn jǐng to drill (e.g. for oil), a borehole

2052 | 喊 喊 喊 喊 喊 喊 喊

hǎn to yell, to shout, to call out for (a person); 大喊 dà hǎn to shout; 呐喊 nà hǎn shout, rallying cry, cheering, to shout; 呼喊 hū hǎn to shout (slogans etc)

2053 | 奈 奈 奈 奈 奈 奈 奈

nài how can one help; 无奈 wú nài helpless, without choice, for lack of better option, grudgingly, willy-nilly, nolens volens, abbr. for 无可奈何[wú kě nài hé]; 奈何 nài hé to do something to sb, to deal with, to cope, how?, to no avail; 无可奈何 wú kě nài hé have no way out, have no alternative, abbr. to 无奈[wú nài]

2054 | 宴 宴 宴 宴 宴 宴 宴

yàn feast, repose; 宴会 yàn huì banquet, feast, dinner party, CL:席[xí], 个[gè]; 晚宴 wǎn yàn banquet, dinner party, soiree; 盛宴 shèng yàn feast

2055 | 逻 逻 逻 逻 逻 逻 逻

luó logic, patrol; 逻辑 luó jì logic (loanword); 巡逻 xún luó to patrol (police, army or navy); 巡逻队 xún luó duì (army, police) patrol

2056 | 仓 仓 仓 仓 仓 仓 仓

cāng barn, granary, storehouse, cabin, hold (in ship); 仓库 cāng kù depot, storehouse, warehouse; 仓储 cāng chǔ to store in a warehouse; 仓促 cāng cù all of a sudden, hurriedly

2057 | 寺 寺 寺 寺 寺 寺 寺

sì buddhist temple, mosque, government office (old); 少林寺 shào lín sì Buddhist monastery famous for its kungfu monks; 寺庙 sì miào temple, monastery, shrine; 寺院 sì yuàn cloister, temple, monastery, CL:座[zuò]

2058 | 攀 攀 攀 攀 攀 攀 攀

pān to climb (by pulling oneself up), to implicate, to claim connections of higher status; 攀升 pān shēng rising; 攀比 pān bǐ to make invidious comparisons, to compete with, to emulate; 攀登 pān dēng to climb, to pull oneself up, to clamber, to scale, fig. to forge ahead in the face of hardships and danger

2059 | 蒂 蒂 蒂 蒂 蒂 蒂 蒂

dì stem (of fruit); 根深蒂固 gēn shēn dì gù deep-rooted (problem etc); 史蒂夫 shǐ dì fū Steve (male name); 斯蒂芬 sī dì fēn Stephen or Steven (name)

2060 | 轿 轿 轿 轿 轿 轿 轿

jiào a sedan chair, a palanquin, a litter; 轿车 jiào chē enclosed carriage for carrying passengers, motor carriage, car or bus, limousine, CL:部[bù],辆[liàng]; 豪华轿车 háo huá jiào chē limousine, luxury carriage; 轿子 jiào zi a sedan chair, a palanquin, a litter

2061 | 阁 阁 阁 阁 阁 阁 阁

gé pavilion (usu. two-storied), cabinet (politics), boudoir, woman's chamber, rack, shelf; 内阁 nèi gé (government) cabinet; 雅阁 yǎ gé Accord (Honda brand Japanese car model); 楼阁 lóu gé building, pavilion

2062 | 扮 扮 扮 扮 扮 扮 扮

bàn to disguise oneself, to dress up, adorn; 扮演 bàn yǎn to play the role of, to act; 打扮 dǎ ban to decorate, to dress, to make up, to adorn, manner of dressing, style of dress; 装扮 zhuāng bàn dress up as, be disguised as

2063 | 狱 狱 狱 狱 狱 狱 狱

yù prison; 监狱 jiān yù prison; 入狱 rù yù go to jail, get sent to prison; 出狱 chū yù leave prison

2064 | 肩 肩 肩 肩 肩 肩 肩

jiān shoulder, to shoulder (responsibilities etc); 肩负 jiān fù to shoulder (a burden), to bear, to suffer (a disadvantage); 肩膀 jiān bǎng shoulder; 并肩 bìng jiān alongside, shoulder to shoulder, side by side, abreast

2065 | 萍 萍 萍 萍 萍 萍 萍

píng duckweed; 邓亚萍 dèng yà píng Deng Yaping (1973-), table tennis player, several times world and Olympic winner; 萍乡 píng xiāng Pingxiang prefecture level city in Jiangxi; 萍乡市 píng xiāng shì Pingxiang prefecture level city in Jiangxi

2066 | 雇 雇 雇 雇 雇 雇 雇

gù to employ, to hire, to rent; 雇员 gù yuán employee; 雇主 gù zhǔ employer; 雇佣 gù yōng to employ, to hire

2067 | 割 割 割 割 割 割 割

gē to cut, to cut apart; 分割 fēn gē to cut up, to break up; 收割 shōu gē to harvest, to reap, to gather in crops; 不可分割 bù kě fēn gē inalienable, unalienable, inseparable, indivisible

2068 | 炉 炉 炉 炉 炉 炉 炉

lú a stove, a furnace; 出炉 chū lú to take out of the furnace, fresh out of the oven, fig. newly announced, recently made available; 锅炉 guō lú boiler; 微波炉 wēi bō lú microwave oven, CL:台[tái]

2069 抄 抄 抄 抄 抄 抄 抄 抄

chāo to make a copy, to plagiarize, to search and seize, to raid, to grab, to go off with, to take a shortcut, to make a turning move, to fold one's arms; 抄袭 chāo xí to plagiarize, to copy, to attack the flank or rear of an enemy; 照抄 zhào chāo to copy word-for-word; 包抄 bāo chāo to outflank, to envelop

2070 沼 沼 沼 沼 沼 沼 沼 沼

zhǎo pond, pool; 沼气 zhǎo qì marsh gas, methane CH₄; 沼泽 zhǎo zé marsh, swamp, wetlands, glade; 泥沼 ní zhǎo swamp

2071 渗 渗 渗 渗 渗 渗 渗 渗

shèn to seep, to ooze, to horrify; 渗透 shèn tòu to permeate, to infiltrate, to pervade, osmosis; 渗漏 shèn lòu seepage, leakage; 渗入 shèn rù to permeate

2072 魔 魔 魔 魔 魔 魔 魔 魔

mó devil; 魔术 mó shù magic; 魔鬼 mó guǐ devil; 魔术师 mó shù shī magician

2073 董 董 董 董 董 董 董 董

qín celery, aconite

2074 矮 矮 矮 矮 矮 矮 矮 矮

ǎi low, short (in length); 低矮 dī ǎi short, low; 矮小 ǎi xiǎo short and small, low and small, undersized; 高矮 gāo ǎi height (i.e. whether short or tall)

2075 兽 兽 兽 兽 兽 兽 兽 兽

shòu beast, animal, beastly, bestial; 兽医 shòu yī veterinarian, veterinary surgeon, vet; 兽药 shòu yào veterinary medicine; 猛兽 měng shòu ferocious beast, fierce animal

2076 燧 燧 燧 燧 燧 燧 燧 燧

sui fire, speculum, to obtain fire by drilling wood, striking flint, sun's rays etc; 燧人 suì rén Sui ren, legendary inventor of fire; 燧人氏 suì rén shì Sui renshi, legendary inventor of fire; 燧石 suì shí flint

2077 弦 弦 弦 弦 弦 弦 弦 弦

xián bow string, string of musical instrument, watchspring, chord (segment of curve), hypotenuse; 心弦 xīn xián heartstrings; 弦乐 xián yuè string music; 管弦乐 guǎn xián yuè orchestral music

2078 瘠 瘠 瘠 瘠 瘠 瘠 瘠 瘠

jí barren, lean; 贫瘠 pín jí barren, infertile, poor

2079 稠 稠 稠 稠 稠 稠 稠 稠

chóu dense, crowded, thick, many; 稠密 chóu mì dense; 人口稠密 rén kǒu chóu mì populous; 黏稠 nián chóu viscous

20800 尺 尺 尺 尺 尺 尺 尺 尺

chǐ a Chinese foot, one-third of a meter, a ruler, a tape-measure, one of the three acupoints for measuring pulse in Chinese medicine; 尺度 chǐ dù scale, yardstick; 尺寸 chǐ cun size, dimension, measurement; 英尺 yīng chǐ foot (unit of length equal to 0.3048 m)

20801 猜 猜 猜 猜 猜 猜 猜 猜

cāi to guess; 猜测 cāi cè to guess, to conjecture, to surmise; 猜想 cāi xiǎng to guess, to conjecture, to suppose, to suspect; 猜疑 cāi yí to suspect, to have misgivings, suspicious, misgivings

20802 哦 哦 哦 哦 哦 哦 哦 哦

ó, ò oh (interjection indicating doubt or surprise, that one has just learned sth); 吟哦 yín é to chant, to recite rhythmically, to polish verse

20803 亦 亦 亦 亦 亦 亦 亦 亦

yì also; 亦庄 yì zhuāng Yizhuang town in Beijing municipality; 不亦乐乎 bù yì lè hū lit. isn't that a joy? (quote from Confucius), fig. (jocularly) extremely, awfully; 亦即 yì jí namely, that is

20804 澳 澳 澳 澳 澳 澳 澳 澳

ào Australia, deep bay, cove, bay, harbor, Macao (abbreviation); 澳大利亚 ào dà lì yà Australia, Australian, same as 澳洲; 澳门 ào mén Macao, Aomen, Macau; 港澳 gǎng ào Hong Kong 香港 and Macao 澳门

20805 鑫 鑫 鑫 鑫 鑫 鑫 鑫 鑫

xīn used in names; 谭鑫培 tán xīn péi Tán Xīnpéi (1847-1917), noted opera actor

20806 淼 淼 淼 淼 淼 淼 淼 淼

miǎo a wide expanse of water; 浩淼 hào miǎo vast, extending into the distance

20807 羴 羴 羴 羴 羴 羴 羴 羴

shān rank odour of sheep or goats

20808 焮 焮 焮 焮 焮 焮 焮 焮

yàn, biāo flames

20809 垚 垚 垚 垚 垚 垚 垚 垚

yáo mound, roundish mass

20900 魚 魚 魚 魚 魚 魚 魚 魚

xiān fresh, new, delicious, rare, few

2091 | 犇 犇 犇 犇 犇 犇 犇

bēn run fast, flee, rush about, run

2092 | 犼 犼 犼 犼 犼 犼 犼

biāo wind, storm, gale, dog moving

2093 | 耶 耶 耶 耶 耶 耶 耶

xié, yē, yé (used in transliteration); 耶鲁 yē lǔ Yale; 耶鲁大学 yē lǔ dà xué Yale University; 耶路撒冷 yē lù sā lěng Jerusalem, capital of Israel

2094 | 閻 閻 閻 閻 閻 閻 閻

bǎn boss, the owner, person in charge

2095 | 埜 埜 埜 埜 埜 埜 埜

yě open country, field, wilderness